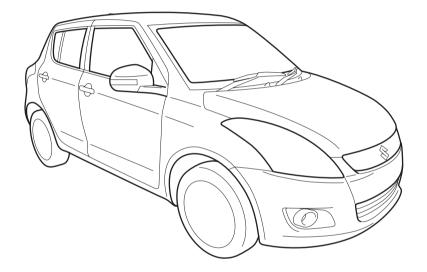
This owner's manual applies to the SWIFT series.



74LHT0001

NOTE: The illustrated model is one of the SWIFT series.

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# FOREWORD

This manual should be considered a permanent part of the vehicle and should remain with the vehicle when resold or otherwise transferred to a new owner or operator. Please read this manual carefully before operating your new SUZUKI and review the manual from time to time. It contains important information on safety, operation and maintenance.

#### **\$VZVKI MOTOR CORPORATION**

All information in this manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of publication. Due to improvements or other changes, there may be discrepancies between information in this manual and your vehicle. SUZUKI MOTOR CORPORATION reserves the right to make production changes at any time, without notice and without incurring any obligation to make the same or similar changes to vehicles previously built or sold.

This vehicle may not comply with standards or regulations of other countries. Before attempting to register this vehicle in any other country, check all applicable regulations and make any necessary modifications.

# **IMPORTANT**

#### **WARNING** A CAUTION/NOTICE/ NOTE

Please read this manual and follow its instructions carefully. To emphasize special information, the symbol **A** and the words **WARNING**, **CAUTION**, **NOTICE** and **NOTE** have special meanings. Pay particular attention to messages high-lighted by these signal words:

## WARNING

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in death or serious injury.

# **A** CAUTION

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in minor or moderate injury.

#### NOTICE

Indicates a potential hazard that could result in vehicle damage.

NOTE:

Indicates special information to make maintenance easier or instructions clearer.



75F135

The circle with a slash in this manual means "Don't do this" or "Don't let this happen".

# **MODIFICATION WARNING**

# A WARNING

Do not modify this vehicle. Modification could adversely affect safety, handling, performance, or durability and may violate governmental regulations. In addition, damage or performance problems resulting from modification may not be covered under warranty.

# NOTICE

Improper installation of mobile communication equipment such as cellular telephones or CB (Citizen's Band) radios may cause electronic interference with your vehicle's ignition system, resulting in vehicle performance problems. Consult your SUZUKI dealer or qualified service technician for advice on installing such mobile communication equipment.

# INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing SUZUKI and welcome to our growing family. Your choice was a wise one; SUZUKI products are a great value that will give you years of driving pleasure.

This Owner's Manual was prepared to help you have a safe, enjoyable, and trouble-free experience with your SUZUKI. In it you will learn about the vehicle's operation, its safety features and maintenance requirements. Please read it carefully before operating your vehicle. Afterwards, keep this Manual in the glove box for future reference.

Should you resell the vehicle, please leave this Manual with it for the next owner.

In addition to the Owner's Manual, the other booklets provided with your SUZUKI explain the vehicle's warranties. We recommend you read them as well to familiarize yourself with this important information.

When planning the regular scheduled maintenance of your SUZUKI, we recommend you visit your local SUZUKI dealership. Their factory-trained technicians will provide the best possible service and use only genuine SUZUKI parts and accessories.

## **\$VZVKI MOTOR CORPORATION**

# **RECOMMENDATION OF GENUINE SUZUKI PARTS AND ACCESSORIES USE**

SUZUKI strongly recommends the use of genuine SUZUKI parts and accessories. Genuine SUZUKI parts and accessories are built to the highest standards of quality and performance, and are designed to fit your vehicle's exact specifications.

A wide variety of non-genuine replacement parts and accessories for SUZUKI vehicles are currently available in the market. Using these parts and accessories can affect the vehicle performance and shorten its useful life. Therefore, installation of non-genuine SUZUKI parts and accessories is not covered under warranty.

#### **Non-Genuine SUZUKI Parts and Accessories**

Some parts and accessories may be approved by certain authorities in your country.

Some parts and accessories are sold as SUZUKI-authorized replacement parts and accessories. Some genuine SUZUKI parts and accessories are sold as re-use parts and accessories. These parts and accessories are non-genuine SUZUKI parts and accessories and use of these parts is not covered under warranty.

#### **Re-use of Genuine SUZUKI Parts and Accessories**

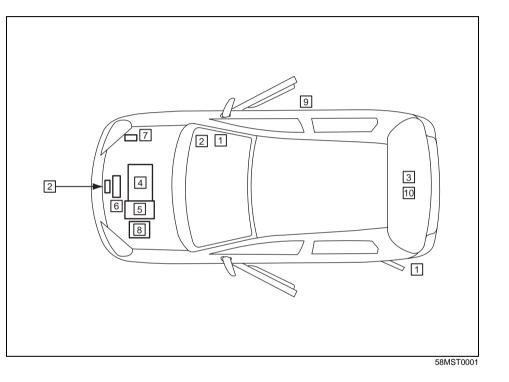
The resale or re-use of the following items which could give rise to safety hazards for users is expressly forbidden:

- · Air bag components and all other pyrotechnic items, including their components (e.g. cushion, control devices and sensors)
- Seat belt system, including their components (e.g. webbing, buckles, and retractors)

The air bag components contain explosive chemicals. These components should be removed and disposed of properly by SUZUKIauthorized service shop or scrap yard to avoid unintended explosion before scrapping.

# **SERVICE STATION GUIDE**

- Fuel (see section 1)
   Engine hood (see section 5)
   Tire changing tools (see section 8)
   Engine oil dipstick <Yellow> (see section 7) 5. CVT fluid dipstick <Red>
- (see section 7)
- 6. Engine coolant (see section 7)7. Windshield washer fluid (see section 7)
- 8. Battery (see section 7)
  9. Tire pressure (see Tire Information Label on driver's door lock pillar)
  10. Spare tire (see section 7)



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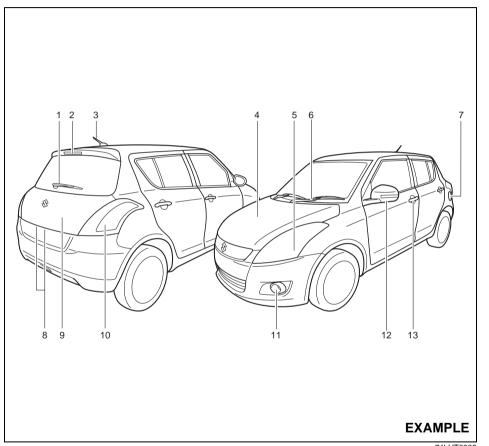
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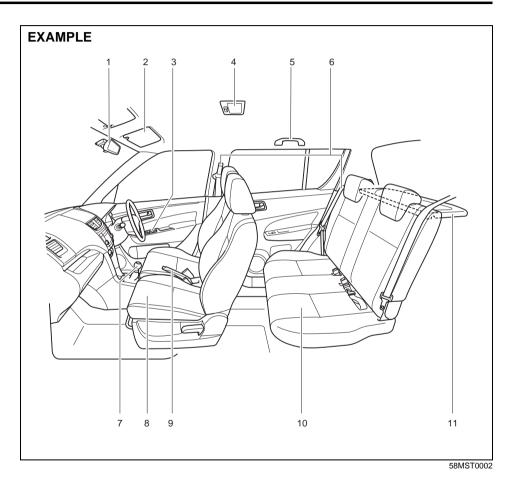


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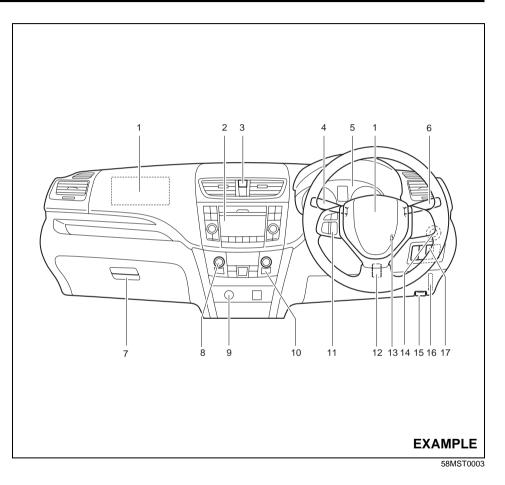


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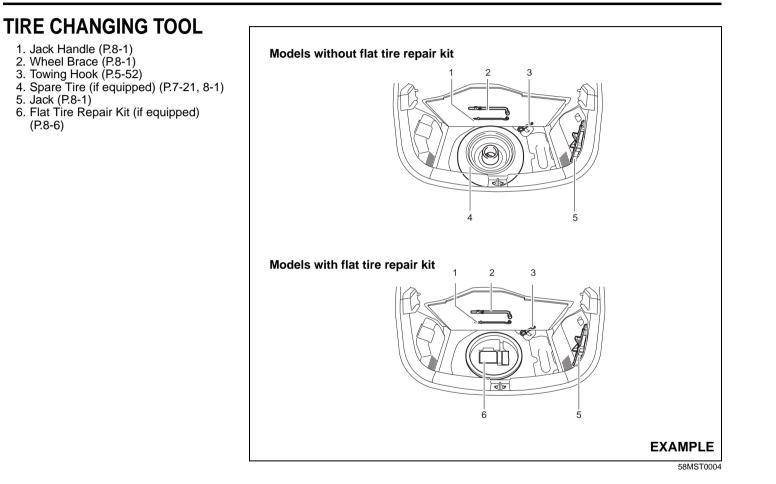
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# ILLUSTRATED TABLE OF CONTENTS

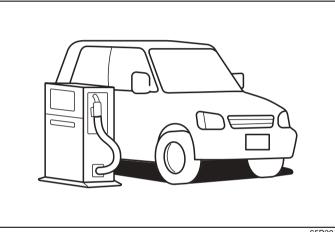
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# FUEL RECOMMENDATION

1

# FUEL RECOMMENDATION

Fuel Recommendation ...... 1-1

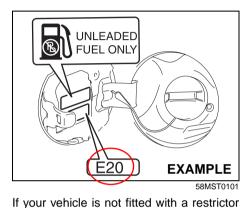


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Fuel Recommendation: 1, 2

# FUEL RECOMMENDATION

# **Fuel Recommendation**



If the "RON **95**" label is attached, you must use unleaded gasoline with an octane number (RON) of **95** or higher.

#### **Gasoline/Ethanol blends**

Blends of unleaded gasoline and ethanol (grain alcohol), also known as gasohol, are commercially available in some areas. Blends of this type may be used in your vehicle if they are no more than 20% ethanol. Make sure this gasoline-ethanol blend has octane ratings no lower than those recommended for gasoline.

#### NOTICE

The fuel tank has an air space to allow for fuel expansion in hot weather. If you continue to add fuel after the filler nozzle has automatically shut off or an initial blowback occurs, the air chamber will become full. Exposure to heat when fully fuelled in this manner will result in leakage due to fuel expansion. To prevent such fuel leakage, stop filling after the filler nozzle has automatically shut off, or when using an alternative non-automatic system, initial vent blowback occurs.

#### NOTICE

Be careful not to spill fuel containing alcohol while refueling. If fuel is spilled on the vehicle body, wipe it up immediately. Fuels containing alcohol can cause paint damage, which is not covered under the New Vehicle Limited Warranty.

Note, it is preferable to use unleaded gasoline. If your vehicle is fitted with a restrictor in the fuel filler pipe then you **must** use unleaded gasoline with an octane number

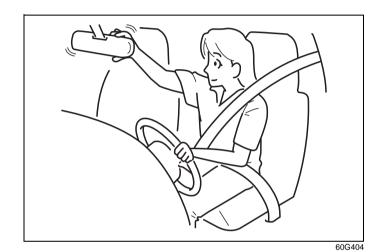
in the fuel filler pipe then you may use

leaded or unleaded gasoline with an

octane number (RON) of 85 or higher.

unleaded gasoline with an octane number (RON) of 91 or higher (or RON of 95 or higher if it is stated on the fuel filler lid). These vehicles are also identified by a label attached near the fuel filler pipe that states: "UNLEADED FUEL ONLY", "NUR UNVERBLEITES BENZIN", "ENDAST BLYFRI BENSIN" or "SOLO GASOLINA SIN PLOMO".

# **BEFORE DRIVING**



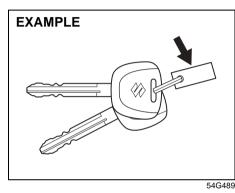
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Fuel Recommendation: 1, 2

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

# Keys



Your vehicle comes with a pair of identical keys. Keep the spare key in a safe place. One key can open all of the locks on the vehicle.

The key identification number is stamped on a metal tag provided with the keys or on the keys. Keep the tag (if equipped) in a safe place. If you lose your keys, you will need this number to have new keys made. Write the number below for your future reference.

KEY NUMBER:

#### Immobilizer System

This system is designed to help prevent vehicle theft by electronically disabling the engine starting system.

The engine can be started only with your vehicle's original immobilizer ignition key which has an electronic identification code programmed into it. The key communicates the identification code to the vehicle when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON". If you need to make spare keys, see your SUZUKI dealer. The vehicle must be programmed with the correct identification code for the spare keys. A key made by an ordinary locksmith will not work.



If the immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light blinks when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the engine will not start.

#### NOTE:

If this light blinks, perform the following operations:

(For vehicles without keyless push start system)

Turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position, then turn it back to the "ON" position. (For vehicles with keyless push start system)

Change the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF), then change back to "ON".

If the light still blinks with the ignition switch turned to the "ON" position or the ignition mode changed to "ON", there may be something wrong with your key or with the immobilizer system. Ask your SUZUKI dealer to inspect the system.

#### NOTE:

- If you lose your immobilizer ignition key, see your SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible to have the lost one deactivated, then have the new key made by them.
- If you own other vehicles with immobilizer keys, keep those keys away from the ignition switch or the engine switch when using your SUZUKI, or the engine may not be started because they may interfere with your SUZUKI's immobilizer system.
- If you attach any metal objects to the immobilizer key, it may not start the engine.

Keys: 8

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### NOTICE

The immobilizer key is a sensitive electronic instrument. To avoid damaging the immobilizer key:

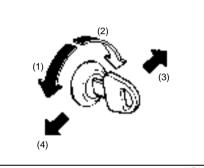
- Do not expose it to impacts, moisture or high temperature such as on the dashboard under direct sunlight.
- Keep the immobilizer key away from magnetic objects.

#### Ignition Key Reminder

A buzzer sounds intermittently to remind you to remove the ignition key if it is in the ignition switch when the driver's door is opened.

# **Door Locks**

## Side Door Locks



60B008

(1) LOCK(2) UNLOCK(3) Front(4) Rear

Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System To lock a front door from outside the vehicle:

- Insert the key and turn the top of the key toward the rear of the vehicle, or
- Turn the lock knob forward and close the door.

Vehicle without Keyless Push Start System

To lock a front door from outside the vehicle:

 Insert the key and turn the top of the key toward the rear of the vehicle, or

2-2

Door Locks: 3, 5, 8

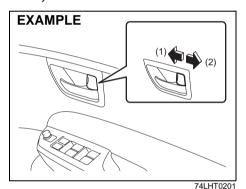
# **BEFORE DRIVING**

• Turn the lock knob forward, then pull and hold the door handle as you close the door.

#### NOTE:

Be sure to hold the door handle when you close a locked front door, or the door will not remain locked.

To unlock a front door from outside the vehicle, insert the key and turn the top of the key toward the front of the vehicle.



(1) LOCK (2) UNLOCK

To lock a door from inside the vehicle, turn the lock knob forward. Turn the lock knob rearward to unlock the door.

To lock a rear door from outside the vehicle, turn the lock knob forward and close the door. You do not need to pull and hold the door handle as you close the door. (1) (3) 58MST0201

**Central Door Locking System** 

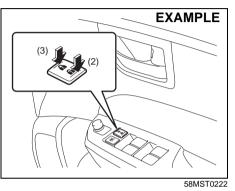
UNLOCK
 LOCK
 Front
 Rear

You can lock and unlock all doors (including the tailgate) simultaneously by using the key in the driver's door lock.

To lock all doors simultaneously, insert the key in the driver's door lock and turn the top of the key toward the rear of the vehicle once.

To unlock all doors simultaneously, insert the key in the driver's door lock and turn the top of the key toward the front of the vehicle twice.

To unlock the driver's door only, insert the key in that door lock and turn the top of the key toward the front of the vehicle once.





You can also lock or unlock all doors by depressing the front or rear of the switch, respectively.

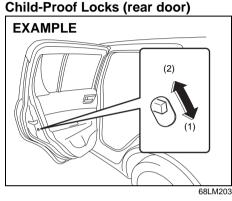
2-3

Door Locks: 3, 5, 8

## BEFORE DRIVING

#### NOTE:

- If your vehicle is equipped with the keyless entry system, you can also lock or unlock all doors by operating the transmitter. Refer to "Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller/Keyless Entry System Transmitter" in this section.
- If your vehicle is equipped with the keyless push start system, you can also lock or unlock all doors by pushing the request switch on the door handle. Refer to "Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller/Keyless Entry System Transmitter" in this section.

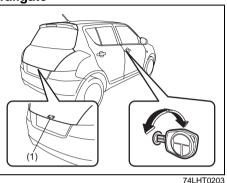


#### (1) LOCK (2) UNLOCK

Each of the rear doors is equipped with a child-proof lock which can be used to help prevent unwanted opening of the door from inside the vehicle. When the lock lever is in the "LOCK" position (1), the rear door can only be opened from outside. When the lock lever is in the "UNLOCK" position (2), the rear door can be opened from inside or outside.

# WARNING

Be sure to place the child-proof lock in the "LOCK" position whenever children are seated in the rear. Tailgate



<sup>(1)</sup> Tailgate unlatch switch

You can lock and unlock the tailgate by using the key in the driver's door lock.

To open the tailgate, push and hold the tailgate unlatch switch (1) and lift the tailgate.

#### NOTE:

When the tailgate is closed incompletely, follow the procedure below:

- 1) Push the tailgate unlatch switch (1) and open the tailgate a little.
- 2) After a few seconds, close the tailgate.
- 3) Make sure that the tailgate is closed completely.

Door Locks: 3, 5, 8

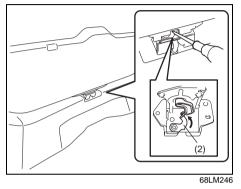
## **BEFORE DRIVING**

# A WARNING

Always make sure that the tailgate is closed and latched securely. Completely closing the tailgate helps prevent occupants from being thrown from the vehicle in the event of an accident. Completely closing it also helps keep exhaust gases from entering the vehicle.

If you cannot unlatch the tailgate by pushing the unlatch switch (1) due to a discharged battery or malfunction, follow the procedures below to unlatch the tailgate from inside the vehicle.

 Fold the rear seat forward for easier access. Refer to "Folding Rear Seats" section for details on how to fold the rear seat forward.



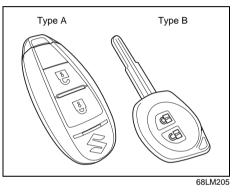
2) Push open the tailgate from inside by pushing up on the emergency lever (2) using a flat blade screwdriver or the jack handle. The tailgate will be latched again by closing the tailgate simply.

If the tailgate cannot be unlatched by pushing the unlatch switch (1), have the vehicle inspected by your SUZUKI dealer.

## 

- To avoid injury, do not use your finger to push the emergency lever.
- Make sure there is no one near the tailgate when pushing open the tailgate from inside the vehicle.

# Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller/Keyless Entry System Transmitter



Your vehicle is equipped with either a keyless push start system remote controller (Type A) or a keyless entry system transmitter (Type B). The remote controller has a keyless entry system and a keyless push start system. The transmitter has only a keyless entry system. For details, refer to the following explanations.

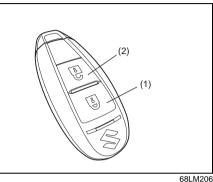
Door Locks: 3, 5, 8

# BEFORE DRIVING

#### Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller (Type A)

The remote controller enables the following operations:

- You can lock or unlock the doors by operating the LOCK/UNLOCK buttons on the remote controller. Refer to the explanation in this section.
- You can lock or unlock the doors by pushing the request switch on the door handle. For details, refer to the explanation in this section.
- You can start the engine without using an ignition key. For details, refer to "Engine Switch" in the "OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE" section.



(1) "LOCK" button(2) "UNLOCK" button

You can lock or unlock all doors (including the tailgate) simultaneously by operating the remote controller near the vehicle.

#### Central door locking system

- To lock all doors, push the "LOCK" button (1) once.
- To unlock only the driver's door, push the "UNLOCK" button (2) once.
- To unlock other doors, push the "UNLOCK" button (2) once again.

The turn signal lights will flash once and the exterior buzzer will sound once when the doors are locked. When the doors are unlocked:

- The turn signal lights will flash twice and the exterior buzzer will sound twice.
- If the interior light switch is in the "DOOR" position, the interior light will turn on for about 15 seconds and then fade out. If you press the engine switch during this time, the light will start to fade out immediately.

Be sure the doors are locked after you operate the "LOCK" button (1).

If no door is opened within about 30 seconds after the "UNLOCK" button (2) is operated, the doors will automatically lock again.

NOTE:

- The maximum operating distance of the remote controller is about 5 m (16 ft.), but this can vary depending on the surroundings, especially near other transmitting devices such as radio towers or CB (Citizen's Band) radios.
- The door locks cannot be operated with the remote controller if the ignition mode is other than the "LOCK" (OFF).
- When any door is open, if you push the "LOCK" button on the remote controller, the exterior buzzer will sound and doors cannot be locked.

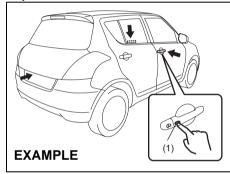
2-6

Door Locks: 3, 5, 8

## **BEFORE DRIVING**

 If you lose one of the remote controllers, ask your SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible for a replacement. Be sure to have your dealer program the new remote controller code in your vehicle's memory so that the old code is erased.

# Keyless unlocking/locking using the request switches



58MST0202

When the remote controller is within the operating range described in this section, you can lock or unlock the doors (including the tailgate) by pushing the request switch (1) on the door handle of the driver's door, front passenger's door or tailgate.

To unlock a door or all doors:

- Push the request switch on the door handle once to unlock only one door.
- Push the request switch on the door handle twice to unlock all doors.

The turn signal lights will flash once and the exterior buzzer will sound once when the doors are locked.

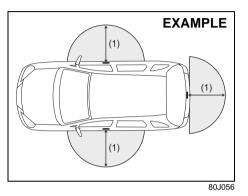
When the doors are unlocked:

- The turn signal lights will flash twice and the exterior buzzer will sound twice.
- If the interior light switch is in the "DOOR" position, the interior light will turn on for about 15 seconds and then fade out. If you press the engine switch during this time, the light will start to fade out immediately.

Be sure the doors are locked after you operate the request switch to lock the doors.

#### NOTE:

- The door locks cannot be operated by the request switch under the following conditions:
- If any door is open or is not completely closed.
- If the ignition mode is other than "LOCK" (OFF).
- If no doors are opened within about 30 seconds after unlocking the doors by pushing the request switch, the doors will be locked again automatically.



#### (1) 80 cm (2 1/2 feet)

When the remote controller is within approximately 80 cm (2 1/2 feet) from a front door handle or the tailgate switch, you can lock or unlock the doors by pushing the request switch.

NOTE:

- If the remote controller is outside the request switch operating range described above, you will not be able to operate the request switch.
- If the battery of the remote controller runs down or there are strong radio waves or noise, the request switch operating range may be reduced or the remote controller may be inoperative.
- If the remote controller is too close to the door glass, the request switches may not operate.

Door Locks: 3, 5, 8 Windows: 3, 8

## **BEFORE DRIVING**

- If a spare remote controller is in the vehicle, the request switches may not operate normally.
- The remote controller will only operate a request switch if it is within the switch's operating range. For example, if the remote controller is within the operating range of the driver's door request switch but not the front passenger's door request switch or the tailgate request switch, the driver's door switch can be operated but the front passenger's door switch or tailgate switch cannot be operated.

#### NOTICE

The remote controller is a sensitive electronic instrument. To avoid damaging the remote controller:

- Do not expose it to impacts, moisture or high temperature such as by leaving it on the dashboard under direct sunlight.
- Keep the remote controller away from magnetic objects such as a television.

#### NOTE:

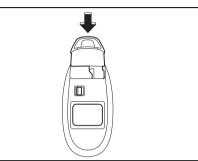
The keyless push start system may not function correctly in certain environments or under certain operating conditions such as the following:

• When there are strong signals coming from a television, power station or a cellular phone.

- When the remote controller is in contact with or covered by a metal object.
- When a radio wave type remote keyless entry is used nearby.
- When the remote controller is placed near an electronic device such as personal computer.

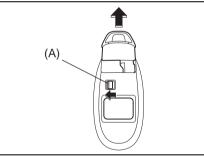
Some additional precautions you should take and information you should be aware of are:

- Make sure the key is stowed in the remote controller. If the remote controller becomes unreliable, you will not be able to lock or unlock the doors.
- Be sure that the driver always carries the remote controller.
- If you lose one of the remote controllers, ask your SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible for a replacement. Be sure to have your dealer program the new remote controller code in your vehicle's memory so that the old code is erased.
- You can use up to four remote controllers and the keys for your vehicle. Ask your SUZUKI dealer for details.
- The battery life of the remote controller is about two years, but it can vary depending on usage conditions.



57L21016

To stow the key into the remote controller, push the key in the remote controller until you hear a click.



68LM247

To remove the key from the remote controller, push the button (A) in the direction of the arrow and pull the key out from the remote controller.

Windows: 3, 8

## **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### Request Switch Warning Buzzer

This exterior buzzer beeps for about 2 seconds in the following conditions to warn you that the request switch is not working:

- The request switch is pressed after all doors are closed with the ignition mode changed to "ACC" or "ON" by pressing the engine switch.
- The request switch is pressed in any of the following conditions after changing the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF) by pressing the engine switch.
- The remote controller is left inside the vehicle.
- Any of the doors is open.

Press the request switch again after doing the following:

With the ignition mode changed to "LOCK" (OFF) by pressing the engine switch, bring out the remote controller if it is inside the vehicle and check that all doors are completely closed.

# EXAMPLE SBMST0203

Reminder function

If the remote controller is not in the vehicle under the following conditions, the buzzer sounds intermittently for about 2 seconds and the immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light on the instrument cluster blinks:

 When one or more doors are opened and all of the doors are later closed with the ignition mode is other than "LOCK".

The indicator light will turn off within several seconds after the remote controller is returned to an area of the vehicle other than the rear luggage area.

If the remote controller is left in the vehicle and you lock the driver's door or front passenger's door as described below, the door will be automatically unlocked.

- If you open the driver's door and lock the door by turning the lock knob forward or pushing the power door locking switch, the driver's door will be automatically unlocked.
- If you open the front passenger's door and lock the door by turning the lock knob forward or pushing the power door locking switch, the front passenger's door will be automatically unlocked.

#### NOTE:

- The reminder will not operate when the remote controller is on the instrument panel, in the glove box, in a storage compartment, in the sun visor or on the floor etc.
- Be sure that the driver always carries the remote controller.
- Do not leave the remote controller in the vehicle when leaving the vehicle.

2-9

Windows: 3, 8

troller:

troller.

# Replacement of the battery If the remote controller becomes unreliable, replace the battery. To replace the battery of the remote con-(1)68LM210 (1) Lithium disc type battery: CR2032 or equivalent

71LMT0201

1) Pull the key out from the remote con-

2) Insert a flat blade screwdriver covered

controller and pry it open.

with a soft cloth in the slot of the remote

- 3) Replace the battery (1) so its + terminal faces the bottom of the case as shown in the illustration.
- 4) Close the remote controller firmly.
- 5) Make sure the door locks can be operated with the remote controller.
- 6) Dispose of the used battery properly according to applicable rules or regulations. Do not dispose of lithium batteries with ordinary household trash.

# **WARNING**

**BEFORE DRIVING** 

Swallowing a lithium battery may cause serious internal injury. Do not allow anyone to swallow a lithium battery. Keep lithium batteries away from children and pets. If swallowed, contact a physician immediately.

# NOTICE

The remote controller is a sensitive electronic instrument. To avoid damaging it, do not expose it to dust or moisture or tamper with internal parts.

according to applicable rules or regulations and must not be disposed with ordinary household trash.

2-10

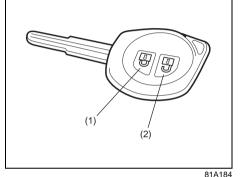
58MS0-14E

NOTE: Used batteries must be disposed properly

Mirrors: 3, 8

## **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### Keyless Entry System Transmitter (Type B)



(1) "LOCK" button(2) "UNLOCK" button

You can lock or unlock all doors (including the tailgate) simultaneously by operating the transmitter near the vehicle.

#### Central door locking system

- To lock all doors, push the "LOCK" button (1) once.
- To unlock only the driver's door, push the "UNLOCK" button (2) once.
- To unlock other doors, push the "UNLOCK" button (2) once again.

#### When the doors are unlocked:

- · The turn signal lights will flash twice.
- If the interior light switch is in the "DOOR" position, the interior light will turn on for about 15 seconds and then fade out. If you insert the key into the ignition switch during this time, the light will start to fade out immediately.

Be sure the doors are locked after you operate the "LOCK" button (1).

#### NOTE:

If no door is opened within about 30 seconds after the "UNLOCK" button (2) is operated, the doors will automatically lock again.

#### NOTE:

- The maximum operating distance of the keyless entry system transmitter is about 5 m (16 ft.), but this can vary depending on the surroundings, especially near other transmitting devices such as radio towers or CB (Citizen's Band) radios.
- The door locks cannot be operated with the transmitter, if the ignition key is inserted in the ignition switch.
- When any door is open, the door locks can be operated only unlock with the transmitter, and the turn signal light will not flash.
- If you lose one of the transmitters, ask your SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible for a replacement. Be sure to have your dealer program the new transmitter code in your vehicle's memory so that the old code is erased.

## NOTICE

The transmitter is a sensitive electronic instrument. To avoid damaging the transmitter:

- Do not expose it to impacts, moisture or high temperature such as by leaving it on the dashboard under direct sunlight.
- Keep the transmitter away from magnetic objects such as a television.

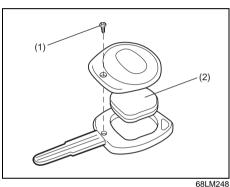
Mirrors: 3, 8 Seat Adjustment: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

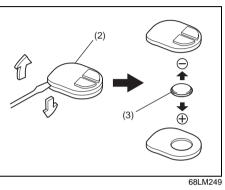
#### Replacement of the Battery

If the transmitter becomes unreliable, replace the battery.

To replace the battery of the transmitter:



- 1) Remove the screw (1), and open the transmitter cover.
- 2) Remove the transmitter (2).



- (3) Lithium disc type battery: CR1616 or equivalent
- 3) Put the edge of a flat blade screwdriver in the slot of the transmitter (2) and pry it open.
- 4) Replace the battery (3) so its + terminal faces the "+" mark of the transmitter.
- 5) Close the transmitter and install it into the transmitter holder.
- 6) Close the transmitter cover, install and tighten the screw (1).
- 7) Make sure the door locks can be operated with the transmitter.
- 8) Dispose of the used battery properly according to applicable rules or regulations. Do not dispose of lithium batteries with ordinary household trash.

#### **WARNING**

Swallowing a lithium battery may cause serious internal injury. Do not allow anyone to swallow a lithium battery. Keep lithium batteries away from children and pets. If swallowed, contact a physician immediately.

#### NOTICE

The transmitter is a sensitive electronic instrument. To avoid damaging it, do not expose it to dust or moisture or tamper with internal parts.

## NOTE:

Used batteries must be disposed properly according to applicable rules or regulations and must not be disposed with ordinary household trash.

2-12

Seat Adjustment: 3

#### **BEFORE DRIVING**

# **Theft Deterrent Alarm System**

The theft deterrent alarm system is armed in about 20 seconds after you lock the doors.

Keyless push start system – Use the remote controller or push the request switch on the driver's door, passenger's door or tailgate.

Keyless entry system – Use the transmitter.

Once the system is armed, any attempt to open a door by using any other means (\*) than the keyless push start system remote controller, the request switch or the keyless entry system transmitter will cause the alarm to be triggered.

- \* These means include the following:
- The key
- The lock lever on a door
- The power door locking switch

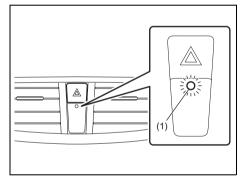
NOTE:

- The theft deterrent alarm system generates alarms when any of the predetermined conditions is met. However, the system does not have any function of blocking unauthorized entry into your vehicle.
- Always use the keyless push start system remote controller, the request switch or the keyless entry system transmitter to unlock the doors when the theft deterrent alarm system has been armed. Using a key instead will trigger the alarm.
- If a person who does not know the theft deterrent alarm system is going to drive your vehicle, we recommend you explain the system and its operation to the person, or disable the system beforehand. Mistakenly triggering the alarm may cause a nuisance to others.
- Even if the theft deterrent alarm system is armed, you should still be careful to guard against theft. Do not leave money or things of value in your vehicle.

# How to arm the theft deterrent alarm system (when enabled)

Lock the doors using the keyless push start system remote controller, the request switch or the keyless entry system transmitter. The theft deterrent light (1) will start blinking, and the theft deterrent alarm system will be armed in about 20 seconds.

While the system is being armed, the indicator continues to blink at approximately 2second intervals.



71LST0203

# Adjustable Head Restraints: 3 Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

## **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### NOTE:

- To prevent the alarm from being accidentally triggered, avoid arming it while anyone remains inside the vehicle. The alarm will be triggered if any person inside unlocks a door by operating the lock lever or power door locking switch.
- The theft deterrent alarm system is not armed when all doors are locked using the key from outside, or using the door lock levers or the power door locking switch from inside.
- If any of the doors is not operated within approximately 30 seconds after the doors have been unlocked using the keyless push start system remote controller, the request switch or the keyless entry system transmitter, the doors are automatically locked again. At the same time, the theft deterrent alarm system is armed if the system is in the enabled state.

# How to disarm the theft deterrent alarm system

Simply unlock the doors using the keyless push start system remote controller, the request switch or the keyless entry system transmitter. The theft deterrent light will go out, indicating that the theft deterrent alarm system is disarmed.

#### How to stop the alarm

Should the alarm be triggered accidentally, press the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "ON" or turn the ignition switch to "ON" position. The alarm will then stop.

#### NOTE:

- Even after the alarm has stopped, if you lock the doors using the keyless push start system remote controller, the request switch or the keyless entry system transmitter, the theft deterrent alarm system will be rearmed with a delay of about 20 seconds.
- If you disconnect the battery while the theft deterrent alarm system is in the armed condition or the alarm is actually in operation, the alarm will be triggered or re-triggered when the battery is then reconnected, although, in the latter case, the alarm remains stopped for the period between disconnection and reconnection of the battery.
- Even after the alarm has stopped at the end of the predetermined operation time, it will be triggered again if any door is opened without disarming the theft deterrent alarm system.

# Checking whether the alarm has been triggered during parking

If the alarm was triggered due to an unauthorized entry into the vehicle and you then press the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "ON" or turn the ignition switch to "ON" position, the theft deterrent light will blink rapidly for about 8 seconds and a buzzer will beep 4 times during this period. If this happens, check whether your vehicle has been broken into while you were away from it.

#### Enabling and disabling the theft deterrent alarm system

The theft deterrent alarm system can be either "enabled" or "disabled".

#### When enabled (factory setting)

When the system is enabled, it causes the hazard warning lights to flash for about 40 seconds if any of the alarm trigger conditions is met. The system also causes the interior buzzer to beep intermittently for about 10 seconds, which is followed by intermittent sounding of the horn for about 30 seconds.

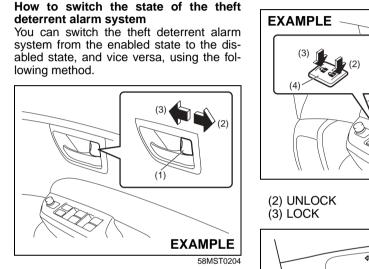
The theft deterrent light continues to blink during this time.

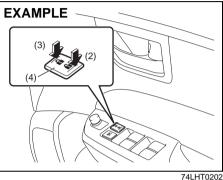
#### When disabled

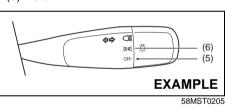
When the system is disabled, it stays disarmed even if you perform any system arming operation.

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**







With the ignition mode "ON" or the ignition switch in the "ON" position, close all the doors and turn the lock knob (1) on the driver's door in the unlocking direction (2) (rearward). Turn the knob on the lighting control lever to the OFF position (5).

#### NOTE:

All operations included in the following steps 2) and 3) must be completed within 15 seconds.

- Turn the knob on the lighting control lever to the ≥0 ≤ position (6) and then to the OFF position (5). Repeat this operation 4 times with the control finally lever set to the OFF position.
- Push the lock end (3) (forward end) of the power door lock switch (4) to lock the doors, and then the unlock end (2) (backward end) to unlock the doors. Repeat these operations 3 times and finally push the lock end of the switch.

2-15

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

Every time you perform the series of the above steps, the state of the theft deterrent alarm system changes from the currently selected one to the other. You can check whether the system is enabled or disabled by the number of interior buzzer beeps at the end of the procedure as follows.

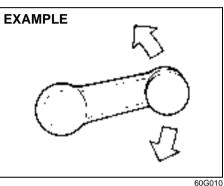
System state	Number of beeps
Disabled	Once
Enabled	4 times

#### NOTE:

- You cannot disable the theft deterrent alarm system while it is in the armed condition.
- If you fail to complete the operations in step 2) and 3) within 15 seconds, perform the procedure again from the beginning.
- Make sure all doors are closed when performing the above procedure.

# Windows

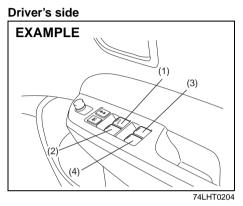
Manual Window Control (if equipped)



Raise or lower the door windows by turning the handle located on the door panel.

# Electric Window Controls (if equipped)

The electric windows can only be operated when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON".

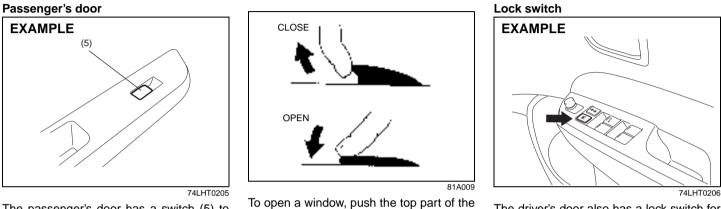


The driver's door has a switch (1) to operate the driver's window, and a switch (2) to operate the front passenger's window or there are switches (3), (4), to operate the rear left and right passenger windows, respectively.



Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**



The passenger's door has a switch (5) to operate the passenger's window.

The driver's door also has a lock switch for the passenger's window(s). When you push in the lock switch, the passenger's window(s) cannot be raised or lowered by operating any of the switches (2), (3), (4) or (5). To restore normal operation, release the lock switch by pushing again.

The driver's window has an "auto-down"

feature for added convenience (at toll booths or drive-through restaurants, for example). This means you can open the window without holding the window switch in the "Down" position. Press the driver's window switch completely down and release it. To stop the window before it reaches the bottom, pull the switch up briefly.

2-17

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

## 

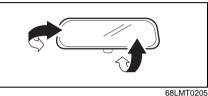
- You should always lock the passenger's window operation when there are children in the vehicle. Children can be seriously injured if they get part of their body caught by the window during operation.
- To avoid injuring an occupant by window entrapment, be sure no part of the occupant's body such as hands or head is in the path of the electric windows when closing them.
- Always remove the ignition key when leaving the vehicle even if only for a short time. Also do not leave children alone in a parked vehicle. Unattended children could use the electric window switches and get trapped by the window.

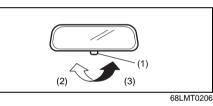
#### NOTE:

If you drive with one of the rear windows open, you may hear a loud sound caused by air vibration. To reduce the sound, open the driver's or front passenger's window, or narrow the rear window opening.

# Mirrors

#### **Inside Rearview Mirror**





(2) Day driving(3) Night driving

You can adjust the inside rearview mirror by hand so as to see the rear of your vehicle in the mirror. To adjust the mirror, set the selector tab (1) to the day position, then move the mirror up, down or sideways by hand to obtain the best view.

When driving at night, you can move the selector tab to the night position to reduce glare from the headlights of vehicles behind you.

# A WARNING

- Always adjust the mirror with the selector set to the day position.
- Only use the night position if it is necessary to reduce glare from the headlights of vehicles behind you. Be aware that in this position you may not be able to see some objects that could be seen in the day position.

2-18

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

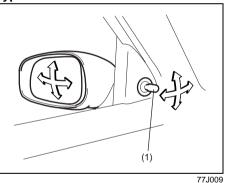
#### Outside Rearview Mirrors

Adjust the outside rearview mirrors so you can just see the side of your vehicle in the mirrors.

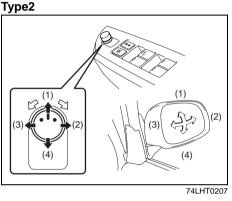
## 

Be careful when judging the size or distance of a vehicle or other object seen in the side convex mirror. Be aware that objects look smaller and appear farther away than when seen in a flat mirror.

#### Type1



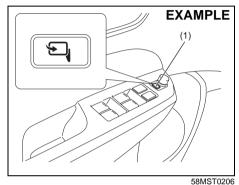
You can adjust the outside rearview mirrors by hand with the knob (1) located on the driver's or front passenger's door panel.



The switch to control the electric mirrors is located on the driver's door panel. You can adjust the mirrors when the ignition switch is in the "ACC" or "ON" position, or the ignition mode is "ACC" or "ON". To adjust the mirrors:

- Move the selector switch to the left or right to select the mirror you wish to adjust.
- 2) Press the outer part of the switch that corresponds to the direction in which you wish to move the mirror.
- Return the selector switch to the center position to help prevent unintended adjustment.





You can fold the mirrors when you park the vehicle in a narrow space. Push the folding switch (1) to fold and unfold the mirrors. Make sure the mirrors are completely unfolded before you start driving.

# WARNING

Moving mirrors can pinch and injure a hand. Do not allow any one's hand to get near the mirrors when folding and unfolding the mirrors.

2-19

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

# **Front Seats**

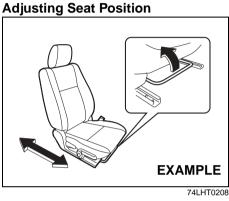
Seat Adjustment

## 

Never attempt to adjust the driver's seat or seatback while driving. The seat or seatback could move unexpectedly, causing loss of control. Make sure that the driver's seat and seatback are properly adjusted before you start driving.

# 

To avoid excessive seat belt slack, which reduces the effectiveness of the seat belts as a safety device, make sure that the seats are adjusted before the seat belts are fastened.



The adjustment lever for each front seat is located under the front of the seat. To adjust the seat position, pull up on the adjustment lever and slide the seat forward or rearward.

After adjustment, try to move the seat forward and rearward to ensure that it is securely latched.



If the driver's seat is equipped with a seat height adjuster lever on the outboard side of the seat, raise or lower the seat by pulling up or down the adjuster lever.

2-20

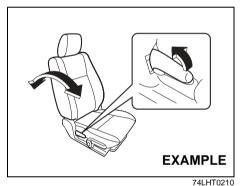
Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

#### **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### **Adjusting Seatbacks**

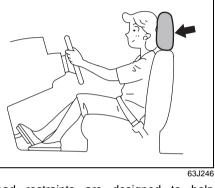
# A WARNING

All seatbacks should always be in an upright position when driving, or seat belt effectiveness may be reduced. Seat belts are designed to offer maximum protection when seatbacks are in the upright position.



To adjust the seatback angle of front seats, pull up the lever on the outboard side of the seat, move the seatback to the desired position, and release the lever to lock the seatback in place.

#### **Head Restraints**



Head restraints are designed to help reduce the risk of neck injuries in the case of an accident. Adjust the head restraint to the position which places the center of the head restraint closest to the top of your ears. If this is not possible for very tall passengers, adjust the head restraint as high as possible.

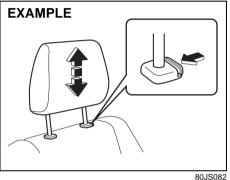
# A WARNING

- Never drive the vehicle with the head restraints removed.
- Do not attempt to adjust the head restraint while driving.

#### NOTE:

It may be necessary to recline the seatback to provide enough overhead clearance to remove the head restraint.

#### Front



To raise the front head restraint, pull upward on the restraint until it clicks. To lower the restraint, push down on the restraint while holding in the lock lever. If a head restraint must be removed (for cleaning, replacement, etc.), push in the lock lever and pull the head restraint all the way out.

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

# **Rear Seats**

#### **Head Restraints**

Head restraints are designed to help reduce the risk of neck injuries in the case of an accident.

#### **WARNING**

• Never drive the vehicle with the head restraints removed.

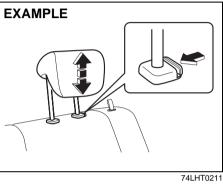
• Do not attempt to adjust the head restraint while driving.

#### NOTE:

It may be necessary to fold forward the seatback to provide enough overhead clearance to remove the head restraint.

Adjust the head restraint to the position which places the center of the head restraint closest to the top of your ears. If this is not possible for very tall passengers, adjust the head restraint as high as possible.

# Rear



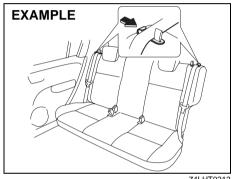
To raise the rear head restraint, pull upward on the restraint until it clicks. To lower the restraint, push down on the restraint while holding in the lock lever. If a head restraint must be removed (for cleaning, replacement, etc.), push in the lock lever and pull the head restraint all the way out.

When installing a child restraint system, raise the head restraint to the most upper position.

#### **Folding Rear Seats**

The rear seats of your vehicle can be folded forward to provide additional cargo space.

To fold the rear seats forward:



74LHT0212



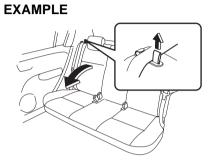
Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

#### **BEFORE DRIVING**

1) Hook the webbing of the outboard lapshoulder belts in the belt hangers.

# NOTICE

- When you move a seatback, make sure the belt webbing is hooked in the seat belt hangers so the seat belts are not caught by the seatback, seat hinge, or seat latch. This helps prevent damage to the belt system.
- Make sure the belt webbing is not twisted.
- 2) Lower the head restraint fully.
- 3) Store the center buckle in the seat back slit.



58MST0207

 Pull the release straps on the top of seat(s), and fold the seatbacks forward.

#### NOTICE

After folding the rear seatback forward, do not allow any foreign material to enter the lock opening. This may cause damage to the inside of the lock and prevent the seatback from being locked securely.

# **WARNING**

If you need to carry cargo in the passenger compartment with the rear seat back folded forward, be sure to secure the cargo or it may be thrown about, causing injury. Never pile cargo higher than the seatbacks.

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

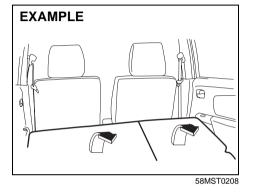
To return the seat to the normal position, follow the procedure below.

#### **A** CAUTION

When returning the rear seatback to the normal position, be careful that your finger is not caught between the lock and the striker.

#### NOTICE

- When returning the rear seatback to the normal position, make sure that there is nothing around the striker. Any foreign materials prevent the seatback from being locked securely.
- When you move a seatback, make sure the belt webbing is hooked in the seat belt hangers so the seat belts are not caught by the seatback, seat hinge, or seat latch. This helps prevent damage to the belt system.



Raise the seatback until it locks into place.

After returning the seat, try moving the seatback to make sure they are securely latched.

#### 

Do not put your hand into the rear seatback lock opening, or your finger may get caught and be injured.

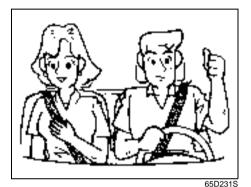
#### NOTICE

- When returning the rear seatback to the normal position, do not allow any foreign material to enter the lock opening. This may prevent the seatback from being locked securely.
- When returning the rear seatback to the normal position, be sure to handle it carefully by hand to avoid any damage to the lock itself. Do not push it by using some material or by applying excessive force.
- As the lock is designed exclusively for securing the rear seatback, do not use it for any other purpose. Incorrect use of it may cause damage to the inside of the lock and prevent the seatback from being locked securely.

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

# Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems



An air bag supplements, or adds to,

the frontal crash protection offered

by seat belts. The driver and all pas-

sengers must be properly restrained

by wearing seat belts at all times,

whether or not an air bag is mounted

at their seating position, to minimize

the risk of severe injury or death in

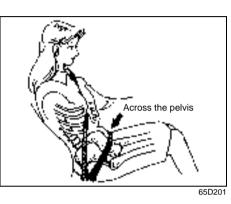
the event of a crash.

Wear Your Seat Belts at All Times.

# Above the pelvis

# A WARNING

- Never allow persons to ride in the cargo area of a vehicle. In the event of an accident, there is a much greater risk of injury for persons who are not riding in a seat with their seat belt securely fastened.
- Seat belts should always be adjusted as follows:
- the lap portion of the belt should be worn low across the pelvis, not across the waist.
- the shoulder straps should be worn on the outside shoulder only, and never under the arm.
- the shoulder straps should be away from your face and neck, but not falling off your shoulder. (Continued)



# A WARNING

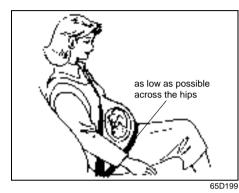
#### (Continued)

- Seat belts should never be worn with the straps twisted and should be adjusted as tightly as is comfortable to provide the protection for which they have been designed. A slack belt will provide less protection than one which is snug.
- Make sure that each seat belt buckle is inserted into the proper buckle catch. It is possible to cross the buckles in the rear seat.

(Continued)

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

#### **BEFORE DRIVING**



# A WARNING

#### (Continued)

- Pregnant women should use seat belts, although specific recommendations about driving should be made by the woman's medical advisor. Remember that the lap portion of the belt should be worn as low as possible across the hips, as shown in the diagram.
- Do not wear your seat belt over hard or breakable objects in your pockets or on your clothing. If an accident occurs, objects such as glasses, pens, etc. under the seat belt can cause injury.

(Continued)

# WARNING

#### (Continued)

- Never use the same seat belt on more than one occupant and never attach a seat belt over an infant or child being held on an occupant's lap. Such seat belt use could cause serious injury in the event of an accident.
- Periodically inspect seat belt assemblies for excessive wear and damage. Seat belts should be replaced if webbing becomes frayed, contaminated, or damaged in any way. It is essential to replace the entire seat belt assembly after it has been worn in a severe impact, even if damage to the assembly is not obvious.
- Children age 12 and under should ride properly restrained in the rear seat.
- Infants and small children should never be transported unless they are properly restrained. Restraint systems for infants and small children can be purchased locally and should be used. Make sure that the system you purchase meets applicable safety standards. Read and follow all the directions provided by the manufacturer.

#### (Continued)

#### 

#### (Continued)

- For children, if the shoulder belt irritates the neck or face, move the child closer to the center of the vehicle.
- Avoid contamination of seat belt webbing by polishes, oils, chemicals, and particularly battery acid. Cleaning may safely be carried out using mild soap and water.
- Do not insert any items such as coins, clips, etc. into the seat belt buckles, and be careful not to spill liquids into these parts. If foreign materials get into a seat belt buckle, the seat belt may not work properly.
- All seatbacks should always be in an upright position when driving, or seat belt effectiveness may be reduced. Seat belts are designed to offer maximum protection when seatbacks are in the upright position.

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

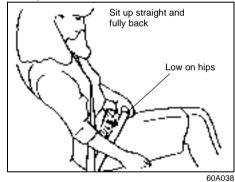
# **BEFORE DRIVING**

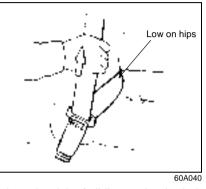
#### Lap-Shoulder Belt

#### **Emergency Locking Retractor (ELR)**

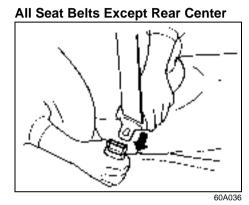
The seat belt has an emergency locking retractor (ELR), which is designed to lock the seat belt only during a sudden stop or impact. It also may lock if you pull the belt across your body very quickly. If this happens, let the belt go back to unlock it, then pull the belt across your body more slowly.

#### Safety reminder





To reduce the risk of sliding under the belt during a collision, position the lap portion of the belt across your lap as low on your hips as possible and adjust it to a snug fit by pulling the shoulder portion of the belt upward through the latch plate. The length of the diagonal shoulder strap adjusts itself to allow freedom of movement.

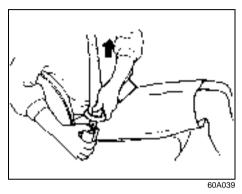


To fasten the seat belt, sit up straight and well back in the seat, pull the latch plate attached to the seat belt across your body and press it straight into the buckle until you hear a "click".

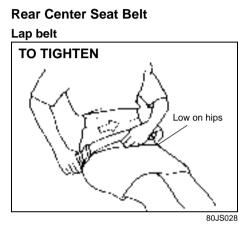
2-27

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

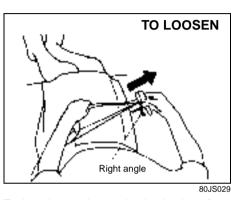
# **BEFORE DRIVING**



To unfasten the seat belt, push the red "PRESS" button on the buckle and retract the belt slowly while attaching a hand to the belt or/and the latch plate.



Sit up straight and well back in the seat. To fasten the belt, pull the latch plate attached to the seat belt across your hips and press it straight into the buckle until you hear a "click". To reduce the risk of sliding under the belt during a collision, position the belt across your lap as low on your hips as possible and adjust it to a snug fit. To tighten the belt, pull the free end of the belt across alongside the lap strap.

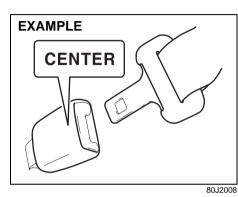


To lengthen, release the latch plate from the buckle, pull the latch plate (adjuster) in the direction of the arrow, at right angles to the belt. The latch plate should then be refitted into the buckle and the belt tightened as previously described.

2-28

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

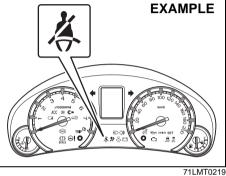
# **BEFORE DRIVING**



#### NOTE:

The word "CENTER" is molded into the buckle for the rear center belt. The buckles are designed so a latch plate cannot be inserted into the wrong buckle.

Driver's Seat Belt Reminder Driver's seat belt reminder light



When the driver does not buckle his or her seat belt with the ignition switch in the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", the driver's seat belt reminder light in the instrument cluster will blink until the driver's seat belt is buckled.

The reminder will be automatically canceled when the driver's seat belt is buckled or the ignition switch is turned off.

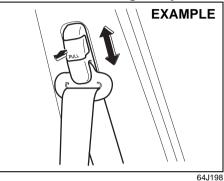
#### 

It is absolutely essential that the driver and passengers wear their seat belts at all times. Persons who are not wearing seat belts have a much greater risk of injury if an accident occurs. Make a regular habit of buckling your seat belt before putting the key in the ignition or pressing the engine switch.

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

#### BEFORE DRIVING

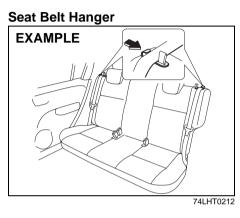
#### Shoulder Anchor Height Adjuster



Adjust the shoulder anchor height so that the shoulder belt rides on the center of the outboard shoulder. To upward, slide the anchor up. To downward, slide the anchor down while pulling the lock knob out. After adjustment, make sure that the anchor is securely locked.

# WARNING

Be sure that the shoulder belt is positioned on the center of the outside shoulder. The belt should be away from your face and neck, but not falling off your shoulder. Misadjustment of the belt could reduce the effectiveness of the safety belt in a crash.



#### NOTICE

When you move a seatback, make sure the belt webbing is hooked in the seat belt hangers so the seat belts are not caught by the seatback, seat hinge, or seat latch. This helps prevent damage to the belt system. Seat Belt Inspection

Periodically inspect the seat belts to make sure they work properly and are not damaged. Check the webbing, buckles, latch plates, retractors, anchorages, and guide loops. Replace any seat belts which do not work properly or are damaged.

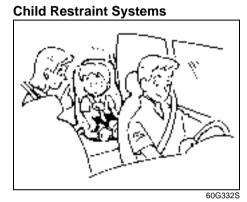
2-30

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

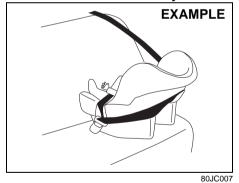
# A WARNING

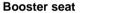
Be sure to inspect all seat belt assemblies after any collision. Any seat belt assembly which was in use during a collision (other than a very minor one) should be replaced, even if damage to the assembly is not obvious. Any seat belt assembly which was not in use during a collision should be replaced if it does not function properly or it is damaged in any way.

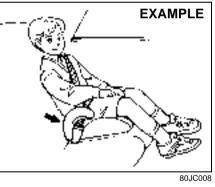


Child restraint EXAMPLE

Infant restraint - rear seat only







2-31

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

#### **BEFORE DRIVING**

SUZUKI highly recommends that you use a child restraint system to restrain infants and small children. Many different types of child restraint systems are available; make sure that the restraint system you select meets applicable safety standards.

All child restraint systems are designed to be secured in vehicle seats by either seat belts (lap belts or the lap portion of lapshoulder belts). Whenever possible, SUZUKI recommends that child restraint systems be installed on the rear seat. According to accident statistics, children are safer when properly restrained in rear seating positions than in front seating positions.

If you must use a front-facing child restraint in the front passenger's seat, adjust the passenger's seat as far back as possible.

NOTE:

Observe any statutory regulation about child restraints.





# **WARNING**

If your vehicle is equipped with a front passenger air bag, do not install a rear-facing child restraint in the front passenger's seat. If the passenger's air bag inflates, a child in a rearfacing child restraint could be killed or seriously injured. The back of a rear-facing child restraint would be too close to the inflating air bag.

# WARNING

If you install a child restraint system in the rear seat, slide the front seat for enough forward so that the child's feet do not contact the front seatback. This will help avoid injury to the child in the event of an accident.



65D609

2-32

Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems: 3

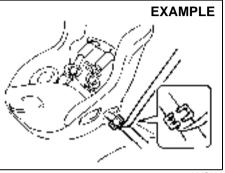
#### **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### 

Children could be endangered in a crash if their child restraint systems are not properly secured in the vehicle. When installing a child restraint system, be sure to follow the instructions below. Be sure to secure the child in the restraint system according to the manufacturer's instructions. Installation with Lap-Shoulder Seat Belts

#### NOTICE

Before installing a child restraint system in the rear seat, raise the head restraint to the most upper position. ELR type belt



80JC021

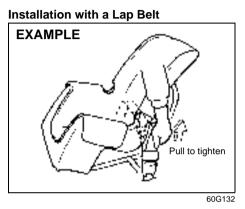
Install your child restraint system according to the instructions provided by the child restraint system manufacturer.

Make sure that the seat belt is securely latched.

Try to move the child restraint system in all directions to make sure it is securely installed.

2-33

# **BEFORE DRIVING**



Install your child restraint system according to the instructions provided by the child restraint system manufacturer.

To lengthen or tighten the belt, refer to the "Lap-belt" item in this "Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems" section. After making sure that the seat belt is securely latched, try moving the child restraint system in all directions, to make sure it is securely installed. If you need to tighten the belt, pull the free end of the webbing.

2-34

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

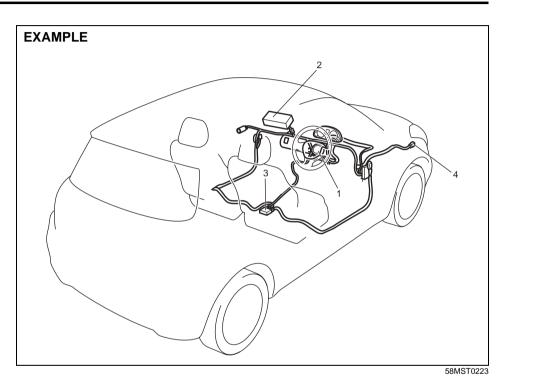
# **Supplemental Restraint** System (air bags)

# **WARNING**

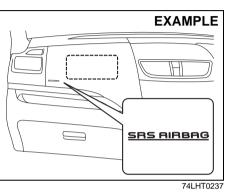
This section of the owner's manual describes the protection provided by your SUZUKI's SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (air bags). Please read and follow ALL these instructions carefully to minimize your risk of severe injury or death in the event of a collision.

Your vehicle is equipped with a Supplemental Restraint System consisting of the following components in addition to a lap-shoulder belt at each front seating position.

- 1. Driver's front air bag module
- 2. Front passenger's front air bag module (if equipped) 3. Air bag controller 4. Forward crash sensor



# **BEFORE DRIVING**

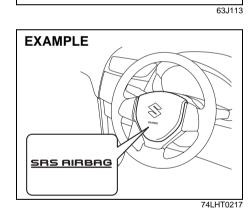


The driver's front air bag is located behind the center pad of the steering wheel and the front passenger's front air bag is located behind the passenger's side of the dashboard.

Front Air Bags
EXAMPLE

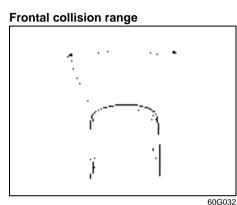


If the "AIR BAG" light on the instrument cluster does not blink or come on when the ignition switch is first turned to the "ON" position, or the ignition mode is first changed to "ON", or the "AIR BAG" light stays on, or comes on while driving, the air bag system may not work properly. Have the air bag system inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible.



2-36

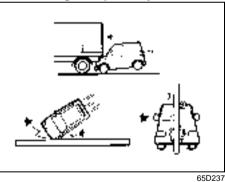
# **BEFORE DRIVING**



Front air bags are designed to inflate in severe frontal collisions.



Front air bags will probably not inflate



Front air bags are not designed to inflate in rear impacts, side impacts, rollovers or minor frontal collisions, since they would offer no protection in those types of accidents. Remember, since an air bag deploys only one time during an accident, seat belts are needed to restrain occupants from further movements during the accident.

Therefore, an air bag is NOT a substitute for seat belts. To maximize your protection, ALWAYS WEAR YOUR SEAT BELTS. Be aware that no system can prevent all possible injuries that may occur in an accident.

#### 

An air bag supplements, or adds to, the crash protection offered by seat belts. The driver and all passengers must be properly restrained by wearing seat belts at all times, whether or not an air bag is mounted at their seating position, to minimize the risk of severe injury or death in the event of a crash.

#### **BEFORE DRIVING**



# **WARNING**

Do not install a rear-facing child restraint in the front passenger's seat. If the passenger's front air bag inflates, a child in a rear-facing child restraint could be killed or severely injured. The back of a rear-facing child restraint would be too close to the inflating air bag.

If you must use a front-facing child restraint in the front passenger's seat, be sure to move the front passenger's seat as far back as possible. Please refer to "Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems" in this section for details on securing your child.

Air bag symbol (if equipped) meaning		
ЕX		
	<b>A</b> W	ARNING ANA MIN
		<ul> <li>DO NOT place rear-facing child seat on this seat with airbag.</li> <li>DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY can occur.</li> <li>The BACK SEAT with child restraint is the SAFEST place for children.</li> </ul>
	<u>i</u>	•======
		58MST0209

You may find this label on the sun visor.

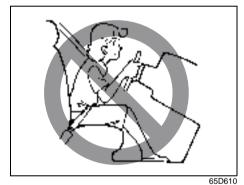
# **WARNING**

Do not use a rearward facing child restraint on a seat protected by an airbag in front of it. How the System Works In a frontal collision, the crash sensors will detect rapid deceleration, and if the controller judges that the deceleration represents a severe frontal crash, the controller will trigger the inflators. The inflators inflate the appropriate air bags with nitrogen or argon gas. The inflated air bags provide a cushion for your head and upper body. The air bag inflates and deflates so quickly that you may not even realize that it has activated. The air bag will neither hinder your view nor make it harder to exit the vehicle.

Air bags must inflate quickly and forcefully in order to reduce the chance of serious or fatal injuries. However, an unavoidable consequence of the quick inflation is that the air bag may irritate bare skin, such as the facial area against a front air bag. Also, upon inflation, a loud noise will occur and some powder and smoke will be released. These conditions are not harmful and do not indicate a fire in the vehicle. Be aware, however, that some air bag components may be hot for a while after inflation.

2-38

A seat belt helps keep you in the proper position for maximum protection when an air bag inflates. Adjust your seat as far back as possible while still maintaining control of the vehicle. Sit fully back in your seat; sit up straight; do not lean over the steering wheel or dashboard. Please refer to the "Seat Adjustment" section and the "Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems" section in the this section for details on proper seat and seat belt adjustments.



#### **WARNING**

- The driver should not lean over the steering wheel. The front passenger should not rest his or her body against the dashboard, or otherwise get too close to the dashboard. In these situations, the outof-position occupant would be too close to an inflating air bag, and may suffer severe injury.
- Do not attach any objects to, or place any objects over, the steering wheel or dashboard. Do not place any objects between the air bag and the driver or front passenger. These objects may interfere with air bag operation or may be propelled by the air bag in the event of a crash. Either of these conditions may cause severe injury.

Note that even though your vehicle may be moderately damaged in a collision, the collision may not have been severe enough to trigger the air bags to inflate. If your vehicle sustains ANY front-end or side damage, have the air bag system inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer to ensure it is in proper working order.

Your vehicle is equipped with a diagnostic module which records information about the air bag system if the air bags deploy in a crash. The module records information about overall system status, which sensors activated the deployment.

#### Servicing the air bag system

If the air bags inflate, have the air bags and related components replaced by an authorized SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible.

If your vehicle ever gets in deep water and the driver's floor is submerged, the air bag controller could be damaged. If it does, have the air bag system inspected by the SUZUKI dealer as soon as possible.

Special procedures are required for servicing or replacing an air bag. For that reason, only an authorized SUZUKI dealer should be allowed to service or replace your air bags. Please remind anyone who services your SUZUKI that it has air bags.

Service on or around air bag components or wiring must be performed only by an authorized SUZUKI dealer. Improper service could result in unintended air bag deployment or could render the air bag inoperative. Either of these two conditions may result in severe injury.

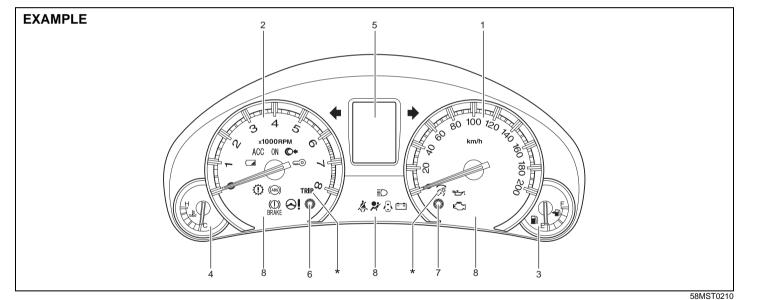
To prevent damage or unintended inflation of the air bag system, be sure the battery is disconnected and the ignition switch has been in the "LOCK" position or the ignition mode has been "LOCK" (OFF) for at least 90 seconds before performing any electrical service work on your SUZUKI. Do not touch air bag system components or wires. The wires are wrapped with yellow tape or yellow tubing, and the couplers are yellow for easy identification. Scrapping a vehicle that has an uninflated air bag can be hazardous. Ask your dealer, body repair shop or scrap yard for help with disposal.

2-40

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

# **Instrument Cluster**

- Speedometer
   Tachometer (if equipped)
   Fuel gauge
   Temperature gauge
   Information display
   Trip meter selector knob
   Indicator selector knob
- 8. Warning and indicator lights



\* These marks are explanation of the knobs 6 and 7. Refer to "Information Display" in this section for detail of knobs.



# Warning and Indicator Lights

#### Brake System Warning Light



Three different types of operations exist depending on the vehicle's specification.

65D477

- The light comes on briefly when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".
- The light comes on when the parking brake is engaged with the ignition switch in the "ON" position or the ignition mode "ON".
- 3) The light comes on when under either or both of above two conditions.

The light also comes on when the fluid in the brake fluid reservoir falls below the specified level.

The light should go out after starting the engine and fully releasing the parking brake, if the fluid level in the brake fluid reservoir is adequate.

The light also comes on together with the ABS warning light when the rear brake force control function (proportioning valve function) of the ABS system fails.

If the brake system warning light comes on while you are driving the vehicle, it may mean that there is something wrong with the vehicle's brake system. If this happens, you should:

1) Pull off the road and stop carefully.

# 

Remember that stopping distance may be longer, you may have to push harder on the pedal, and the pedal may go down farther than normal.

- 2) Test the brakes by carefully starting and stopping on the shoulder of the road.
- If you determine that it is safe, drive cautiously at low speed to the nearest dealer for repairs, or
- 4) Have the vehicle towed to the nearest dealer for repairs.

# A WARNING

If any of the following conditions occur, you should immediately ask your SUZUKI dealer to inspect the brake system.

- If the brake system warning light does not go out after the engine has been started and the parking brake has been fully released.
- If the brake system warning light does not come on when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".
- If the brake system warning light comes on at any time during vehicle operation.

#### NOTE:

Because the brake system is self-adjusting, the fluid level will drop as the brake pads become worn. Replenishing the brake fluid reservoir is considered normal periodic maintenance.

#### NOTE:

(Parking Brake Reminder Buzzer)

A buzzer sounds intermittently to remind you to release the parking brake if you start the vehicle without releasing the parking brake. Make sure that the parking brake is fully released and the brake system warning light turns off.

#### Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) Warning Light (if equipped)



65D529

When the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", the light comes on briefly so you can check that the light is working. If the light stays on, or comes on when driving, there may be something wrong with the ABS.

If this happens:

- 1) Pull off the road and stop carefully.
- Turn the ignition switch to "LOĆK" or change the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF) by pressing the engine switch and then start the engine again.

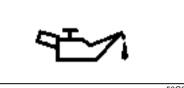
If the warning light comes on briefly then turns off, the system is normal. If the warning light still stays on, the system will be something wrong.

If the light and the brake system warning light stay on, or come on simultaneously when driving, your ABS system is equipped with the rear brake force control function (proportioning valve function) and there may be something wrong with both the rear brake force control function and anti-lock function of the ABS system.

If one of these happens, have the system inspected by your SUZUKI dealer. If the ABS becomes inoperative, the brake system will function as an ordinary brake system that does not have this ABS system.

For details of ABS system, refer to "Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS)" in the "OPER-ATING YOUR VEHICLE" section.

#### **Oil Pressure Light**



50G051

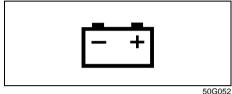
This light comes on when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", and goes out when the engine is started. The light will come on and remain on if there is insufficient oil pressure. If the light comes on when driving, pull off the road as soon as you can and stop the engine.

Check the oil level and add oil if necessary. If there is enough oil, the lubrication system should be inspected by your SUZUKI dealer before you drive the vehicle again.

#### NOTICE

- If you operate the engine with this light on, severe engine damage can result.
- Do not rely on the oil pressure light to indicate the need to add oil. Be sure to periodically check the engine oil level.

**Charging Light** 



This light comes on when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", and goes out when the engine is started. The light will come on and remain on if there is something wrong with the battery charging system. If the light comes on when the engine is running, the charging system should be inspected immediately by your SUZUKI dealer.

#### **Driver's Seat Belt Reminder Light**



60G0

When the driver doesn't buckle his or her seat belt, this light will come on and/or blink.

For details about the seat belt reminder, refer to "Seat Belts and Child Restraint Systems" in this section.

"AIR BAG" Light

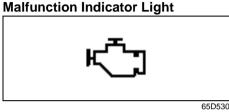


This light blinks or comes on for several seconds when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON" so you can check if the light is working.

The light will come on and stay on if there is a problem in the air bag system.

# A WARNING

If the "AIR BAG" light does not blink or come on briefly when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", stays on for more than 10 seconds, or comes on while driving, the air bag system may not work properly. Have both systems inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer.



Your vehicle has a computer-controlled emission control system. A malfunction indicator light is provided on the instrument panel to indicate when it is necessary to have the emission control system serviced. The malfunction indicator light comes on when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON" to let you know the light is working and goes out when the engine is started.

If the malfunction indicator light comes on or blinks when the engine is running, there is a damage in the emission control system.

Bring the vehicle to your SUZUKI dealer to have the damage fixed.

#### NOTICE

Continuing to drive the vehicle when the malfunction indicator light is on or blinking can cause permanent damage to the vehicle's emission control system, and can affect fuel economy and driveability.

Immobilizer/Keyless Push Start System (if equipped) Warning Light



When the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", the light comes on briefly so you can check that the light is working. If this light stays on, there is a problem with the system.

(Vehicle without Keyless Push Start System)

If this light blinks, turn the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position, then turn it back to the "ON" position. If the light still blinks with the ignition switch turned to the "ON" position, there may be something wrong with your key or with the immobilizer system. Ask your SUZUKI dealer to inspect the system.

(Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System) This light blinks if you press the engine switch while the system is not sensing the remote controller. For details, refer to "Immobilizer System" in this section or "Keyless Push Start System" in the "OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE" section. Open Door Warning Light



This light remains on until all doors (including the tailgate) are completely closed.

If any door (including the tailgate) is open when the vehicle is moving, a ding sounds to remind you to close all doors completely. Low Fuel Warning Light



If this light comes on, fill the fuel tank immediately.

When this light comes on, a ding sounds once to remind you to fill the fuel.

If you do not fill the fuel, a ding sounds every time when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".

#### NOTE:

The activation point of this light varies depending on road conditions (for example, slope or curve) and driving conditions because of fuel moving in the tank.

2-45

58MS0-14E

54G343

#### **Electric Power Steering Light**



This light comes on when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", and goes out when the engine is started.

If this light comes on while driving, the power steering system may not work properly. Have the system inspected by your SUZUKI dealer.

#### NOTE:

If the power steering system does not work properly, you will feel heavier to steer but you still will be able to steer.

#### NOTE:

If the steering is operated, you may hear a rubbing noise. This is normal and indicates that the power steering system works properly.

Turn Signal Indicators

When you turn on the left or right turn signals, the corresponding green arrow on the instrument panel will blink along with the respective turn signal lights. When you turn on the hazard warning switch, both arrows will blink along with all of the turn signal lights.

# Main Beam (high beam) Indicator Light



50G056

This indicator comes on when headlight main beams (high beams) are turned on.

Transaxle Warning Light (if equipped)



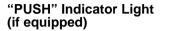
This light comes on for several seconds when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON" so you can check the light is working. If this light comes on, there is a problem with the transaxle system. Ask your SUZUKI dealer to have the system inspected.

#### Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller Battery Consumption Warning Light (if equipped)



If the remote controller becomes unreliable, this light comes on for several seconds when the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

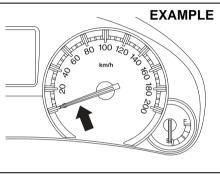




Ignition "ON" Indicator Light (if equipped)



82K098 This light comes on when the ignition mode is "ON" with the engine off. Speedometer



68LM223

The speedometer indicates vehicle speed in km/h.

If this light comes on when depressing the brake pedal for CVT vehicles, or the clutch pedal for manual transaxle vehicles, you can start the engine.

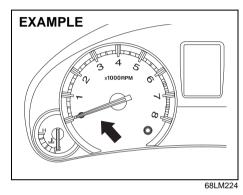
# "ACC" Indicator Light (if equipped)



This light comes on when the ignition mode is "ACC".

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# **Tachometer (if equipped)**



The tachometer indicates engine speed in revolutions per minute.

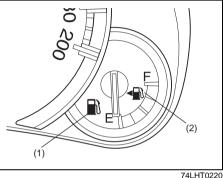
# NOTICE

Never drive the vehicle with the engine revving in the red zone or severe engine damage can result. Keep the engine speed below the red zone even when downshifting to a lower gear position. Refer to "Downshifting maximum allowable speeds" in the "OPERAT-ING YOUR VEHICLE" section.

NOTE:

Maximum engine speed is limited at approximately 5000 revolutions per minute by the fuel cut control when you press the accelerator pedal while the gearshift is in "P" (Park) or "N" (Neutral).

# **Fuel Gauge**





When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", this gauge gives an approximate indication of the amount of fuel in the fuel tank. "F" stands for full and "E" stands for empty.

If the indicator gets off the graduation of "E" (not character "E"), refill the tank as soon as possible.

#### NOTE:

The indicator moves a little depending on road conditions (for example, slope or curve) and driving conditions because of fuel moving in the tank.

If the low fuel warning light (1) comes on, fill the fuel tank immediately.

When the low fuel warning light (1) comes on, a ding sounds once to remind you to fill the fuel.

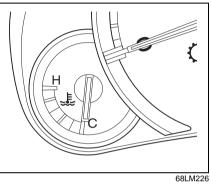
If you do not fill the fuel, a ding sounds every time when the ignition switch is turned to "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".

#### NOTE:

The activation point of the low fuel warning light (1) varies depending on road conditions (for example, slope or curve) and driving conditions because of fuel moving in the tank.

The mark (2) indicates that the fuel filler door is located on the left side of the vehicle.

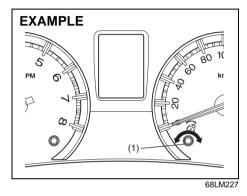
# Temperature Gauge



When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", this gauge indicates the engine coolant temperature. Under normal driving conditions, the indicator should stay within the normal, acceptable temperature range between "H" and "C". If the indicator approaches "H", overheating is indicated. Follow the instructions for engine overheating in the "EMERGENCY SERVICE" section.

NOTICE		
Continuing to drive the vehicle when engine overheating is indicated can result in severe engine damage.		

#### **Brightness Control**



When the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", the pointer lights come on.

Your vehicle has a system to automatically dim the brightness of the instrument panel lights when the position lights or headlights are on.

When the position lights and/or headlights are ON, you can control the meter illumination intensity.

To increase the brightness of the instrument panel lights, turn the brightness control knob (1) clockwise.

To reduce the brightness of the instrument panel lights, turn the brightness control knob (1) counterclockwise.

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### NOTE:

- If you do not turn the brightness control knob within about 5 seconds of activating the brightness control display, the brightness control display will be canceled automatically.
- When you reconnect the battery, the brightness of the instrument panel lights will be reinitialized. Readjust the brightness according to your preference.

#### EXAMPLE (A) (B) 4 5 (C) ORPM ଚ (D) DN O+ (E) TRIP MBS) ١D C<sup>®</sup> ÷. \* \Lambda 🖽 O ຕັງ (1) (3) (2) 58MST0211

(1) Trip meter selector knob
 (2) Indicator selector knob
 (3) Information display

**Information Display** 

When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the information display shows the following information.

Display (A) Thermometer

**Display (B)** (for CVT vehicles) Transaxle selector position indicator

#### Display (C)

Trip meter / Instantaneous fuel consumption / Average fuel consumption / Driving range

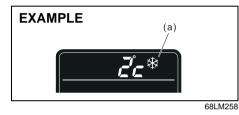
Display (D) Odometer

Display (E) Clock

2-50

#### Thermometer (if equipped)

When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the display (A) shows the thermometer. The thermometer indicates the outside temperature.



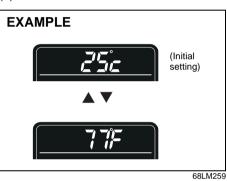
If the outside temperature nears freezing, the mark (a) will appear on the display.

NOTE:

- The outside temperature indication is not the actual outside temperature when driving at low speed, or when stopped.
- If there is something wrong with the thermometer, or just after the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON", the display may not indicate the outside temperature.

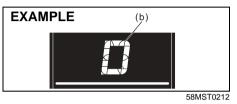
When the display (C) shows the driving range, you can change the unit of temperature.

To change the unit of temperature, while pushing and holding the trip meter selector knob (1), turn the indicator selector knob (2).



NOTE:

When you reconnect the negative (-) terminal to the battery, the unit of temperature will be reinitialized. Change the unit again to your preference. Transaxle selector position indicator (for CVT vehicles)

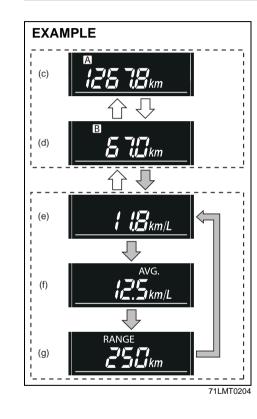


When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the display (B) indicates the gear position (b). For details on how to use the transaxle, refer to "Using the Transaxle" in the "OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE" section.

#### Trip meter / Instantaneous fuel consumption / Average fuel consumption / Driving range

When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the display (C) shows one of the following five indications, trip meter A, trip meter B, Instantaneous fuel consumption, Average fuel consumption or Driving range.

To switch the display indication (C), push the trip meter selector knob (1) or the indicator selector knob (2) quickly.



☆₽	Push the trip meter selector knob (1).
☆₽	Push the indicator selector knob (2).

(c) Trip meter A

(d) Trip meter B

(e) Instantaneous Fuel Consumption

(f) Average fuel consumption

(g) Driving range

# A WARNING

If you attempt to adjust the display while driving, you could lose control of the vehicle.

Do not attempt to adjust the display while driving.

#### NOTE:

- Indications will change when you push and release a knob.
- The display shows estimated values. Indications may not be the same as actual values.

#### **Trip meter**

The trip meter can be used to measure the distance traveled on short trips or between fuel stops.

You can use the trip meter A or trip meter B independently.

To reset the trip meter to zero, push and hold the trip meter selector knob (1) for a while when the display shows the trip meter.

#### NOTE:

The indicated maximum value of the trip meter is 9999.9. When you run past the maximum value, the indicated value will return to 0.0.

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#### Instantaneous Fuel Consumption

If you selected instantaneous fuel consumption the last time you drove the vehicle, the display does not show the last value of instantaneous fuel consumption from previous driving when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON". The display shows the value only when the vehicle is moving.

#### NOTE:

- The display does not show the value unless the vehicle is moving.
- The indicated maximum value of instantaneous fuel consumption is 30. No more than 30 will be indicated on the display even if the actual instantaneous fuel consumption is higher.
- The indication on the display may be delayed if fuel consumption is greatly affected by driving conditions.
- The display shows estimated values. Indications may not be the same as actual values.
- You can change the units that instantaneous fuel consumption is displayed in. Refer to "Average fuel consumption" in this section.

#### Average fuel consumption

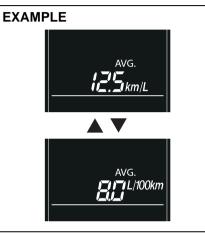
If you selected average fuel consumption the last time you drove the vehicle, the display shows the last value of average fuel consumption from previous driving when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON". Unless you reset the value of average fuel consumption, the display indicates the value of average fuel consumption which includes average fuel consumption during previous driving.

To reset the average fuel consumption to zero, push and hold the indicator selector knob (2) for a while when the display shows the average fuel consumption.

#### NOTE:

When you reset the indication or reconnect the negative (–) terminal to the battery, the value of average fuel consumption will be shown after driving for a while.

To change the unit of average fuel consumption, while pushing and holding the trip meter selector knob (1), turn the indicator selector knob (2).



68LM262

#### NOTE:

- When you change the units that average fuel consumption is displayed in, the instantaneous fuel consumption units will be changed automatically.
- When you reconnect the negative (–) terminal to the battery, the unit of the average fuel consumption will be reinitialized. Change the unit again to your preference.

#### **Driving range**

If you selected driving range the last time you drove the vehicle, the display indicates "---" for a few seconds and then indicates the current driving range when the ignition switch is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".

The driving range shown in the display is the approximate distance you can drive until the fuel gauge indicates "E", based on current driving conditions.

When the low fuel warning light comes on, the display "---" will appear.

If the low fuel warning light comes on, fill the fuel tank immediately regardless of the value of driving range shown in the display.

As the driving range after refueling is calculated based on the most recent driving condition, the value is different each time you refuel.

NOTE:

- If you refuel when the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is changed to "ON", the driving range may not indicate the correct value.
- When you reconnect the negative (-) terminal to the battery, the value of driving range will be shown after driving for a while.

#### Odometer

When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the display (D) shows the odometer. The odometer records the total distance the vehicle has been driven.

#### NOTICE

Keep track of your odometer reading and check the maintenance schedule regularly for required services. Increased wear or damage to certain parts can result from failure to perform required services at the proper mileage intervals.

#### Clock

When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON", the display (E) shows the time.

To change the time indication:

- 1) Push the trip meter selector knob (1) and the indicator selector knob (2) together.
- 2) To change the hour indication, turn the indicator selector knob (2) left or right repeatedly when the hour indication blinks. To change the hour indication quickly, turn and hold the indicator selector knob (2). To set the hour indication, push the indicator selector knob (2) and the minute indication will blink.
- 3) To change the minute indication, turn the indicator selector knob (2) left or right repeatedly when the minute indication blinks. To change the minute indication quickly, turn and hold the indicator selector knob (2). To set the minute indication, push the indicator selector knob (2).

# 

If you attempt to adjust the display while driving, you could lose control of the vehicle.

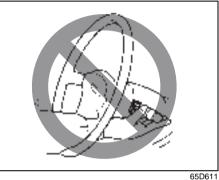
Do not attempt to adjust the display while driving.

#### NOTE:

When you reconnect the negative (–) terminal to the battery, the clock indication will be reinitialized. Change the indication again to your preference.

# **BEFORE DRIVING**

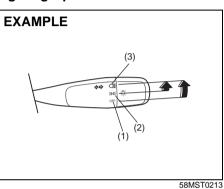
# **Lighting Control Lever**



#### WARNING

To avoid possible injury, do not operate controls by reaching through the steering wheel.

#### **Lighting Operation**



To turn the lights on or off, twist the knob on the end of the lever. There are three positions:

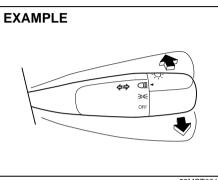
**OFF (1)** All lights are off.

# <u>=00= (2)</u>

Front position lights, tail lights, license plate light and instrument lights are on, but headlights are off.

#### ≣D (3)

Front position lights, tail lights, license plate light, instrument lights and headlights are on.



58MST0214

With the headlights on, push the lever forward to switch to the high beams (main beams) or pull the lever toward you to switch to the low beams. When the high beams (main beams) are on, a light on the instrument panel will come on. To momentarily activate the high beams (main beams) as a passing signal, pull the lever slightly toward you and release it when you have completed the signal.

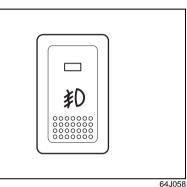
#### Light Reminder Buzzer

The interior buzzer continuously beeps if you open the driver's door without turning off the headlights and position lights. This function is triggered under the following condition:

The headlights and/or position lights are on even after the ignition switch is turned off, or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF).

The buzzer stops sounding when you turn off the headlights and position lights.

# Front Fog Light Switch (if equipped)

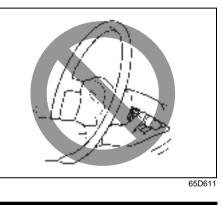


The front fog light comes on when the fog light switch is pushed in with the position lights, tail lights and/or the headlights are on. An indicator light above the switch will be lit when the front fog light is on.

#### NOTE:

In some countries the lighting operation may be different from the above description according to local regulations.

# **Turn Signal Control Lever**



# **WARNING**

To avoid possible injury, do not operate controls by reaching through the steering wheel.

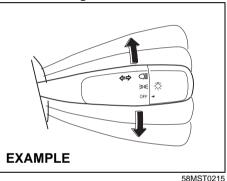
2-56

### **BEFORE DRIVING**

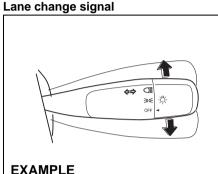
#### **Turn Signal Operation**

With the ignition switch in the "ON" position or the ignition mode "ON", move the lever up or down to activate the right or left turn signals.

#### Normal turn signal



Move the lever all the way upward or downward to signal. When the turn is completed, the signal will cancel and the lever will return to its normal position.



### EXAMPLE

Some times, such as when changing lanes, the steering wheel is not turned far enough to cancel the turn signal. For convenience, you can flash the turn signal by moving the lever part way and holding it there. The lever will return to its normal position when you release it.

58MST0216

**Hazard Warning Switch** EXAMPLE  $\mathbb{A}$ A

68LM235

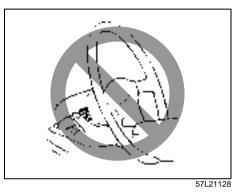
Push in the hazard warning switch to activate the hazard warning lights. All turn signal lights and both turn signal indicators will flash simultaneously. To turn off the lights, push the switch again.

Use the hazard warning lights to warn other traffic during emergency parking or when your vehicle could otherwise become a traffic hazard.

2-57

### **BEFORE DRIVING**

# Windshield Wiper and Washer Lever



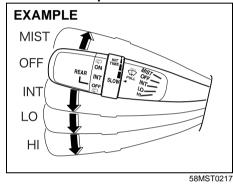
### WARNING

To avoid possible injury, do not operate controls by reaching through the steering wheel.

#### Wiper and Washer Operation

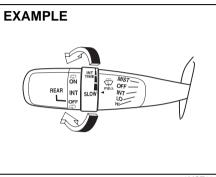
When the ignition switch is in the "ON" position, you can use the wiper/washer lever or switch.

#### Windshield Wipers



To turn the windshield wipers on, move the lever down to one of the three operating positions. In the "INT" position, the wipers operate intermittently. The "INT" position is very convenient for driving in mist or light rain. In the "LO" position, the wipers operate at a steady low speed. In the "HI" position, the wipers operate at a steady high speed. To turn off the wipers, move the lever back to the "OFF" position.

Move the lever up and hold it to the "MIST" position, the windshield wipers will turn on continuously at low speed.

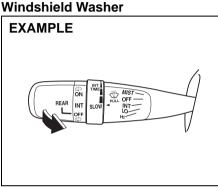


58MST0218

If the lever is equipped with the "INT TIME" control, turn the control forward or rearward to adjust the intermittent wiper operation to the desired interval.

2-58

### **BEFORE DRIVING**



58MST0219

To spray windshield washer fluid, pull the lever toward you. The windshield wipers will automatically turn on at low speed if they are not already on and the "INT" position is equipped.

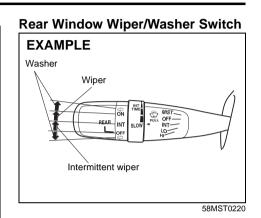
### WARNING

- To prevent windshield icing in cold weather, turn on the defroster to heat the windshield before and during windshield washer use.
- Do not use radiator antifreeze in the windshield washer reservoir. It can severely impair visibility when sprayed on the windshield, and can also damage your vehicle's paint.

### NOTICE

To help prevent damage to the windshield wiper and washer system components, you should take the following precautions:

- Do not continue to hold in the lever when there is no windshield washer fluid being sprayed or the washer motor can be damaged.
- Do not attempt to remove dirt from a dry windshield with the wipers or you can damage the windshield and the wiper blades. Always wet the windshield with washer fluid before operating the wipers.
- Clear ice or packed snow from the wiper blades before using the wipers.
- Check the washer fluid level regularly. Check it often when the weather is bad.
- Only fill the washer fluid reservoir 3/4 full during cold weather to allow room for expansion if the temperature falls low enough to freeze the solution.



To turn the rear wiper on, twist the rear wiper switch on the end of the lever forward to the "ON" position. If your vehicle is equipped the "INT" position, the rear wiper operates intermittently when you twist the switch forward to the "INT" position. To turn the rear wiper off, twist the switch rearward to the "OFF" position.

With the rear wiper in the "OFF" position, twist the switch rearward and hold it there to spray window washer fluid.

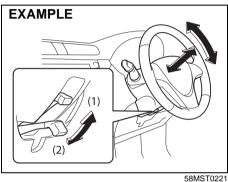
With the rear wiper in the "ON" position, turn the switch forward and hold it there to spray window washer fluid.

### **BEFORE DRIVING**

#### NOTICE

Clear ice or snow from the rear window and rear wiper blade before using the rear wiper. Accumulated ice or snow could prevent the wiper blade from moving, causing damage to the wiper motor.

### Tilt/Telescoping (if equipped) Steering Lock Lever



### A WARNING

Never attempt to adjust the steering wheel while the vehicle is moving or you could lose control of the vehicle.



(2) UNLOCK

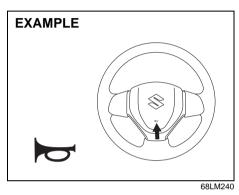
The lock lever is located under the steering column. To adjust the steering wheel height and fore-aft position:

- 1) Push down the lock lever to unlock the steering column.
- Adjust the steering wheel to the desired height and fore-aft position and lock the steering column by pulling up the lock lever.
- Try moving the steering wheel up and down and back and forth to make sure it is securely locked in position.

2-60

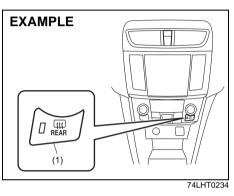
### **BEFORE DRIVING**

### Horn



Press the horn button of the steering wheel to sound the horn. The horn will sound with the ignition switch in any position or any ignition mode.

# Heated Rear Window Switch (if equipped)



When the rear window is misted, push this switch (1) to clear the window. An indicator light will be lit when the defog-

An indicator light will be lit when the defogger is on. The defogger will work only when the engine is running. To turn off the defogger, push the switch (1) again.

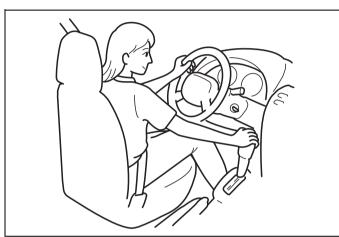
### NOTICE

The heated rear window uses a large amount of electricity. Be sure to turn off after the window has become clear.

#### NOTE:

- The defogger will work only when the engine is running.
  The defogger will automatically turn off
- The defogger will automatically turn off after the defogger remains on for 15 minutes to prevent discharging of the battery.

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**



## **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

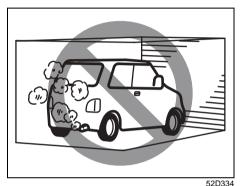
Exhaust Gas Warning	3-1
Daily Inspection Checklist	3-1
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Engine Switch	
(Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System)	3-5
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(Vehicle without Keyless Push Start System)	3-12
Starting the Engine	
(Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System)	3-13
Using the Transaxle	3-17
Braking	3-21

60G408

Exhaust Gas Warning: NO Daily Inspection Checklist: NO

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

### **Exhaust Gas Warning**



#### 5

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Avoid breathing exhaust gases. Exhaust gases contain carbon monoxide, a potentially lethal gas that is colorless and odorless. Since carbon monoxide is difficult to detect by itself, be sure to take the following precautions to help prevent carbon monoxide from entering your vehicle. • Do not leave the engine running in garages or other confined areas. (Continued)

### WARNING

#### (Continued)

- Do not park with the engine running for a long period of time, even in an open area. If it is necessary to sit for a short time in a parked vehicle with the engine running, make sure the air intake selector is set to "FRESH AIR" and the blower is at high speed.
- Avoid operating the vehicle with the tailgate or trunk open. If it is necessary to operate the vehicle with the tailgate or trunk open, make sure the sunroof (if equipped) and all windows are closed, and the blower is at high speed with the air intake selector set to "FRESH AIR".
- To allow proper operation of your vehicle's ventilation system, keep the air inlet grille in front of the windshield clear of snow, leaves or other obstructions at all times.
- Keep the exhaust tailpipe area clear of snow and other material to help reduce the buildup of exhaust gases under the vehicle. This is particularly important when parked in blizzard conditions.
- Have the exhaust system inspected periodically for damage and leaks. Any damage or leaks should be repaired immediately.

### Daily Inspection Checklist

#### **Before Driving**



60A187S

- Make sure that windows, mirrors, lights and reflectors are clean and unobstructed.
- 2) Visually check the tires for the following points:
- the depth of the tread groove
- abnormal wear, cracks and damage
- loose wheel nuts
- existence of foreign material such as nails, stones, etc.

Refer to "Tires" in "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section for details. 3) Look for fluid and oil leaks.

#### NOTE:

It is normal for water to drip from the air conditioning system after use.

# Daily Inspection Checklist: NO Engine Oil Consumption:

- 4) Make sure the hood is fully closed and latched.
- 5) Check the headlights, turn signal lights, brake lights and horn for proper operation.
- 6) Adjust the seat and head restraint.
- 7) Check the brake pedal and the parking brake lever.
- 8) Adjust the mirrors.
- Make sure that you and all passengers have properly fastened your seat belts.
- 10)Make sure that all warning lights come on as the key is turned to the "ON" position or the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ON".
- 11)Check all gauges.
- 12)Make sure that the BRAKE SYSTEM WARNING light turns off when the parking brake is released.

Once a week, or each time you fill your fuel tank, perform the following under-hood checks:

- 1) Engine oil level
- 2) Coolant level
- 3) Brake fluid level
- 4) Battery solution level
- 5) Windshield washer fluid level
- 6) Hood latch operation

Pull the hood release handle inside the vehicle. Make sure that you cannot open the hood all the way without releasing the secondary latch. Be sure to close the hood securely after checking for proper latch operation. See the item "All latches, hinges and locks" of "CHASSIS AND BODY" in the "Periodic Maintenance Schedule" in the "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section for lubrication schedule.

### A WARNING

Make sure the hood is fully closed and latched before driving. If it is not, it can fly up unexpectedly during driving, obstructing your view and resulting in an accident.

Once a month, or each time you fill your fuel tank, check the tire pressure using a tire pressure gauge. Also check the tire pressure of the spare tire.

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

### **Engine Oil Consumption**

It is normal for the engine to consume some engine oil during normal vehicle operation.

The amount of engine oil consumed depends on the viscosity of the oil, the quality of the oil and the conditions the vehicle is driven under.

More oil is consumed during high-speed driving and when there is frequent acceleration and deceleration. Under high loads, your engine also will consume more oil.

A new engine also win consume more oil. A new engine also consumes more oil, since its pistons, piston rings and cylinder walls have not yet become conditioned. New engines reach the normal level of oil consumption only after approximately 5000 km (3000 miles) driving.

#### Oil consumption: Max. 1.0 L per 1000 km (1 Qt. per 600 miles)

When judging the amount of oil consumption, note that the oil may become diluted and make it difficult to accurately judge the true oil level.

As an example, if a vehicle is used for repeated short trips, and consumes a normal amount of oil, the dipstick may not show any drop in the oil level at all, even after 1000 km (600 miles) or more of driving. This is because the oil is gradually becoming diluted with fuel or moisture,

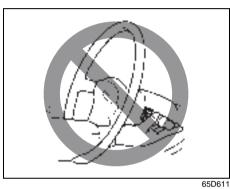
Starting the Engine: 1

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

making it appear that the oil level has not changed.

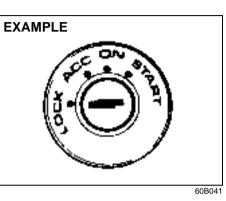
You should also be aware that the diluting ingredients evaporate out when the vehicle is subsequently driven at high speeds, such as on an expressway, making it appear that oil is excessively consumed after high-speed driving.

Ignition Switch (Vehicle without Keyless Push Start System)





To avoid possible injury, do not operate controls by reaching through the steering wheel.



The ignition switch has the following four positions:

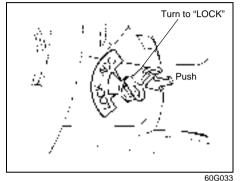
### LOCK

This is the normal parking position. It is the only position in which the key can be removed.

3-3

Using the Transaxle: 10

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**



Accessories such as the radio can operate, but the engine is off.

### ON

ACC

This is the normal operating position. All electrical systems are on.

#### START

This is the position for starting the engine using the starter motor. The key should be released from this position as soon as the engine starts.

#### Ignition key reminder

A buzzer sounds intermittently to remind you to remove the ignition key if it is in the ignition switch when the driver's door is opened.



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### 

• Never return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position and remove the ignition key while the vehicle is moving. The steering wheel will lock and you will not be able to steer the vehicle.

(Continued)

### Manual transaxle vehicles You must push in the loss to the

You must push in the key to turn it to the "LOCK" position. It locks the ignition, and prevents normal use of the steering wheel after the key is removed.

#### • CVT vehicles

The gearshift lever must be in the "P" (Park) position to turn the key to the "LOCK" position. It locks the ignition and prevents normal use of the steering wheel and gearshift lever.

To release the steering lock, insert the key and turn it clockwise to one of the other positions. If you have trouble turning the key to unlock the steering, try turning the steering wheel slightly to the right or left while turning the key.

3-4

Using the Transaxle: 10

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

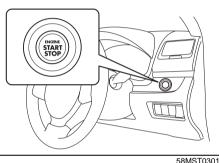
### **WARNING**

#### (Continued)

 Always return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position and remove the ignition key when leaving the vehicle even if only for a short time. Also do not leave children alone in a parked vehicle. Unattended children could cause accidental movement of the vehicle or could tamper with power windows or power sunroof. They also could suffer from heat stroke in warm or hot weather. These could result in severe injury or even death.

### Engine Switch (Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System)

### EXAMPLE



### NOTICE

- Do not use the starter motor for more than 15 seconds at a time. If the engine does not start, wait 15 seconds before trying again. If the engine does not start after several attempts, check the fuel and ignition systems or consult your SUZUKI dealer.
- Do not leave the ignition switch in the "ON" position if the engine is not running as the battery will discharge.

#### LOCK (OFF)

This is the mode for parking. When this mode is selected by pressing the engine switch and you open the door(s), the steering will be automatically locked.

#### NOTE:

The steering is automatically locked when the front passenger's door and/or rear door(s) alone are opened.

#### ACC

Press the engine switch to select this ignition mode to use such electric equipment as the audio system, outside rearview mirrors and accessory socket with the engine off. When this position is selected, the "ACC" indicator light in the instrument cluster comes on. Refer to "Warning and Indicator Lights" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section for details.

#### ON

#### · With the engine off

You can use such electric equipment as the power windows and wipers with the engine off. When this ignition mode is selected by pressing the engine switch, the Ignition "ON" indicator light in the instrument cluster will come on.

#### With the engine on

All electric equipment is operational. The vehicle can be driven when you have selected this ignition mode by pressing the engine switch.

#### START

CVT – Provided you have the keyless push start system remote controller with you, the engine automatically starts when you press the engine switch to select this ignition mode after placing the gearshift lever in the "P" position and depressing the brake pedal. (If you need to re-start the engine while the vehicle is moving, shift into "N".)

### Using the Transaxle: 10 Braking: 6

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

Manual transaxle – Provided you have the keyless push start system remote controller with you, the engine automatically starts when you press the engine switch to select this ignition mode after shifting to "N" (Neutral) and depressing the brake and clutch pedals.

#### NOTE:

You do not need to keep the engine switch pressed to start the engine.

### NOTICE

Do not leave the engine switch in the "ACC" or "ON" mode when the engine is not running. Avoid using the radio or other electric accessories for a long time when the engine switch is in the "ACC" or "ON" mode when the engine is not running, otherwise the battery may discharge.

#### NOTE:

- The steering lock may not be released if some load is acting on the steering wheel. If this happens, turn the steering wheel to the right or left to relieve it from the load before you press the engine switch again to change to the desired ignition mode.
- In the presence of strong radio signals or noise, you may not be able to change the ignition mode to "ACC" or "ON" or to start the engine using the engine switch.

### **Keyless Push Start System**

Provided the keyless push start system remote controller is within the "interior workable area" (Refer to the related explanation in this section), you can use the engine switch for starting the engine and selecting an ignition mode ("ACC" or "ON"). In addition, the following functions can be used:

- Keyless entry function. Refer to "Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section for details.
- Locking and unlocking doors (including the tailgate) using a request switch. Refer to "Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section for details.
- Immobilizer (anti-theft) function. Refer to "Immobilizer System" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section for details.

#### **Engine Switch Illumination**

The engine switch is illuminated (lit) in the following situations:

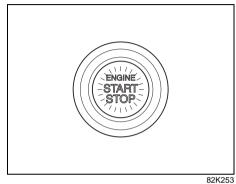
- The driver's door is open (only when the engine is not in operation).
- For 15 seconds after the driver's door is closed (only when the engine is not in operation).
- The position lights are on.

The illumination will fade out when it is not required.

3-6

Braking: 6

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**



#### NOTE:

To save the battery, the illumination will be automatically turned off when both of the following conditions are simultaneously met (battery saver function):

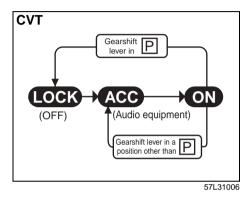
- The headlights and position lights are turned off.
- A period of 15 minutes has elapsed after opening the driver's door.

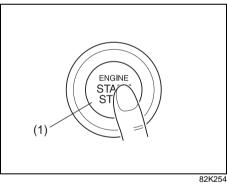
#### **Selection of Ignition Modes**

Press the engine switch to select the "ACC" or "ON" mode as follows when you use an electric accessory or check the operation of instruments without running the engine.

- 1) Bring the keyless push start system remote controller with you and sit in the driver's seat.
- 2) Manual transaxle Without depressing the clutch pedal, press the engine switch (1).

CVT – Without depressing the brake pedal, press the engine switch (1).





Every time you press the engine switch, the ignition mode changes as follows.

Manual transaxle

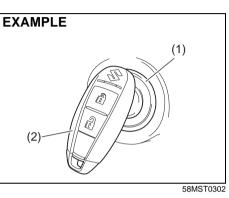
3-7

Braking: 6

#### NOTE:

CVT – If the gearshift lever is in any position other than "P", or if the knob button is pushed when the gearshift lever is in "P" position the ignition mode cannot be returned to "LOCK" (OFF).

If the "PUSH" indicator light blinks and the ignition modes cannot be selected Your keyless push start system remote controller may not be sensed as being within the "interior workable area" (Refer to the related explanation in this section). Try again after making sure you have the remote controller with you. If the ignition modes still cannot be selected, the battery of the remote controller may be discharged. To be able to select an ignition mode, you must then use the following method:



- 1) Without depressing the clutch pedal, push the engine switch (1).
- 2) Within about 10 seconds during which the "PUSH" indicator light in the instrument cluster is blinking, touch the engine switch with the lock switch end of the remote controller (2) for about 2 seconds.

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

#### NOTE:

- If you still cannot select the ignition modes, there may be some problem with the keyless push start system. Contact an authorized SUZUKI dealer for an inspection of the system.
- The immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light will light for about 5 seconds while the "PUSH" indicator light is blinking. Refer to "Warning and Indicator Lights" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section for details.
- You may customize the system to cause the interior buzzer to sound once for the "remote controller out of sensing range" warning. To incorporate this customization, please contact an authorized SUZUKI dealer.
- If the battery of the remote controller is about to become completely discharged, the keyless push start system remote controller battery consumption warning light in the instrument cluster will come on for a few seconds when you press the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "ON". Refer to "Warning and Indicator Lights" in the "BEFORE DRIV-ING" section for details. For details on replacing the battery, refer to the "Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section.

Running-in: 6 Catalytic Converter: NO

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

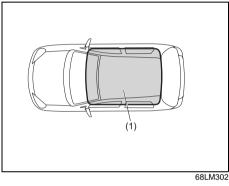
"Remote Controller Outside" Warning When the conditions described below are met, the system gives a "remote controller outside" warning by sounding the interior and exterior buzzers and blinking the immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light.

- The remote controller is not inside the vehicle when any of the doors is opened when the engine is running or when the engine switch is pressed to change the ignition mode to "ACC" or "ON" and then all doors are closed.
- The remote controller is not inside the vehicle when you attempt to start the engine after changing the ignition mode to "ACC" or "ON" by pressing the engine switch.

NOTE:

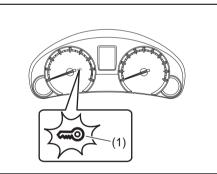
- If the warning is given, locate the remote controller as soon as possible.
- Any attempt to start the engine will fail while the warning is active. Blinking of the immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light in the instrument cluster will indicate this condition. Refer to "Warning and Indicator Lights" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section for details.
- Blinking of the immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light should stop shortly after the remote controller is brought back inside the vehicle. If they do not stop blinking, change the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF) by pressing the engine switch and then perform the engine starting operation.
- Always keep the remote controller with you as the driver.

Interior Workable Area for Engine Starting, Ignition Mode Selection and "Remote Controller Outside" Warning



(1) Interior workable area

The "interior workable area" for these functions is defined as all the interior spaces except for the space above the instrument panel.



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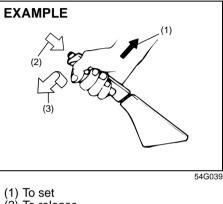
(1) Immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light (blinking)



#### NOTE:

- Even when the remote controller is in the "interior workable area", if it is in any of the following conditions, you may not be able to start the engine or select the ignition modes, and the "remote controller outside" warning may be given.
- The remote controller's battery is low.
- The remote controller is affected by strong radio signals or noise.
- The remote controller is in contact with or covered by a metallic object.
- The remote controller is in stowage like the glove box or a door pocket.
- The remote controller is in the sun visor pocket or on the floor.
- Even when the remote controller is outside the "interior workable area", if it is in any of the following conditions, you may be able to start the engine or select the ignition mode. The "remote controller outside" warning may not be given at that time.
- The remote controller is outside the vehicle but very close to a door.
- The remote controller is on the instrument panel.

### **Parking Brake Lever**



(2) To release (3) To release

The parking brake lever is located between the seats. To set the parking brake, hold the brake pedal down and pull the parking brake lever all the way up. To release the parking brake, hold the brake pedal down, pull up slightly on the parking brake lever, push the button on the end of the lever with your thumb, and lower the lever to its original position. For CVT vehicles, always set the parking brake before moving the gearshift lever to the "P" (PARK) position. If you park on an incline and shift into "P" before setting the parking brake, the weight of the vehicle may make it difficult to shift out of "P" when you are ready to drive the vehicle.

**OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE** 

When preparing to drive the vehicle, move the gearshift lever out of the "P" position before releasing the parking brake.

#### 

- Never drive your vehicle with the parking brake on: rear brake effectiveness can be reduced from overheating, brake life may be shortened, or permanent brake damage may result.
- If the parking brake does not hold the vehicle securely or does not fully release, have your vehicle inspected immediately by an authorized SUZUKI dealer.

3-10

### **WARNING**

Always set the parking brake fully before leaving your vehicle or it may move, causing injury or damage. When parking, make sure the gearshift lever for manual transaxle vehicles is in 1st gear or "R" (Reverse), or the gearshift lever for CVT vehicles is in "P" (Park). Remember, even though the transaxle is in gear or in Park, you must set the parking brake fully.

### A WARNING

When parking the vehicle in extremely cold weather, the following procedure should be used:

- 1) Set the parking brake.
- 2) Manual transaxle turn off the engine, then shift into reverse or first gear.

CVT - shift into "P" (Park) and turn off the engine.

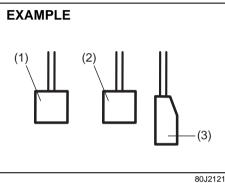
- 3) Get out of the vehicle and put chocks under the wheels.
- 4) Release the parking brake. When you return to your vehicle, you must remember to first set the parking brake, then remove the wheel chocks.

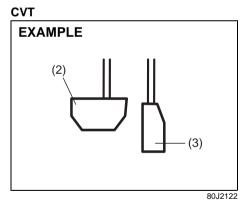
#### Parking Brake Reminder Buzzer

A buzzer sounds intermittently to remind you to release the parking brake if you start the vehicle without releasing the parking brake. Make sure that the parking brake is fully released and the brake system warning light turns off.

#### Pedal

Manual transaxle





#### Clutch Pedal (1) (For manual transaxle)

The clutch pedal is used to disengage the drive to the wheels when starting the engine, stopping, or shifting the gearshift lever. Depressing the pedal disengages the clutch.

### A WARNING

Do not drive with your foot resting on the clutch pedal. It could result in excessive clutch wear, clutch damage, or unexpected loss of engine braking.

#### Brake Pedal (2)

Your SUZUKI vehicle is equipped with either front and rear disc brakes or front disc brakes and rear drum brakes. Depressing the brake pedal applies both sets of brakes.

You may hear occasional brake squeal when you apply the brakes. This is a normal condition caused by environmental factors such as cold, wet, snow, etc.

### 

If brake squeal is excessive and occurs each time the brakes are applied, you should have the brakes checked by your SUZUKI dealer.

### WARNING

Do not "ride" the brakes by applying them continuously or resting your foot on the pedal. This will result in overheating of the brakes which could cause unpredictable braking action, longer stopping distances, or permanent brake damage.

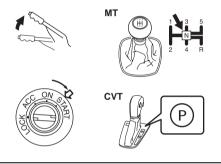
#### Accelerator Pedal (3)

This pedal controls the speed of the engine. Depressing the accelerator pedal increases power output and speed.

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

### Starting the Engine (Vehicle without Keyless Push Start System)

#### **Before Starting the Engine**



58MST0303

- 1) Make sure the parking brake is set fully.
- Manual transaxle Shift into "N" (Neutral) and depress the clutch pedal all the way to the floor. Hold the clutch pedal while starting the engine.

CVT – If the gearshift lever is not in "P" (Park) position, shift into "P" (Park). (If you need to re-start the engine while the vehicle is moving, shift into "N".)

3-12

#### NOTE:

CVT vehicles have a starter interlock device which is designed to keep the starter from operating if the transaxle is in any of the drive positions.

### 

Make sure that the parking brake is set fully and the transaxle is in Neutral (or Park for vehicles with a CVT) before attempting to start the engine. Starting a Cold and Warm Engine

With your foot off the accelerator pedal, crank the engine by turning the ignition key to "START". Release the key when the engine starts.

NOTICE

· Stop turning the starter immedi-

• Do not crank the engine for more than 15 seconds at a time. If the

aged.

ing again.

ately after the engine has started or

the starter system can be dam-

engine doesn't start on the first try,

wait about 15 seconds before try-

If the engine does not start after 15 sec-

onds of cranking, wait about 15 seconds,

then press down the accelerator pedal to

1/3 of its travel and try cranking the engine

again. Release the key and accelerator

If the engine still does not start, try holding

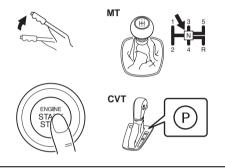
the accelerator pedal all the way to the

floor while cranking. This should clear the

pedal when the engine starts.

engine if it is flooded.

### Starting the Engine (Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System) Before Starting the Engine

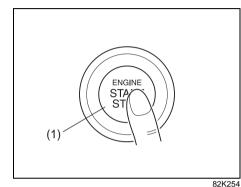


58MST0304

 Make sure the parking brake is set fully.
 Manual transaxle – Shift to "N" (Neutral) and fully depress the clutch pedal. Hold the clutch and brake pedals fully depressed.

CVT – If the gearshift lever is not in the "P" (Park) position, shift it to "P". Hold the brake pedal fully depressed.

3-13



 The "PUSH" indicator light in the instrument cluster will come on. Push the engine switch (1). When the engine is started, the starter motor will automatically stop.

### WARNING

Make sure that the parking brake is set fully and the transaxle is in Neutral (or Park for vehicles with a CVT) before attempting to start the engine.

### NOTICE

- Do not depress the accelerator during the engine starting procedure.
- If the engine does not respond when you try to start it with the engine switch or if the engine switch repeats cycling through the "OFF" - "ACC" - "ON" mode, the vehicle battery may be discharged.

#### NOTE:

• You do not need to keep the engine switch pressed to start the engine.

Check the voltage of the vehicle

battery before trying again.

- The engine of a manual transaxle vehicle will not start unless the clutch pedal is depressed.
- CVT vehicles have a starter interlock device which is designed to keep the starter from operating if the transaxle is in any of the drive positions.
- You should turn off such loads as the headlights and air conditioning system to facilitate starting of the engine.
- Even if you fail to start the engine, the starter motor will stop turning automatically after a short time. After the starter motor has stopped or if there is some problem with the system, the starter motor will rotate only while the engine switch is being pressed.

#### Stopping the engine

- Depress the engine switch to stop the engine after the vehicle stopped completely.
- In case of emergency, you can stop the engine by depressing the engine switch more than 3 seconds while the vehicle in motion.

#### NOTE:

Except in emergency, do not stop the engine while the vehicle in motion.

The steering and braking operation will require more efforts when the engine stopped.

Refer to "Braking" in the "OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE" section.

#### NOTICE

If you stop the engine while the vehicle is in motion, the CVT may be damaged.

Avoid stopping the engine while driving.

• If the engine has been stopped and stayed as it as for while after the engine was stopped unexpectedly or was raced before stopped, a clicking sound may be heard from around the engine when engine restarted. This is not a malfunction. In this case, always let the engine idle before stop it.

#### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

#### **Starting a Cold and Warm Engine** With your foot off the accelerator pedal,

with your loot on the accelerator pedal, crank the engine by pressing the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "START".

#### NOTICE

Do not crank the engine for more than 12 seconds at a time. If the engine doesn't start on the first try, wait about 15 seconds before trying again.

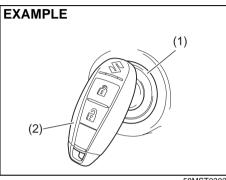
After pressing the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "START", the starter cranks the engine for about 12 seconds before it can start the engine. If the engine fails to start at the first attempt, wait about 15 seconds, then try again while keeping the engine switch pressed while pressing down the accelerator pedal to 1/3 of its travel. Release the accelerator pedal when the engine starts.

If the engine still does not start, try holding the accelerator pedal all the way to the floor while cranking. This should clear the engine if it is flooded.

If you are unable to start the engine using this procedure, consult your SUZUKI dealer.

#### If the "PUSH" indicator light blinks and the engine cannot be started

Your keyless push start system remote controller may not be sensed as being within the "interior workable area". Try again after making sure that you have the remote controller with you. If the engine still cannot be started, the battery of the remote controller may be discharged. You must then use the following method to be able to start the engine.



58MST0302

- 1) Make sure the parking brake is set fully.
- Manual Transaxle Shift to "N" (Neutral) and fully depress the clutch pedal. Hold the clutch and brake pedals fully depressed.
  - CVT If the gearshift lever is not in the "P" (Park) position, shift it to "P". Hold the brake pedal fully depressed.
- The "PUSH" indicator light in the instrument cluster will come on. Press the engine switch (1).
- 4) Within about 10 seconds of blinking of the "PUSH" indicator light in the instrument cluster, touch the engine switch with the lock switch end of the remote controller (2) for about 2 seconds.

#### NOTE:

- If you still cannot start the engine after several attempts using the above method, there may be a problem elsewhere, such as a low battery. Contact your SUZUKI dealer for inspection.
- The immobilizer/keyless push start system warning light will light for about 5 seconds while the "PUSH" indicator light is blinking.
- You may customize the system to cause the interior buzzer to sound once for the "remote controller out of sensing range" warning. Please contact an authorized SUZUKI dealer for the customization.
- If the battery of the remote controller is about to be completely discharged, the keyless push start system remote controller battery consumption warning light in the instrument cluster will come on for a few seconds when the ignition mode is changed to "ON" by pressing the engine switch. For details on replacing the battery, refer to the "Keyless Push Start System Remote Controller" in the "BEFORE DRIVING" section.

#### Returning the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF)

CVT – To ensure safety, the ignition mode can be returned to "LOCK" (OFF) by pressing the engine switch only when the gearshift lever is placed in the "P" position without pressing the knob button.

#### NOTE:

In the case of a CVT model, the ignition mode cannot be returned to the "LOCK" (OFF) position if the gearshift lever is in any other position than "P".

Certain problems like a fault in engine system may prevent the engine switch from going back to the "LOCK" (OFF) mode. If this happens, have the vehicle inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer after doing the following:

- Lock the doors using the key to prevent theft. (The request switches and the keyless push start system remote controller cannot be used to lock them.)
- Disconnect the negative cable from the battery to prevent discharge.

#### "LOCK" (OFF) mode reminder buzzer

If the driver's door is opened without returning the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF) by pressing the engine switch, a buzzer sounds to warn you of this state.

- If you open the driver's door after pressing the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "ACC", the interior buzzer beeps intermittently.
- The buzzer will stop sounding if you then push the engine switch twice, thus bringing it back the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF).

#### NOTE:

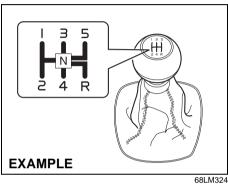
Whenever you leave the vehicle, make sure you have returned the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF) using the engine switch and then lock the doors. Without returning the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF), you cannot use a request switch or keyless push start system remote controller to lock the doors.

3-16

#### Steering lock warning buzzer

If the steering lock fails to engage due to a fault in the system when you open the driver's door, the interior buzzer will warn you of this condition with repeated short beeps. If this happens, have the vehicle inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer.

### Using the Transaxle Manual Transaxle



#### Starting off

To start off, depress the clutch pedal all the way to the floor and shift into 1st gear. After releasing the parking brake, gradually release the clutch. When you hear a change in the engine's sound, slowly press the accelerator while continuing to gradually release the clutch.

#### Shifting

All forward gears are synchronized, which provides for quiet, and easy shifting. Always depress the clutch pedal all the way to the floor before shifting gears. Keep the engine speed does not rise into the red zone of the tachometer.

## Downshifting maximum allowable speeds

Downshifting	Km/h (mph)
2nd to 1st	45 (28)
3rd to 2nd	80 (50)
4th to 3rd	120 (75)
5th to 4th	165 (103)*

#### \*NOTE:

You may not accelerate to the maximum allowable speed because of the driving situation and/or the vehicle condition.

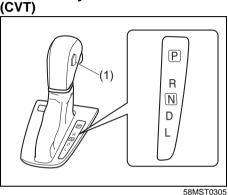
### NOTICE

When downshifting to a lower gear, make sure not to downshift at the speed faster than the maximum allowable speeds for the next lower speed, or severe engine damage can result.

### 3-17

### WARNING

- Reduce your speed and downshift to a lower gear before going down a long or steep hill. A lower gear will allow the engine to provide braking. Avoid riding the brakes or they may overheat, resulting in brake failure.
- When driving on slippery roads, be sure to slow down before downshifting. Excessive and/or sudden changes in engine speed may cause loss of traction, which could cause you to lose control.



**Continuously Variable Transaxle** 

#### S (sport) mode switch

#### S (sport) mode switch

The sport mode switch (1) is used to turn on and off the sport mode.

To turn on the sport mode, push in the switch and sport mode indicator (2) will appear on the information display. To turn off the sport mode, push in the switch again and sport mode indicator will go off.

When the engine restarts, the sport mode is turned to the off automatically.

The sport mode is suitable for the following driving conditions:

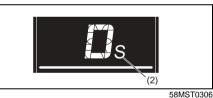
- Driving on hilly, winding roads
- You can drive more smoothly with less frequent gear changing
- Going down a steep hill
- Some engine braking is provided

#### NOTICE

• Make sure that the vehicle is completely stationary before you shift into reverse.

### NOTICE

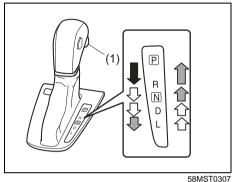
- To help avoid clutch damage, do not use the clutch pedal as a footrest while driving or use the clutch to keep the vehicle stationary on a slope. Depress the clutch fully when shifting.
- When shifting or starting off, do not race the engine. Racing the engine can shorten engine life and cause negative effect to smooth shifting.



(2) Sport mode indicator

3-18

#### **Gearshift lever**



#### (1) knob button

The gearshift lever is designed so that it cannot be shifted out of the "P" position unless the ignition switch is in the "ON" position or the ignition mode is "ON" and the brake pedal is depressed.

#### WARNING

Always depress the brake pedal before shifting from "P" (Park) (or "N" (Neutral) if the vehicle is stationary) to a forward or reverse gear, to help prevent the vehicle from moving unexpectedly when you shift.

The gearshift lever has a lock mechanism to help prevent accidental shifting. To shift the gearshift lever:

₽	Shift with the knob button (1) pushed in and the brake pedal depressed.
☆₽	Shift with the knob button (1) pushed in.
↔↔	Shift without the knob button (1) pushed in.

#### NOTE:

- Always shift the gearshift lever without pushing in the knob button (1) except when you shift from "P" to "R", from "D" to "L", from "N" to "R" or from "R" to "P". If you always push in the knob button (1) when shifting the gearshift lever, you could shift into "P" or "R" by mistake.
- If driver's or passenger's knee hits the gearshift lever while driving, the lever could move and the gear could be changed unexpectedly.

Use the gearshift lever positions as described below:

#### P (Park)

Use this position to lock the transaxle when the vehicle is parked or when starting the engine. Shift into Park only when the vehicle is completely stationary.

#### R (Reverse)

Use this position to reverse the vehicle from stop. Make sure that vehicle is completely stationary before shifting into Reverse.

#### N (Neutral)

Use this position for starting the engine if the engine stalls and you need to restart it while the vehicle is moving. You may also shift into Neutral and depress the brake pedal to hold the vehicle stationary during idling.

#### D (Drive)

Use this position for all normal driving.

With the gearshift lever in "D" range you can get an automatic downshift by pressing the accelerator pedal. The higher the vehicle speed is, the more you need to press the accelerator pedal to get a downshift.

#### L (Low)

Use this position to provide maximum power when climbing steep hills or driving through deep snow or mud, or to provide maximum engine braking when going down steep hills.

3-19

#### NOTE:

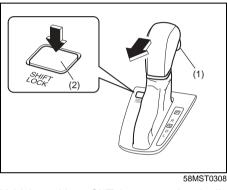
If you move the gearshift lever to a lower gear while driving faster than the maximum allowable speed for the lower gear, the transaxle will not actually downshift until your speed drops below the maximum speed for the lower gear.

#### NOTICE

Be sure to take the following precautions to help avoid damage to the CVT:

- Make sure that the vehicle is completely stationary before shifting into "P" or "R".
- Do not shift from "P" or "N" to "R", "D", or "L" when the engine is running above idle speed.
- Do not rev the engine with the transaxle in a drive position ("R", "D", or "L") and the front wheels not moving.
- Do not use the accelerator to hold the vehicle on a hill. Use the vehicle's brakes.

#### If You Cannot Shift CVT Gearshift Lever Out of "P" (PARK)



Vehicles with a CVT have an electrically operated park-lock feature. If the vehicle's battery is discharged, or there is some other electrical failure, the CVT cannot be shifted out of Park in the normal way. Jump starting may correct the condition. If not, follow the procedure described below. This procedure will permit shifting the transaxle out of Park.

- 1) Be sure the parking brake is firmly applied.
- 2) If the engine is running, stop the engine.
- Make sure the key is in the "ON" or "ACC" position, or the ignition mode is "ON" or "ACC".

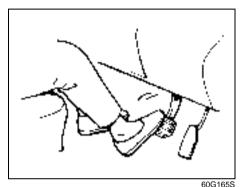
### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

4) With the release button (1) pushed, push the knob button (2) and shift the gearshift lever to the desired position.

This procedure is for emergency use only. If repeated use of this procedure is necessary, or the procedure does not work as described, take the vehicle to your dealer for repair.

3-20

### Braking



The distance needed to bring any vehicle to a halt increases with the speed of the vehicle. The braking distance needed, for example, at 60 km/h (37 mph) will be approximately 4 times greater than the braking distance needed at 30 km/h (19 mph). Start to brake the vehicle when there is plenty of distance between your vehicle and the stopping point, and slow down gradually.

### WARNING

If water gets into the brake drums, brake performance may become poor and unpredictable. After driving through water or washing the underside of the vehicle, test the brakes while driving at a slow speed to see if they have maintained their normal effectiveness. If the brakes are less effective than normal, dry them by repeatedly applying the brakes while driving slowly until the brakes have regained their normal effectiveness.

## Power-Assisted Brakes (if equipped)

Your vehicle has power-assisted brakes. If power assistance is lost due to a stalled engine or other failures, the system is still fully operational on reserve power and you can bring the vehicle to a complete stop by pressing the brake pedal once and holding it down. The reserve power is partly used up when you depress the brake pedal and reduces each time the pedal is pressed. Apply smooth and even pressure to the pedal. Do not pump the pedal.

### A WARNING

Even without reserve power in the brake system, you can still stop the vehicle by pressing the brake pedal harder than normally required. However, the stopping distance may be longer.

#### Brake Assist System (if equipped)

When you slam the brakes on, the brake assist system judges as an emergency stop and provides more powerful braking for a driver who cannot hold down the brake pedal firmly.

#### NOTE:

If you quickly and forcefully depress the brakes, you may hear a clicking sound in the brake pedal. This is normal and indicates that the brake assist system is activated properly.

## Anti-Lock Brake System (ABS) (if equipped)

ABS will help you avoid skidding by electronically controlling braking pressure. It will also help you maintain steering control when braking on slippery surfaces or when braking hard.

The ABS works automatically, so you do not need any special braking technique. Just push the brake pedal down without pumping. The ABS will operate whenever it senses that the wheels are locking up. You

may feel the brake pedal moves a little while the ABS is operating.

#### NOTE:

The ABS will not work if vehicle speed is under about 9 km/h (6mph).

### A WARNING

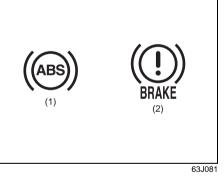
- On some types of loose surfaces (such as gravel, snow-covered roads, etc.) the stopping distance required for an ABS-equipped vehicle may be slightly greater than for a comparable vehicle with a conventional brake system. With a conventional brake system, skidding tires are able to "plow" the gravel or snow layer, shortening the stopping distance. ABS minimizes this resistance effect. Allow for extra stopping distance when driving on loose surfaces.
- On regular paved roads, some drivers may be able to obtain slightly shorter stopping distances with conventional brake systems than with ABS.

(Continued)

### **WARNING**

#### (Continued)

 In both of the above conditions, ABS will still offer the advantage of helping you maintain directional control. However, remember that ABS will not compensate for bad road or weather conditions or poor driver judgment. Use good judgment and do not drive faster than conditions will safely allow.



(1) ABS warning light(2) Brake system warning light

### A WARNING

- If the ABS warning light (1) on the instrument panel comes on and stays on while driving, there may be a problem with the ABS system. Ask your SUZUKI dealer to inspect the ABS system immediately. If the ABS system becomes inoperative, the brake system will function as an ordinary brake system that has no ABS.
- If the ABS warning light (1) and the Brake system warning light (2) on the instrument panel simultaneously stays on or comes on when driving, both anti-lock function and rear brake force control function (proportioning valve function) of the ABS system may have failed. If so, the rear wheels may easily skid or the vehicle can even spin in the worst case when braking on a slippery road or when hard braking even on a dry paved road. Ask your SUZUKI dealer to inspect the ABS system immediately. Drive carefully, avoiding hard braking as much as possible.

3-22

### **OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE**

#### How the ABS Works

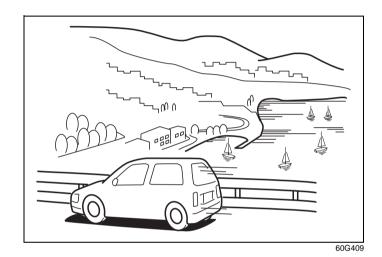
A computer continuously monitors wheel speed. The computer compares the changes in wheel speed when braking. If the wheels slow suddenly, indicating a skidding situation, the computer will change braking pressure several times each second to prevent the wheels from locking. When you start your vehicle or when you accelerate after a hard stop, you may hear a momentary motor or clicking noise as the system resets or checks itself.

### **WARNING**

The ABS may not work properly if tires or wheels other than those specified in the owner's manual are used. This is because the ABS works by comparing changes in wheel speed. When replacing tires or wheels, use only the size and type specified in this owner's manual.

3-23

### **DRIVING TIPS**

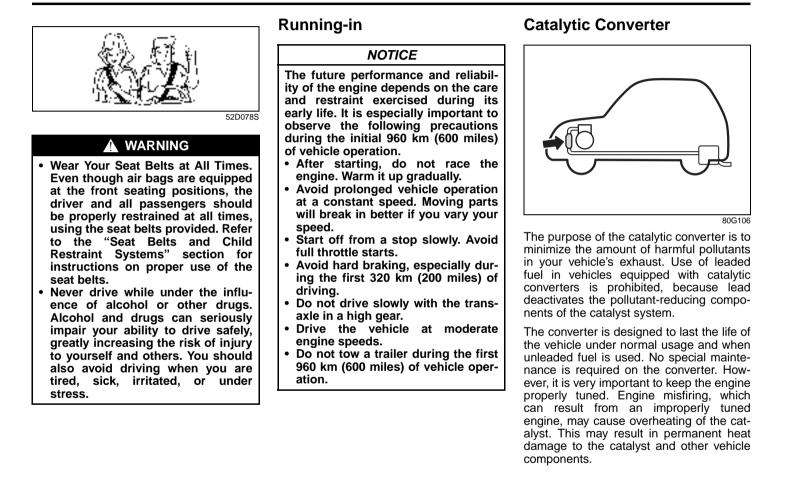


## DRIVING TIPS

Running-in	4-1
Catalytic Converter	4-1
Improving Fuel Economy	4-2
Highway Driving	4-3
Driving on Hills	4-3
Driving on Slippery Roads	

Highway Driving: NO Driving on Hills: NO

### **DRIVING TIPS**



Driving on Hills: NO Driving on Slippery Roads: NO

### DRIVING TIPS

#### NOTICE

To minimize the possibility of catalyst or other vehicle damage:

- Maintain the engine in the proper operating condition.
- In the event of an engine malfunction, particularly one involving engine misfire or other apparent loss of performance, have the vehicle serviced promptly.
- Do not turn off the engine or interrupt the ignition when the transaxle is in gear and the vehicle is in motion.
- Do not try to start the engine by pushing or towing the vehicle, or coasting down a hill.
- Do not idle the engine with any spark plug wires disconnected or removed, such as during diagnostic testing.
- Do not idle the vehicle for prolonged periods if idling seems rough or there are other malfunctions.
- Do not allow the fuel tank to get near the empty level.



### **WARNING**

Be careful where you park and drive; the catalytic converter and other exhaust components can get very hot. As with any vehicle, do not park or operate this vehicle in areas where combustible materials such as dry grass or leaves can come in contact with a hot exhaust system.

### Improving Fuel Economy

The following instructions will help you improve fuel economy.

#### Avoid excessive idling

If you are to wait for more than a minute while you are parked, stop the engine and start it again later. When warming up a cold engine, allow the engine to idle until the temperature gauge pointer comes up to the "C" position (if the idling is not prohibited). In this position, the engine is sufficiently warm for starting off.

#### Avoid "fast" starts

54G584S

Fast starts away from lights or stop signs will consume fuel unnecessarily and shorten engine life. Start off slowly.

#### Avoid unnecessary stops

Avoid unnecessary deceleration and stopping. Try to maintain a slow, steady speed whenever possible. Slowing down and then accelerating again uses more fuel.

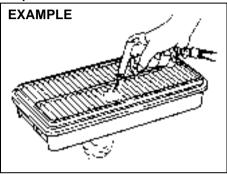
#### Keep a steady cruising speed

Keep as constant a speed as road and traffic conditions will permit.

### **Driving on Slippery Roads: NO**

#### **DRIVING TIPS**

Keep the air cleaner clean



60A183S

If the air cleaner is clogged with dust, there will be greater intake resistance, resulting in decreased power output and increased fuel consumption.

#### Keep weight to a minimum

The heavier the load, the more fuel the vehicle consumes. Take out any luggage or cargo when it is not necessary.

#### Keep tire pressures correct

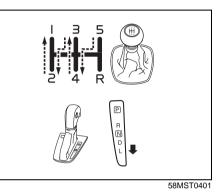
Underinflation of the tires can waste fuel due to increased running resistance of the tires. Keep your tires inflated to the correct pressure shown on the label on the driver's side door or the driver's door lock pillar.

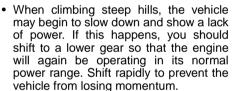
### **Highway Driving**

When driving at highway speeds, pay attention to the following:

- Stopping distance progressively increases with vehicle speed. Apply the brakes far enough ahead of the stopping point to allow for the extra stopping distance.
- On rainy days, "Hydroplaning" can occur. "Hydroplaning" is the loss of direct contact between the road surface and the vehicle's tires due to a water film forming between them. Steering or braking the vehicle while "Hydroplaning" can be very difficult, and loss of control can occur. Keep speed down when the road surface is wet.
- At high speeds, the vehicle may be affected by side winds. Therefore, reduce speed and be prepared for unexpected buffeting, which can occur at the exits of tunnels, when passing by a cut of a hill, or when being overtaken by large vehicles, etc.

### **Driving on Hills**





• When driving down a hill, the engine should be used for braking by shifting to next lower gear. (Do this with EITHER a CVT or manual transaxle.)

4-3

### DRIVING TIPS

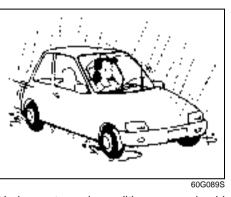
### WARNING

Try not to hold the brake pedal down too long or too often while going down a steep or long hill. This could cause the brakes to overheat, resulting in reduced braking efficiency. Failure to take this precaution could result in loss of vehicle control.

### NOTICE

When descending a down hill, NEVER turn the ignition key to the "OFF" position or press the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "LOCK" (OFF). Emission control system and CVT (if equipped) damage may result.

### **Driving on Slippery Roads**



Under wet road conditions you should drive at a lower speed than on dry roads due to possible slippage of tires during braking. When driving on icy, snow-covered, or muddy roads, reduce your speed and avoid sudden acceleration, abrupt braking, or sharp steering movements.

#### **Tire Chains**

Tire chains should only be used if they are needed to increase traction or are required by law. Make sure that the chains you use are the correct size for your vehicle's tires. Also make sure that there is enough clearance between the fenders and the chains as installed on the tires.

Install the chains on the front tires tightly, according to the chain manufacturer's instructions. Retighten the chains after driving about 1.0 km (1/2 mile) if necessary. With the chains installed, drive slowly.

### NOTICE

- If you hear the chains hitting against the vehicle body while driving, stop and tighten them.
- If your vehicle is equipped with full wheel caps, remove the wheel caps before installing the chains or the wheel caps can be damaged by the chain bands.

### DRIVING TIPS

#### If Your Vehicle Gets Stuck

If your vehicle gets stuck in snow, mud, or sand, follow the directions below:

 Shift the transaxle back and forth between a forward range (or first gear for manual transaxle) and reverse. This will create a rocking motion which may give you enough momentum to free the vehicle. Press gently on the accelerator to keep wheel spinning to a minimum wheel rpm. Remove your foot from the accelerator while shifting.

Do not race the engine. Excessive wheel spin will cause the tires to dig deeper, making it more difficult to free the vehicle.

 If your vehicle remains stuck after a few minutes of rocking, get another vehicle to pull your vehicle out.

### WARNING

Do not allow anyone to stand near the vehicle when you are rocking it, and do not spin the wheels faster than an indicated 40 km/h (25 mph) on the speedometer. Personal injury and/ or vehicle damage may result from spinning the wheels too fast. NOTICE

Do not continue rocking the vehicle for more than a few minutes. Prolonged rocking can cause engine overheating or transaxle damage.



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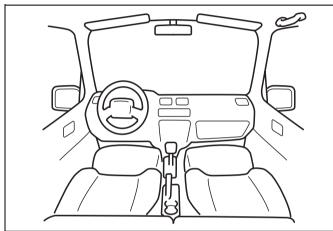
### A WARNING

In addition to following the driving tips in this section, it is important to observe the following precautions.

 Make sure your tires are in good condition and always maintain the specified tire pressure. Refer to "Tires" in the "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section for details.
 (Continued) (Continued)

- Do not use tires other than those specified by SUZUKI. Never use different sizes or types of tires on the front and rear wheels. For information regarding the specified tires, refer to the Tire Information Label located on the driver's door lock pillar.
- Never use oversized tires or special shock absorbers and springs to raise (jack up) your vehicle. This will change the handling characteristics. Oversized tires may also rub against the fender over bumps, causing vehicle damage or tire failure.
- After driving through water, test the brakes while driving at a slow speed to see if they have maintained their normal effectiveness. If the brakes are less effective than normal, dry them by repeatedly applying the brakes while driving slowly until the brakes have regained their normal effectiveness.

4-5



#### 60G407

### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

## OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

Heating (if equipped) and Air Conditioning System	5-1
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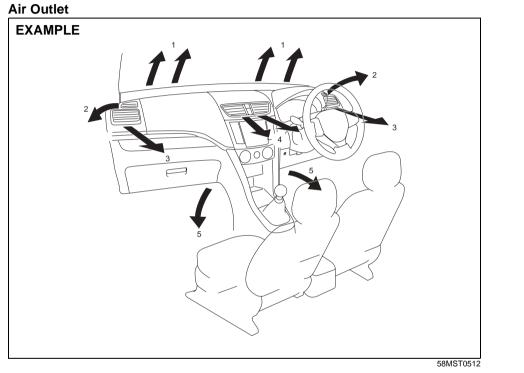
Parking Brake Lever: 6

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Heating (if equipped) and Air **Conditioning System**

There are two types of heating and air con-ditioning systems as follows:

- Manual Air Conditioning System
  Automatic Heating and Air Conditioning System (Climate Control)

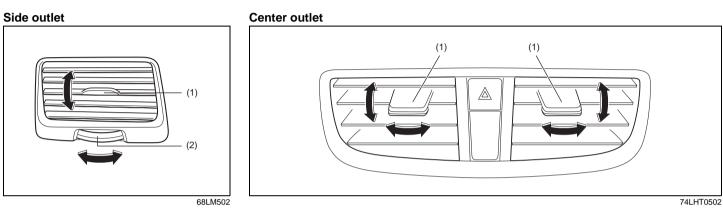


- 1. Windshield defroster outlet
- Side defroster outlet
   Side outlet
- 4. Center outlet
- 5. Floor outlet



Pedal: 6

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



Move the knob (1) vertically and the dial (2) horizontally, to adjust the direction of airflow as desired. When "Open", air comes out from the side outlets regardless of the airflow selector position.

Move the knob (1) vertically or horizontally to adjust the direction of airflow as desired.

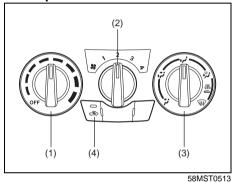
5-2

Gearshift Lever: 10 Fuel Filler Cap: 5

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Manual Air Conditioning System

#### **Description of Controls**



#### Temperature selector with air conditioning switch (1)

This is used to select the temperature by turning the selector.

Also, this is used to turn on and off the air conditioning system by turning the selector. To turn on the air conditioning system, turn the selector to a position other than "OFF". When this selector is in the "OFF", the air conditioning system will not turn on.

NOTE:

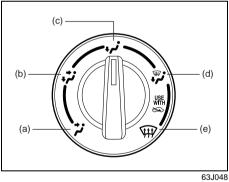
During operation of the air conditioner, you may notice slight changes in engine speed. These changes are normal, the system is designed so that the compressor turns on or off to maintain the desired temperature.

Less operation of the compressor results in better fuel economy.

#### Blower speed selector (2)

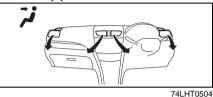
This is used to turn on the blower and to select blower speed by turning the selector.

#### Air flow selector (3)



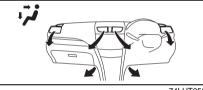
This is used to select one of the functions described below.

Ventilation (a)



Temperature-controlled air comes out of the center and side air outlets.

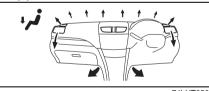
#### Bi-level (b)



74LHT0505

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the center, side and floor outlet.

Foot (c)

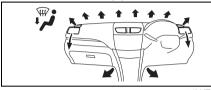


74LHT0506

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the floor outlets and the side outlets, also comes out of the windshield outlets and also comes slightly out of the side outlets.

#### Fuel Filler Cap: 5 Folding Rear Seat: 3

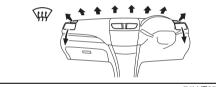
Foot & Windshield (d)



74LHT0507

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the floor outlets, the windshield outlets, and the side outlets.

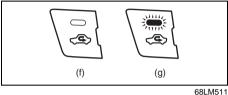
#### Windshield (e)



74LHT0508

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the windshield outlets and the side outlets.

Air intake selector (4)



This selector is used to select the following modes.

#### Fresh Air (f)

When this mode is selected, the indicator light will go off and outside air is used.

#### Recirculated Air (g)

When this mode is selected, the indicator light will come on, outside air is shut out and inside air is recirculated. This mode is suitable when driving through dusty or polluted air such as in a tunnel, or when attempting to quickly cool down the interior.

"FRESH AIR" and "RECIRCULATED AIR" are switched alternately each time the air intake selector is pushed.

#### NOTE:

If you select "RECIRCULATED AIR" for an extended period of time, the air in the vehicle can become contaminated. Therefore, you should occasionally select "FRESH AIR".

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### **System Operating Instructions**

#### Natural ventilation

Select "VENTILATION" and "FRESH AIR", the temperature selector to the desired temperature position, and the blower speed selector to "OFF". Fresh air will flow through the vehicle during driving.

#### Forced ventilation

The control settings are the same as for natural ventilation except you set the blower speed selector to a position other than "OFF".

#### Normal cooling

Set the air flow selector to "VENTILATION", the temperature selector to the desired temperature position and the blower speed selector to the desired blower speed position, and set the selector to a position other than "OFF". Setting the blower speed selector to a higher blower speed position increases cooling efficiency.

You can switch the air intake selector to either "FRESH AIR" or "RECIRCULATED AIR" as you desire. Choosing "RECIRCU-LATED AIR" increases cooling efficiency.

#### Quick cooling (using recirculated air)

The control settings are the same as for normal cooling except you select "RECIR-CULATED AIR" and the highest blower speed.

5-4

Folding Rear Seat: 3

#### **OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT**

#### NOTE:

- If you select "RECIRCULATED AIR" for an extended period of time, the air in the vehicle can become contaminated. Therefore, you should occasionally select "FRESH AIR".
- If your vehicle has been left in the sun with the windows closed, it will cool faster if you open the windows briefly while you operate the air conditioner with the air intake selector at "FRESH AIR" and the blower at high speed.

#### Dehumidifying

Set the air flow selector to a desired air flow selector position, the temperature selector to the desired temperature position and the blower speed selector to the desired blower speed position. Also select "FRESH AIR" and set the selector to a position other than "OFF".

#### NOTE:

Because the air conditioner dehumidifies the air, turning it on will help keep the windows clear.

#### Maintenance

If you do not use the air conditioner for a long period, such as during winter, it may not give the best performance when you start using it again. To help maintain optimum performance and durability of your air conditioner, it needs to be run periodically. Operate the air conditioner at least once a month for one minute with the engine idling. This circulates the refrigerant and oil and helps protect the internal components.

Your air conditioner is equipped with air filters. Clean or replace them as specified in the "Maintenance Schedule" in the "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section. Have this job done by your SUZUKI dealer as the lower glove box must be lowered for this job.

#### NOTE:

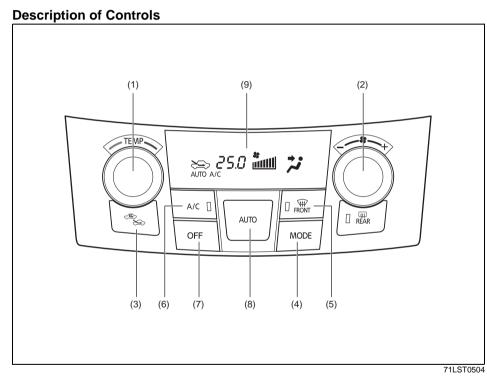
Your vehicle uses the air conditioning refrigerant HFC-134a, commonly called "R-134a". R-134a replaced R-12 around 1993 for automotive applications. Other refrigerants are available, including recycled R-12, but only R-134a should be used in your vehicle.

#### NOTICE

Using the wrong refrigerant may damage your air conditioning system. Use R-134a only. Do not mix or replace the R-134a with other refrigerants.

Folding Rear Seat: 3

## Automatic Heating and Air Conditioning System (Climate Control)



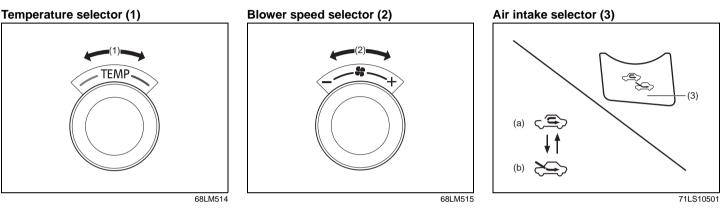
#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

Temperature selector
 Blower speed selector
 Air intake selector
 Air flow selector
 Defrost switch
 Air conditioning switch
 Air conditioning switch
 "AUTO" switch
 Display



Folding Rear Seats: 3

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



Turn the temperature selector (1) to adjust the temperature.

The blower speed selector (2) is used to turn on the blower and to select blower speed.

If the "AUTO" switch (8) is pushed, the blower speed will vary automatically as the climate control system maintains the selected temperature. Push the air intake selector (3) to change between the following modes.

If the "AUTO" switch (8) is pushed, the air intake will vary automatically as the climate control system maintains the selected temperature.

#### NOTE:

When you select the recirculated air mode, the automatic operation system is deactivated if you push the "AUTO" switch (8).

#### **RECIRCULATED AIR (a)**

When this mode is selected, outside air is shut off and inside air is recirculated. This mode is suitable when driving through an area with polluted air such as a tunnel, or when attempting to quickly cool down the vehicle.

5-7

Folding Rear Seats: 3

#### **OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT**

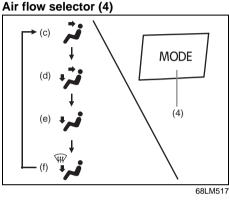
#### FRESH AIR (b)

When this mode is selected, outside air is introduced.

"FRESH AIR" and "RECIRCULATED AIR" are selected alternately each time the air intake selector is pushed.

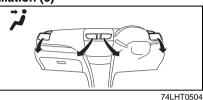
#### NOTE:

If you select "RECIRCULATED AIR" for an extended period of time, the air in the vehicle can become contaminated. Therefore, you should occasionally select "FRESH AIR".



Push the air flow selector (4) to change among the following functions. The indication of the selected mode appears on the display.

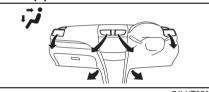
If the "AUTO" switch (8) is pushed, the air flow will vary automatically as the climate control system maintains the selected temperature. Ventilation (c)



74LH1030

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the center and side air outlets.

Bi-level (d)



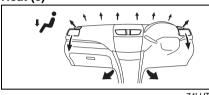
74LHT0505

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the floor outlets and cooler air comes out of the center and side outlets. When the temperature selector (1) is in the fully COLD position or fully HOT position, however, the air from the floor outlets and the air from the center and side outlets will be the same temperature.

Folding Rear Seats: 3

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

Heat (e)



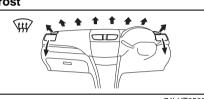
FRONT -(5)

Push the defrost switch (5) to turn on the

Defrost switch (5)

defroster.





74LHT0508

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the windshield defroster outlets, the side defroster outlets and the side outlets.

#### NOTE:

68LM518

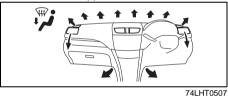
When the defrost switch (5) is pushed to turn on the defroster, the air conditioning system will come on and the "FRESH AIR" mode will be selected automatically. In very cold weather, however, the air conditioning system will not turn on.

74LHT0506

Temperature-controlled air comes out of the floor outlets and the side outlets, a small amount of air comes out of the windshield defroster outlets and also comes slightly out of the side defroster outlets.

#### Heat & defrost (f)

side outlets.



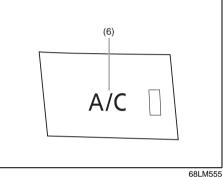
Temperature-controlled air comes out of the floor outlets, the windshield defroster

outlets, the side defroster outlets and the

5-9

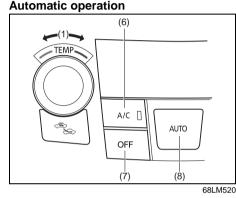
Folding Rear Seats: 3 Seat Armrest: 3

#### Air conditioning switch (6)



The air conditioning switch (6) is used to turn on and off the air conditioning system only when the blower is on. To turn on the air conditioning system, push in the switch and "A/C" will appear on the display. To turn off the air conditioning system, push in the switch again and "A/C" will go off.

## System Operating Instructions



You can let the climate control system work automatically. To set the system for fully-automatic operation, follow the procedure below.

- 1) Start the engine.
- 2) Push the "AUTO" switch (8).
- 3) Set the desired temperature by turning the temperature selector (1).

The blower speed, air intake and air flow are controlled automatically to maintain the set temperature.

#### NOTE:

When you select the recirculated air mode, the automatic operation system is deactivated if you push the "AUTO" switch (8).

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

You can use the air conditioning switch (6) to manually turn the air conditioner on or off according to your preference. When you turn the air conditioning switch off, the climate control system cannot lower the inside temperature below outside temperature.

To turn the climate control system off, push the "OFF" switch (7).

#### NOTE:

If the "AUTO" on the display blinks, there is a problem in the heating system and/or air conditioning system. You should have the system inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer.

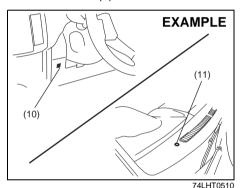
#### NOTE:

- To find the temperature at which you are most comfortable, start with the 25°C (75°F) setting.
- If you turn the temperature selector (1) until "HI" or "LO" appears on the display, the climate control system will operate at maximum heating or cooling and the blower will run at full speed.
- To avoid blowing cold air in cold weather or hot air in hot weather, the system will delay turning on the blower until warmed or chilled air is available.
- If your vehicle has been left in the sun with the windows closed, it will cool faster if you open the windows briefly.

Seat Armrest: 3 Sun Visor: 5

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

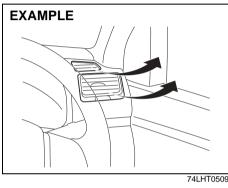
- Even under the automatic operation, you can set individual selectors to the manual mode. The manually selected functions are maintained, and the other functions remain under automatic operation.
- To return the blower speed selector (2), air intake selector (3), and air flow selector (4) to automatic operation, push the "AUTO" switch (8).



Be careful not to cover the interior temperature sensor (10) located between the steering wheel and the climate control panel, or the solar sensor (11) located at the top of the driver's side dashboard. These sensors are used by the automatic system to regulate temperature.

#### Manual operation

You can manually control the climate control system. Set the selectors to the desired positions.



#### NOTE:

If you need maximum defrosting:

- push the defrost switch (5) to turn on the defroster (the air conditioning system will come on and the "FRESH AIR" mode will be selected automatically),
- set the blower speed selector to HIGH,
- adjust the temperature selector to the "HI" indication on the display, and
- adjust the side outlets so the air blows on the side windows.

#### Maintenance

If you do not use the air conditioner for a long period, such as during winter, it may not give the best performance when you start using it again. To help maintain optimum performance and durability of your air conditioner, it needs to be run periodically. Operate the air conditioner at least once a month for one minute with the engine idling. This circulates the refrigerant and oil and helps protect the internal components.

Your air conditioner is equipped with air filters. Clean or replace them as specified in the "Maintenance Schedule" in the "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section. Have this job done by your SUZUKI dealer as the lower glove box must be lowered for this job.

#### NOTE:

Your vehicle uses the air conditioning refrigerant HFC-134a, commonly called "R-134a". R-134a replaced R-12 around 1993 for automotive applications. Other refrigerants are available, including recycled R-12, but only R-134a should be used in your vehicle.

#### NOTICE

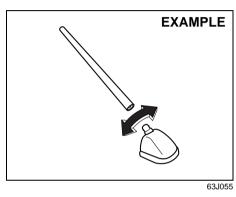
Using the wrong refrigerant may damage your air conditioning system. Use R-134a only. Do not mix or replace the R-134a with other refrigerants.

5-11

Interior Light Switch: 7 Spot Light: 7

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### **Radio Antenna**



The radio antenna on the roof is removable. To remove the antenna, turn it counterclockwise. To reinstall the antenna, turn it clockwise firmly by hand.

#### NOTICE

То	avoid	damage	to	the	radio
ante	enna:				
		I	- · · · •		1

- Remove the antenna when using an automatic car wash.
- Remove the antenna when the antenna hits anything such as a low ceiling in a parking garage or putting a car cover over your vehicle.

#### Installation of Radio Frequency Transmitters

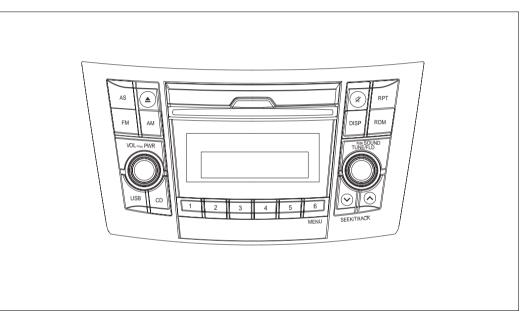
We recommend that you always ask a SUZUKI dealer about frequency band, max output power, antenna position at vehicle and specific conditions for installation and/or use before installing a radio transmitter in your vehicle. Such equipments may cause the electronic control system to malfunction if they are incorrectly installed or they are not suited for the vehicle.

5-12

Front Seat Heater: 8

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

## Audio System (if equipped)



AM/FM CD PLAYER

5-13

Accessory Socket: 8 Assist Grips: 3

#### **OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT**

#### **Safety Information**

#### **Notes on Discs**

Precautions

If you pay extended attention to operating the audio system or viewing the audio system display while driving, an accident can occur. If you set the sound volume too loud, it could prevent you from being aware of road and traffic conditions.

**WARNING** 

- Keep your eyes on the road and your mind on the drive. Avoid paying extended attention to operating the audio system or viewing the audio system display.
- Familiarize yourself with the audio system controls and operation of the audio system before driving.
- Preset your favorite radio stations before driving so that you can quickly tune to them using the presets.
- Set the sound volume to a level that will allow you to continue to be aware of road and traffic conditions while driving.

- When the inside of the vehicle is very cold and the player is used soon after switching on the heater, condensation may form on the disc or the optical parts of the player and proper playback may not be possible. If condensation forms on the disc, wipe it off with a soft cloth. If condensation forms on the optical parts of the player, do not use the player for about one hour. This will allow the condensation to disappear normally.
- Driving on extremely bumpy roads which cause severe vibrations may cause sound to skip.
- This unit uses a precision mechanism. Even in the event that trouble arises, never open the case, disassemble the unit, or lubricate the rotating parts.
   Please bring the unit to an authorized SUZUKI dealer.

#### Cautions on Handling

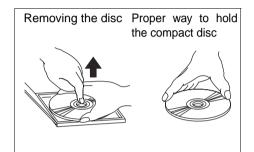


This unit has been designed specifically for playback of compact discs bearing mark (A) shown above. No other discs can be played.

5-14

Coat Hooks: Eyeglasses Holder:

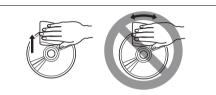
#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



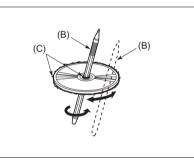
To remove the compact disc from its storage case, press down on the center of the case and lift the disc out, holding it carefully by the edges.

Always handle the compact disc by the edges.

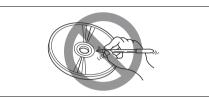
Never touch the surface.



To remove fingermarks and dust, use a soft cloth, and wipe in a straight line from the center of the compact disc to the circumference.



New discs may have some roughness around the edges. The unit may not work or the sound may skip if such discs are used. Use a ball-point pen (B), etc. to remove the roughness (C) from the edges of the disc before inserting it into the unit.



Never stick labels on the surface of the compact disc or write on the surface with a pencil or pen.

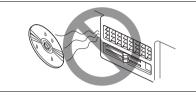


Do not use any solvents such as commercially available cleaners, anti-static spray, or thinner to clean compact discs.

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



Do not use compact discs that have large scratches, are misshaped, or cracked, etc. Use of such discs will cause damage or prevent the system from operating properly.



Do not expose compact discs to direct sunlight or any heat source.

NOTE:

• Do not use commercially available CD protection sheets or discs equipped with stabilizers, etc.

These may get caught in the internal mechanism and damage the disc.

- It may be impossible to play CD-R discs with this unit due to the recording conditions.
- CD-RW discs cannot be played with this unit.

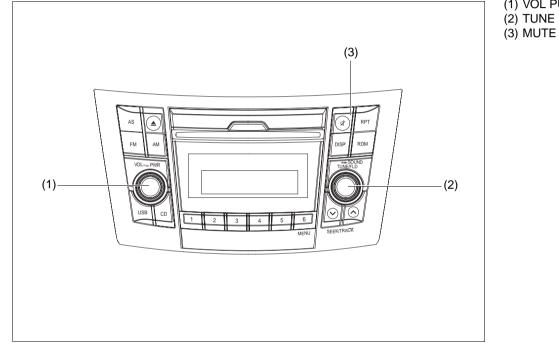
#### **WARNING**

This is a class I laser product. Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure. Do not open covers and do not attempt to repair this unit by yourself. Refer servicing to qualified personnel.



#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

## **Basic Operations**



(1) VOL PUSH POWER knob(2) TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob(3) MUTE button



#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Turning power on/off

Press the VOL PUSH POWER knob (1). The unit starts in the function mode it was in when the power was turned off last.

#### Adjusting the volume

Turn the VOL PUSH POWER knob (1). Turning it clockwise increases the volume; turning it counterclockwise decreases the volume.

#### NOTE:

While driving, adjust the volume to an extent that sound and/or noise coming from outside the vehicle can be heard.

#### Mute

Press the MUTE button (3) to mute the sound. To cancel the mute, press the MUTE button (3) again.

#### Adjusting bass/treble/balance /fader

 Press the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2).
 Each time the knob is pressed, sound adjustment will change as follows:

Bass adjustment (BASS 0) ←

Treble adjustment (TREBLE 0)

Balance adjustment (BALANCE 0)

Fader adjustment (FADER 0)

J.

AVC adjustment (LEVEL 2) ----

2) Turn the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2) to adjust the sound.

Adjusting the AVC (Auto volume control)

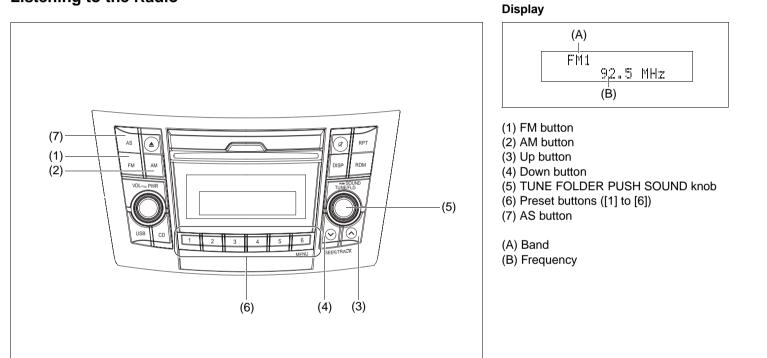
The Auto Volume Control (AVC) function automatically adjusts (increases/ decreases) the sound volume in accordance with vehicle speed. The AVC control is provided with three selectable levels (LEVEL OFF, 1, 2, 3). The range of volume adjustment increases together with the LEVEL number.

- 1) Press the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2) until the AVC adjustment mode is selected.
- 2) Turn the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2) to select the desired AVC adjustment level. (Initial setting: LEVEL 2)

5-18

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

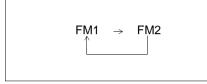
#### Listening to the Radio



5-19

#### Selecting the FM band

Press the FM button (1). Each time the button is pressed, the reception band will change as follows:



**Selecting the AM band** Press the AM button (2).

#### Seek tuning

Press the seek Up button (3) or the seek Down button (4).

The unit stops searching for a station at a frequency where a broadcast station is available.

#### Manual tuning

Turn the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (5).

The frequency being received is displayed.

#### Preset memory

1) Select the desired station.

2) Hold down a desired button ([1] to [6]) of the Preset buttons (6) to which you want to store the station for 2 seconds or longer.

#### Auto store

Hold down the AS button (7) for 2 seconds or longer.

Six stations in good reception will automatically be stored to the Preset buttons (5) in order, starting from a station whose frequency is the lowest.

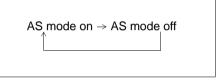
#### NOTE:

- Auto store can be released by pressing AS button (7) while auto store is under way.
- When the auto store is performed, the station previously stored in the memory at the position is overwritten.
- When there are fewer than 6 stations that can be stored even if 1 round of auto store operation is performed, no station will be stored at the remaining Preset buttons (6).
- 6 stations can be preset for FM1 and FM2 in common, and 6 stations for AM in auto store mode.

#### Auto store mode on/off

Press the AS button (7). Each time the button is pressed, the mode is switched as follows:

OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



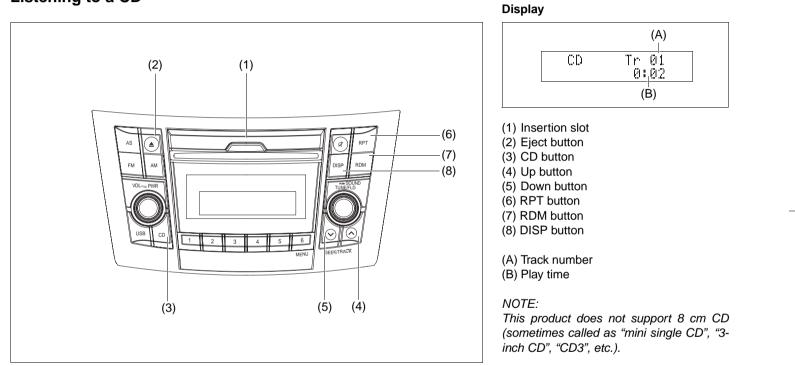
#### **Radio Reception**

Radio reception can be affected by environment, atmospheric conditions, or radio signal's power and distance from the station. Nearby mountains and buildings may interfere or deflect radio reception, causing poor reception. Poor reception or radio static can also be caused by electric current from overhead wires or high voltage power lines.



#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Listening to a CD



5-21

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



- CDs or CD-ROMs carrying no mark (A) cannot be used.
- Some discs recorded in CD-R/CD-RW format may sometimes be impossible to use.



- A CD is to be inserted with its label side up.
- When there is a CD already in the unit, it is impossible to insert another CD without ejecting the CD in the unit. Do not use force to insert a CD into the CD insertion slot.

#### NOTICE

- Never insert your finger or hand into the CD insertion slot. Never insert foreign objects.
- Never insert a CD with glue coming out from adhesive tape or a rental CD label or with a trace indicating that adhesive tape or a rental CD label has been removed. This may cause the CD not to eject or result in a malfunction.

#### Selecting a CD mode

Press the CD button (3).

#### Loading a CD

Insert a CD in the Insertion slot (1). When a CD is loaded, play starts.

#### Ejecting a CD

Press the Eject button (2).

When the ignition mode is "LOCK", the CD remained ejected for around 15 seconds or longer will automatically be drawn inside the unit. (Auto reload function)

The backup eject function:

This function allows you to eject a CD by pressing the Eject button (2) even when the ignition mode is off.

#### NOTICE

If you forcefully try to push an ejected CD inside the unit before auto reloading, the disc surface might be scratched.

When reloading a CD, remove it from the unit completely before reloading.

#### Listening to a CD

When a CD is inserted, playback will automatically start.

When a CD is already inside the unit, press the CD button (3) to start playback.

5-22

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Selecting a track

- Press the Up button (4) to listen to the next track.
- Press the Down button (5) twice to listen to the previous track.
   When the Down button (5) is pressed once, the track currently being played will start from the beginning again.

#### Fast forwarding/Rewinding a track

- Hold down the Up button (4) to fast forward the track.
- Hold down the Down button (5) to fast rewind the track.

#### Random playback

Press the RDM button (7). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:



TRACK RANDOM
 The random indicator "RDM" will light.
 The tracks in the loaded disc will be played in random order.

#### Repeat playback

•

Press the RPT button (6). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

OFF → TRACK REPEAT

TRACK REPEAT The repeat indicator "RPT" will light. The track currently being played will be played repeatedly.

#### Display change

Press the DISP button (8). Each time the button is pressed, display will change as follows:

#### NOTE:

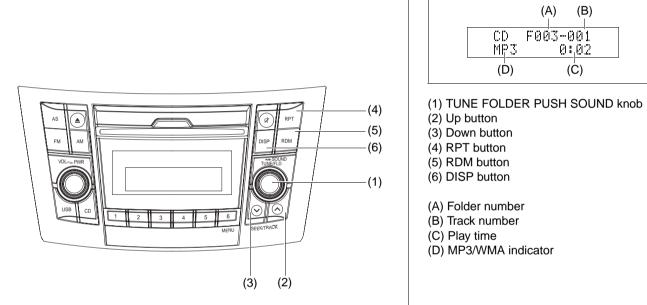
- "NO TITLE" will be displayed when there is no text information in the disc currently being played.
- If text data contains more than 12 characters, the ">" mark will appear at the right end. Holding down the DISP button (8) for 1 second or longer can display the next page.

5-23

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Listening to an MP3/WMA Disc







#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Selecting a folder

Turn the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (1) to select a folder.

#### Selecting a track

- Press the Up button (2) to listen to the next track.
- Press the Down button (3) twice to listen to the previous track.
   When the Down button (3) is pressed once, the track currently being played will start from the beginning again.

#### Fast forwarding/Rewinding a track

- Hold down the Up button (2) to fast forward the track.
- Hold down the Down button (3) to fast rewind the track.

#### Random playback

Press the RDM button (5). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

 $\mathsf{OFF} \to \mathsf{FOLDER} \ \mathsf{RANDOM} \to \mathsf{ALL} \ \mathsf{RANDOM}$ 

#### FOLDER RANDOM The random indicator "RDM.F" will light.

The tracks in the current folder will be played in random order.

ALL RANDOM

The random indicator "RDM" will light. The tracks in the loaded disc will be played in random order.

#### Repeat playback

Press the RPT button (4). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

# $\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{OFF} \to \mathsf{FILE} \ \mathsf{REPEAT} \to \mathsf{FOLDER} \ \mathsf{REPEAT} \\ \\ \hline \end{array}$

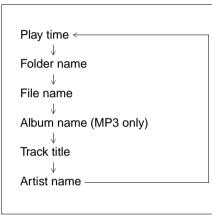
- FILE REPEAT The repeat indicator "RPT" will light. The track currently being played will be played repeatedly.
- FOLDER REPEAT The repeat indicator "RPT.F" will light. All tracks in the currently selected folder will be played repeatedly.

5-25

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### **Display change**

Press the DISP button (6). Each time the button is pressed, display will change as follows:



NOTE:

- "NO TITLE" will be displayed when there is no text information in the disc currently being played.
- If text data contains more than 12 characters, the ">" mark will appear at the right end. Holding down the DISP button (6) for 1 second or longer can display the next page.

5-26

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Notes on MP3/WMA What is MP3/WMA?

MP3 (MPEG1/2 Audio Layer-III) and WMA (Windows Media<sup>TM</sup> Audio) are the compression formats of digital audio. The former is developed by MPEG (Motion Picture Experts Group), and the latter is developed by Microsoft Corporation.

Using these compression formats, you can record contents of about 10 music CDs on a single CD media. (This figure refers to data recorded on a 650 MB CD-R or CD-RW at a fixed bit rate of 128 kbps and a sampling frequency of 44.1 kHz.)

#### Points to remember when making MP3/ WMA files

Common

- High bit rate and high sampling frequency are recommended for high quality sounds.
- Selecting VBR (Variable Bit Rate) is not recommended. Selecting VBR may cause display of incorrect playing time and jumpiness of playback.
- Playback sound quality varies depending on the encoding environment. For details, refer to the user manual of the encoding software and the writing software in use.

#### MP3

 It is recommended to set the bit rate to "128 kbps or more" and "fixed".

#### WMA

- It is recommended to set the bit rate to "64 kbps or more" and "fixed".
- Do not set the copy protect attribute on the WMA file to enable this unit to playback.

#### NOTICE

Never assign the ".mp3", or ".wma" file name extension to a file if it is not in the MP3/WMA format file. Failure to observe this may result in damage to the speaker due to noise production.

Recording MP3/WMA files on a CD media

- It is recommended not to write both CD-DA files and MP3/WMA files on a disc.
- If both CD-DA files and MP3/WMA files are on the same disc, tracks may not be played in the correct order or some tracks may not be played at all.
- When storing both MP3 data and WMA data on the same disc, sort and place them in different folders.

- Do not write files other than MP3/WMA files and unnecessary folders on a disc.
- MP3/WMA files should be named to meet the standards and the file system specifications as shown below.
- The file extension ".mp3" or ".wma" should be assigned to files based on their format independently.
- You may encounter a trouble in playing MP3/WMA files or displaying information of MP3/WMA files depending on the writing software or CD recorder in use.
- This unit does not have a play list function.
- It is recommended to write discs in Disc-at-Once mode even though Multisession mode is supported.

#### **Compression formats**

MP3

•

- Bit rate: MPEG1 Audio Layer III: 64 k - 320 kbps MPEG2 Audio Layer III: 64 k - 160 kbps
- Sampling frequency: MPEG1 Audio Layer III: 32 k/44.1 k/48 kHz MPEG2 Audio Layer III: 16 k/22.05 k/24 kHz
   WMA (Ver.7, Ver.8)
- Bit rate: CBR 48 k -192 kbps
- Sampling frequency: 32 k/44.1 k/48 kHz

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### WMA (Ver. 9\*)

- Bit rate: CBR 48 k 320 kbps
- Sampling frequency: 32 k/44.1 k/48 kHz
- \* WMA 9 Professional/LossLess/Voice are not supported.

#### Supported file systems

ISO 9660 Level 1/Level 2, Joliet, Romeo

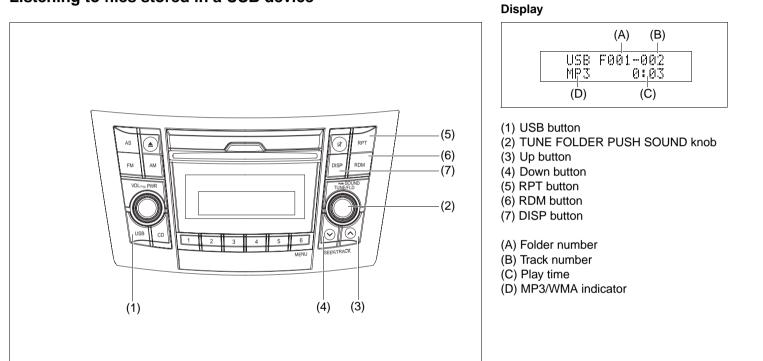
#### Maximum number of files/folders

- Maximum number of files: 512 (files + folders)
- Maximum number of files in a folder: 512
- Maximum depth of tree structure: 8
- Maximum number of folders: 255 (Root folder is included.)

5-28

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Listening to files stored in a USB device



5-29

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### NOTICE

Do not connect any USB device other than a USB memory or a USB audio player. Do not connect multiple USB devices to the USB connector using a USB hub, etc. Supplying power to multiple USB devices from the connector could cause overheating and smoking.

#### Selecting a USB device mode

Press the USB button (1).

#### Selecting a folder

Turn the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2) to select the desired folder.

#### Selecting a track

- Press the Up button (3) to listen to the next track.
- Press the Down button (4) twice to lis-٠ ten to the previous track. When the Down button (4) is pressed once, the track currently being played will start from the beginning again.

#### Fast forwarding/Rewinding a track

- Hold down the Up button (3) to fast forward the track.
- Hold down the Down button (4) to fast rewind the track.

#### Random plavback

FOLDER RANDOM

ALL RANDOM

liaht.

Press the RDM button (6). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

 $OFF \rightarrow FOLDER RANDOM \rightarrow ALL RANDOM$ 

The random indicator "RDM.F" will

The tracks in the currently selected

folder will be played in random order.

The random indicator "RDM" will light.

The tracks in the connected USB

device will be played in random order.

#### Repeat playback

Press the RPT button (5). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

# $OFF \rightarrow FILE REPEAT \rightarrow FOLDER REPEAT$

- FILE REPEAT The repeat indicator "RPT" will light. The track currently being played will be played repeatedly.
- FOLDER REPEAT The repeat indicator "RPT.F" will light. All the tracks in the folder currently selected will be played repeatedly.

5-30

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### **Display change**

Press the DISP button (7). Each time the button is pressed, display will change as follows:

Play time ←
Folder name
$\downarrow$
File name
$\downarrow$
Album name (MP3 only)
$\downarrow$
Track title
$\downarrow$
Artist name

#### NOTE:

- "NO TITLE" will be displayed when there is no text information in the disc currently being played.
- If text data contains more than 12 characters, the ">" mark will appear at the right end. Holding down the DISP button (7) for 1 second or longer can display the next page.

## Notes on USB device

- Compatible USB devices
- USB Mass Storage Class For details as to whether your USB memory/USB Audio is compatible with USB Mass Storage Class, please contact the USB memory/USB Audio manufacturer.
- USB Standard Compatibility 1.1/2.0 Full Speed
- File System FAT16/32
- Maximum current less than 500 mA
- Capacity less than 4 GB (1 partition)

#### USB device connection

- When connecting a USB device, make sure that the connector is pushed all the way into the port.
- Do not leave the USB device for long periods of time in places inside the vehicle where the temperature can rise too high.
- Back up any important data beforehand. We cannot accept responsibility for any lost data.
- It is recommended not to connect a USB device that contains data files other than MP3/WMA format.

#### Recording MP3/WMA files on a USB device

- Playback or display may not be possible depending on the type of USB device in use or the condition of the recording.
- Depending on the connected USB memory, the files may be played in different order from the order that the files were stored.

#### Compression formats

#### MP3

- Bit rate: MPEG1 Audio Layer III: 64 k - 320 kbps MPEG2 Audio Layer III: 64 k - 160 kbps
- Sampling frequency: MPEG1 Audio Layer III: 32 k/44.1 k/48 kHz MPEG2 Audio Layer III: 16 k/22.05 k/24 kHz WMA (Ver.7, Ver.8)
- Bit rate: CBR 48 k -192 kbps
- Sampling frequency: 32 k/44.1 k/48 kHz WMA (Ver.9\*)
- Bit rate: CBR 48 k 320 kbps
- Sampling frequency: 32 k/44.1 k/48 kHz
- \* WMA 9 Professional/LossLess/Voice are not supported.

#### Maximum number of files/folders

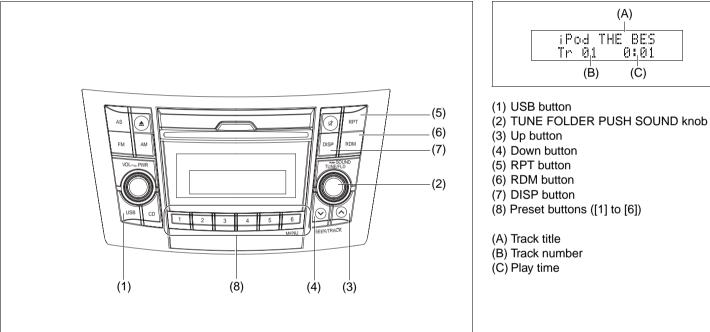
- Maximum number of files: 2500 (files + folders)
- Maximum number of files in a folder: 255
- Maximum depth of tree structure: 8
- Maximum number of folders: 255
   (Root folder is included.)

5-31

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

Listening to an  $iPod^{\mathbb{R}}$ 

Display





#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### **Selecting an iPod<sup>®</sup> mode** Press the USB button (1).

#### Selecting a track

- Press the Up button (3) to listen to the next track.
- Press the Down button (4) twice to listen to the previous track.
   When the Down button (4) is pressed once, the track currently being played will start from the beginning again.

#### Fast forwarding/Rewinding a track

- Hold down the Up button (3) to fast forward the track.
- Hold down the Down button (4) to fast rewind the track.

#### Random playback

Press the RDM button (6). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

 $\mathsf{OFF} \to \mathsf{SONG} \ \mathsf{RANDOM} \to \mathsf{ALBUM} \ \mathsf{RANDOM}$ 

#### SONG RANDOM The random indicator "RDM" will light. The tracks in the iPod<sup>®</sup> will be played in random order.

 ALBUM RANDOM The random indicator "D.RDM" will light. The albums in the iPod<sup>®</sup> will be played in random order.

#### Repeat playback

Press the RPT button (5). Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

 $OFF \rightarrow SONG REPEAT$ 

 SONG REPEAT The repeat indicator "RPT" will light. The track currently being played will be played repeatedly.

5-33

#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

#### Display change

Press the DISP button (7). Each time the button is pressed, display will change as follows:

Playlist name / <
5
Track title (Playlist mode only)
$\checkmark$
Artist name /
Track title
$\downarrow$
Album name /
Track title
$\downarrow$
Track title /
Play time
-

#### NOTE:

If text data contains more than 12 characters, the ">" mark will appear at the right end. Holding down the DISP button (7) for 1 second or longer can display the next page.

#### Playing Mode selection

- 1) Press the button numbered [6] of the Preset buttons (8) for 1 second or longer.
- 2) Turn the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2). Each time the knob is turned, the mode will change as follows:

PLAYLIST <
ARTIST
ALBUM
SONGS
GENRE

 Press the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (2) to select the desired mode.

#### NOTE:

• When the button numbered [6] of the Preset buttons (8) is pressed, the previous mode will be displayed.

#### Notes on iPod<sup>®</sup> Supported iPod<sup>®</sup> • iPod<sup>®</sup> touch (4th generation) (3rd generation) (2nd generation) (1st generation) iPod<sup>®</sup> classic iPod<sup>®</sup> nano (6th generation) (5th generation) (4th generation) (3rd generation) (2rd generation) (1st generation) iPod® (5th generation) iPhone<sup>®</sup> 4

- iPhone<sup>®</sup> 3GS
- iPhone<sup>®</sup> 3G
- iPhone<sup>®</sup>
- \* Some functions may not be available depending on the model of iPod<sup>®</sup>.
- \* iPod<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries.
- \* iPhone<sup>®</sup> is a trademark of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries.
- \* Apple is not responsible for the operation of this device or its compliance with safety and regulatory standards.

5-34

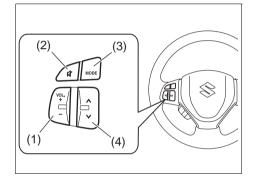
#### OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

- iPod<sup>®</sup> connection
   Make sure to detach the iPod<sup>®</sup> after pressing the engine switch to change the ignition mode to LOCK. The iPod<sup>®</sup> may not be shut down when it is being connected and may result in battery depletion.
- Please do not connect iPod<sup>®</sup> accesso-ries such as an iPod<sup>®</sup> remote control or headphones while connecting the iPod<sup>®</sup> with the unit. The unit may not ٠ operate correctly.

5-35

## Remote Audio Controls (if equipped)

Controlling of basic functions of the audio system is available using the switches on the steering wheel.



#### Adjusting the volume

- To increase the volume, hold down "+" of the VOL switch (1). The volume will keep on being increased until the switch is released.
- To decrease the volume, hold down "-" of the VOL switch (1). The volume will keep on being decreased until the switch is released.
- To mute the sound, press the switch (2).

#### Selecting the mode

Press the switch (3).

Each time the button is pressed, the mode will change as follows:

FM1 (Radio) ←	]
FM2 (Radio)	
CD ↓	
USB (iPod <sup>®</sup> )	
AM (Radio) —	
	-

It is possible to turn on the audio system by pressing the switch (3).

Selecting the radio station (FM1, FM2,

OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

AM mode)

- To select the next preset station, press
   "∧" of the switch (4) only for a moment.
- To select the previous preset station, press "v" of the switch (4) only for a moment.
- To scan a higher frequency radio station, press "∧" of the switch (4) for 1 second or longer.
- To scan a lower frequency radio station, press "v" of the switch (4) for 1 second or longer.

## Selecting the track (CD, USB ( $iPod^{\$}$ ), mode)

- To skip to the next track, press "^" of the switch (4) only for a moment.
- To skip to the previous track, press "v" of the switch (4) twice only for a moment.

When the switch (4) is pushed down once only for a moment, the track currently being played will start from the beginning again.

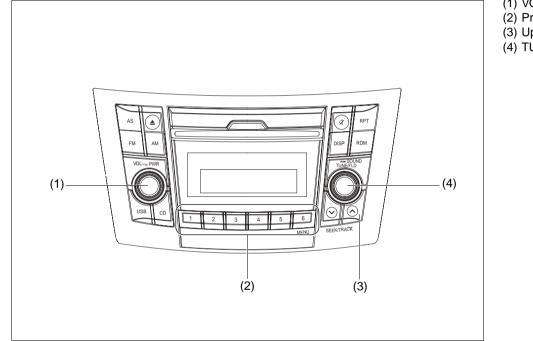
#### Fast forwarding/Rewinding a track

- To fast forward, press "^" of the switch
   (4) for 1 second or longer.
- To fast rewind, press "v" of the switch (4) for 1 second or longer.

5-36

# OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

# **Anti-Theft Feature**



(1) VOL PUSH POWER knob(2) Preset buttons ([1] to [6])

- (3) Up button
- (4) TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob



The anti-theft function is intended to discourage thefts, such as that the audio system becomes inoperable when it is installed on other vehicles.

This function works by entering a Personal Identification Number (PIN).

When the unit is disconnected from its power source, such as when the audio system is removed or the battery is disconnected, the unit will become inoperable until the PIN is reentered.

#### Setting the Anti-Theft Function

- Press the VOL PUSH POWER knob (1) to power off.
- 2) Hold down the buttons numbered [1] and [6] of the Preset buttons (2) and press the VOL PUSH POWER knob (1).
  - "SECURITY" will be displayed.
- Press the Up button (3) and the button numbered [1] of the Preset buttons (2) simultaneously.
- 4) Enter a 4-digit number to be registered as PIN using the buttons numbered [1] -[4] of the Preset buttons (2).
- 5) Hold down the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (4) for 1 second or longer to set the anti-theft function.

#### NOTE:

Take a note of the registered PIN and keep it for the future use.

#### Canceling the anti-theft feature

To cancel the anti-theft function, delete the registered PIN.

- 1) Press the VOL PUSH POWER knob (1) to power off.
- Hold down the buttons numbered [1] and [6] of the Preset buttons (2) and press the VOL PUSH POWER knob (1).
  - "PIN ENTRY" will be displayed.
- Press the Up button (3) and the button numbered [1] of the Preset buttons (2) simultaneously.
- 4) Enter a 4-digit number to be registered as PIN using the buttons numbered [1] -[4] of the Preset buttons (2).
- Hold down the TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (4) for 1 second or longer to delete the registered PIN. The indication "----" will be displayed and the anti-theft function will be canceled.

## NOTE:

To change your PIN, first delete your current PIN, then set a new one.

5-38

## **OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT**

# Confirming the Personal Identification Number (PIN)

When the main power source is disconnected such as when the battery is replaced, etc, it is required to enter the PIN to make the unit operable again.

1) Set the ignition switch to the "ACC" position.

"SECURITY" will be displayed.

- Press the Up button (3) and the button numbered [1] of the Preset buttons (2) simultaneously.
- Enter a 4-digit number to be registered as PIN using the buttons numbered [1] -[4] of the Preset buttons (2).
- Hold down TUNE FOLDER PUSH SOUND knob (4) for 1 second or longer.

When the PIN same as registered is entered, the power of the audio system will be turned off automatically and it will become operable again.

#### NOTE:

If an incorrect PIN is entered, "ERROR" and the total number of incorrect entry attempts will be displayed.

If an incorrect PIN is entered 10 times or more, "HELP" will be displayed and the audio system will become inoperable.

# Troubleshooting

When encountered a problem, check and follow the instructions as described below.

If the described suggestions do not solve the problem, it is recommended to take the unit to your authorized SUZUKI dealer.

Problem	Possible cause	Possible solution
---------	----------------	-------------------

#### Common

Unable to operate	The security function is on.	When "SECURITY" is displayed, enter the ID. When "HELP" is displayed, contact your authorized SUZUKI dealer.	
Unable to turn on the power (no sound). (No sound is produced)	Fuse is blown.	Contact your authorized SUZUKI dealer.	

### Radio

Much noise	It may not be exactly tuned in to the sta- tion.	Tune it in exactly to the station.
Unable to receive by auto tuning	There may be no station emitting signals powerful enough.	Pick up a station by manual tuning.

## CD

Sound skips or noise produced	The disc is dirty.	Wipe the disc with a soft cloth.	
	The disc has a major scratch or is warped.	Replace the disc with the one with no scratch and also not warped.	

# OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

Problem	Possible cause	Possible solution
---------	----------------	-------------------

MP3/WMA

No playback	The disc contains unsupported formatted data.	Check the file format.	
Sound skips or noise produced	Sound skipping may occur when playing VBR (Variable Bit Rate) files.	It is not recommended to play VBR files.	

## USB

Playback does not start when the USB device is connected.	There is no supported format file to play on this unit.	Check the file format.
	The current consumption of the USB device exceeds 500 mA.	Use an USB device with a current con- sumption lower than 500 mA.

# Error Display Messages

Display	Possible cause	Possible solution
CD		
ERROR 1	The disc cannot be read.	Insert the disc with its label side up. Check the disc if it is not warped or is free of flaws. When ERROR 1 does not disappear even when a normal disc is inserted, contact your dealer.
ERROR 3	The player developed an error of an uni- dentified cause.	When the CD is in the unit, press the CD eject button to remove the disc. When the disc cannot be ejected, contact your dealer.

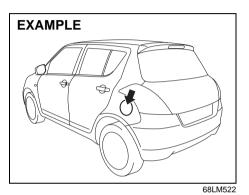
# USB/iPod<sup>®</sup>

ERROR 1	Inoperable due to an unidentified cause.	Unplug the USB device and plug it again. When ERROR 1 does not disappear, contact your dealer.
ERROR 3	The USB device is disconnected.	Check the connection of the USB device.
ERROR 4	The current consumption of the USB device exceeds 500 mA.	Check the USB device.

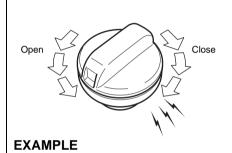
5-42

## OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

## **Fuel Filler Cap**



The fuel filler cap is located on the left rear side of the vehicle. The fuel filler door can be unlocked by pulling up the opener lever located on the outboard side of the driver's seat and locked by simply closing the door.



EXAMPLE

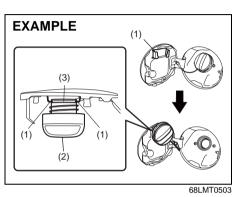
To remove the fuel filler cap:

1) Open the fuel filler door.

2) Remove the cap by turning it counterclockwise.

# 

Remove the fuel filler cap slowly. The fuel may be under pressure and may spray out, causing injury.



### NOTE:

57L51093

The cap holder (1) holds the fuel filler cap (2) by hooking the groove (3) when refueling.

To reinstall the fuel filler cap:

- 1) Turn the cap clockwise until you hear several clicks.
- 2) Close the fuel filler door.

# WARNING

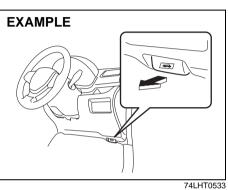
Fuel is extremely flammable. Do not smoke when refueling, and make sure there are no open flames or sparks in the area.

5-43

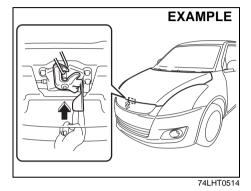
## 

If you need to replace the fuel cap, use a genuine SUZUKI cap. Use of an improper cap can result in a malfunc-tion of the fuel system or emission control system. It may also result in fuel leakage in the event of an accident.

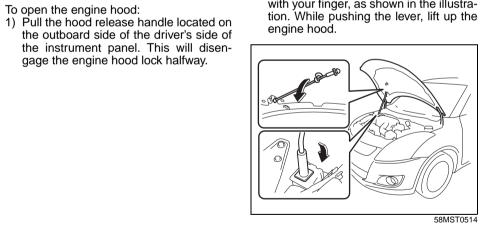
# **Engine Hood**



gage the engine hood lock halfway.



2) Push the under-hood release lever up with your finger, as shown in the illustration. While pushing the lever, lift up the engine hood.





 Continue to lift up the hood until it is high enough to support with the prop rod.

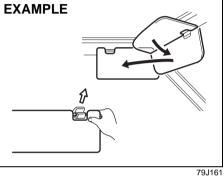
To close the engine hood:

- 1) Lift the hood up slightly and remove the prop rod from the hole. Put the prop rod back to the holding clip.
- Lower the hood close to the bumper, then let it drop down. Make sure the hood is securely latched after closing.

## A WARNING

Make sure the hood is fully closed and latched before driving. If it is not, it can fly up unexpectedly during driving, obstructing your view and resulting in an accident.



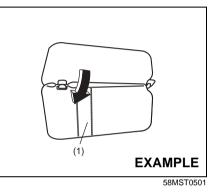


The sun visors can be pulled down to block glare coming through the windshield, or they can be unhooked and turned to the side to block glare coming through the side window.

#### NOTICE

When unhooking and hooking a sun visor, be sure to handle it by the hard plastic parts or the sun visor can be damaged.

Card holder (if equipped)



#### (1) Card holder

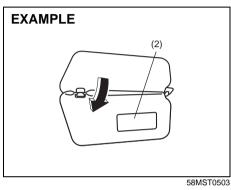
You can put a card in the card holder (1) on the back of the sun visor.

### NOTICE

When you park your vehicle outdoors in direct sunlight or in hot weather, do not leave plastic cards in the holder. The heat may distort them.

5-45

### Vanity mirror (if equipped)

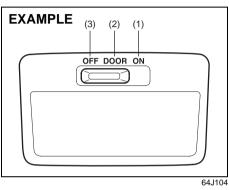


#### (2) Vanity mirror

## 

- Do not use the mirror while driving your vehicle or could lose control of the vehicle.
- When using the vanity mirror, do not move too close to a front air bag location or lean against it. If the front air bag is accidentally inflated, it could hit you hard.

# Interior Light Switch



This light switch has three positions which function as described below:

#### ON (1)

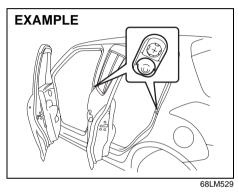
The light comes on and stays on regardless of whether the door is open or closed.

#### **DOOR (2)**

The light comes on when the door is opened. After closing all doors, the light will remain on for about 15 seconds and then fade out. If you insert the key, or press the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "ACC" or "ON" during this time, the light will start to fade out immediately. After removing the key from the ignition switch, the light will turn on for about 15 seconds and then fade out.

## **OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT**

**OFF (3)** The light remains off even when the door is opened.



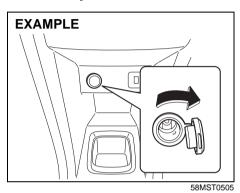
### NOTE:

The number of doors involved in the lighting operation of the interior light depends on the vehicle specification. If there is a switch (rubber projection) at the door opening as shown, the door is involved in the lighting operation. The tailgate is also involved in this operation even without the rubber projection.

5-46

## OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

## **Accessory Socket**

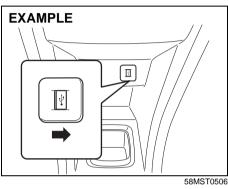


The accessory socket will work when the ignition switch is in the "ACC" or "ON" position, or the ignition mode is "ACC" or "ON". This socket can be used to provide 12 volt/ 120 watt power for electrical accessories.

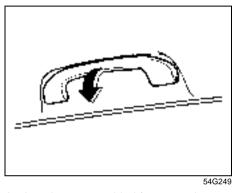
## NOTICE

Use of inappropriate electrical accessories can cause damage to your vehicle's electrical system. Make sure that any electrical accessories you use are designed to plug into this type of socket.

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Socket (if equipped)



Connect your portable digital music player, etc. to this socket to enjoy music through the vehicle's audio system using it as a source. Refer to "Audio Systems" in the "OTHER CONTROL AND EQUIPMENT" section. **Assist Grips (if equipped)** 



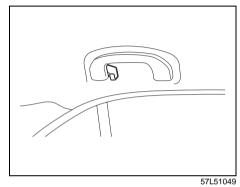
Assist grips are provided for convenience.

## NOTICE

To avoid damaging the assist grip and the molded headlining, do not hang down the assist grip.

5-47

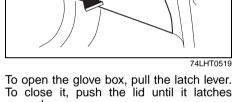
# **Coat Hooks (if equipped)**



You can hang clothing on the coat hooks. These hooks are not designed for large or heavy items.

# 

Your vehicle is equipped with side curtain air bags, do not hang sharp items like a hanger on the coat hook. When hanging the clothes, hang it on hook without using a hanger.



**Glove Box** 

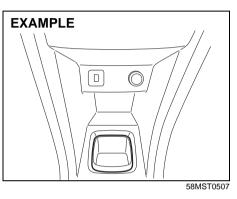
securely.

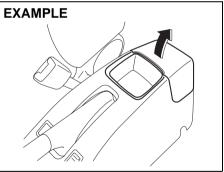
# 

Never drive with the glove box lid open. It could cause injury if an accident occurs.

# **OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT**

# **Cup Holder and Storage Area**





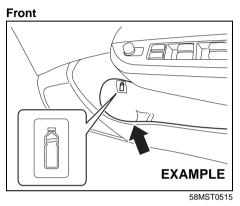
68LMT0501

The cup holders are provided in the center console.

# OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

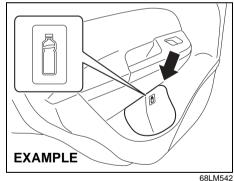
## **A** CAUTION

Do not use the cup holder to hold cups containing hot liquids, or sharpedged, hard or breakable objects. Objects in the cup holder may be thrown about during a sudden stop or impact, and could cause personal injury.



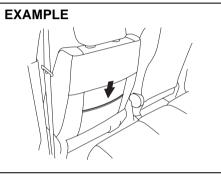
#### Rear

Bottle holder



You should hold a bottle with a cap in the holder.

Front Seat Back Pocket (if equipped)



58MST0508

This pocket is provided for holding light and soft things such as gloves, newspapers or magazines.

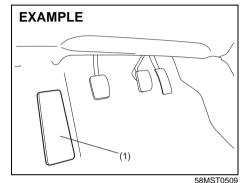
## **A** CAUTION

Do not put hard or breakable objects in the pocket. If an accident occurs, objects such as bottles, cans, etc. can injure the occupants in the rear seat.

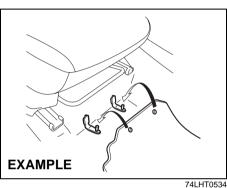
5-49

## Footrest

# Floor Mats



Use the footrest (1) as a support for your left foot.



To prevent the driver's side floor mat from sliding forward and possibly interfering with the operation of the pedals, genuine SUZUKI floor mats are recommended. Whenever you put the driver's side floor mat back in the vehicle after it has been removed, be sure to hook the floor mat grommets to the fasteners and position the floor mat properly in the footwell.

When you replace the floor mats in your vehicle with a different type such as allweather floor mats, we highly recommend using genuine SUZUKI floor mats for proper fitting.

## **WARNING**

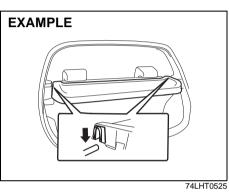
Failure to take the following precautions may result in the driver's side floor mat interfering with the pedals and causing a loss of vehicle control or an accident.

- Make sure that the floor mat grommets are hooked to the fasteners.
- Never place additional floor mats on top of the existing floor mats.

5-50

## OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

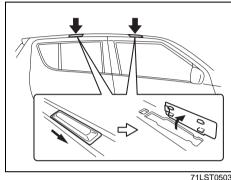
# Luggage Compartment Cover Roof Rack Anchors (if equipped)



Luggage or other cargo placed in the luggage compartment is hidden from view by a luggage compartment cover.

## **WARNING**

Do not carry items on top of the luggage compartment cover, even if they are small and light. Objects on top of the cover could be thrown about in an accident, causing injury, or could obstruct the driver's rear view.



You can use the roof rack anchors to attach the optional roof rack which is available at your SUZUKI dealer. If you use a roof rack, observe the instructions and precautions in this section and provided with the roof rack.

- Make sure the roof rack is securely installed.
- To mount various types of cargo (such as skis, bicycles, etc.) properly, use suitable attachments which are available from your SUZUKI dealer. Be sure to install the attachments properly and securely according to the instructions provided. Do not mount cargo directly on the roof panel. The cargo can damage the roof panel.

- The gross weight of the roof rack plus cargo must not exceed the loading capacity (50 kg (110 lbs)). Also, do not let the gross vehicle weight (fully loaded vehicle including driver, passengers, cargo, roof load and trailer tongue weight) exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) listed in the "SPECIFICATIONS" section of this manual.
- Mount and secure the cargo onto the roof rack properly according to the instructions provided. Be sure to stow the heaviest items at the bottom and distribute the cargo as evenly as possible.
- Do not carry items so large that they hang over the bumpers or the sides of the vehicle, or block your view.
- Secure the front and rear ends of long items – such as wood panels, surfboards and so forth – to both the front and rear of the vehicle. You should protect the painted surfaces of the vehicle from scuffing caused by tie-down ropes.
- Check periodically to make sure the roof rack is securely installed and free from damage.
- For vehicles with roof rack anchors, make sure the anchors are covered with the caps when not in use.

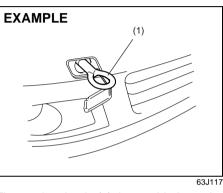
5-51

## 

- Abrupt maneuvers or failure to properly secure cargo can allow the cargo to fly off the vehicle and hit others, causing personal injury or property damage.
- Mount cargo securely and avoid abrupt maneuvers such as "jackrabbit" starts, sharp turns, fast cornering and sudden braking. Check periodically to make sure that cargo is securely fastened.
- Large, bulky, long, or flat items can affect vehicle aerodynamics or be caught by the wind, and can reduce vehicle control resulting in an accident and personal injury. Drive cautiously at a safely reduced speed when carrying this type of cargo.

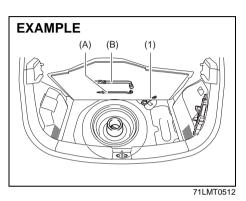
# Frame Hooks

## Front



The towing hook (1) is provided on the front of the vehicle for use in emergency situations only.

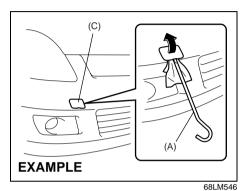
To install the hook (1), follow the procedure below.



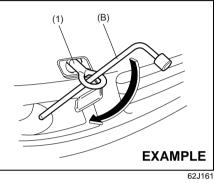
 Pick up the towing hook (1), jack handle (A) and wheel brace (B) are stowed in the luggage compartment.

5-52

## OTHER CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT



2) Remove the cover (C) by using a jack handle (A) covered with a soft cloth as shown in the illustration.



 To tighten the towing hook (1), turn it clockwise by using a wheel brace (B) until the hook (1) is securely installed.

### NOTICE

When you use the towing hook (1), avoid the driving that gives significant physical shock on hook. Such operation can damage the hook, or the vehicle body.

Do not sudden accelerate.

To remove the towing hook (1), reverse the procedure used to install the towing hook.

The frame hook (2) is provided on the rear of the vehicle for use in emergency situations and sea shipping purposes only.

## NOTICE

When you use the frame hook (2), avoid the driving that gives significant physical shock on hook. Such operation can damage the hook, the vehicle body or the drive system.

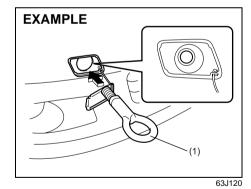
• Do not sudden accelerate.

Rear

EXAMPLE

• Do not tow the vehicle heavier than your vehicle.

To tow your vehicle on the road or highway, follow the instruction of "Towing" in "EMER-GENCY SERVICE" section.

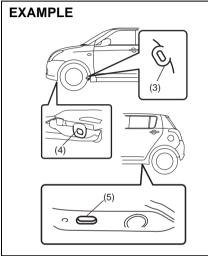


3) Install the towing hook (1) by hand.



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**Other Hooks** 



71LS10502

The hooks (3) (if equipped) and frame holes (5) are provided for trailer/train shipping purposes only. The hooks (4) are provided for sea shipping purpose only.

# A WARNING

Do not use the frame hooks to tow another vehicle or to have your vehicle towed on the road or highway. The hook (1) is designed for use in emergency situations only, such as if your vehicle or another vehicle gets stuck in deep mud or snow. The hook (2) is designed for use in emergency situations and sea shipping only. The hooks (3) (if equipped) and the frame holes (5) are provided for trailer/train shipping purposes only. The hooks (4) are provided for sea shipping purpose only.

## NOTICE

Never use the hooks (1) for trailer/ train shipping and sea shipping purposes to prevent damage to the vehicle.

5-54

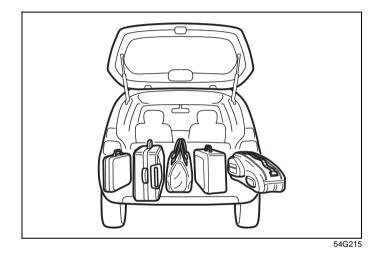
OTHER	CONTROL	S AND EG	UIPMENT
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MEMO			
5-55			

# VEHICLE LOADING AND TOWING

# VEHICLE LOADING AND TOWING

Vehicle Loading6-	1
Frailer Towing6-	1



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6

Vehicle Loading: 11 Trailer Towing: 5, 11

### VEHICLE LOADING AND TOWING

## Vehicle Loading

Your vehicle was designed for specific weight capacities. The weight capacities of your vehicle are indicated by the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) and the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR, front and rear). The GVWR and GAWR (front and rear) are listed in the "SPECIFICA-TIONS" section.

GVWR – Maximum permissible overall weight of the fully loaded vehicle (including all the occupants, accessories and cargo plus the trailer nose weight if towing a trailer).

GAWR – (Front and Rear) Maximum permissible weight on an individual axle.

Actual weight of the loaded vehicle and actual loads at the front and rear axles can only be determined by weighing the vehicle. Compare these weights to the GVWR and GAWR (front and rear). If the gross vehicle weight or the load on either axle exceeds these ratings, you must remove enough weight to bring the load down to the rated capacity.

## A WARNING

Never overload your vehicle. The gross vehicle weight (sum of the weights of the vehicle, all the occupants, accessories, cargo plus trailer nose weight if towing a trailer) must never exceed the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR). In addition, never distribute a load so that the weight on either the front or rear axle exceeds the Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAWR).

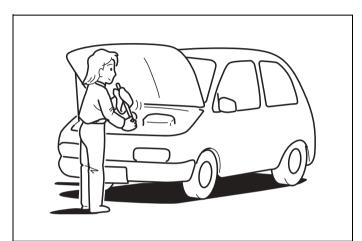
## **WARNING**

Always distribute cargo evenly. To avoid personal injury or damage to your vehicle, always secure cargo to prevent it from shifting if the vehicle moves suddenly. Place heavier objects on the floor and as far forward in the cargo area as possible. Never pile cargo higher than the top of the seat backs.

## **Trailer Towing**

Your SUZUKI was originally designed to carry people and a normal amount of cargo, not to tow a trailer. SUZUKI does not recommend you use your vehicle to tow a trailer. Towing a trailer can adversely affect handling, durability, and fuel economy.

# **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



# **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

Maintenance Schedule	
Periodic Maintenance Schedule	
Maintenance Recommended under Severe Driving	
Conditions	
Drive Belt	
Engine Oil and Filter	
Engine Coolant	
Air Cleaner	
Spark Plugs	
Gear Oil	
Clutch Pedal	
Continuously Variable Transaxle (CVT) Fluid	
Brakes	
Steering	
Tires	
Battery	
Fuses	
Headlight Aiming	
Bulb Replacement	
Wiper Blades	
Windshield Washer Fluid	
Air Conditioning System	

60G410

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



# A WARNING

You should take extreme care when working on your vehicle to prevent accidental injury. Here are a few precautions that you should be especially careful to observe:

 To prevent damage or unintended activation of the air bag system, be sure the battery is disconnected and the ignition switch has been in the "LOCK" position or the ignition mode has been "LOCK" (OFF) for at least 90 seconds before performing any electrical service work on your SUZUKI. Do not touch air bag system components or wires. The wires are wrapped with yellow

tape or yellow tubing, and the couplers are yellow for easy identification.

 Do not leave the engine running in garages or other confined areas. (Continued)

## A WARNING

(Continued)

- When the engine is running, keep hands, clothing, tools, and other objects away from the fan and drive belt. Even though the fan may not be moving, it can automatically turn on without warning.
- When it is necessary to do service work with the engine running, make sure that the parking brake is set fully and the transaxle is in Neutral (for manual transaxle vehicles) or Park (for CVT vehicles).
- Do not touch ignition wires or other ignition system parts when starting the engine or when the engine is running, or you could receive an electric shock.
- Be careful not to touch a hot engine, exhaust manifold and pipes, muffler, radiator and water hoses.
- Do not allow smoking, sparks, or flames around fuel or the battery. Flammable fumes are present.
- Do not get under your vehicle if it is supported only with the portable jack provided in your vehicle.
- Be careful not to cause accidental short circuits between the positive and negative battery terminals. (Continued)

### 

(Continued)

• Keep used oil, coolant, and other fluids away from children and pets. Dispose of used fluids properly; never pour them on the ground, into sewers, etc. Periodic Maintenance Schedule: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10

## Maintenance Schedule

The following table shows the times when you should perform regular maintenance on your vehicle. This table shows in miles, kilometers and months when you should perform inspections, adjustments, lubrication and other services. These intervals should be shortened if driving is usually done under severe conditions (refer to "Maintenance Recommended under Severe Driving Conditions").

## WARNING

SUZUKI recommends that maintenance on items marked with an asterisk (\*) be performed by your authorized SUZUKI dealer or a qualified service technician. If you are qualified, you may perform maintenance on the unmarked items by referring to the instructions in this section. If you are not sure whether you can successfully complete any of the unmarked maintenance jobs, ask your authorized SUZUKI dealer to do the maintenance for you.

## NOTICE

Whenever it becomes necessary to replace parts on your vehicle, it is recommended that you use genuine SUZUKI replacement parts or their equivalent.

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

## Periodic Maintenance Schedule

- "R" : Replace or Change
- "I" : Inspect, clean, adjust, lubricate or replace as necessary
- "L" : Lubricate

#### NOTE:

This table includes services as scheduled up to 90000 km (54000 miles) mileage. Beyond 90000 km (54000 miles), carry out the same services at the same intervals respectively.

7-2

Periodic Maintenance Schedule: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

• For Item 2-1. "Nickel plugs", replace every 50000 km if the local law requires.

*Interval: This interval should be judged by odome-	km (x1000)	15	30	45	60	75	90
ter reading or months, whichever comes first.	miles (x1000)	9	18	27	36	45	54
	months	12	24	36	48	60	72
ENGINE							
1-1. Engine accessory drive belt	Tension check, *Adjustment, *Replacement	-	-	I	-	-	R
*1-2. Valve clearance		-	1	-	I	-	I
1-3. Engine oil and engine oil filter		R	R	R	R	R	R
1-4. Engine coolant	SUZUKI LLC: Standard (Green)	-	-	R	-	-	R
	SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue) (#1) First time only:	Replace at	t 150000 kr	n (90000 m	iles) or 96	months.	
	Second time and after:	Replace ev	very 75000	km (45000	miles) or 4	8 months.	
*1-5. Exhaust system (except catalyst)		-		-		-	I
IGNITION							
2-1. Spark plugs When unleaded fuel is used	Nickel plug	-	- 1	R	-	-	R
Spark plugs When leaded fuel is used, refer	to "Severe Driving Condition" schedule.		-	-	-		
FUEL							
3-1. Air cleaner filter element	Paved-road	1	1	R	1	I	R
	Dusty condition Refer to "Severe Driving of				n" schedule	э.	
*3-2. Fuel lines		-	1	-	1	-	1
*3-3. Fuel tank		-	-	1	-	-	
EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM		•					
*4-1. PCV valve		-	-	-	- 1	-	1
*4-2. Fuel evaporative emission control system		-	-	-	-	-	

#1: Be sure to perform the engine coolant level check under the daily inspection in "OPERATING YOUR VEHICLE" section. If you replace the engine coolant other than the SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue), follow the schedule of SUZUKI LLC: Standard (Green).

7-3

Periodic Maintenance Schedule: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

*Interval: This interval should be judged by edome		m (x1000)	15	30	45	60	75	90
*Interval: This interval should be judged by odome- ter reading or months, whichever comes first.		es (x1000)		18	27	36	45	90 54
ter reading of months, whenever comes hist.	mile	( )	-				-	
		months	12	24	36	48	60	72
BRAKE								
*5-1. Brake discs and pads	(front, rear)		I	I	I	1	I	
Brake drums and shoes (if equipped)	(rear)		-	I	-	1	-	1
*5-2. Brake hoses and pipes			-	I	-	1	-	1
5-3. Brake fluid	Check, *Replacement		-	R	-	R	-	R
5-4. Brake lever and cable	Check, *Adjustment (1st 15000 km only)		I	-	-	-	-	-
CHASSIS AND BODY								
*6-1. Clutch (pedal and fluid level)			I	I	1	1	1	1
6-2. Tires/Wheels			I	1	I	1	I	I
*6-3. Drive axle boots			-	-	I	-	-	I
*6-4. Suspension system			-	1	-	1	-	1
*6-5. Steering system			-	I	-	1	-	1
*6-6. Manual transaxle oil								
Genuine "SUZUKI GEAR OIL 75W-80"	(I*1: 1st 15000 km only)		I*1	-	1	-	-	I
			Replace every 150000 km (90000 miles) or 120 months.				s.	
Other than "SUZUKI GEAR OIL 75W-80"	(I: 1st 15000 km only)		1	-	Ŕ	-	- 1	R
6-7. Continuously variable transaxle (CVT)	Fluid level		-	1	-	1	-	I
	* Fluid hose		-	-	-	1	-	- 1
6-8. All latches, hinges and locks			-	1	-	1	-	I
*6-9. Air conditioner filter element (if equipped)			-	I	R	-	1	R

## MARNING

The shock absorbers are filled with high pressure gas. Never attempt to disassemble them or throw them into a fire. Avoid storing them near a heater or heating device. When scrapping the absorber, the gas must be released from the absorber safely. Ask your dealer for assistance.

Maintenance Recommended under Severe Driving Conditions: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10

## INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

## Maintenance Recommended under Severe Driving Conditions

If the vehicle is usually used under the conditions corresponding to any severe condition code given below, it is recommended that applicable maintenance operation be performed at the particular interval as given in the chart below.

Severe condition code

- A Repeated short trips
- B Driving on rough and/or muddy roads
- C Driving on dusty roads
- D Driving in extremely cold weather and/or salted roads
- E Repeated short trips in extremely cold weather
- F Leaded fuel use
- G Repeated high speed drive or high engine revolutions H Trailer towing (if admitted)

Severe Condition Code	Maintenance		Maintenance Operation	Maintenance Interval
B C D	Engine accessory drive belt		I	Every 15000 km (9000 miles) or 12 months
- B C D			R	Every 45000 km (27000 miles) or 36 months
A – C D E F – H	Engine oil and oil filter		R	Every 7500 km (4500 miles) or 6 months
A B C – E F – H	Spark plugs	Nickel plug	R	Every 10000 km (6000 miles) or 8 months
			I	Every 2500 km (1500 miles)
C	<ul> <li>– – Air cleaner filter element *1</li> </ul>	t *1	R	Every 30000 km (18000 miles) or 24 months

7-5

Maintenance Recommended under Severe Driving Conditions: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

Severe Condition Code	Maintenance	Maintenance Operation	Maintenance Interval		
G -	Continuously variable transaxle (CVT) fluid deterioration check	I	Every 30000 km (18000 miles) or 24 months		
– B C D – – – H	Wheel bearings	l	Every 15000 km (9000 miles) or 12 months		
– B – D E – – H	Drive axle boots	I	Every 15000 km (9000 miles) or 12 months		
– B – – E – – H	Manual transaxle oil (Genuine "SUZUKI GEAR OIL	I	Every 15000 km (9000 miles) or 12 months		
- Б Е П		R	Every 75000 km (45000 miles) or 60 months		
	Manual transpuls oil (Other then "SUZUKI OFAD		First time only: 15000 km (9000 miles) or 12 months		
– B – – E – – H	Manual transaxle oil (Other than "SUZUKI GEAR OIL 75W-80")	R	Second time and after: Every 30000 km (18000 miles) or 24 months reckoning from 0 km (0 mile) or 0 month		
C D	Air conditioner filter element (if equipped) (Clean more frequently if the air flow from the air conditioner decreases.)	I	Every 15000 km (9000 miles) or 12 months		
		R	Every 45000 km (27000 miles) or 36 months		

NOTE:

I - Inspect, clean, adjust, lubricate or replace as necessary R - Replace or change T - Tighten to the specified torque

\*1 Inspect or replace more frequently if necessary.

7-6

Drive Belt: 1, 2 Engine Oil and Filter: 1, 2

## INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

## **Drive Belt**

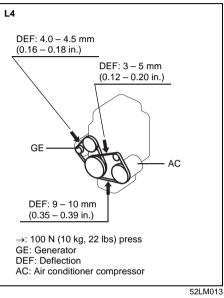
## 

When the engine is running, keep hands, hair, clothing, tools, etc. away from the moving fan and drive belts.

Make sure the drive belt tension is correct. If the belt is too loose, insufficient battery charging, engine overheating, poor power steering, poor air conditioning, or excessive belt wear can result. When you press the belt with your thumb midway between the pulleys, there should be a deflection according to the following chart.

The belts should also be examined to ensure that they are not damaged.

If you need to replace or adjust the belt have it done by your SUZUKI dealer.



**Engine Oil and Filter Specified Oil** 

#### (1) 5W-30 °C -30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 °F -22 -4 14 32 50 68 86 104

### (1) Preferred

Be sure that the engine oil you use comes under the quality classification of SL or SM. Select the appropriate oil viscosity according to the above chart.

SAE 0W-20 (1) is the best choice for good fuel economy, and good starting in cold weather.

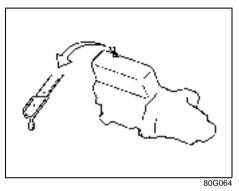
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Engine Oil and Filter: 1, 2

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

## **Oil Level Check**

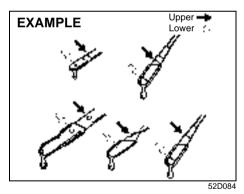


It is important to keep the engine oil at the correct level for proper lubrication of your vehicle's engine. Check the oil level with the vehicle on a level surface. The oil level indication may be inaccurate if the vehicle is on a slope. The oil level should be checked either before starting the engine or at least 5 minutes after stopping the engine.

The handle of the engine oil dipstick is colored yellow for easy identification. Pull out the oil dipstick, wipe oil off with a clean cloth, insert the dipstick all the way into the engine, then remove it again. The oil on the stick should be between the upper and lower limits shown on the stick. If the oil level indication is near the lower limit, add enough oil to raise the level to the upper limit.

## NOTICE

Failure to check the oil level regularly could lead to serious engine trouble due to insufficient oil.

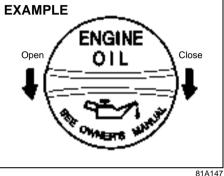


7-8

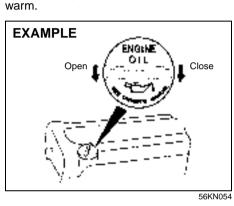
Engine Oil and Filter: 1, 2

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

Refilling



Remove the oil filler cap and pour oil slowly through the filler hole to bring the oil level to the upper limit on the dipstick. Be careful not to overfill. Too much oil is almost as bad as too little oil. After refilling, start the engine and allow it to idle for about a minute. Stop the engine, wait about 5 minutes and check the oil level again. Changing Engine Oil and Filter Drain the engine oil while the engine is still



1) Remove the oil filler cap.

2) Place a drain pan under the drain plug.3) Using a wrench, remove the drain plug.

and drain out the engine oil.

## **A** CAUTION

The engine oil temperature may be high enough to burn your fingers when the drain plug is loosened. Wait until the drain plug is cool enough to touch with your bare hands. EXAMPLE

Tightening torque for drain plug 35 Nm (3.5 kg-m, 25.3 lb-ft)

## **WARNING**

New and used oil can be hazardous. Children and pets may be harmed by swallowing new or used oil. Keep new and used oil and used oil filters away from children and pets. Repeated, prolonged contact with

used engine oil may cause skin cancer.

Brief contact with used oil may irritate skin.

(Continued)

7-9

Engine Oil and Filter: 1, 2

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

## 

#### (Continued)

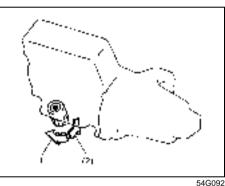
To minimize your exposure to used oil, wear a long-sleeve shirt and moisture-proof gloves (such as dishwashing gloves) when changing oil. If oil contacts your skin, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Launder any clothing or rags if wet with oil.

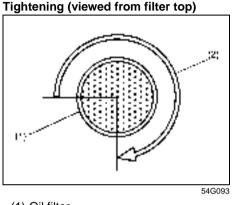
Recycle or properly dispose of used oil and filters.

 Reinstall the drain plug and gasket. Tighten the plug with a wrench to the specified torque.

### **Replace the Oil Filter**

- 1) Using an oil filter wrench, turn the oil filter counterclockwise and remove it.
- Using a clean rag, wipe off the mounting surface on the engine where the new filter will be seated.
- Smear a little engine oil around the rubber gasket of the new oil filter.
- Screw on the new filter by hand until the filter gasket contacts the mounting surface.





(1) Oil filter (2) 3/4 turn

## NOTICE

To tighten the oil filter properly, it is Important to accurately identify the position at which the filter gasket first contacts the mounting surface.

(1) Loosen(2) Tighten

7-10

Gear Oil: 10

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

 Tighten the filter specified turn from the point of contact with the mounting surface (or to the specified torque) using an oil filter wrench.

Tightening torque for oil filter 3/4 turn or

14 Nm (1.4 kg-m, 10.1 lb-ft)

#### NOTICE

To prevent oil leakage, make sure that the oil filter is tight, but do not over-tighten it.

### **Refill with Oil and Check for Leaks**

- Pour oil through the filler hole and install the filler cap. For the approximate capacity of the oil, refer to the "Capacities" item in the "SPECIFICATIONS" section.
- Start the engine and look carefully for leaks at the oil filter and drain plug. Run the engine at various speeds for at least 5 minutes.
- Stop the engine and wait about 5 minutes. Check the oil level again and add oil if necessary. Check for leaks again.

#### NOTICE

- When replacing the oil filter, it is recommended that you use a genuine SUZUKI replacement filter. If you use an aftermarket filter, make sure it is of equivalent quality and follow the manufacturer's instructions.
- Oil leaks from around the oil filter or drain plug indicate incorrect installation or gasket damage. If you find any leaks or are not sure that the filter has been properly tightened, have the vehicle inspected by your SUZUKI dealer.

## **Engine Coolant**

**Selection of Coolant** 

#### NOTICE

SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue) coolant; SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue) coolant is already diluted to the proper percentage. Do not dilute with distilled water additionally. Doing so may result in the possibility of freezing coolant and/or overheating.

To maintain optimum performance and durability of your engine, use SUZUKI Genuine Coolant or equivalent.

#### NOTE:

If you replace the engine coolant other than the SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue), follow the schedule of SUZUKI LLC: Standard (Green). To see the detail of the maintenance schedule, refer to "Periodic Maintenance Schedule" in this section.

This type of coolant is best for your cooling system as it:

- Helps maintain proper engine temperature.
- Gives proper protection against freezing and boiling.
- Gives proper protection against corrosion and rust.

Gear Oil: 10 Automatic Transaxle (AT) Fluid: 10

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

Failure to use the proper coolant can damage your cooling system. Your authorized SUZUKI dealer can help you select the proper coolant.

## NOTICE

To avoid damaging your cooling system:

- Always use a high quality ethylene glycol base non-silicate type coolant diluted with distilled water at the correct mixture concentration.
- Make sure that the proper mix is 50/ 50 coolant to distilled water and in no case higher than 70/30. Concentrations greater than 70/30 coolant to distilled water will cause overheating conditions.
- Do not use straight coolant nor plain water (except SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue)).
- Do not add extra inhibitors or additives. They may not be compatible with your cooling system.
- Do not mix different types of base coolants. Doing so may result in accelerated seal wear and/or the possibility of severe overheating and extensive engine/automatic transaxle or CVT damage.

### **Coolant Level Check**

Check the coolant level at the reservoir tank, not at the radiator. With the engine cool, the coolant level should be between the "FULL" and "LOW" marks.

#### Adding Coolant

## WARNING

Engine coolant is harmful or fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Do not drink antifreeze or coolant solution. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact a poison control center or a physician. Avoid inhaling mist or hot vapors; if inhaled, remove to fresh air. If coolant gets in eyes, flush eyes with water and seek medical attention. Wash thoroughly after handling. Solution can be poisonous to animals. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

#### NOTICE

SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue) coolant; SUZUKI LLC: Super (Blue) coolant is already diluted to the proper percentage. Do not dilute with distilled water additionally. Doing so may result in the possibility of freezing coolant and/or overheating.

#### NOTICE

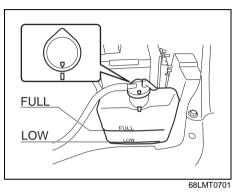
SUZUKI LLC: Standard (Green) coolant;

- The mixture you use should contain 50% concentration of antifreeze.
- If the lowest ambient temperature in your area is expected to be -35°C (-31°F) or below, use higher concentrations up to 60% following the instructions on the antifreeze container.



Automatic Transaxle (AT) Fluid: 10

## **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



If the coolant level is below the "LOW" mark, more coolant should be added. Remove the reservoir tank cap and add coolant until the reservoir tank level reaches the "FULL" mark. Never fill the reservoir tank above the "FULL" mark.

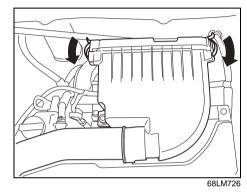
## NOTICE

When putting the cap on the reservoir tank, line up the mark on the cap and the mark on the tank. Failure to follow this can result in coolant leakage.

### **Coolant Replacement**

Since special procedures are required, we recommend you take your vehicle to your SUZUKI dealer for coolant replacement.

# **Air Cleaner**



If the air cleaner is clogged with dust, there will be greater intake resistance, resulting in decreased power output and increased fuel consumption.

Unclamp the side clamps, and remove the element from the air cleaner case. If it appears to be dirty, replace it with a new one.

Clamp the side clamps securely.

Automatic Transaxle (AT) Fluid: 10 Engine Coolant: 1, 2

**Replacing and inspection spark** 

Since special procedures, materials and tools are required, it is recommended that

you trust this job to your authorized

## INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

# **Spark Plugs**

SUZUKI dealer.

plugs

# Gear Oil

## **Specified Gear Oil**

When adding gear oil, use gear oil with the appropriate viscosity and grade as shown in the chart below.

We highly recommend you use: SUZUKI GEAR OIL 75W-80 for manual transaxle gear oil.

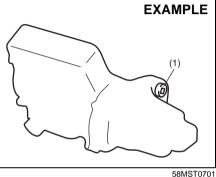
### Manual transaxle oil (API GL-4)

$\langle -$			75W	-80			$\Rightarrow$
°C <u>-30</u>	-20	-10	Q	10	20	30	40
°F -22	-4	14	32	50	68	86	104

68LM728

# Gear Oil Level Check

#### Manual transaxle



To check the gear oil level, use the following procedure:

- 1) Park the vehicle on a level surface with the parking brake applied. Then, stop the engine.
- Remove the oil filler plug (1).
   If gear oil flow from the plug hole, the oil level is correct. Reinstall the plug. If gear oil do not flow from the plug hole, add oil through the filler plug hole until a little oil flow from the plug hole.

Tightening torgue for oil filler plug (1) Manual transaxle: 21 Nm (2.1 kg-m, 15.2 lb-ft)

Engine Coolant: 1, 2

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### **CAUTION**

After driving the vehicle, the gear oil temperature may be high enough to burn you. Wait until the oil filler plug is cool enough to touch with your bare hands before inspecting gear oil level.

#### NOTICE

When tightening the plug, apply the following sealing compound or equivalent to the plug threads to prevent oil leakage.

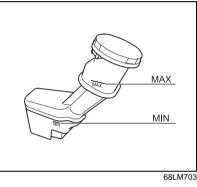
SUZUKI Bond No. "1216E" or "1217G"

#### Gear Oil Change

Since special procedures, materials and tools are required, it is recommended that you trust this job to your authorized SUZUKI dealer.

#### **Clutch Pedal**

#### **Fluid Control Clutch**



Check the clutch pedal for smooth operation and clutch fluid level from time to time. If clutch dragging is felt with the pedal fully depressed, have the clutch inspected by your SUZUKI dealer. If the clutch fluid level is near the "MIN" line, fill it up to the "MAX" line with SAE J1703 or DOT3 brake fluid.

#### Continuously Variable Transaxle (CVT) Fluid

#### **Specified Fluid**

Use a CVT fluid SUZUKI CVT FLUID GREEN-1 or Shell GREEN-1V.

#### Fluid Level Check

#### NOTICE

Driving with too much or too little fluid can damage the transaxle.

You must check the fluid level with the CVT fluid at normal operating temperature.

- To check the fluid level:
- To warm up the CVT fluid, drive the vehicle or idle the engine until the temperature gauge indicates normal operating temperature.
- 2) Then drive for ten more minutes.

#### NOTICE

Be sure to use the specified CVT fluid. Using CVT fluid other than SUZUKI CVT FLUID GREEN-1 or Shell GREEN-1V may damage the CVT of your vehicle.

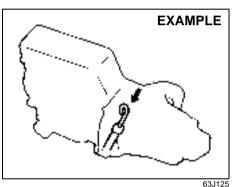
7-15

Engine Coolant: 1, 2

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### NOTE:

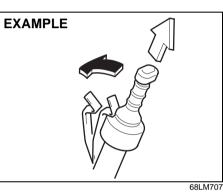
Do not check the fluid level if you have just driven the vehicle for a long time at high speed, if you have driven in city traffic in hot weather, or if the vehicle has been pulling a trailer. Wait until the fluid cools down (about 30 minutes), or the fluid level indication will not be correct.



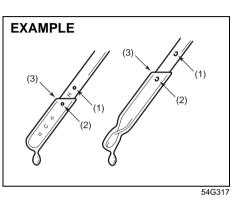
- 3) Park your vehicle on level ground.
- 4) Apply the parking brake and then start the engine in "P" (Park). Let it idle for two minutes and keep it running during the fluid level check.
- 5) With your foot on the brake pedal, move the gearshift lever through each range, pausing for about three seconds in each range. Then move it back to the "P" (Park) position.

MARNING

Be sure to depress the brake pedal when moving the gearshift lever, or the vehicle can move suddenly.



- 6) The handle of the CVT fluid dipstick is colored red for easy identification. Remove the dipstick, clean it and push it back in until the cap seats. Then pull out the dipstick.
- 7) Check both sides of the dipstick, and read the lowest level. The fluid level should be between the two marks in the "HOT" range on the dipstick.



(1) FULL HOT(2) LOW HOT(3) The lowest point = Fluid level

 Add just enough specified fluid through the dipstick hole to fill the transaxle oil to the proper level.

#### NOTICE

After checking or adding oil, be sure to insert the dipstick securely.

#### **Changing Oil**

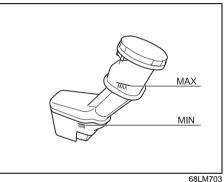
Since special procedures, materials, and tools are required to change the CVT oil, it is recommended that you trust this job to your authorized SUZUKI dealer.

Windshield Washer Fluid: 3 Air Cleaner: 1, 2

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### Brakes

#### **Brake Fluid**



Check the brake fluid level by looking at the reservoir in the engine compartment. Check that the fluid level is between the "MAX" and "MIN" lines. If the brake fluid level is near the "MIN" line, fill it up to the "MAX" line with SAE J1703 or DOT3 brake fluid.

#### WARNING

Failure to follow the guidelines below can result in personal injury or serious damage to the brake system.

- If the brake fluid in the reservoir drops below a certain level, the brake warning light on the instrument panel will come on (the engine must be running with the parking brake fully disengaged). Should the light come on, immediately ask your SUZUKI dealer to inspect the brake system.
- A rapid fluid loss indicates a leak in the brake system which should be inspected by your SUZUKI dealer immediately.
- Do not use any fluid other than SAE J1703 or DOT3 brake fluid. Do not use reclaimed fluid or fluid that has been stored in old or open containers. It is essential that foreign particles and other liquids are kept out of the brake fluid reservoir.

#### 

Brake fluid can harm your eyes and damage painted surfaces. Use caution when refilling the reservoir.

#### **WARNING**

Brake fluid is harmful or fatal if swallowed, and harmful if it comes in contact with skin or eyes. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately contact a poison control center or a physician. If brake fluid gets in eyes, flush eyes with water and seek medical attention. Wash thoroughly after handling. Solution can be poisonous to animals. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

#### NOTE:

With disc brakes, the fluid level can be expected to gradually fall as the brake pads wear.

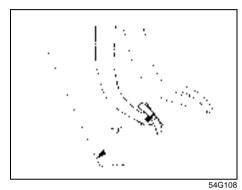
#### **Brake Pedal**

Check if the brake pedal stops at the regular height without "spongy" feeling when you depress it. If not, have the brake system inspected by your SUZUKI dealer. If you doubt the brake pedal for the regular height, check it as follows:

7-17

Air Cleaner: 1, 2 Spark Plugs: 1, 2

#### INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE



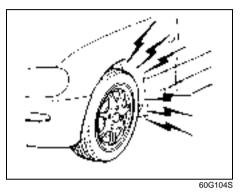
Pedal to floor carpet minimum distance "a": 68 mm (2.7 in.)

With the engine running, measure the distance between the brake pedal and floor carpet when the pedal is depressed with approximately 30 kg (66 lbs) of force. The minimum distance required is as specified. Since your vehicle's brake system is selfadjusting, there is no need for pedal adjustment.

If the pedal to floor carpet distance as measured above is less than the minimum distance required, have your vehicle inspected by your SUZUKI dealer.

#### NOTE:

When measuring the distance between the brake pedal and floor wall, be sure not to include the floor mat or rubber on the floor wall in your measurement.



**WARNING** 

If you experience any of the following

problems with your vehicle's brake

system, have the vehicle inspected

• Uneven braking (brakes not work-

immediately by your SUZUKI dealer.

Poor braking performance

Excessive pedal travel

Brake dragging

Excessive noise

ing uniformly on all wheels.)

Parking Brake EXAMPLE

Ratchet tooth specification "b": 4th – 9th Lever pull force (1): 200 N (20 kg, 44 lbs)

Check the parking brake for proper adjustment by counting the number of clicks made by the ratchet teeth as you slowly pull up on the parking brake lever to the point of full engagement. The parking brake lever should stop between the specified ratchet teeth and the rear wheels should be securely locked. If the parking brake is not properly adjusted or the brakes drag after the lever has been fully released, have the parking brake inspected and/or adjusted by your SUZUKI dealer.

7-18

58MS0-14E

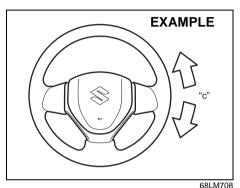
#### \_\_\_\_\_

Spark Plugs: 1, 2

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### Steering

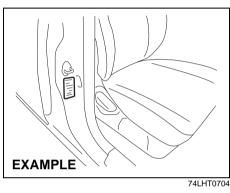
#### Tires



# Steering wheel play "c": 0 - 30 mm (0.0 - 1.2 in.)

Check the play of the steering wheel by gently turning it from left to right and measuring the distance that it moves before you feel slight resistance. The play should be between the specified values.

Check that the steering wheel turns easily and smoothly without rattling by turning it all the way to the right and to the left while driving very slowly in an open area. If the amount of free play is outside the specification or you find anything else to be wrong, an inspection must be performed by your SUZUKI dealer.



The front and rear tire pressure specifications for your vehicle are listed on the Tire Information Label. Both the front and rear tires should have the specified tire pressure.

Note that the value does not apply to the compact spare tire, if equipped.

#### **Tire Inspection**

Inspect your vehicle's tires at least once a month by performing the following checks:

 Measure the air pressure with a tire gauge. Adjust the pressure if necessary. Remember to check the spare tire, too.

#### **WARNING**

- Air pressures should be checked when the tires are cold or you may get inaccurate readings.
- Check the inflation pressure from time to time while inflating the tire gradually, until the specified pressure is obtained.
- Never underinflate or overinflate the tires.

Underinflation can cause unusual handling characteristics or can cause the rim to slip on the tire bead, resulting in an accident or damage to the tire or rim.

Overinflation can cause the tire to burst, resulting in personal injury. Overinflation can also cause unusual handling characteristics which may result in an accident.

7-19

Fuel Filter (diesel engine): Brakes: 6

#### **EXAMPLE A** CAUTION Hitting curbs and running over rocks can damage tires and affect wheel alignment. Be sure to have tires and wheel alignment checked periodically by your SUZUKI dealer. 4) Check for loose wheel nuts. 5) Check that there are no nails, stones or other objects sticking into the tires. 54G136 • Your SUZUKI is equipped with tires which are all the same type and (1) Tread wear indicator size. This is important to ensure (2) Indicator location mark proper steering and handling of the 2) Check that the depth of the tread vehicle. Never mix tires of different groove is more than 1.6 mm (0.06 in.). size or type on the four wheels of To help you check this, the tires have your vehicle. The size and type of molded-in tread wear indicators in the tires used should be only those grooves. When the indicators appear approved by SUZUKI as standard on the tread surface, the remaining or optional equipment for your depth of the tread is 1.6 mm (0.06 in.) vehicle. or less and the tire should be replaced. • Replacing the wheels and tires

- 3) Check for abnormal wear, cracks and damage. Any tires with cracks or other damage should be replaced. If any tires show abnormal wear, have them inspected by your SUZUKI dealer.
- Replacing the wheels and tires equipped on your vehicle with certain combinations of aftermarket wheels and tires can significantly change the steering and handling characteristics of your vehicle.
- Therefore, use only those wheel and tire combinations approved by SUZUKI as standard or optional equipment for your vehicle.

#### NOTICE

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

Replacing the original tires with tires of a different size may result in false speedometer or odometer readings. Check with your SUZUKI dealer before purchasing replacement tires that differ in size from the original tires.

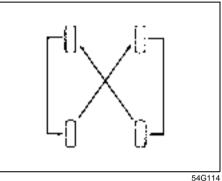
7-20

Brakes: 6

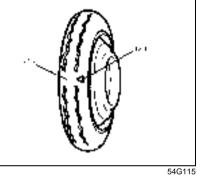
#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

Tire Rotation

4-tire rotation



To avoid uneven wear of your tires and to prolong their life, rotate the tires as illustrated. Tires should be rotated every 10000 km (6000 miles). After rotation, adjust front and rear tire pressures to the specification listed on your vehicle's Tire Information Label. Compact Spare Tire (if equipped)



(1) Wear indicator(2) Indicator location mark

Your vehicle comes equipped with the compact spare tire. The compact spare is designed to save space in your storage area, and its lighter weight makes it easier to install if a flat tire occurs. It is only intended for temporary emergency use, until the conventional tire can be repaired or replaced. The inflation pressure of the compact spare tire should be checked at least monthly. Use a quality pocket-type inflation pressure gauge and set at 420 kPa (60 psi). At the same time, check that the tire is stored securely. If it is not, tighten it.

Note that two or more compact spare tires should not be used on one vehicle simultaneously.

#### **WARNING**

The compact spare tire and wheel are intended for temporary emergency use only. Continuous use of this spare can result in tire failure and loss of control. Always observe these precautions when using this spare:

- Your vehicle will handle differently with this temporary spare.
- Do not exceed 80 km/h (50 mph) speed.
- Replace this spare with a standard tire and wheel as soon as possible.
- Use of this spare will reduce ground clearance.
- Recommended air pressure for this spare is 420 kPa (60 psi).
- Do not use tire chains on the compact spare. If you must use tire chains, rearrange the wheels so standard tires and wheels are fitted to the front axle.
- The compact spare tire has a much shorter tread life than the conventional tires on your vehicle. Replace the tire as soon as the tread wear indicator appears.
- When replacing the compact spare tire, use a replacement tire with the exact same size and construction.

7-21

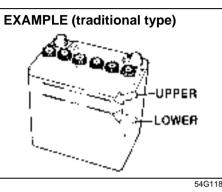
Brakes: 6 Steering: 6 Power Steering: 6

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### Battery

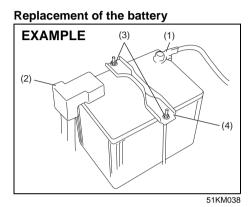
#### 

- Batteries produce flammable hydrogen gas. Keep flames and sparks away from the battery or an explosion may occur. Never smoke when working in the vicinity of the battery.
- When checking or servicing the battery, disconnect the negative cable. Be careful not to cause a short circuit by allowing metal objects to contact the battery posts and the vehicle at the same time.
- To avoid harm to yourself or damage to your vehicle or battery, follow the jump starting instructions in the "EMERGENCY SERVICE" section of this manual if it is necessary to jump start your vehicle.
- Diluted sulfuric acid spilled from battery can cause blindness or severe burns. Use proper eye protection and gloves. Flush eyes or body with ample water and get medical care immediately if suffered. Keep batteries out of the reach of children.



For maintenance-free battery (cap-less type), you need not add water. For traditional type battery, which has water filler caps, the level of the battery solution must be kept between the "UPPER" and the "LOWER" level lines at all times. If the level is found to be below the "LOWER" level line, add distilled water to the "UPPER" level line. You should periodically check the battery, battery terminals, and battery hold-down bracket for corrosion. Remove corrosion using a stiff brush and ammonia mixed with water, or baking soda mixed with water. After removing corrosion, rinse with clean water.

If your vehicle is not going to be driven for a month or longer, disconnect the cable from the negative terminal of the battery to help prevent discharge.



- To remove the battery:
- 1) Disconnect the negative cable (1).
- 2) Disconnect the positive cable (2).
- 3) Remove the retainer nuts (3) and remove the retainer (4).
- 4) Remove the battery.
- To install the battery:
- 1) Install the battery in the reverse order of removal.
- 2) Tighten the retainer nuts and battery cables securely.

#### NOTE:

When the battery is disconnected, some of the vehicle's function will be initialized and/ or deactivated.

These function are required to reset after the battery is reconnected.

7-22

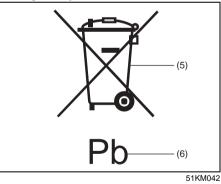
Clutch Pedal: 6 Tires: 6

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### **WARNING**

Batteries contain toxic substances including sulfuric acid and lead. They could have potential negative consequences for the environment and human health. Used battery must be disposed or recycled according to the local law and must not be discarded with ordinary household waste. Make sure not to tip over the battery when you remove it from the vehicle. Otherwise, sulfuric acid could run out and you might get injury.

(Battery label)



(5) Crossed-out wheeled bin symbol(6) Chemical symbol of "Pb"

The crossed-out wheeled bin symbol (5) located on the battery label indicates that used battery should be collected separately from ordinary household trash.

The chemical symbol of "Pb" (6) indicates the battery contains more than 0.004% lead.

By ensuring the used battery is disposed or recycled correctly, you will help prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate trash handling of the battery. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about disposing or recycling of the used battery, consult your SUZUKI dealer.

#### Fuses

Your vehicle has three types of fuses, as described below:

#### Main fuse

The main fuse takes current directly from the battery.

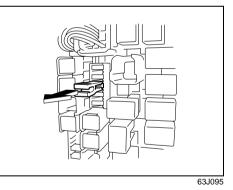
#### Primary fuses

These fuses are between the main fuse and individual fuses, and are for electrical load groups.

#### Individual fuses

These fuses are for individual electrical circuits.

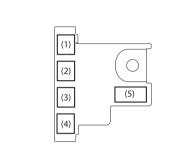
To remove a fuse, use the fuse puller provided in the fuse box.



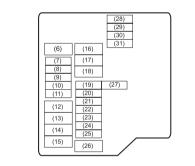
Tires: 6

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### **Fuses in the Engine Compartment**



68LMS0701



71LMS0701

MAIN	FUSE /	PRIMARY FUSE
(1)	80 A	FL5
(2)	50 A	FL4
(3)	100 A	FL3
(4)	100 A	FL2
(5)	100 A	FL1
(6)	50 A	Ignition switch -2
(7)	-	Blank
(8)	15 A	CVT relay
(9)	-	Blank
(10)	10 A	Air compressor
(11)	15 A	FI
(12)	-	Blank
(13)	60 A	Power steering
(14)	30 A	Radiator fan
(15)	-	Blank
(16)	30 A	Blower fan
(17)	30 A	Starting motor
(18)	40 A	ABS motor
(19)	30 A	Accessory
(20)	_	Blank
(21)	25 A	Head light

(22)	25 A	ABS control module
(23)	-	Blank
(24)	20 A	Front fog light
(25)	-	Blank
(26)	40 A	Ignition switch
(27)	7.5 A	Starting Signal
(28)	15 A	Headlight (Left)
(29)	15 A	Headlight (Right)
(30)	-	Blank
(31)	_	Blank

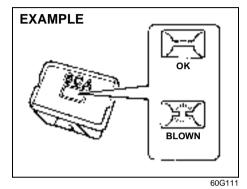
7-24

Tires: 6

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

The main fuse, primary fuses and some of the individual fuses are located in the engine compartment. If the main fuse blows, no electrical component will function. If a primary fuse blows, no electrical component in the corresponding load group will function. When replacing the main fuse, a primary fuse or an individual fuse, use a genuine SUZUKI replacement.

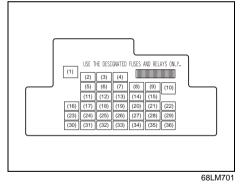
To remove a fuse, use the fuse puller provided in the fuse box. The amperage of each fuse is shown in the back of the fuse box cover.



Fuses under the Dash Board EXAMPLE Final Action of the Content o

#### WARNING

If the main fuse or a primary fuse blows, be sure to have your vehicle inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer. Always use a genuine SUZUKI replacement. Never use a substitute such as a wire even for a temporary repair, or extensive electrical damage and a fire can result.



NOTE:

Make sure that the fuse box always carries spare fuses.

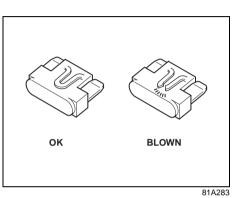
7-25

Tires: 6

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

PRIM	ARY FU	ISE
(1)	30 A	_
(2)	20 A	_
(3)	20 A	STL
(4)	20 A	Rear defogger
(5)	20 A	_
(6)	15 A	_
(7)	10 A	_
(8)	7.5 A	Starting Signal
(9)	15 A	Accessory socket
(10)	30 A	Power window
(11)	10 A	Hazard
(12)	7.5 A	BCM
(13)	15 A	Ignition coil
(14)	10 A	ABS control module
(15)	15 A	Accessory
(16)	10 A	-
(17)	15 A	Horn
(18)	10 A	Stop light
(19)	10 A	Air bag
(20)	10 A	Back-up light

(21)	15 A	Wiper / Washer
(22)	25 A	Front wiper
(23)	7.5 A	Dome light
(24)	١	Blank
(25)	7.5 A	-
(26)	Ι	Blank
(27)	7.5 A	Ignition-1 signal
(28)	15 A	-
(29)	10 A	-
(30)	15 A	Radio
(31)	10 A	Tail lamp
(32)	20 A	D/L
(33)	7.5 A	-
(34)	10 A	Meter
(35)	7.5 A	Ignition-2 signal
(36)	20 A	_
	<ul> <li>(22)</li> <li>(23)</li> <li>(24)</li> <li>(25)</li> <li>(26)</li> <li>(27)</li> <li>(28)</li> <li>(29)</li> <li>(30)</li> <li>(31)</li> <li>(32)</li> <li>(33)</li> <li>(34)</li> <li>(35)</li> </ul>	(22)       25 A         (23)       7.5 A         (24)       -         (25)       7.5 A         (26)       -         (27)       7.5 A         (28)       15 A         (29)       10 A         (30)       15 A         (31)       10 A         (32)       20 A         (33)       7.5 A         (34)       10 A         (35)       7.5 A



#### **WARNING**

Always be sure to replace a blown fuse with a fuse of the correct amperage. Never use a substitute such as aluminum foil or wire to replace a blown fuse. If you replace a fuse and the new one blows in a short period of time, you may have a major electrical problem. Have your vehicle inspected immediately by your SUZUKI dealer.

7-26

Battery: 9 Fuses: 7

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### Headlight Aiming

Since special procedures are required, we recommend you take your vehicle to your SUZUKI dealer for headlight alignment.

#### **Bulb Replacement**

#### 

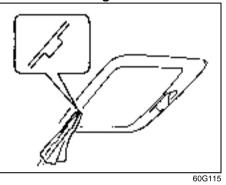
- Light bulbs can be hot enough to burn your finger right after being turned off. This is true especially for halogen headlight bulbs. Replace the bulbs after they become cool enough.
- The headlight bulbs are filled with pressurized halogen gas. They can burst and injure you if they are hit or dropped. Handle them carefully.

#### NOTICE

The oils from your skin may cause a halogen bulb to overheat and burst when the lights are on. Grasp a new bulb with a clean cloth.

#### NOTICE

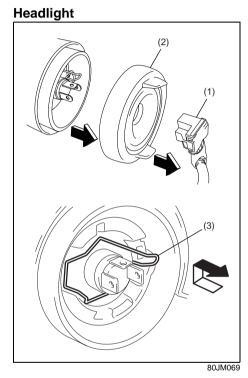
Frequent replacement of a bulb indicates the need for an inspection of the electrical system. This should be carried out by your SUZUKI dealer. **Center Interior Light** 



Pull down the lens by using a flat blade screwdriver covered with a soft cloth as shown. To install it, simply push it back in. The bulb can be removed by simply pulling it out. When replacing the bulb, make sure that the contact springs are holding the bulb securely.

Fuses: 7

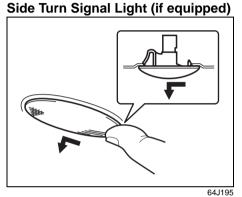
#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



(3) (3) (68LM713

#### NOTE:

You can see the position of retaining spring (3) from the hole of headlight.



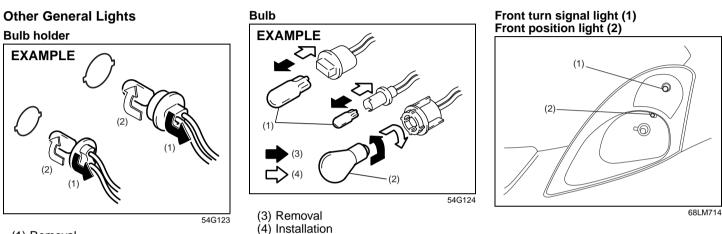
As the bulb is built-in type, the light assembly must be replaced. Remove the light assembly by sliding the light housing leftward with your finger.

Open the engine food. Disconnect the coupler (1). Remove the sealing rubber (2). Push the retaining spring (3) forward and unhook it. Then remove the bulb. Install a new bulb in the reverse order of removal.

7-28

Fuses: 7

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



There are two types of bulb, "Full glass type" (1) and "Glass/metal type" (2).

To remove and install a full glass type bulb (1), simply pull out or push in the bulb.

To remove a glass metal type bulb (2) from a bulb holder, push in the bulb and turn it counterclockwise. To install a new bulb,

You can access the individual bulb or bulb

push it in and turn it clockwise.

holders as follows.

(1) Removal(2) Installation

To remove a bulb holder from a light housing, turn the holder counterclockwise and pull it out. To install the holder, push the holder in and turn it clockwise.

58MS0-14E

7-29

Fuses: 7 Bulb Replacement: 7

# ped) Turn the steering side of the replacted the bulb easily. ne. EXAMPLE (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (2) (2)

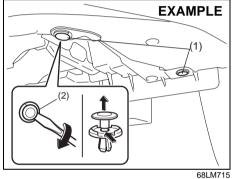
 Open the fender cover. Disconnect the coupler with pushing the lock release. Turn the bulb holder counterclockwise and remove it. (2) 68LM704 emove the screw (1). Remove the combi-

**INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE** 

Remove the screw (1). Remove the combination light (2) by pulling it outside.

#### Front fog light (if equipped)

 Start the engine. Turn the steering wheel to the opposite side of the replacing fog light to replace the bulb easily. Then turn off the engine.

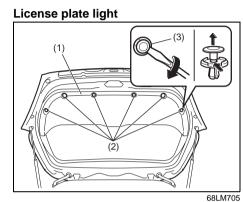


 Insert a flat blade screwdriver into the hole (2) and remove the clips (1) by twist the driver as shown in the illustration.



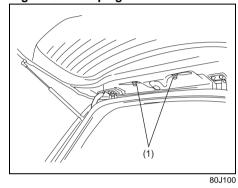
**Bulb Replacement: 7** 

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



To open the trim (1), insert a flat blade screwdriver into the hole (3) and remove the clips (2) by twist the driver as shown in the illustration.

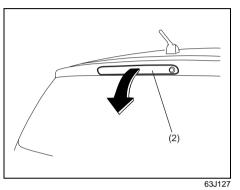
High-mount stop light



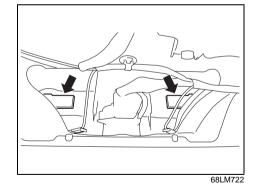
To remove a high-mount stop light housing the following procedure:

Open the tailgate, and remove the nuts

 as shown in the illustration.



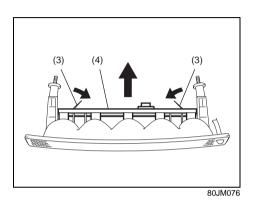
2) Close the tailgate. Remove a highmount stop light housing (2) from the tailgate.



7-31

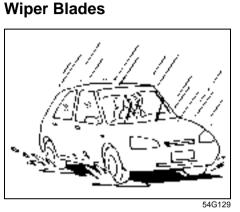
**Bulb Replacement: 7** 

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



- 3) Pushing the unguiform prongs (3) toward inside and remove the bulb holder (4).
- 4) Replace the bulbs.

To install a high-mount stop light housing in the reverse order of removal.



If the wiper blades become brittle or damaged, or make streaks when wiping, replace the wiper blades.

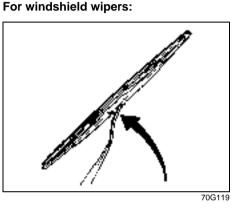
To install new wiper blades, follow the procedures below.

#### NOTICE

To avoid scratching or breaking the window, do not let the wiper arm strike the window while replacing the wiper blade.

#### NOTE:

Some wiper blades may be different from the ones described here depending on vehicle specifications. If so, consult your SUZUKI dealer for proper replacement method.



1) Hold the wiper arm away from the window.

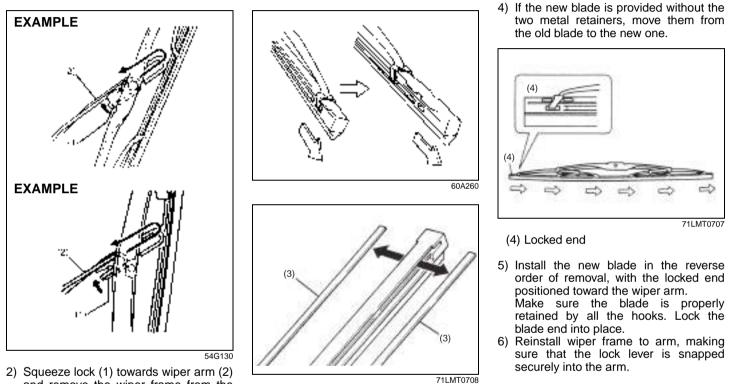
#### NOTE:

When raising both of the front wiper arms, pull the driver's side wiper arm up first. When returning the wiper arms, lower the passenger's side wiper arm first. Otherwise, the wiper arms may interfere with each other.

7-32

**Bulb Replacement: 7** 

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

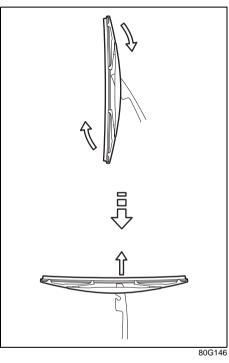


- Squeeze lock (1) towards wiper arm (2) and remove the wiper frame from the arm as shown.
- 3) Unlock the lock end of the wiper blade and slide the blade out as shown.

7-33

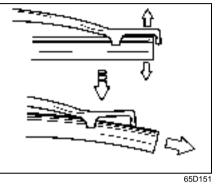
(3) Retainer

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**



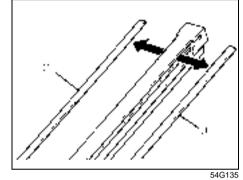
For rear wipers:

- 1) Hold the wiper arm away from the window.
- 2) Remove the wiper frame from the arm as shown.
- 3) Slide the blade out as shown.



#### NOTE:

Do not flex the wiper blade frame end more than necessary. If you do, it can break off.



(1) Retainer

- 4) If the new blade is provided without the two metal retainers, move them from the old blade to the new one.
- 5) Install the new blade in the reverse order of removal.

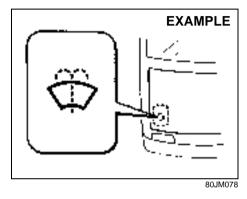
Make sure the blade is properly retained by all the hooks.6) Reinstall wiper frame to arm in the

reverse order of removal.

7-34

#### **INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE**

#### Windshield Washer Fluid



#### Air Conditioning System

If you do not use the air conditioner for a long period, such as during winter, it may not give the best performance when you start using it again. To help maintain optimum performance and durability of your air conditioner, it needs to be run periodically. Operate the air conditioner at least once a month for one minute with the engine idling. This circulates the refrigerant and oil and helps protect the internal components.

Check that there is washer fluid in the tank. Refill it if necessary. Use a good quality windshield washer fluid, diluted with water as necessary.

#### **WARNING**

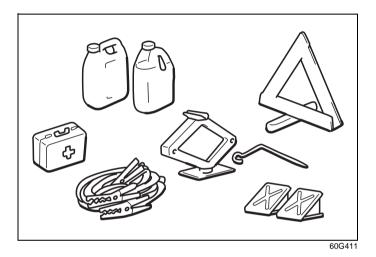
Do not use "anti-freeze" solution in the windshield washer reservoir. This can severely impair visibility when sprayed on the windshield, and also damage your vehicle's paint.

#### NOTICE

Damage may result if the washer motor is operated with no fluid in the washer tank.



#### EMERGENCY SERVICE



# **EMERGENCY SERVICE**

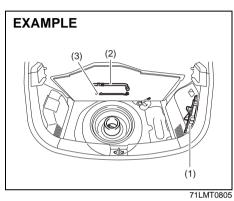
Tire Changing Tool	8-1
Jacking Instructions	8-2
Flat Tire Repair Kit (if equipped)	8-6
Jump Starting Instructions	8-9
Towing	8-10
If the Starter Does Not Operate	8-11
If the Engine is Flooded	8-11
If the Engine Overheats	8-11



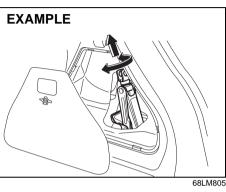
**Jacking Instructions: 5** 

#### EMERGENCY SERVICE

#### **Tire Changing Tool**



The jack (1), wheel brace (2), and jack handle (3) are stowed in the luggage compartment.



To remove the jack, turn its shaft counterclockwise and pull the jack out of the storage bracket.

To stow the jack, place it in the storage bracket and turn the shaft clockwise until the jack is securely held in place.

#### **WARNING**

After using the tire changing tools, be sure to stow them securely or they can cause injury if an accident occurs.

#### **A** CAUTION

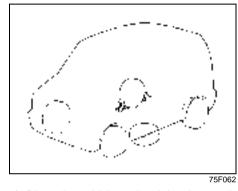
The jack should be used only to change wheels. It is important to read the jacking instructions in this section before attempting to use the jack.

8-1

**Jacking Instructions: 5** 

#### **EMERGENCY SERVICE**

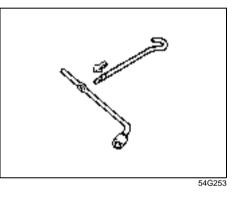
#### Jacking Instructions



 Place the vehicle on level, hard ground.
 Set the parking brake firmly and shift into "P" (Park) if your vehicle has a CVT, or shift into "R" (Reverse) if your vehicle has a manual transaxle.

#### A WARNING

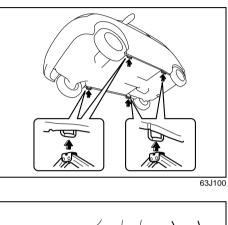
- Be sure to shift into "P" (Park) for a CVT vehicle, or into "R" (Reverse) for a manual transaxle vehicle when you jack up the vehicle.
- Never jack up the vehicle with the transaxle in "N" (Neutral). Otherwise, unstable jack may cause an accident.
- 3) Turn on the hazard warning flasher if your vehicle is near traffic.
- Block the front and rear of the wheel diagonally opposite of the wheel being lifted.
- 5) Place the spare wheel near the wheel being lifted as shown in the illustration in case that the jack slips.

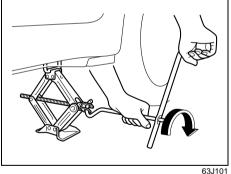




**Jacking Instructions: 5** 

#### **EMERGENCY SERVICE**





6) Position the jack at an angle as shown in the illustration and raise the jack by turning the jack handle clockwise until the jack-head groove fits around the jacking bar beneath the vehicle body. 7) Continue to raise the jack slowly and smoothly until the tire clears the ground. Do not raise the vehicle more than necessary.

#### A WARNING

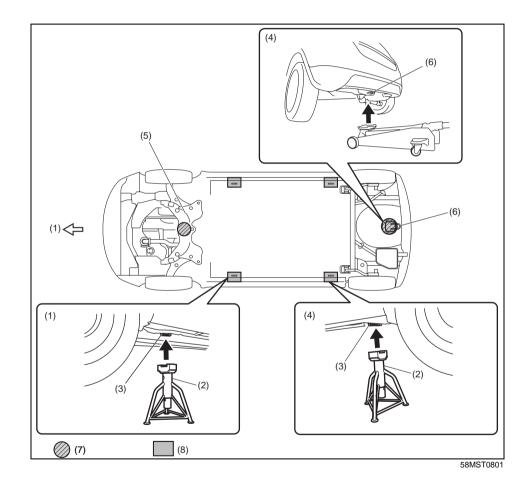
- Use the jack only to change wheels on level, hard ground.
- Never jack up the vehicle on an inclined surface.
- Never raise the vehicle with the jack in a location other than the specified jacking point (shown in the illustration) near the wheel to be changed.
- Make sure that the jack is raised at least 51 mm (2 inches) before it contacts the flange. Use of the jack when it is within 51 mm (2 inches) of being fully collapsed may result in failure of the jack.
- No person should place any portion of their body under a vehicle that is supported by a jack.
- Never run the engine when the vehicle is supported by the jack and never allow passengers to remain in the vehicle.

#### To Raise the Vehicle with a Garage Jack

- Apply the garage jack to one of the points indicated below.
- Always support the raised vehicle with jack stands (commercially available) at the points indicated below.

**Jacking Instructions: 5** Jump Starting Instructions: 9, 10

#### **EMERGENCY SERVICE**



- (1) Front
- (2) Jack stand
- (3) Jacking point for onboard jack(4) Rear

(4) Rear
(5) Front suspension frame
(6) Frame hook
(7) Jacking point for garage jack
(8) Application point for two-column lift and jack stand

#### NOTICE

Never apply a garage jack to the exhaust pipe or engine undercover and rear torsion beam.

NOTE:

For more details, please contact an authorized SUZUKI dealer.

8-4

Jump Starting Instructions: 9, 10 Towing: 6

#### EMERGENCY SERVICE

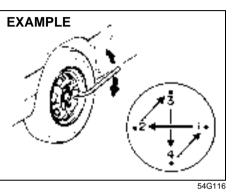
#### **Changing Wheels**

To change a wheel, use the following procedure:

- 1) Remove the jack, tools and spare wheel from the vehicle.
- 2) Loosen, but do not remove the wheel nuts.
- Jack up the vehicle (follow the jacking instructions in this section).

#### WARNING

- Be sure to shift into "P" (Park) in CVT, or shift into "R" (Reverse) in manual transaxle when you jack up the vehicle.
- Never jack up the vehicle with the transaxle in "N" (Neutral). Otherwise, unstable jack may cause an accident.
- 4) Remove the wheel nuts and wheel.
- 5) Before installing the new wheel, clean any mud or dirt off from the surface of the wheel and hub with a clean cloth. Clean the hub carefully; it may be hot from driving.
- 6) Install the new wheel and replace the wheel nuts with their cone shaped end facing the wheel. Tighten each nuts snugly by hand until the wheel is securely seated on the hub.

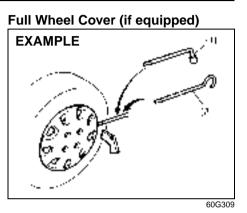


Tightening torque for wheel nuts 85 Nm (8.5 kg-m, 61.5 lb-ft)

7) Lower the jack and fully tighten the nuts in a crisscross fashion with a wrench as shown in the illustration.

#### 

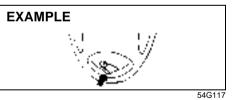
Use genuine wheel nuts and tighten them to the specified torque as soon as possible after changing wheels. Incorrect wheel nuts or improperly tightened wheel nuts may come loose or fall off, which can result in an accident. If you do not have a torque wrench, have the wheel nuts torque checked by an authorized SUZUKI dealer.



#### (1) or (2) Flat end tool

Your vehicle includes two tools, a wheel brace and a jack crank, one of which has a flat end.

Use the tool with the flat end to remove the full wheel cap, as shown above.



When installing the cover, make sure that it is positioned so that it does not cover or foul the air valve.

# Flat Tire Repair Kit (if equipped)

The flat tire repair kit is stowed in the 1st luggage under-box immediately under the trunk floorboard.

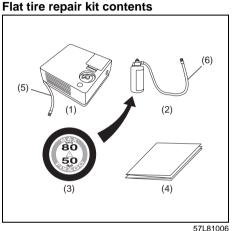
Take a moment to read the attached instruction manual.

#### IMPORTANT

The Flat Tire Repair Kit cannot be used in the following cases. Consult a SUZUKI Dealer or a Roadside Assistance Service.

- Cuts or piercing in the tire tread larger than approx. 4 mm.
- Cuts in the tire side wall.
- Tire damage caused by driving with considerably reduced tire pressure or even with deflated tire.
- The tire bead completely unseated outside of the rim.
- The rim damaged.

Small punctures in the tire tread, caused by a nail or a screw, can be sealed with the Flat Tire Repair Kit. Do not remove nails or screws from the tire during an emergency repair.



- (1) Air compressor
- (2) Sealant bottle
- (3) Speed restriction sticker (with sealant bottle)
- (4) Instruction manual
- (5) Air hose
- (6) Filler hose

#### 

Flat tire repair kit sealant is harmful if swallowed, or it comes in contact with skin or eyes. If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Give plenty of water (if possible charcoal slurry) and seek medical attention immediately. If sealant gets in eyes, flush eyes with water and seek medical attention. Wash thoroughly after handling. Solution can be poisonous to animals. Keep out of the reach of children and animals.

#### NOTICE

Be sure to replace the sealant before expiry date indicated on the label of the sealant bottle. To purchase new sealant, see your SUZUKI dealer.



#### EMERGENCY SERVICE

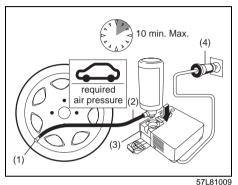
# How to Perform an Emergency Repair

 Place the vehicle on level, hard ground. Set the parking brake firmly and shift into "P" (Park) if your vehicle has a CVT, or shift into "R" (Reverse) if your vehicle has a manual transaxle.

Turn on the hazard warning flasher if your vehicle is near traffic.

Block the front and rear of the wheel diagonally opposite of the wheel being repaired.

- 2) Take out the sealant bottle and the compressor.
- At the top of the compressor, open the lid that covers the socket for the sealant bottle, then fit the bottle into the socket.
- 4) Unscrew the valve cap from the tire valve.
- 5) Connect the filler hose of the sealant bottle to the tire valve.
- Connect the power plug of the compressor to the accessory socket. Start the engine. Switch on the compressor. Inflate the tire to the required air pressure.



(1) Tire valve(2) Filler hose(3) Compressor

(4) Power plug

NOTICE

Do not operate the compressor for longer than 10 minutes. It can cause overheating of the compressor.

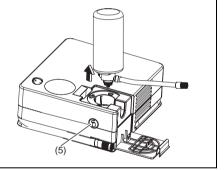
If the air pressure cannot be reached 130 kPa (1.3 bar) within 7 minutes, lift the tire up using a jack and rotate the tire three times or more to spread the sealant over the entire tire. Then, inflate the tire again.

If the required air pressure still cannot be reached, the tire may be severely damaged. In this case, the Flat Tire Repair Kit cannot provide the necessary seal. Consult a SUZUKI Dealer or a Roadside Assistance Service.

#### NOTE:

If over inflated, deflate air by loosening the screw of the filler hose.

- Switch off the compressor. Pull out the power plug from the accessory socket.
- Disconnect the filler hose of the sealant bottle from the tire valve.
- 9) Push the release button on side and detach the sealant bottle.



- 58MST0802
- (5) Release button

10)Affix the speed restriction label from the bottom of the sealant bottle in the driver's field of view.

- 11)Make a short drive immediately after inflating to the required air pressure. Drive carefully with a maximum speed of 80 km/h (50 mph).
- 12)Carry on driving carefully to the nearest SUZUKI Dealer or a tire repair shop.

#### 

Do not affix the speed restriction label to the air bag. Also do not affix it to the warning light indicator or to the speedometer.

13)After 10 minutes or 5 km (3 mile) running, check the tire pressure with the pressure gauge of the compressor. If the air pressure is indicated more than 130 kPa (1.3 bar), the emergency repair is completed. But, if the air pressure is indicated less than the required air pressure, correct the tire pressure to the required air pressure. If the tire pressure has dropped below 130 kPa (1.3 bar), the Flat Tire Repair Kit cannot provide the necessary seal. Do not drive on and consult a SUZUKI Dealer or a Roadside Assistance Service.

#### WARNING

Be sure to check the tire pressure and confirm the completion of the emergency repair after 10 minutes or 5 km (3 mile) of running.

#### NOTICE

Have the tire renewed at the nearest SUZUKI Dealer. When repair to reuse the sealed tire, consult a tire repair shop.

The wheel can be reused after wiping sealant off completely with cloth in order not to rust, but the tire valve must be renewed.

Dispose of the sealant bottle at a SUZUKI dealer or in accordance with your regional codes and practices. After using the sealant bottle, replace it with a new bottle from your SUZUKI

dealer.

# How to Use the Kit's Compressor to Inflate a Tire

- 1) Place the vehicle on level, hard ground. Set the parking brake firmly and shift into "P" (Park) if your vehicle has a CVT, or shift into "R" (Reverse) if your vehicle has a manual transaxle.
- 2) Take out the compressor.
- 3) Unscrew the valve cap from the tire valve.
- Connect the air hose of the compressor to the tire valve.
- 5) Connect the power plug of the compressor to the accessory socket. Start the engine. Switch on the compressor. Inflate the tire to the required air pressure.

#### NOTICE

Do not operate the compressor for longer than 10 minutes. It can cause overheating of the compressor.

8-8

#### **Jump Starting Instructions**

#### **WARNING**

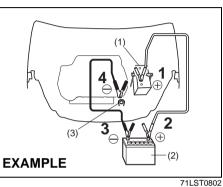
- Never attempt to jump start your vehicle if the battery appears to be frozen. Batteries in this condition may explode or rupture if jump starting is attempted.
- When making jump lead connections, be certain that your hands and the jump leads remain clear from pulleys, belts, or fans.
- Batteries produce flammable hydrogen gas. Keep flames and sparks away from the battery or an explosion may occur. Never smoke when working in the vicinity of the battery.
- If the booster battery you use for jump starting is installed in another vehicle, make sure the two vehicles are not touching each other.
- If your battery discharges repeatedly, for no apparent reason, have your vehicle inspected by an authorized SUZUKI dealer.
- To avoid harm to yourself or damage to your vehicle or battery, follow the jump starting instructions below precisely and in order.
   If you are in doubt, call for qualified road service.

#### NOTICE

Your vehicle should not be started by pushing or towing. This starting method could result in permanent damage to the catalytic converter. Use jump leads to start a vehicle with a weak or flat battery.

# When Jump Starting Your Vehicle, Use the Following Procedure:

- Use only a 12-volt battery to jump start your vehicle. Position the good 12-volt battery close to your vehicle so that the jump leads will reach both batteries. When using a battery installed on another vehicle, DO NOT LET THE VEHICLES TOUCH. Set the parking brakes fully on both vehicles.
- Turn off all vehicle accessories, except those necessary for safety reasons (for example, headlights or hazard lights).



#### 3) Make jump lead connections as follows:

- 1. Connect one end of the first jump lead to the positive (+) terminal of the flat battery (1).
- Connect the other end to the positive (+) terminal of the booster battery (2).
- Connect one end of the second jump lead to the negative (-) terminal of the booster battery (2).
- 4. Make the final connection to an unpainted, heavy metal part (i.e. engine hook (3)) of the engine of the vehicle with the flat battery (1).

#### 

Never connect the jump lead directly to the negative (–) terminal of the discharged battery, or an explosion may occur.

- 4) If the booster battery you are using is fitted to another vehicle, start the engine of the vehicle with the booster battery. Run the engine at moderate speed.
- 5) Start the engine of the vehicle with the flat battery.
- 6) Remove the jump leads in the exact reverse order in which you connected them.

#### Towing

If you need to have your vehicle towed, contact a professional service. Your dealer can provide you with detailed towing instructions.

#### NOTICE

To help avoid damage to your vehicle during towing, proper equipment and towing procedures must be used.

#### 2-Wheel Drive (2WD) CVT

CVT vehicles may be towed using either of the following methods.

- From the front, with the front wheels lifted and the rear wheels on the ground. Before towing, make sure that the parking brake is released.
- 2) From the rear, with the rear wheels lifted and a dolly under the front wheels.

#### NOTICE

Towing your vehicle with the front wheels on the ground can result in damage to the CVT.

#### 2-Wheel Drive (2WD) Manual Transaxle

Manual transaxle vehicles may be towed using either of the following methods.

- From the front, with the front wheels lifted and the rear wheels on the ground. Before towing, make sure that the parking brake is released.
- 2) From the rear, with the rear wheels lifted and the front wheels on the ground, provided the steering and drivetrain are in operational condition. Before towing, make sure that transaxle is in neutral, the steering wheel is unlocked (vehicle without keyless push start system the ignition key should be in the "ACC" position) (vehicle with keyless push start system the ignition mode is "ACC"), and the steering wheel is secured with a clamping device designed for towing service.

#### NOTICE

The steering column is not strong enough to withstand shocks transmitted from the front wheels during towing. Always unlock the steering wheel before towing.

#### If the Starter Does Not Operate

- Try turning the ignition switch to the "START" position or try pressing the engine switch to change the ignition mode to "START" with the headlights turned on to determine the battery condition. If the headlights go excessively dim or go off, it usually means that either the battery is flat or the battery terminal contact is poor. Recharge the battery or correct battery terminal contact as necessary.
- 2) If the headlights remain bright, check the fuses. If the reason for failure of the starter is not obvious, there may be a major electrical problem. Have the vehicle inspected by your authorized SUZUKI dealer.

#### If the Engine is Flooded

(Vehicle without Keyless Push Start System) If the engine is flooded with gasoline, it may be hard to start. If this happens, press the accelerator pedal all the way to the floor and hold it there while cranking the

engine. (Do not operate the starter motor for more than 15 seconds).

#### (Vehicle with Keyless Push Start System)

If the engine is flooded with gasoline, it may be hard to start. If this happens, press the accelerator pedal all the way to the floor and hold it there while cranking the engine. (Do not operate the starter motor for more than 12 seconds).

#### NOTE:

If the engine refuses to start, the starter motor automatically stops after a certain period of time. After the starter motor has automatically stopped or there is anything abnormal in the engine starting system, the starter motor runs only while the engine switch is held pressed.

#### If the Engine Overheats

The engine could overheat temporarily under severe driving conditions. If the engine coolant temperature gauge indicates overheating during driving:

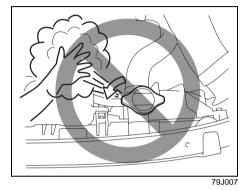
- 1) Turn off the air conditioner, if equipped.
- Take the vehicle to a safe place and park.
- Let the engine run at the normal idle speed for a few minutes until the indicator is within the normal, acceptable temperature range between "H" and "C".

#### **WARNING**

If you see or hear escaping steam, stop the vehicle in a safe place and immediately turn off the engine to let it cool. Do not open the hood when steam is present. When the steam can no longer be seen or heard, open the hood to see if the coolant is still boiling. If it is, you must wait until it stops boiling before you proceed.

If the temperature indication does not come down to within the normal, acceptable range:

- Turn off the engine and check that the water pump belt and pulleys are not damaged or slipping. If any abnormality is found, correct it.
- 2) Check the coolant level in the reservoir. If it is found to be lower than the "LOW" line, look for leaks at the radiator, water pump, and radiator and heater hoses. If you locate any leaks that may have caused the overheating, do not run the engine until these problems have been corrected.
- If you do not find a leak, carefully add coolant to the reservoir and then the radiator, if necessary. (Refer to "Engine Coolant" in the "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section.)



#### WARNING

- It is hazardous to remove the radiator cap when the water temperature is high, because scalding fluid and steam may be blown out under pressure. The cap should only be taken off when the coolant temperature has lowered.
- To help prevent personal injury, keep hands, tools and clothing away from the engine cooling fan and air-conditioner fan (if equipped). These electric fans can automatically turn on without warning.

8-12

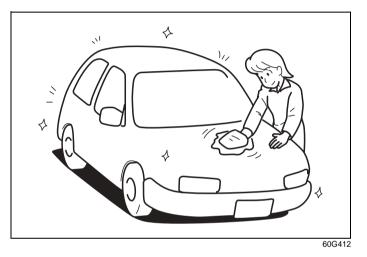
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MEMO		
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#### APPEARANCE CARE

# APPEARANCE CARE

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Vehicle Cleaning9-	·2



#### 58MS0-14E

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**Corrosion Prevention: 5** 

### APPEARANCE CARE

### **Corrosion Prevention**

It is important to take good care of your vehicle to protect it from corrosion. Listed below are instructions for how to maintain your vehicle to prevent corrosion. Please read and follow these instructions carefully.

#### Important Information About Corrosion

#### Common causes of corrosion

- Accumulation of road salt, dirt, moisture, or chemicals in hard-to-reach areas of the vehicle underbody or frame.
- Chipping, scratches and any damage to treated or painted metal surfaces resulting from minor accidents or abrasion by stones and gravel.

# Environmental conditions which accelerate corrosion

- 1) Road salt, dust control chemicals, sea air or industrial pollution will all accelerate the corrosion of metal.
- High humidity will increase the rate of corrosion particularly when the temperature range is just above the freezing point.
- Moisture in certain areas of a vehicle for an extended period of time may promote corrosion even though other body sections may be completely dry.
- High temperatures will cause an accelerated rate of corrosion to parts of the

vehicle which are not well ventilated to permit quick drying.

This information illustrates the necessity of keeping your vehicle (particularly the underbody) as clean and dry as possible. It is equally important to repair any damage to the paint or protective coatings as soon as possible.

#### How to Help Prevent Corrosion

#### Wash your vehicle frequently

The best way to preserve the finish on your vehicle and to help avoid corrosion is to keep it clean with frequent washing. Wash your vehicle at least once during the winter and once immediately after the winter. Keep your vehicle, particularly the underside, as clean and dry as possible. If you frequently drive on salted roads, your vehicle should be washed at least once a month during the winter. If you live near the ocean, your vehicle should be washed at least once a month throughout the year.

For washing instructions, refer to the "Vehicle Cleaning" section.

#### Remove foreign material deposits

Foreign material such as salts, chemicals, road oil or tar, tree sap, bird droppings and industrial fall-out may damage the finish of your vehicle if it is left on painted surfaces. Remove these types of deposits as quickly as possible. If these deposits are difficult to wash off, an additional cleaner may be required. Be sure that any cleaner you use is not harmful to painted surfaces and is specifically intended for your purposes. Follow the manufacturer's directions when using these special cleaners.

#### Repair finish damage

Carefully examine your vehicle for damage to the painted surfaces. Should you find any chips or scratches in the paint, touch them up immediately to prevent corrosion from starting. If the chips or scratches have gone through to the bare metal, have a qualified body shop make the repair.

#### Keep passenger and luggage compartments clean

Moisture, dirt or mud can accumulate under the floor mats and may cause corrosion. Occasionally, check under these mats to ensure that this area is clean and dry. More frequent checks are necessary if the vehicle is used off road or in wet weather.

Certain cargos such as chemicals, fertilizers, cleaners, salts, etc. are extremely corrosive by nature. These products should be transported in sealed containers. If a spill or leak does occur, clean and dry the area immediately.

### Corrosion Prevention: 5 Vehicle Cleaning: 5

### APPEARANCE CARE

#### Store your vehicle in a dry, well-ventilated area

Do not park your vehicle in a damp, poorly ventilated area. If you often wash your vehicle in the garage or if you frequently drive it in when wet, your garage may be damp. The high humidity in the garage may cause or accelerate corrosion. A wet vehicle may corrode even in a heated garage if the ventilation is poor.

### WARNING

Do not apply additional undercoating or rust preventive coating on or around exhaust system components such as the catalytic converter, exhaust pipes, etc. A fire could be started if the undercoating substance becomes overheated.

### Vehicle Cleaning



### A WARNING

When cleaning the interior or exterior of the vehicle, NEVER USE flammable solvents such as lacquer thinners, gasoline, benzene or cleaning materials such as bleaches or strong household detergents. The materials could cause personal injury or damage to the vehicle.

#### **Cleaning the Interior**

#### Vinyl upholstery

Prepare a solution of soap or mild detergent mixed with warm water. Apply the solution to the vinyl with a sponge or soft cloth and let it soak for a few minutes to loosen dirt.

Rub the surface with a clean, damp cloth to remove dirt and the soap solution. If some dirt still remains on the surface, repeat this procedure.

#### Fabric upholstery

Remove loose dirt with a vacuum cleaner. Using a mild soap solution, rub stained areas with a clean damp cloth. To remove soap, rub the areas again with a cloth dampened with water. Repeat this until the stain is removed, or use a commercial fabric cleaner for tougher stains. If you use a fabric cleaner, carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions and precautions.



Vehicle Cleaning: 5

#### **APPEARANCE CARE**

#### Seat belts

Clean seat belts with a mild soap and water. Do not use bleach or dye on the belts. They may weaken the fabric in the belts.

#### Vinyl floor mats

Ordinary dirt can be removed from vinyl with water or mild soap. Use a brush to help loosen dirt. After the dirt is loosened, rinse the mat thoroughly with water and dry it in the shade.

#### Carpets

Remove dirt and soil as much as possible with a vacuum cleaner. Using a mild soap solution, rub stained areas with a clean damp cloth. To remove soap, rub the areas again with a cloth dampened with water. Repeat this until the stain is removed, or use a commercial carpet cleaner for tougher stains. If you use a carpet cleaner, carefully follow the manufacturer's instructions and precautions.

# Instrument panel and console *NOTE:*

Wipe up spills containing chemicals, alcohol, etc., immediately with a soft, damp cloth. Use a mild soap solution if necessary. Do not use cleaners or polishes containing strong solvents or acidic solutions. These chemicals may stain and discolor the instrument panel and console.

#### **Cleaning the Exterior**

It is important that your vehicle be kept clean and free from dirt. Failure to keep your vehicle clean may result in fading of the paint or corrosion to various parts of the vehicle body.

NOTICE

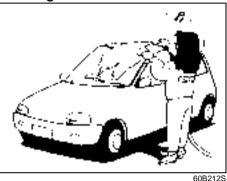
# Caring for Aluminum Wheels NOTE:

- Do not use an acidic or alkaline detergent to wash aluminum wheels. These types of detergent will cause permanent spots, discoloration and cracks on finished surfaces.
- Do not use a bristle brush and soap containing an abrasive material. These will damage finished surfaces.

Vehicle Cleaning: 5

#### APPEARANCE CARE

#### Washing



#### **WARNING**

- Never attempt to wash and wax your vehicle with the engine running.
- When cleaning the underside of the body and fender, where there may be sharp-edged parts, you should wear gloves and a long-sleeved shirt to protect your hands and arms from being cut.
- After washing your vehicle, carefully test the brakes before driving to make sure they have maintained their normal effectiveness.

When washing the vehicle, park it where direct sunlight does not fall on it and follow the instructions below:

1) Flush the underside of body and wheel housings with pressurized water to remove mud and debris. Use plenty of water.

#### NOTICE

When washing the vehicle:

- Avoid directing steam or hot water of more than 80°C (176°F) on plastic parts.
- To avoid damaging engine components, do not use pressurized water in the engine compartment.
- 2) Rinse the body to loosen the dirt. Remove dirt and mud from the body exterior with running water. You may use a soft sponge or brush. Do not use hard materials which can scratch the paint or plastic. Remember that the headlight covers or lenses are made of plastic in many cases.

#### NOTICE

To avoid damage to the paint or plastic surface, do not wipe the dirt off without ample water. Be sure to follow above procedure.

3) Wash the entire exterior with a mild detergent or car wash soap using a

sponge or soft cloth. The sponge or cloth should be frequently soaked in the soap solution.

#### NOTICE

When using a commercial car wash product, observe the cautions specified by the manufacturer. Never use strong household detergents or soaps.

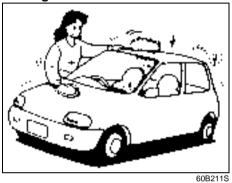
- Once the dirt has been completely removed, rinse off the detergent with running water.
- 5) After rinsing, wipe off the vehicle body with a wet chamois or cloth and allow it to dry in the shade.
- Check carefully for damage to painted surfaces. If there is any damage, "touch-up" the damage following the procedure below:
  - 1. Clean all damaged spots and allow them to dry.
  - 2. Stir the paint and "touch-up" the damaged spots lightly using a small brush.
  - 3. Allow the paint to dry completely.

### NOTICE

If you use an automatic car wash, make sure that your vehicle's body parts, such as spoilers, cannot be damaged. If you are in doubt, consult the car wash operator for advice.

### **APPEARANCE CARE**

Waxing



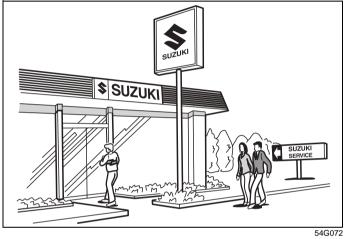
After washing the vehicle, waxing and polishing are recommended to further protect and beautify the paint.

- Only use waxes and polishes of good quality.
- When using waxes and polishes, observe the precautions specified by the manufacturers.

## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

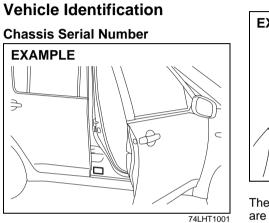
Vehicle Identification ......10-1

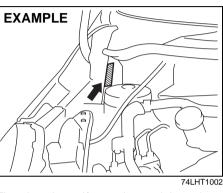


10

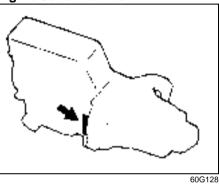
Vehicle Identification: 2, 5

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**





The chassis and/or engine serial numbers are used to register the vehicle. They are also used to assist your dealer when ordering or referring to special service information. Whenever you have occasion to consult your SUZUKI dealer, remember to identify your vehicle with this number. Should you find the number difficult to read, you will also find it on the identification plate. **Engine Serial Number** 



The engine serial number is stamped on the cylinder block as shown in the illustration.

10-1

Specifications: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11

### **SPECIFICATIONS**

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

NOTE:

Specifications are subject to change with-out notice. M/T: Manual transaxle

CVT: Continuously variable transaxle

ITEM: Dimensions			UNIT	: mm (in.)
Overall length			3850 (151.6)	
Overall width			1695 (66.7)	
Overall height			1510 (59.4)	
Wheelbase			2430 (95.7)	
Track	Front	175 tire	1490 (58.7)	
		185 tire	1480 (58.3)	
	Beer	175 tire	1495 (58.9)	
	Rear	185 tire	1485 (58.5)	
Ground clearance		·	140 (5.5)	

ITEM: Mass (weight)		UNIT: kg (lbs)		
Curb mass (weight)		M/T	945 - 950 (2083 - 2094)	
		CVT	965 - 975 (2127 - 2150)	11
Gross vehicle mass (weight) rating			1480 (3263)	
Gross axle mass (weight) rating Front		800 (1764)		
	Rear		800 (1764)	

Specifications: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11

## SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM: Engine		
Туре	K12B (DOHC)	
Number of cylinders	4	
Bore	73.0 mm (2.87 in.)	
Stroke	74.2 mm (2.92 in.)	
Piston displacement	1242 cm <sup>3</sup> (1242 cc, 75.8 cu.in)	
Compression ratio	11.0 : 1	

ITEM: Electrical	
Standard spark plug	NGK KR6A-10 NGK IKR6G11
Battery	12V 46B24L
Fuses	See "INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE" section.

Specifications: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11

## SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM: Lights Headlight		WATTAGE           12V 60/55W	BULB No. H4	
Turn signal light	Front	12V 21W	PY21W	
	Rear	12V 21W	PY21W	
Side turn signal light (on fender)		12V 5W	WY5W	
Side turn signal light (on outside rearview mirror)		LED	_	
Position light		12V 5W	W5W	
Tail/brake light		12V 5/21W	P21/5W	
License plate light		12V 5W	W5W	
Reversing light		12V 21W	P21W	
Interior light		12V 10W	-	
Spot light		12V 5W	-	
Front fog light		12V 55W	H11	
High mount stop light		12V 5W	W5W	

11-3

Specifications: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11

## SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM: Wheel and Suspension	
Tire size, front and rear	185/55R16, 175/65R15 <sup>1)</sup>
Rim size	185 tire: 16X6J, 175 tire: 15X5J
Tire pressures	For the specified tire pressure, see the Tire Information Label located on the driver's door lock pillar.

NOTE: 1) Use only the specified tire on the tire information label.

# SPECIFICATIONS

ITEM: Steering	
Toe-in	In 1.0 ± 1.0 mm (In 0.04 ± 0.04 in.)
Camber angle	-0° 12' ± 1°
Caster angle	5° 12' ± 2°
ITEM: Capacities (approx.)	
Coolant (including reservoir tank)	M/T 4.5 L (7.9 Imp pt)
	CVT 4.4 L (7.7 Imp pt)
Fuel tank	42 L (9.2 Imp gal)
Engine oil	3.1 L (5.5 Imp pt) (replacement with oil filter)
Transaxle oil	M/T 2.2 L (3.6 Imp pt)
	CVT 5.6 L (9.9 Imp pt)

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Specifications: 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 10, 11

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## BATTERY LABEL SYMBOL MEANINGS

8	No smoking, no naked flames, no sparks	$\mathbb{A}$	Battery acid
0	Shield eyes	8	Note operating instructions
8	Keep away from children	A	Explosive gas

61.70M/1 M	Prepared by
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