INTRODUCTION

How to Use This Manual -

This supplement contains information for the 1991 ACCORD. Refer to following shop manual for service procedures and data not included in this supplement.

Description	Code No.
ACCORD CHASSIS Maintenance and Repair 90	62SM400
F18A/F20A/F22A ENGINE Maintenance and Repair	62PT400
H2 MANUAAL TRANSMISSION Maintenance and Repair	62PX500
PX4B AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION Maintenance and Repair	62PX400

The first page of each section is marked with a black tab that lines up with one of the thumb index tabs on this page. You can quickly find the first page of each section without looking through a full table of contents. The symbols printed at the top corner of each page can also be used as a quick reference system.

Special Information

A WARNING Indicates a strong possibility of severe personal injury or loss of life if instructions are not followed.

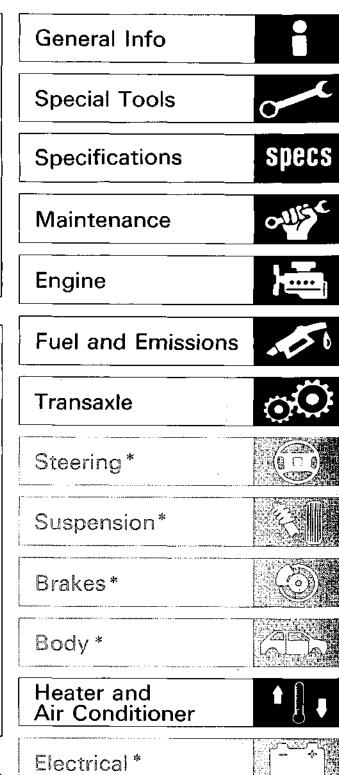
CAUTION: Indicates a possibility of personal injury or equipment damage if instructions are not followed.

NOTE: Gives helpful information.

CAUTION: Detailed descriptions of standard workshop procedures, safety principles and service operations are not included. Please note that this manual does contain warnings and cautions against some specific service methods which could cause PER-SONAL INJURY, or could damage a vehicle or make it unsafe. Please understand that these warnings cannot cover all conceivable ways in which service, whether or not recommended by American Honda, might be done, or of the possible hazardous consequences of each conceivable way, nor could American Honda investigate all such ways. Anyone using service procedures or tools, whether or not recommended by American Honda, must satisfy himself thoroughly that neither personal safety nor vehicle safety will be jeopardized.

All information contained in this manual is based on the latest product information available at the time of printing. We reserve the right to make changes at any time without notice. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher. This includes text, figures and tables.

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^{&#}x27;(Asterisk) marked sections are not included in this manual.

Outline of Model Changes

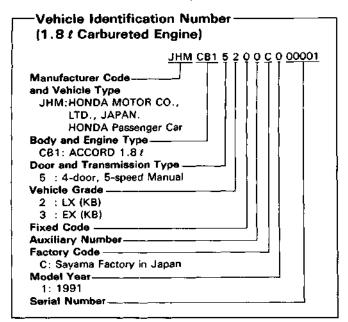
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	91 MODEL	REFERENCE SECTION
Engine	Tightening torque changed Engine mounting bolts and nuts Main bearing cap nut Exhaust pipe-to-muffler connecting nut. Changed Exhaust manifold (KQ model) Crank bore marking method		5
Carburation	Adapted • KE with CATA model. Modified • Vacuum connection.	0	6
PGM-FI	Adapted • KE with CATA model (2.0 £) Modified • KQ model (2.2 £) • Electronic control unit (ECU) • Vacuum connections • TDC/CRANK/CYL sensors • Fuel pressure • Constant vacuum control (CVC) valve	٥.	6
Manual Transmission	Modified • Change lever • 3rd/4th synchro hub and 3rd/4th synchro sleeve • 5th synchro hub and 5th synchro sleeve • 1st/2nd synchro hub	0	8
Power Steering	Changed High pressure pipe for power steering pump	0	5

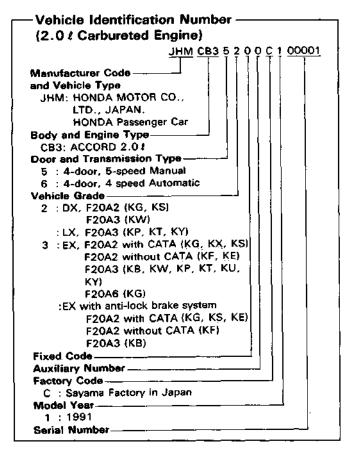
[•] For the reason of environment conservation and to secure the required quantity of Freon, the Freon collector has been adapted and its maintenance procedure has been described (See Section 15).

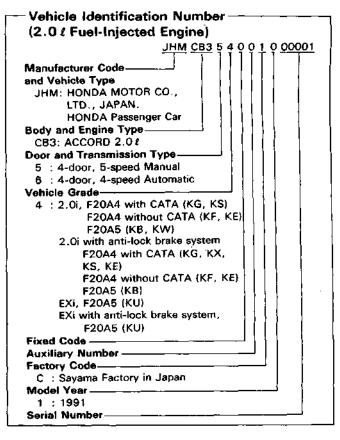
General Information

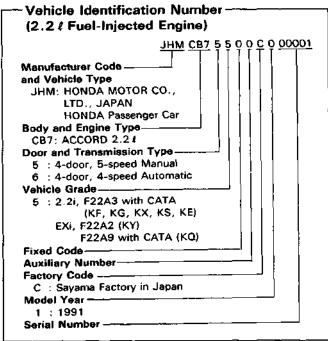
Chassis and Engine Numbers	1-2
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Chassis and Engine Numbers











Engine Number ~ (DX: European, LX: General and EX: KG 90 ps) F18A2 - 20 00001 Engine Type-F18A2: 1.8 # SOHC Carbureted Leaded gasoline: KB F20A2: 2.0 & SOHC Carbureted Unleaded gasoline with CATA : KG/KS (DX) F20A3: 2.0 / SOHC Carbureted Leaded gasoline: KW (DX), KP/KT/KU/KY (LX) F20A6: 2.0 # SOHC Carbureted (90ps) Unleaded gasoline with CATA : KG (EX 90ps) Transmission Type-20: 5-speed manual 25: 4-speed automatic Serial Number -

Engine Number -(EX except KG 90 ps) F20A2 - 20 00001 Engine Type -F20A2: 2.0 / SOHC Carbureted Unleaded gasoline with CATA : KG, KX, KS, KE 2.0 ! SOHC Carbureted Unleaded gasoline without CATA : KF. KE F20A3: 2.0 & SOHC Carbureted Leaded gasoline :KB, KW, KP, KT, KU, KY Transmission Type -20: 5-speed manual 25: 4-speed automatic Serial Number-

Engine Number -(2.0): European and EXi: KU) F20A4 - 20 00001 Engine Type -F20A4: 2.0 ! SOHC Fuel-Injected Unleaded gasoline with CATA : KG, KX, KS, KE 2.0 ! SOHC Fuel-Injected Unleaded gasoline without CATA: KF, KE F20A5: 2.0 t SOHC Fuel-Injected Leaded gasoline: KB, KW, KU Transmission Type-20: 5-speed manual 25: 4-speed automatic Serial Number -

Engine Number
(2.2i: European)

F22A3 - 20 00001

Engine Type
F22A3: 2.2 & SOHC Fuel-Injected
Unleaded gasoline with CATA

Transmission Type
20: 5-speed manual
25: 4-speed automatic

Serial Number

Engine Number
(EXi: KQ, KY)

F22A2 - 2000001

Engine Type

F22A2: 2.2 & SOHC Fuel-Injected
Leaded gasoline: KY
F22A9: 2.2 & SOHC Fuel-Injected
Unleaded gasoline with CATA
: KQ

Serial Number

F22A2: 2000001~
F22A9: 1000001~

Transmission Number

H2C4 - 2000001

Transmission Type

H2C4: 2.0 t Fuel-Injected and 2.2 t Fuel-Injected except KQ

H2SB: 1.8 t and 2.0 t Carbureted

H2U5: 2.2 t Fuel-Injected: KQ

Serial Number

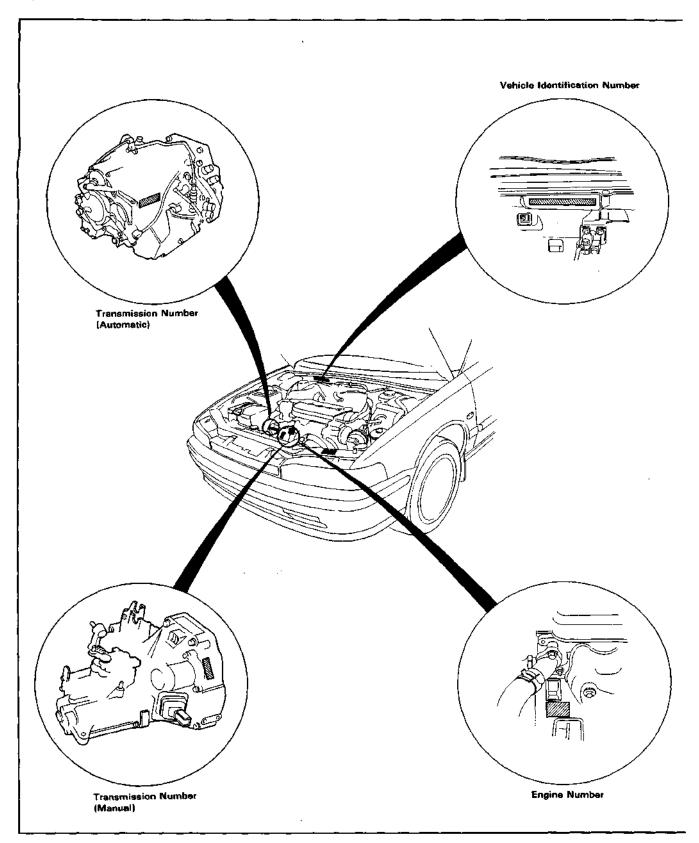
Automatic Transmission Number

MPXA - 2000001

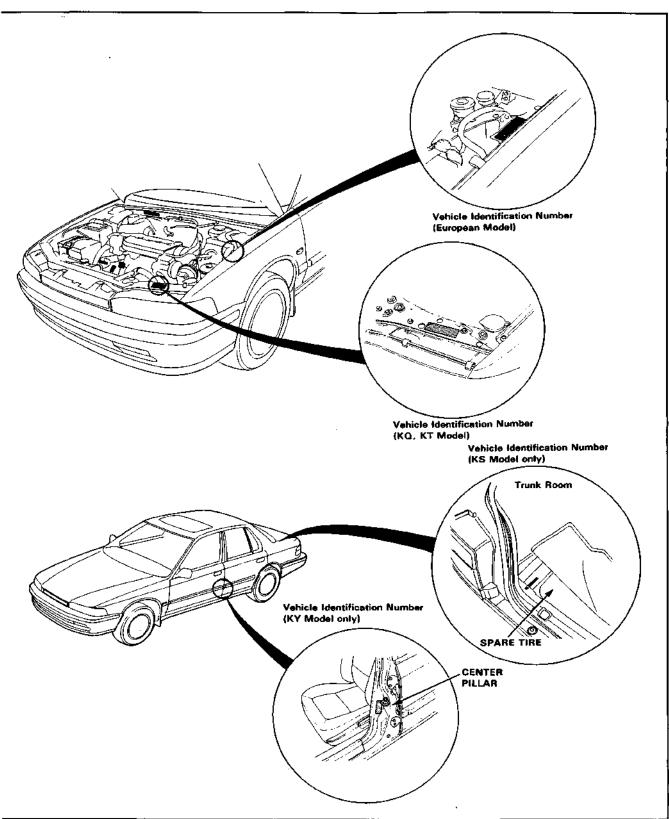
Transmission Type

Serial Number

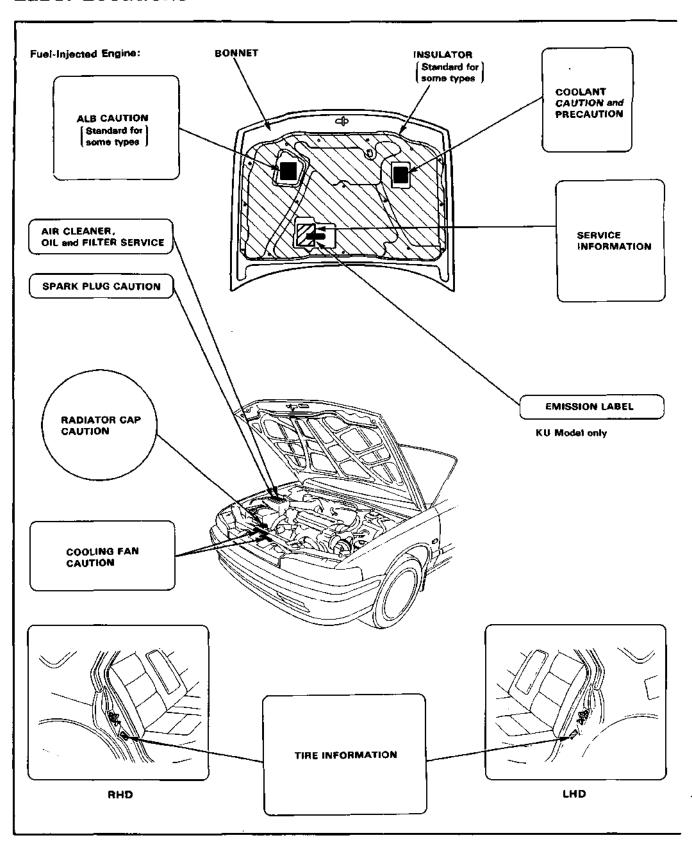
Identification Number Locations



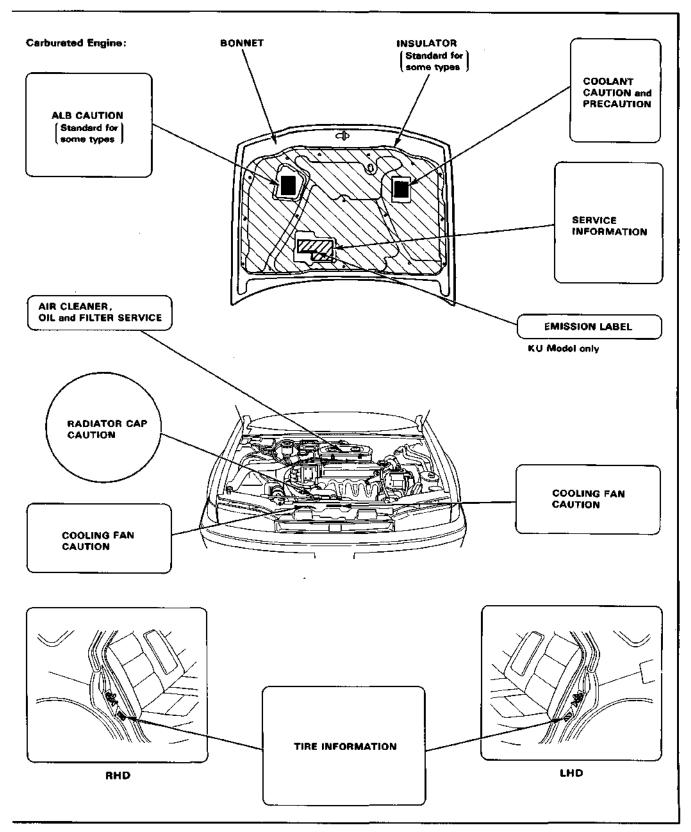




Label Locations







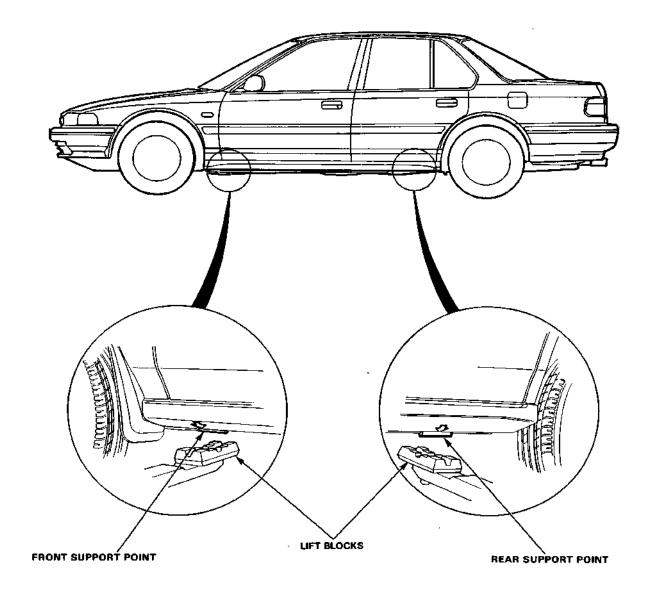
Lift and Support Points

Hoist -

- 1. Place the lift blocks as shown.
- 2. Raise the hoist a few inches and rock the car to be sure it is firmly supported.
- 3. Raise the hoist to full height and inspect lift points for solid support.

AWARNING When heavy rear components such as suspension, fuel tank, spare tire and trunk lid are to be removed, place additional weight in the trunk before hoisting. When substantial weight is removed from the rear of the car, the center of gravity may change and can cause the car to tip forward on the hoist.

NOTE: Since each tire/wheel assembly weighs approximately 14 kg (30 lbs), placing the front wheels in the trunk will assist with the weight transfer.



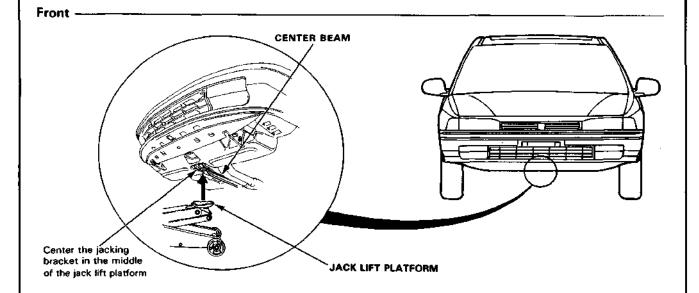


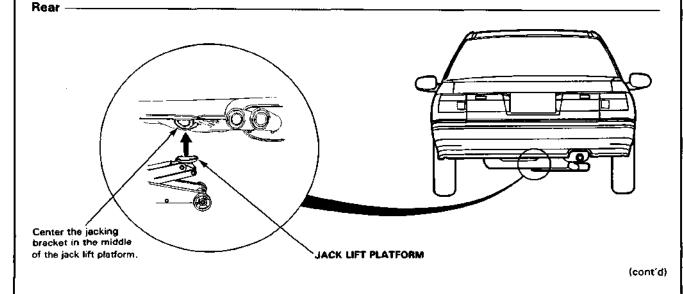
Floor Jack —

- Set the parking brake and block the wheels that are not being lifted.
- When lifting the rear of the car, put the gearshift lever in reverse (Automatic in PARK).
- Raise the car high enough to insert the safety stands.
- Adjust and place the safety stands as shown on page 1-8 so the car will be approximately level, then lower the car onto the stands.

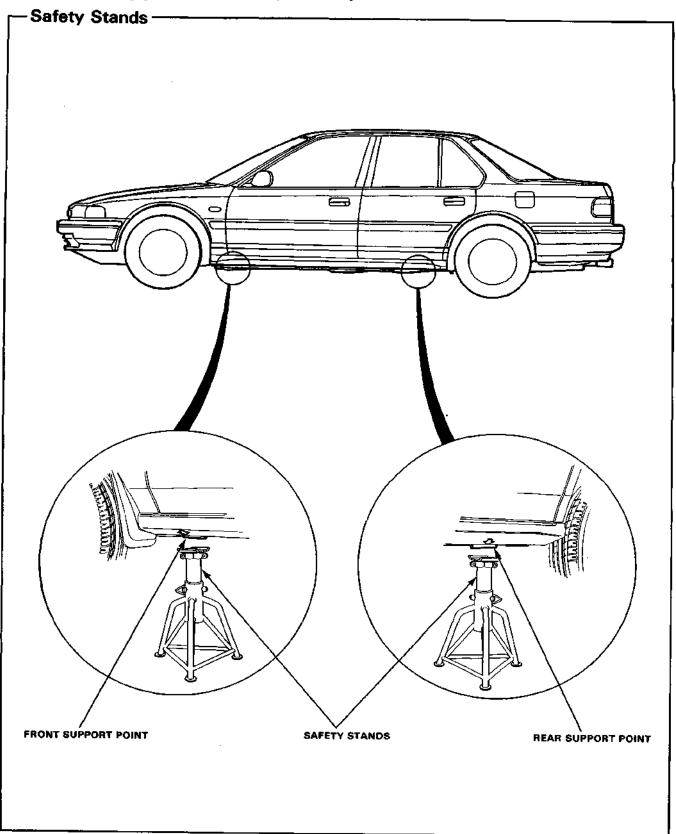
≜ WARNING

- Always use safety stands when working on or under any vehicle that is supported by only a jack.
- Never attempt to use a bumper jack for lifting or supporting the car.





Lift and Support Points (cont'd)



Towing



If possible, always tow the car with the front weels off the ground. The tow truck driver should position wood spacer blocks between the car's frame and his chains and lift straps, to avoid damaging the bumper and the body under it.

Do not use the bumpers to lift the car or to support the car's weight while towing. Check local regulations for towing. A chain may be attached to the hook shown in the picture. Do not attach a tow bar to either bumper.

A WARNING

DO NOT push or tow a car to start it. The forward surge when the engine starts could cause a collision. On some types, also, under some conditions, the catalytic converter could be damaged. A car equipped with an automatic transmission cannot be started by pushing or torwing.

If the car is to be towed with the front wheels on the ground, observe the following precautions:

Manual Transmission

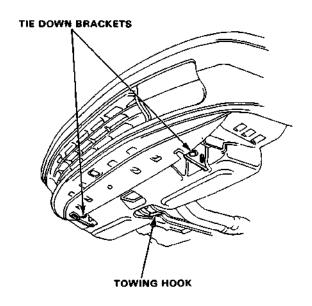
Shift the transmission to Neutral and turn the ignition key to the "I" position.

Automatic Transmission

First, check the automatic transmission fluid level. Start the engine and shift to D_4 , then to N. Return the ignition key to the "1" position.

CAUTION:

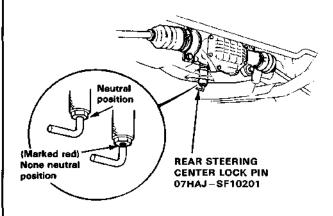
- Do not tow with front wheels on the ground when the automatic transmission fluid level is low or the transmission cannot be shifted with the engine running.
- Do not exceed 55 km/h (35 mph) or tow for distances of more than 80 km (50 miles).
- When towing a car with 4WS even with the front wheels off the ground, turn the wheels straight ahead and tie the steering wheel in place.



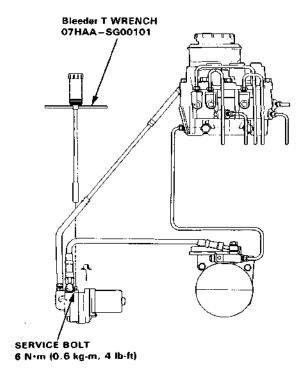
Preparation of Work

- Special Caution Items For This Car-

- 1. 4WS system servicing (with 4WS)
 - · Do not disassemble the rear steering gear box.
 - When towing the car even with the front wheels off the ground, center the steering and tie the steering wheel in place.
 - When testing or adjusting the wheel alignment, attach the rear steering center lock pin to the rear steering gear box. Make sure that the rear steering gear box is located at the neutral position.

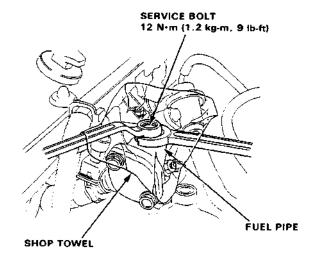


- 2. Anti-lock brake system piping system servicing
 - Disassemble the anti-lock brake system piping system after relieve the high-pressured brake fluid.
 - Otherwise, the high-pressured brake fluid will burst out and it is very dangerous,
 - See section 13 of base manual (62SM400) how to relieve the high-pressured brake fluid.



3. Fuel Line Servicing

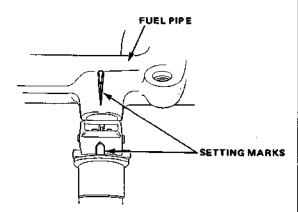
 Relieve fuel pressure by loosening the service bolt provided on the top of the fuel filter before disconnecting a fuel hose or a fuel pipe.



- Be sure to replace washers, O-rings, and rubber seals with new ones when servicing fuel line parts.
- Always apply oil to the surfaces of O-rings and seal rings before installation. Never use brake fluid, radiator fluid, vegetable oils or alcoholbased oils.



- When assembling the flare joint of the highpressure fuel line, clean the joint and coat with new engine oil.
- When installing an injector, check the angle of the coupler. The center line of the coupler should align with the setting mark on the injector holder.



4. Inspection for fuel leakage

After assembling fuel line parts, turn ON the ignition switch (do not operate the starter) so that
the fuel pump is operated for approximately two
seconds and the fuel is pressurized. Repeat this
operation two or three times and check whether
any fuel leakage has occurred in any of the various points in the fuel line.

Installation of an amateur radio for cars equipped with PGM-FI.

Care has been taken for the Fuel-Injection, Carburetor, A/T, Cruise control and anti-lock brake system control units and its wiring to prevent erroneous operation from external interference, but erroneous operation of the control units may be caused by entry of extremely strong radio waves. Attention must be paid to the following items to prevent erroneous operation of the control units.

 The antenna and the body of the radio must be at least 200 mm (7.9 in.) away from the control units.

The control unit locations:

- Fuel-Injection, Carburetor, A/T: Passenger's side front floor panel.
- Cruise control: Under dash panel of driver's side.
- Anti-lock brake system: Right side panel of trunk room.
- Do not lead the antenna feeder and the coaxial cable over a long distance parallel to the car's wiring.

When crossing the wiring is required, execute crossing at a right angle.

- Do not install a radio with a large output (max. 10 W).
- Apply liquid gasket to the transmission, oil pump cover, right side cover and water outlet. Use HONDA genuine liquid gasket part No. 0Y740– 99986.
 - Check that the mating surfaces are clean and dry before applying liquid gasket. Degrease the mating surfaces if necessary.
 - Apply liquid gasket evenly, being careful to cover all the mating surface.
 - To prevent leakage of oil, apply liquid gasket to the inner threads of the bolt holes.
 - Do not install the parts if 20 minutes or more have elapsed since applying liquid gasket. Instead, reapply liquid gasket after removing the old residue.
 - Wait at least 30 minutes before filling with appropriate liquid (engine oil, coolant and similar fluids).

Preparation of Work

CAUTION: Observe all safety precautions and notes while working.

 Protect all painted surfaces and seats against dirt and scratches with a clean cloth or vinyl cover.



Work safely and give your work your undivided attention. When either the front or rear wheels are to be raised, block the remaining wheels securely. Communicate as frequently as possible when a work involves two or more workers. Do not run the engine unless the shop or working area is well ventilated.



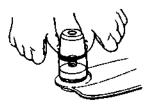
Prior to removing or disassembling parts, they must be inspected carefully to isolate the cause for which service is necessary. Observe all safety notes and precautions and follow the proper procedures as described in this manual.



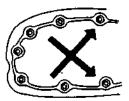
 Mark or place all removed parts in order in a parts rack so they can be reassembled in their original places.



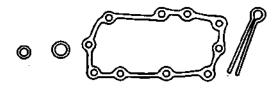
5. Use the special tools when use of such is specified.



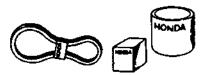
- Parts must be assembled with the proper torque according to the maintenance standards established.
- When tightening a series of bolts or nuts, begin with the center or larger diameter bolts and tighten them in crisscross pattern in two or more steps.



Use new packings, gaskets, O-rings and cotter pins whenvere reassembling.

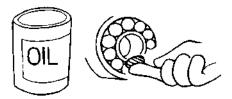


 Use genuine HONDA parts and lubricants or those equivalent. When parts are to be reused, they must be inspected carefully to make sure they are not damaged or deteriorated and are in good usable condition.





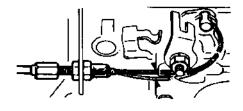
 Coat or fill parts with specified grease as specified (Page 4-2). Clean all removed parts with solvent upon disassembly.



- 11. Brake fluid and hydraulic components
 - When replenishing the system, use extreme care to prevent dust and dirt from entering the system.
 - Do not mix different brands of fluid as they may not be compatible.
 - Do not reuse drained brake fluid.
 - Because blake fluid can cause damage to painted and resin surfaces, care should be taken not to spill it on such materials. If spilled accidentally, quickly rince it with water or warm water from painted or resin surfaces.
 - After disconnecting brake hoses or pipes, be sure to plug the openings to prevent loss of brake fluid.
 - Clean all disassembled parts only in clean BRAKE FLUID. Blow open all holes and passages with compressed air.

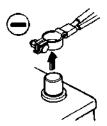


- Keep disassembled parts from air-borne dust and abrasives.
- Check that parts are clean before assembly.
- Avoid oil or grease getting on rubber parts and tubes, unless specified.
- Upon assembling, check every part for proper installation and operation.

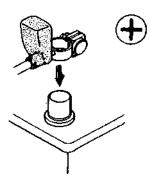


Electrical

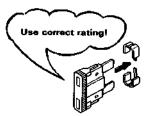
 Before making any repairs on electric wires or parts, disconnect the battery cables from the battery staring with the negative (-) terminal.



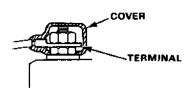
- After making repairs, check each wire or part for proper routing and installation. Also check to see that they are connected properly.
- Always connect the battery positive (+) cable first, then connect the negative (-) cable.



- Coat the terminals with clean grease after connecting the battery cables.
- Don't forget to install the terminal cover over the positive battery terminal after connecting.
- Before installing a new fuse, isolate the cause and take corrective measures, particularly when frequent fuse failure occurs.



 Be sure to install the terminal cover over the connections after a wire or wire harness has been connected.



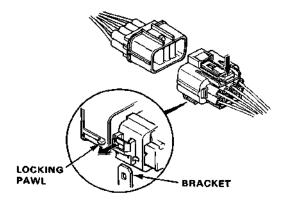
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Preparation of Work

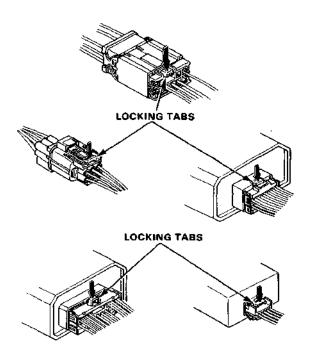
Electrical (cont'd)-

Since new type connectors are used, connection and disconnection of them should be done paying attention to the following precautions.

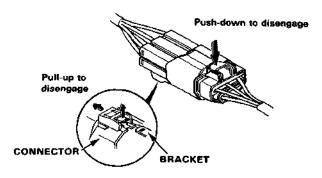
- Because all the connectors except terminal of 1-P are equipped with push-down type locks, unlock them first before disconnecting the connectors.
- On the connectors installed on the bracket a pull type lock is equipped between the bracket and the connector.
 Some connectors of this type can not be disconnected unless they are removed from their brackets.
- When disconnecting, check their shapes.
 On the bracket mounted connector with dual locks, remove the connector from the bracket before disconnecting.



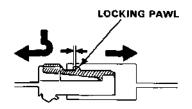
· Push the locking tab to disconnect.



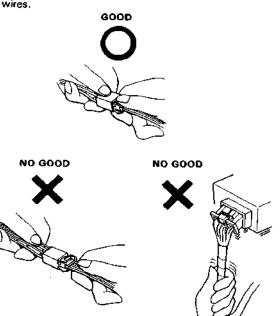
 Pull up the locking tab to remove the connector from the bracket.



 When disconnecting locks, first press in the connector tightly (to provide clearance to the locking device), then operate the tab fully and remove the connector in the designated manner.

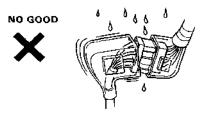


- When disconnecting a connector, pull it off from the mating coupler by holding on both connectors.
- Never try to disconnect connectors by pulling on their wires.

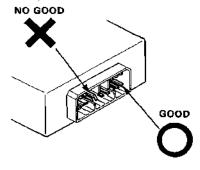




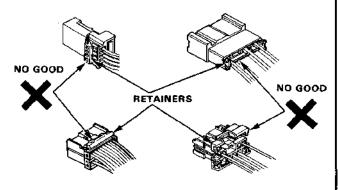
 Place the plastic cover over the mating connector after reconnecting. Also check that the cover is not distorted.



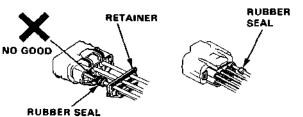
 Before connecting connectors, check to see that the terminals are in place and are not bent or distorted.



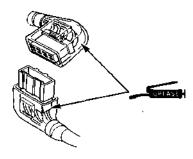
 Check for loose retainers and rubber seals. The illustration shows examples of terminal and seal abnormality.



Example of waterproof connector:



 For the connector which uses insulation grease, clean the connector then apply grease if the grease is insufficient or contaminated.



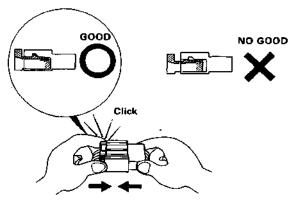
- Insert the connector tightly and make sure it is securely locked.
- · Check all the wire harnesses are connected.
- There are two types of locking tab: one that you have to push and the other you should not touch when connecting the connector. Check the shape of the locking tab before connecting.
- The locking tab having a taper end should not be touched when connecting.



 The locking tab with an angle end should be pushed when connecting.



- · Insert connectors fully until they will no longer go.
- The connectors must be aligned and engaged securely.
- Don't use wire harnesses with a loose wire or coupler.

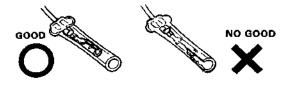


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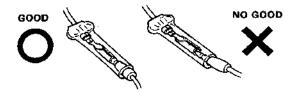
Preparation of Work

-Electrical (cont'd)—

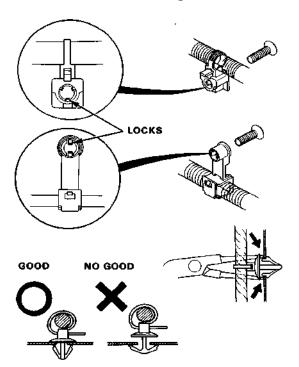
 Before connecting, check each connector cover for damage. Also make sure that the female connector is tight and not loosened from the previous use.

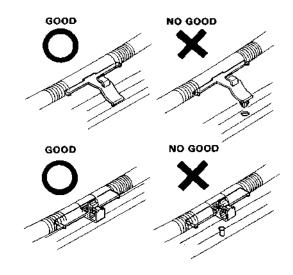


- Insert male connectors into the female connectors fully until they will no longer go.
- Be sure that plastic cover is placed over the connection.
- Position the wires so that the open of the cover is not facing upward.

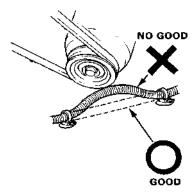


- Secure wires and wire harnesses to the frame with their respective wire bands at the designated locations. Position the wiring in the bands so that only the insulated surfaces contact the wires or wire harnesses.
- Remove with care not to damage the lock.

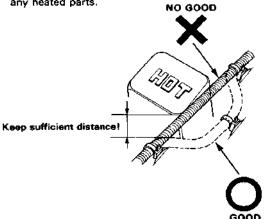




- After clamping, check each harness to be certain that it is not interfering with any moving or sliding parts of the vehicle.
- Keep wire harnesses away from the exhaust pipes and other hot parts.

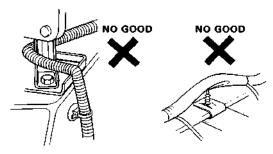


Always keep a safe distance between wire harnesses and any heated parts.

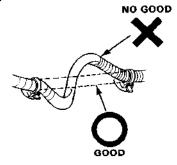




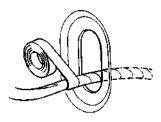
- Do not bring wire harnesses in direct contact with sharp edges or corners.
- Also avoid contact with the projected ends or bolts, screws and other fasteners.



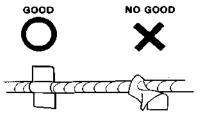
 Route harnesses so they are not pulled taut or slackened excessively.



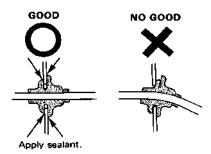
 Protect wires and harnesses with a tape or a tube if they are in contact with a sharp edge or corner.



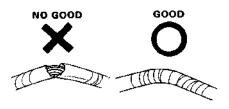
 Clean the attaching surface thoroughly if an adhesive is used. First, wipe with solvent or alcohol if necessary.



· Seat grommets in their grooves properly.



- Do not damage the insulation when connecting a wire.
- Do not use wires or harnesses with a broken insulation.
 Repair by wrapping with protective tape or replace with new ones if necessary.



 After installing parts, make sure that wire harnesses are not pinched.



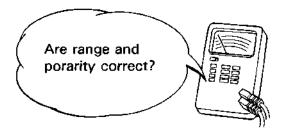
- After routing, check that the wire harnesses are not twisted or kinked.
- Wire harnesses should be routed so that they are not pulled taut, slackened excessively, pinched or interfering with adjacent or surrounding parts in all steering positions.

(cont'd)

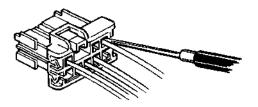
Preparation of Work

- Electrical (cont'd)----

 When using the Service Tester, follow the manufacturer's instructions and those described in the Shop Manual.



 Always insert the probe of the tester from the wire harness side (except waterproof connectors).

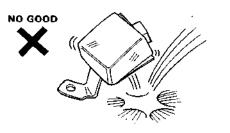


· Make sure to use the probe with a taper tip.

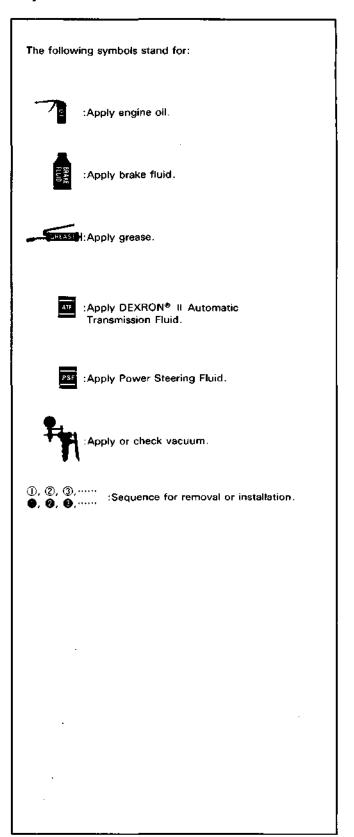




· Do not drop parts.



Symbol Marks







A/C Air Conditioner A/T Automatic Transmission ATF Automatic Transmission Fluid B or BAT Battery CATA Catalytic Converter EACV Electronic Air Control Valve ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection Parameter EX Exhaust Gas Recirculation EX Exhaust Ground III Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PCSM-Fi Programmed Fuel-Injection PCSM-Fi Programmed Fuel-Injection Right Hand Drive SW Switch Sol.v Solenoid Valve TDC Top Dead Center	2WS	Front Wheel Steering		Parking
A/T Automatic Transmission ATF Automatic Transmission Fluid B or BAT Battery CATA Catalytic Converter EACV Electronic Control Valve ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection EX Exhaust GND Ground III Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation P/S Power Steering R. Right Hand Drive SW Switch Drive Position (1st-4th) Fixed 2nd speed S Signal/S Switch	4WS	Four Wheel Steering	R	Reverse
ATF Automatic Transmission Fluid B or BAT Battery CATA Catalytic Converter EACV Electronic Air Control Valve ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection System EX Exhaust Gas Recirculation EX Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch Drive Position (1st—3rd) Fixed 2nd speed Fixed 1st speed S Signal/S Switch	A/C	Air Conditioner	N	Neutral
B or BAT Battery CATA Catalytic Converter EACV Electronic Air Control Valve S S Signal/S Switch ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection System EGR Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	A/T	Automatic Transmission	D	Drive Position (1st-4th)
CATA Catalytic Converter EACV Electronic Air Control Valve S Signal/S Switch ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection System EGR Exhaust Gas Recirculation EX Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	ATF	Automatic Transmission Fluid	D ₃	Drive Position (1st—3rd)
EACV Electronic Air Control Valve ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection System EGR Exhaust Gas Recirculation EX Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	B or BAT	Battery	2	Fixed 2nd speed
ECU Electronic Control Unit for Fuel-Injection System EGR Exhaust Gas Recirculation EX Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	CATA	Catalytic Converter	1	Fixed 1st speed
for Fuel-Injection System EGR Exhaust Gas Recirculation EX Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	EACV	Electronic Air Control Valve	\$	S Signal/S Switch
EX Exhaust GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	ECU			
GND Ground IG Ignition IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	EGR	Exhaust Gas Recirculation		
IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	EX	Exhaust		
IN Intake INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	GND	Ground	ļ	
INT Intermittent L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	IG	Ignition		
L. Left LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	IN	Intake		
LHD Left Hand Drive M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	INT	Intermittent		
M/T Manual Transmission PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	L.	Left		
PCV Positive Crankcase Ventilation PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	LHD	Left Hand Drive		
PGM-FI Programmed Fuel-Injection P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	M/T	Manual Transmission		
P/S Power Steering R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	PCV	Positive Crankcase Ventilation		
R. Right RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	PGM-FI	Programmed Fuel-Injection		
RHD Right Hand Drive SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	P/S	Power Steering		
SW Switch SOL.V Solenoid Valve	R.	Right		
SQL.V Solenoid Valve	RHD	Right Hand Drive		
	sw	Switch		
TDC Top Dead Center	\$OL.V	Solenoid Valve		
	TDC	Top Dead Center		

Special Tools

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
0	07GAF-PH70100	Pilot Collar	1	
2	07HAD - PJ70200	Valve Guide Seal Installer	1	
3	07HAF-PL20102	Piston Base Head	1	İ
(4)	07HAH-PJ70100	Valve Guide Reamer 5,5mm	1	l
⑤	07JAB~0010000	Crank Pulley Holder Set	1 1	
⑤-1	07JAA-0010200	Socket Wrench 19 mm	(1)	l
⑤-2	07JAB-0010200	Handle	(1)	
<u></u>	07JAB - 0010400	Pulley Holder Attachment HEX 50 mm	1	ļ
<u></u>	07JAZ-SH20100	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor	1	
(8)	07JGG-0010100	Beit Tension Gauge	l 1	[
9	07KAK-SJ40100	Engine Tilt Hanger Set	1	
<u> </u>	07LAF - PT20100	Bearing Replacement Tool Set	1	
$\tilde{\mathbb{O}}$	07LAGPT20100	Balancer Shaft Lock Pin	1 1	•
œ	07LAZ - PT30100	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor	1 1	
Ō	07LAZ - PT30110	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (A)	1	L
(l)	07LAZ - PT30120	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (B)	1 1	Component Tools
Ğ (6	07406-0030000	Oil Pressure Gauge Adaptor	1 1	1
(G)	07746 - 0010300	Driver Attachment 42 x 47 mm	1	for Crankshaft
<u> </u>	07746 - 0010400	Driver Attachment 52 x 55 mm	1 1	for Balancer Shaft
<u>(1</u> 8	07749 - 0010000	Driver	1	
(<u>9</u>)	07757 - 0010000	Valve Spring Compressor	j 1	1
20	07912 - 6110001	Oil Filter Socket	1	
20	07924 - PD20003	Ring Gear Holder	1 1	1
	or 07924 - PD20002			
2	07942 - 0010100	Valve Guide Remover 5.5 mm	1	
3	07942 - 8920000	Valve Guide Driver 5.5 mm	1	P.
	07948-SB00101	Driver Attachment	1	
8	07973 - PE00310	Piston Pin Driver Shaft	1	
원 왕 왕 완	07973-PE00320	Piston Pin Driver Head	1	
2	07973 - PE00400	Piston Pin Base Insert	1	
29	07973-6570500	Piston Base	1	1
29	07973 - 0570600	Pisston Base Spring	1	



Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
Φ	07JAZ-SH20100	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor	1	
2	07LAA-PT50100	O ₂ Sensor Socket Wrench	1	
3	07LAJ-PT30100	ECU Test Harness	1 1	
4	07LAJ-PT30200	Test Harness	1 1	
⑤	07LAZ-PT30100	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor	1	
⑤-1	07LAZ-PT30110	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (A)	(1)	_ ^
⑤ -2	07LAZ-PT30120	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (B)	(1)	Component Tools
(07406-0040001	Fuel Pressure Gauge Set	1 1	
⑥ -1	07406-0040100	Pressure Gauge	(1)	- C
⑥-2	07406-0040201	Hose Assembly	(1)	Component Tools
D	07411-0020000	Digital Circuit Tester	1	
(8)	07614-0050100	Fuel Line Clamp	1 1	

— 7, CI	7. Clutch ————————————————————————————————————			
Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
①	07JAF-PM7011A	Clutch Alignment Disc	1	
2	07LAF-PT00110	Clutch Alignment Shaft	1 1	
3	07924—PD20003 or 07924—PD20002	Ring Gear Holder	1	
4	07936-3710100	Handle	1	

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
Θ	07GAJ-PG20102	Mainshaft Inspection Tool Set	1	
⊕-1	07GAJ-PG20110	Mainshaft Holder	(1)	- C
⊕-2	07GAJ-PG20130	Mainshaft Base	(1)	Component Tools
2	07HAJ-PK40201	Preload Inspection Tool	1	
③	07JAC-PH80000	Adjusting Bearing Remover Set	1	
3 -1	07JAC-PH80100	Bearing Remover Attachment	(1)	<u></u>
③-2	07JAC-PH80200	Bearing Remover Handle	(1)	Component Tools
③-3	07741-0010201	Bearing Remover Weight	(1)	ĻJ ·
4	07JAD-PH80400	Pilot Driver 28 mm	1	
⑤	07JAD-\$H30100	Oil Seal Driver	1	
6	07744-0010400	Pin Driver 5.0 mm	1	07944-6110100 may also be used
①	07746-0010300	Attachment 42 x 47 mm	1	be used
<u>®</u>	07746-0010400	Attachment 52 x 55 mm	1	
<u>(a)</u>	07746-0010500	Attachment 62 x 68 mm	l i	
9 ®	07746-0010600	Attachment 72 x 75 mm	li	
$\tilde{0}$	07746-0030100	Driver	1	
œ	077460030200	Inner Driver 25 mm	l i	-
(i)	07749-0010000	Driver	l i	
<u>@</u>	07944-SA00000	Pin Driver 4.0 mm	1	
Ğ	07947-6110501	Oil Seal Driver	1	
<u>(6</u>	07979-PJ40001	Magnet Stand Base	i	

Special Tools

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
\odot	07GAB-PF50100	Mainshaft Holder	1	
2	07GAD-PG20100	Pin Driver 5.0 mm	1 1	
3	07GAE-PG40200	Clutch Spring Compressor Set	1 1	1
3-1	07HAE-PL50100	Clutch Spring Compressor Attachment	(1)	—
③-2	07GAE-PG40200	Clutch Spring Compressor Bolt Assembly	(1)	Component Tools
3-3	07960-6120101	Clutch Spring Compressor Attachment	1 (ii)	
4	07GAJ-PG20200	Preload Inspection Tool	1 1	
⑤	07HAC-PK40101	Housing puller	1	
⑤ -1	07HAC-PK40110	Puller Base, Replacement	(वं)	May also be used when com-
⑤	07JAC-PH80000	Adjusting Bearing Remover Set	1 1	Billed Willi BYHAC FR40100
⑥ -1	07JAC-PH80100	Bearing Remover Attachment	(1)	
6 -2	07JACPH80200	Bearing Handle Assembly	(1)	-Component Tools
⑥-3	077410010201	Remover Weight	(ii)	Component roots
①	07JAD-PH80101	Driver Attachment	1 1	
8	07JAD-PH80400	Pilot Driver 28 x 30 mm	1 1	
9	07JAD-PN00100	Driver Attachment	1	
(10	07LAFPX40100	Clutch Spring Compressor Attachment	;	
0	07LAJ - PT30100	ECU Test Harness	;	
(B)	07406-0020003	Oil Pressure Gauge	1	
(3)	074060020201	Oil Pressure Gauge Hose	;	
(074060070000	Low Pressure Gauge	1 1	
®	07746-0010400	Attachment 52 x 55 mm	;	
(6	077460010500	Attachment 62 x 68 mm	'	
①	077460010600	Attachment 72 x 75 mm	;	
(B)	077460030100	Oriver 40 mm I.D.	1 1	
(9	07749-0010000	Driver	1 ;	
@	079476340500	Oriver Attachment E	'	

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
)	07GAD-PG40100	Seal Driver Attachment	1	
)	07GAF-SD40700	Hub Dis/Assembly Base		
)	07LAD-SM40100	Seal Driver Attachment	1 1	
	07LAFSM40300	Support Base Attachment	l i l	
)	077460010200	Attachment, 37 x 40 mm	l i l	
•	077460010300	Attachment, 42 x 47 mm		
ı	07746-0030100	Driver, 40 mm LD.	i	
ı	07749-0010000	Driver		
)	07947\$D90101	Seal Driver Attachment	;	
)	07965SD90100	Support Base		



Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
D	07GAG-SD40300	Cylinder End Seal Slider	1	
<u>2</u>)	07HAG-SF10100	Piston Seal Ring Guide	1 1	
3	07HAG-SF10200	Piston Seal Ring Sizing Tool	1 1	
Ď	07HAG-SF10300	Pinion Seal Ring Guide	1	
<u>s</u>	07JGG-0010100	Belt Tension Gauge	[1]	
<u>6</u> -1	07LAK-SM40110	P/S Joint Adaptor (Pump)	1	
5)-2	07LAK-SM40120	P/S Joint Adaptor (Hose)	1	
Đ ¯	07406-0010001	P/S Pressure Gauge Set	1 1	
	07406-0010300	Pressure Control Valve	1	
D-2	07406-0010400	Pressure Gauge	1 1	
8	07406-0010101	Bypass Tube Joint (included with		
-		07406-0010001)	1	
9	07725-0030000	Universal Holder	1 1	
0	07746-0010300	Attachment 42 x 47 mm	1	
Ō	07749-9910000	Driver	1 1	
Œ	07916-SA50001	Locknut Wrench 40 mm	1	
Ō.	07941-6920003	Ball Joint Remover	1 1	
	07947-6340300	Driver Attachment	1 1	
Ğ	07974-SA50600	Pinion Seal Guide	1	

Number	Tool Number	Description	Ω'τγ	Remarks
)	07HAG-SF10000	4WS Tool Kit	1	
)-1	07HAG-SF10400	Pinion Seal Ring Sizing Tool	1 1	
①-2	07HAG-SF10500	Driven Seal Ring Guide	1 1	
2)	07HAJ-SF10100	Rack Adjuster Gauge Holder Set	1 1	
3	07HAJ-\$F10201	Rear Steering Center Lock Pin	1 1	
4)	07HAJ-SF10300	Stroke Rod Holder Set	1 1	
5	07HAJ-SF10400	Inspection Adaptor	1	
6)	07LAA-SM40100	Locknut Wrench, 43 mm	1	
Ð	07LAA-SM40200	Locknut Socket 36 x 43 mm] 1	
8	07LAG-SM40000	4W\$ Tool Kit.	1	
® -1	07LAG-SM40100	Piston Seal Ring Guide	1 1	
®-2	07LAG-SM40200	Piston Seal Ring Sizing Tool	[1]	
® -3	07LAG-SM40300	Cylinder End Seal Slider	1 1	
®-4	07LAG-SM40400	Cylinder End Seal Guide	1 1	
®-5	07LAG\$M40500	Tool Box	1 1	
9	077030010101	TORX® Bit T40	1 1	

Special Tools

1	2.	Susp	pension

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
①	07GAE-SE00101	Spring Compressor	1	
2	07GAFSD40100	Hub Assembly Pin	i	
3)	07GAFSD40330	Bail Joint Remover/Installer	l i	4WS Only
4)	07GAFSE00200	Hub Assembly Guide Attachment	i	4WS Only
⑤	07GAG-SD40700	Ball Joint Clip Installation Guide	i	1 4WO Offig
⑥	07HAFSF10100	Ball Joint Dis/Assembly Tool set	1	
⑤-1	07HAFSF10110	Ball Joint Remover Base	i	
<u>6</u>)−2	07HAF-SF10120	Ball Joint Installer Base	i	
⑥ −3	07HAF-SF10130	Ball Joint Remover/Installer	i	
Ð	07HAJSF10201	Rear Steering Center Lock Pin	i	
§)	07HGJ0010000	Toe Inspection Gauge Set	1 1	H4WS Only
9)	07HGK0010200	Wheel Alignment Gauge Attachment	i	
0	07703-0010100	TORX® BIT T40	i	4WS Only
D)	077490010000	Driver	1 1	-110 0/119
()	07941-6920003	Ball Joint Remover	i	
(3)	07947-SB00100	Oil Seal Driver		4WS Only
B	07965-6340301	Hub Dis/assembly Base	6	-110 Othy
B	07965-6920201	Hub Dis/Assembly Base	1 1	

____ 13. Brakes ______

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
①	07GAGSE00100	Pushrod Adjustment Gauge	1	
②	07HAE-SG00100	Brake Spring Compressor		
③	07HAK-SG00110	Pressure Gauge Joint Pipe	l i l	
4	07LAF-SM40200	Brake spring installer	1 1	
5	07404-5790300	Pressure Gauge Attachment	1 i	
6	07406-5790200	Pressure Gauges	',	
Ð	07410-5790100	Pressure Gauge Attachment	2	
8)	074105790500	Tube Joint Adaptor	1	
9)	07510-6340100	Pressure Gauge Joint Pipe] i [
10	07510-6340300	Vacuum Joint Tube A		
0	07914-\$A50001	Snap Ring Pliers		
(2)	07921-0010001	Flare Nut Wrench		
(3)	07973-SA50000	Rear Caliper Guide		

_____13. Brakes (ALB only) _______

Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
	07HAA-SG00101	Bleeder T-Wrench	1	
2	07HAJ—SG00601 or	ALB Checker	i	
	07508-SB00000	ALB Checker	1	
	-07HAJ-SG00400	Adaptor	1	



┌─ 14. B	ody — 			
Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
1	07GAZ-\$E30100	Torsion Bar Assembly Tool	1	_

15. H	eater and Air Co	onditioner ——————	<u> </u>	
Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
① · ② ③	07JGG-0010100 07LAB-\$K70100 07LAJ-PT30100	Belt Tension Gauge A/C Clutch Holder ECU Test Harness	1 1 1	

┌─ 16. E	lectrical ———			······································
Number	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
① ②	07GAC-SE00200 07JGG-0010100	Fuel Sender Wrench Belt Tension Gauge	1 1	

Standards and Service Limits

	MEASUREMENT		STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Compression	250 min ⁻¹ (rpm) and wide-open throttle	1.8 <i>t</i>	Nominal Minimum Maximum variation	1,177 kPa (12.0 kg/cm², 171 psi) 931 kPa (9.5 kg/cm², 135 psi) 196 kPa (2 kg/cm², 28 psi)
		2.0 £ 2.2 ℓ	Nominal Minimum Maximum variation	1226 kPa (12.5 kg/cm², 178 psi) 931 kPa (9.5 kg/cm², 135 psi) 196 kPa (2 kg/cm², 28 psi)
Cylinder head	Warpage Height		99.95-100.05 (3.935-3.938)	0 05 (0.002)
Camshaft	3. 4. 56. 77. 8. EX 1. 2. 3. 4. 55. 6. 7.	F20A2: F20A3: F20A4: F20A5: F20A6: F22A2: F22A3:	0.05-0.15 (0.002-0.006) 0.05-0.089 (0.002-0.0035) 0.015 (0.0006) 38.095 (1.4998) 38.526 (1.5167) 38.526 (1.5167) 38.741 (1.5252) 38.741 (1.5252) 38.741 (1.5252) 39.167 (1.5420) MT 38.741 (1.5252) 39.167 (1.5420) MT 38.741 (1.5252) 37.890 (1.4917) 38.778 (1.5266) 38.778 (1.5266) 38.778 (1.5266) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343) 38.972 (1.5343)	0.50 (0.020) 0.150 (0.006) 0.030 (0.001)
Valve	Valve clearance Valve stem O.D. IN *1 *2 Stem-to-guide clearance IN *1 *2 EX	IN EX	0.24-0.28 (0.0094-0.0110) 0.28-0.32 (0.0110-0.1259) 5.485-5.495 (0.2159-0.2163) 5.480-5.490 (0.2157-0.2161) 5.450-5.460 (0.2145-0.2149) 0.020-0.045 (0.0007-0.0017) 0.025-0.050 (0.0009-0.0019) 0.055-0.080 (0.0021-0.0031)	5.455 (0.2147) 5.450 (0.2145) 5.420 (0.2133) 0.075 (0.0029) 0.080 (0.0031) 0.12 (0.0047)
Valve seat	Width IN and E Valve stem installed height	X IN EX	1.25-1.55 (0.049-0.0610) 48.245-48.716 (1.8994-1.9179) 50.315-50.785 (1.9809-1.9994)	2.00 (0.0787)
Valve spring	3- 4. 6. 7. 8. 9. (CH) 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	F20A2: F20A3: F20A4: F20A5: F20A6: F22A2: F22A3: F22A9:	56.28 (2.2157) 54.82 (2.1582) 54.82 (2.1582) 53.15 (2.0925) 54.82 (2.1582) 53.15 (2.0925) 54.82 (2.1582) 53.15 (2.0925) 53.15 (2.0925) 53.15 (2.0925) 53.16 (2.0925) 54.81 (2.1578) 54.81 (2.1578) 53.16 (2.0929) 54.81 (2.1578) 53.16 (2.0929) 54.81 (2.1578) 53.16 (2.0929) 54.81 (2.1578)	

^{1.} F18A2: 1.8 t CARB 2. F20A2: 2.0 t CARB with CATA 3. F20A3: 2.0 t CARB 4. F20A4: 2.0 t PGM-FI with CATA 5. F20A5: 2.0 t PGM-FI with CATA 6. F20A6: 2.0 ? CARB with CATA NH: NIHON HATSUJO 7. F22A2: 2.2 ? PGM-F1 with CATA 9. F22A8: 2.2 ? PGM-F1 with CATA for KQ

^{*1:} CARB, 7: F22A2 and 9: F22A9 *2: PGM-FI except 7: F22A2 and 9: F22A9



Unit of length: mm (in.) - 5. Engine/Cylinder Head. Valve Train -

	MEASURE	MENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Valve spring	Free length	X (NH) 1, F18A2:	59.89 (2,3578)	
	1	2. F20A2:	59.89 (2.3578)	l —
		3. F20A3;	59.89 (2.3578)	
		4, F20A4:	55.78 (2.1960)	
		5. F20A5:	55.78 (2,1960)	_
		6, F20A6:	59.89 (2.3578)	_
	1	7. F22A2:	55.78 (2.1960)	
	\	8. F22A3:	55.78 (2.1960)	. —
	J	9. F22A9:	55.78 (2.1960)	
	1	(CH) 1. F18A2:	59.88 (2.3574)	-
		2, F20A2:	59.88 (2,3574)	_
	1	3. F20A3:	59.88 (2.3574)	
		4, F20A4:	55.80 (2.1968)	
		5. F20A5:	55.80 (2.1968)	_
		6 F20A6	59.88 (2.3574)	_
		7. F22A2:	55.80 (2.1968)	<u> </u>
		8. F22A3:	55.80 (2.1968)	
		9. F22A5:	55.80 (2.1968)	
Valve guide	I.D.	IN and EX	5.515-5.530 (0.2171-0.2177)	5.63 (0.2177)
_	 Valve guide installed heigh 	it IN	23.75 -24.25 (0.9148 0.9547)	
	L	EX	15.05-15.55 (0.5925-0.6122)	<u> </u>
Rocker arm	Arm-to-shaft clearance	IN	0.017-0.050 (0.0007-0.0020)	0.080 (0.0031)
		EX	0.018-0.054 (0.0007-0.0021)	0.080 (0.0031)

	MEASUREMENT		STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Cylinder block	Warpage of deck surface Bore diameter Bore taper Reboring limit		0.003) max. 85.02 (3.3464-3,3472)	0.10 (0.004) 85.07 (3.3492) 0.05 (0.002) 0.5 (0.002)
Piston		B 84.97	-84.99 (3.3456-3.4605) -84.98 (3.3452-3.3456) -0.04 (0.0008-0.0016)	84.97 (3.3452) 84.96 (3.3448) 0.05 (0.0020)
Piston ring	Piston-to-ring clearance Top Second Ring end gap Top Second Oil	0.030 0.20- 0.40-	-0.060 (0.0014-0.0024) -0.055 (0.0011-0.0022) -0.35 (0.0079-0.0138) -0.55 (0.0157-0.0217) -0.70 (0.0079-0.0276)	0.130 (0.0051) 0.130 (0.0051) 0.60 (0.0236) 0.70 (0.0276) 0.80 (0.0315)
Connecting rad	Pin-to rod interference Small end bore diameter Large end bore diameter 1.8 t , 2.0 2.2 ℓ End play installed on crankshaft	21.96 Nomin Normi	-0.032 (0.0005-0.0013) 8-21.981 (0.8649-0.8654) al 48 (1.890) al 51 (2.008) -0.30 (0.006- 0.012)	0.40 (0.016)
Crankshaft	Main journal diameter No.1, 2 Journal No.3 Journal No.4, 5 Journal No.4, 5 Journal Rod journal diameter 1.81, 2.0 2.21 Taper/out-of-round, rod journal End play Runout	49.97 49.94 0.005 44.97 47.97 0.005 0.10-	6-50.000 (1.9676-1.9685) 2-49.996 (1.9674-1.9683) 8-50.008 (1.9665-1.9688) (0.0002) max. 6-45.000 (1.7710-1.7717) 6-48.000 (1.8888-1.8898) (0.0002) max. 0.0002) max.	0.010 (0.0004) 0.010 (0.0004) 0.45 (0.018) 0.020 (0.0008)
Bearings	Main bearing-to journal oil clearance No.1, 2 Journa No.3 Journal No.4, 5 Journal Clearance 2, 2 £ t others	s 0.025 s 0.013 0.021	-0.045 (0.0009-0.0018) -0.049 (0.0001-0.0019) -0.037 (0.0005-0.0015) -0.049 (0.0008-0.0019) -0.043 (0.0006-0.0017)	0.05 (0.002) 0.054 (0.0021) 0.05 (0.002) 0.05 (0.002) 0.05 (0.002)

^{1.} F18A2: 1.8 ¢ CARB
2. F20A2: 2.0 ¢ CARB with CATA
3. F20A3: 2.0 ¢ CARB
4. F20A4: 2.0 ¢ PGM-FI with CATA
5. F20A5: 2.0 ¢ PGM-FI
6. F20A6: 2.0 ¢ CARB with CATA
7. F22A2: 2.2 ¢ PGM-FI
8. F22A3: 2.2 ¢ PGM-FI with CATA
9. F22A9: 2.2 ¢ PGM-FI with CATA

Standards and Service Limits

- 5. Engine/Engine Block STANDARD (NEW) SERVICE LIMIT MEASUREMENT 31ADAN (1682) - 1.6824) - 20.938 - 20.950 (0.8243 - 0.8248) - 38.712 - 38.724 (1.5241 - 1.5246) - 34.722 - 34.734 (1.3670 - 1.3674) - 0.005 (0.0002) - 0.100 - 0.350 (0.0040 - 0.0138) - 0.050 (0.0008) - 0.0024 - 0.0070) - 0.020 (0.0008) - 0.050 - 0.075 (0.0020 - 0.0030) - 0.066 - 0.188 (0.0026 - 0.0046) - 0.076 - 0.128 (0.0030 - 0.0050) - 0.076 - 0.128 (0.0030 - 0.0050) - 0.076 - 0.128 (0.0030 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.128 (0.0030 - 0.0050) - 0.076 - 0.128 (0.0030 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0030 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.004 - 0.0050) - 0.0060 - 0.0 Balancer Shaft Journal diameter No.1 journal (Front) (Rear) No.2 journal No.3 journal Journal taper End play (Front) (Rear) Runout Oil Clearance No.1 journal { No.1, 3 journal No.2, journal (Rear) 42.800-42.820 (1.6850-1.6858) 21.000-21.013 (0.8268 -0.8273) 38.800-38.820 (1.5276-1.5283) 34.800-34.820 (1.3701-1.3710) f. D Balancer Shaft Bearing (Front) No.1 journal (Rear) No.2 journal No.3 journal

– 5. Eng	gine/Engine Lul	orication —		
	MEASURE	MENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Engine oil	Capacity (US, qt., Imp. qt	1.)	4.9 (5.2, 4.3) After engine disassembly 3.8 (4.0, 3.3) After oil change, includin 3.5 (3.7, 3.1) After oil change, without	ng oil filter
Oil pump	Displacement		43.9 & (11.6 US. gal., 9.7 Imp. gal.)/6	6,000 min-1 (rpm)
	Inner-to-outer rotor radial Pump body-to-rotor radial Pump body-to-rotor side of	clearance	0.02-0.16 (0.0008-0.0063) 0.10-0.19 (0.0040-0.0075) 0.02-0.07 (0.001-0.003)	0.2 (0.008) 0.21 (0.0083) 0.12 (0.005)
Relief valve	Pressure setting 80°C	idle	69 kPa (0.7 kg/cm², 10 psi) min.	
	(176°F)	3,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	3431 kPa (3.5 kg/cm², 50 psi)	



Unit of length; mm (in.)

Starts to open Full open Valve lift at full open Valve lift at full open Displacement Capacity (incl. heater) £ [US.qt., Imp. qt] (Includes reservoir tank 0.6 (0.63, 0.53) after overhaul 1, F18A2: 2, F20A2: 3, F20A3: 4, F20A4:
Capacity (incl. heater) £ (US.qt., Imp. qt) (Includes reservoir tank 0.6 (0.63, 0.53) after overhaul 1, F18A2: 2, F20A2: 3, F20A3:
(Includes reservoir tank 0.6 (0.63, 0.53) after overhaul 1, F18A2: 2, F20A2: 3, F20A3:
5. F20A5: 6. F20A6: 7. F22A2: 8. F22A3: 9. F22A3: 1. F18A2: 2. F20A2: 3. F20A3: 4. F20A4: 5. F20A6: 7. F22A2: 8. F22A3: 9. F22A3:

^{1.} F18A2: 1.8 t CARB
2. F20A2: 2.0 t CARB with CATA
3. F20A3: 2.0 t CARB
4. F20A4: 2.0 t PGM-FI with CATA
5. F20A5: 2.0 t PGM-FI
6. F20A6: 2.0 t CARB with CATA
7. F22A2: 2.2 t PGM-FI with CATA
9. F22A3: 2.2 t PGM-FI with CATA
9. F22A3: 2.2 t PGM-FI with CATA

Standards and Service Limits

- 6. Fuel and Emissions MEASUREMENT STANDARD (NEW) 240 – 279 Pa (2.45 – 2.85 kg-cm² , 35 – 41 lb-ft) 230 cc (7.8 US oz., 8.1 lmp oz.) 441 588 kPa (4.5 – 6.0 kg/cm², 64 ···85 psi) Delivery pressure Fuel Pump (PGM-FI) Displacement (minimum in 10 seconds) Relief valve opening pressure Fuel Pump (CARB) Delivery pressure Displacement (minimum in minute at 12V) 9-14 kPa (0.09 0.14 kg/cm², 1.3-2.0 ps) 760 cc (25.7 US oz., 26.8 lmp oz.) 240-279 kPa (2.45-2.85 kg/cm², 35-41 psi) Pressure Pressure Regulator (PGM-FI) with regulator vacuum hose disconnected 2WS: Fuel Tank 65 & (17.2 US gal., 14.3 Imp gal.) 60 & (15.9 US gal., 13.2 Imp gal.) Capacity 1,400 ± 200 min⁻¹(rpm) Engine Fast idle 800±50 min⁻¹ (rpm) 770±50 min⁻¹ (rpm) 750±50 min⁻¹ (rpm) in □ position 770±50 min⁻¹ (rpm) in □ or ℕ positions idle speed MT with carburated engine: MT with PGM-FI engine: (with headlights AT with carburated engine: AT with PGM-FI engine: and cooling fan QFF) Idle CO With CATA: 0.1% maximum 1.0+1.0% Without CATA:

	MEASUREMENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Clutch pedal	Pedal height Stroke Pedal play Disengagement height	210 (8.3) to floor 142.0 (5.6) 9-15 (0.4-0.6) 90 (3.5) min. to floor 80 (3.1) min. to carpet	
Flywheel	Clutch surface runout	0.05 (0.002) max.	0.15 (0.006)
Clutch disc	Rivet head depth Surface runout Thickness	1.3 (0.05) min. 0.8 (0.03) max. 8.5—9.2 (0.33—0.36)	0.2 (0.008) 1.0 (0.04) 6.1 (0.24)
Clutch cover	Uneveness of diaphragm spring	0.6 (0.02) max.	0.8 (0.03)

MEASUREMENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Capacity & (U.S. qt., Imp. qt.)	1.9 (2.0, 1.7) at assembly 2.0 (2.1, 1.8) at oil change	
End play Diameter of ball bearing contact area Diameter of third gear contact area Diameter of ball bearing contact area Runout	0.10-0.16 (0.0039-0.0063) 27.977-27.990 (1.1015-1.1020) 37.984-38.000 (1.4954-1.4961) 27.987-28.000 (1.1018-1.1024) 0.02 (0.008) max.	Adjust with a shim, 29,93 (1,1783) 37,930 (1,4933) 27,940 (1,1000) 0.05 (0.002)
I.D. End play Thickness 3rd gear 4th gear	43.009-43.025 (1.6933-1.6939) 0.06-0.21 (0.0024-0.0083) 32.42-32.47 (1.276-1.278) 30.92-30.97 (1.217-1.219)	43.080 (1.6961) 0.30 (0.012) 32.3 (1.27) 30.8 (1.21)
I.D End play Thickness	43.009-43.025 (1.6933 · 1.6939) 0.06-0.21 (0.0024-0.0083) 30.42-30.47 (1.198-1.200)	43.080 (1.6961) 0.30 (0.012) 30.3 (1.193)
End play Diameter of needle bearing contact area Diameter of ball bearing needle bearing contact area Diameter of low gear contact area	0.05-0.21 (0.0019-0.0083) 33.000-33.015 (1.2992 1.2998) 24.987-25.000 (0.9837-0.9845) 39.984-40.000 (1.5742-1.5748)	0.50 (0.02) 32.95 (1.297) 24.94 (0.982) 39.93 (1.572) 0.05 (0002)
	Capacity & (U.S. qt., Imp. qt.) End play Diameter of ball bearing contact area Diameter of ball bearing contact area Diameter of ball bearing contact area Runout I.D. End play Thickness 3rd gear 4th gear I.D End play Thickness End play Diameter of needle bearing contact area Diameter of ball bearing needle bearing contact area	Capacity ℓ (U.S. qt., Imp. qt.) I. 9 (2.0, 1.7) at assembly 2.0 (2.1, 1.8) at oil change End play Diameter of ball bearing contact area Punout I.D. End play Thickness 3rd gear 4th gear I.D End play Thickness Bright (2.0, 1.7) at assembly 2.0 (2.1, 1.8) at oil change 0.10−0.16 (0.0039−0.0063) 27.977-27.990 (1.1015−1.1020) 27.987-28.000 (1.4954−1.4961) 27.987-28.000 (1.4954−1.4961) 27.987-28.000 (1.4018−1.1024) 0.02 (0.008) max. 1.D. End play Thickness 31.49 (2.0, 1.7) at assembly 2.0 (0.0039−0.0063) 37.984-38.000 (1.4954−1.4961) 27.987-28.000 (1.4954−1.4961) 27.987-28.000 (1.4018−1.1024) 0.02 (0.008) max. 1.00 (4.009-43.025 (1.6933−1.5939) 0.06-0.21 (0.0024-0.0083) 30.42-30.47 (1.198−1.200) End play Diameter of needle bearing contact area Diameter of ball bearing needle bearing contact area Diameter of ball bearing needle bearing contact area Diameter of low gear contact area 39.984-40.000 (1.5742−1.5748)



Manual Transmission Unit of length: mm (in.)

	MEASUREMENT		STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Countershaft ow gear	I.D. End play		46,009-46,025 (1,8114-1,8120) 0.04-0.10 (0.002-0.004)	46.08 (1.814) Adjust with a washer.
Countershaft second gear	I.O. End ptay Thickness		50.009-50.025 (1.9689-1.9695) 0.04-0.10 (0.002-0.004) 33.92-33.97 (1.335-1.337)	50.08 (1.972) Adjust with a collar. 32.8 (1.2913)
Spacer collar (Countershaft second gear)	I.D. O.D. Length	A B	36.48-36.49 (1.4362-1.4366) 43.989-44.000 (1.7318-1.7323) 29.03-29.05 (1.1429-1.1437) 28.98-29.00 (1.1409-1.1417)	36.50 (1.437) 43.94 (1.730)
Spacer collar (Mainshaft fourth and fifth gears)	I.D. O.D. Length	A	31.002-31.012 (1.2205-1.2209) 37.989-38.000 (1.4956-1.4961) 56.45-56.55 (2.22-2.226) 26.03-26.08 (1.0248-1.0268)	31.06 (1.223) 37.94 (1.494) 26.01 (1.024)
Reverse idler gear	I.D. Gear-to-reverse gear shaft clearance	•	20.016-20.043 (0.7880-0.7891) 0.036 · 0.084 (0.0014-0.0033)	20.09 (0.7909) 0.160 (0.0006)
Synchronizer ring	Ring-to-gear clearance (ring pushed against gear)		0.85-1.10 (0.0335-0.0433)	0.40 (0.016)
Shift fork	Synchronizer sleeve groove width Fork-to-synchronizer sleeve clearance		6.75-6.85 (0.266-0.270) 0.35-0.65 (0.014-0.026)	1.0 (0.039)
Reverse shift fork	Pawl groove width Fork-to-reverse idle gear clearance Groove width Fork-to fifth/ reverse shift Shaft clearance	at A at B at A at B	13.0—13.3 (0.51—0.52) 0.5—1.1 (0.02—0.43) 7.05—7.25 (0.278—0.2854) 7.4—7.7 (0.29—0.30) 0.05—0.35 (0.002—0.014) 0.4—0.8 (0.02—0.03)	1.8 (0.07)
Shift arm	I.D. Shift arm-to-shaft clearance Shift fork diameter at contact area Shift-arm-to-shift fork shaft clearance		15.973-16.000 (0.6289-0.6299) 0.005-0.059 (0.0002-0.0023) 12.9-13.0 (0.508-0.512) 0.2-0.5 (0.01-0.02)	0.6 (0.02)
Select lever	Pin size of contact area Shaft outer diameter Shift arm cover clerance		7.9-8.0 (0.311-0.315) 15.41-15.68 (0.607-0.617) 0.032-0.102 (0.0013-0.0040)	
Shift arm lever	O.D. Transmission housing clearance		15.941-15.968 (0.6276-0.6287) 0.027-0.139 (0.0011-0.0055)	-
Inter lock	Bore diameter Shift arm lever clearance		16.00-16.05 (0.630-0.632) 0.032-0.109 (0.0013-0.0043)	
Ring gear	Backlash		0.0850.142 (0.00330.0056)	0.200 (0.0079)
Differential carrier	Pinion shaft bore diameter Carrier-to-pinion shaft clearance Driveshaft bore diameter Carrier-to-driveshaft clearance	R L	18.000-18.018 (0.7087-0.7094) 0.017-0.047 (0.0007-0.0019) 28.005-28.025 (1.1026-1.1033) 0.020-0.062 (0.0008-0.0024) 0.055-0.091 (0.0022-0.0036)	0.100 (0.0039) 0.120 0.150
Differential pinion gear	Backlash Pinion gear bore diameter Pinion gear-to-pinion shaft clearance		0.05-0.15 (0.002-0.006) 18.042-18.066 (0.7103-0.7113) 0.059-0.095 (0.0023-0.0037)	Selection with 7 types of washers. 0.150 (0.0059)
Orfferential taper roller bearing	Preload		1.4-2.6 N·m (14-26 kg-cm, 1.0-1.9 lb-ft)	Selection with 20 types of shims.

Standards and Service Limits

Transmission oil Hydrauric pressure	MEASUREMENT Capacity & (U.S. qt., Imp. qt.)		STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT	
			2.4 (2.5, 2.1) at oil change 6.0 (6.4, 5.2) at assembly		
	Line pressure at 2,000 min-1 (rpm)	Carburetor	760 kPa (7.75 kg/cm², 110 psi) Throttle valve full- closed 808 kPa {8.25 kg/cm², 117 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	710 kPa (7.26kg/cm², 103 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
		PGM-FI	784 kPa (8.0 kg/cm², 113 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 833 kPa (8.5 kg/cm², 120psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	735 kPa (7.5 kg/cm², 106 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
	4th clutch pressure at 2,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	Carburetor	411 kPa (4.2 kg/cm², 59 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 808 kPa (8.25 kg/cm², 117 psil Throttle Valve more than 2/8 open	352 kPa (3.6 kg/cm², 51 spi) Throttle valve full-closed 1 710 kPa (7.25 kg/cm³, 103 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
		PGM-FI	509 kPa (5.2 kg/cm², 74 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 833 kPa (8.5 kg/cm², 120 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	460 kPa (4.7 kg/cm², 66 psi) Throttle valve full-closed I 735 kPa (7.5 kg/cm², 106 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
	3rd clutch pressure at 2,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	Carburetor	392 kPa (4.0 kg/cm², 57 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 808 kPa (8.25 kg/cm², 117 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	352 kPa (3.6 kg/cm², 51 psi) Throttle volve full-closed I 710 kPa (7.25 kg/cm², 103 psi) Throttle volve more than 2/8 open	
		PGM-FI	490 kPa (510 kg/cm², 71 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 833 kPa (8.5 kg/cm², 120 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	441 kPa (4.5 kg/cm², 64 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 735 kPa (7.5 kg/cm², 106 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
	2nd clutch pressure at 2,000 min-' (rpm)	Carburetor	392 kPa (4.0 kg/cm², 57 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 808 kPa (8.25 kg/cm², 117 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	352 kPa (3.6 kg/cm², 51 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 710 kPa (7.25 kg/cm², 103 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
		PGM-FI	490 kPa (5.0 kg/cm², 71 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 833 kPa (8.5 kg/cm², 120 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	441 kPa (4.5 kg/cm², 64 psi) Throttle valve full-closed 735 kPe (7.5 kg/cm², 106 psi) Throttle valve more than 2/8 open	
	1st clutch pressure at 2,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	Carburetor	750-808 kPa {7.75-8.25 kg/cm², 110 117 psi}	710 kPa (7.25 kg/cm², 103 psi)	
		PGM-FI	784-833 kPa (8.0-8.5 kg/cm², 113-120 psi)	735 kPa (7.5 kg/cm², 106 psi)	



Unit of length: mm (in.)

	MEASUREMEN	IT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT	
Hydrouric pressure	Governor pressure at (37.5 mph) 60 km/h	Carburetor with CATA	225-235 kPa {2.30-2.40 kg/cm², 32-34 psi}	220 kPa (2.25 kg/cm², 32 psi)	
		Carburetor without CATA	166-176 kPa (1.70-1.80 kg/cm², 2425 psi)	162 kPa (1.65 kg/cm², 23 psi)	
	Throttle pressure A	Carburetor	closed 0	<u> </u>	
		with CATA	open 514-530 kPa (5.25-5.4 kg/cm², 74-76 psi)	509 kPa (5.2 kg/cm², 73 psi)	
		Carburetor	closed 0		
		with CATA	open 485-500 kPa (4.95-5.10 kg/cm²,70-72 psi)	480 kPa (4.9 kg/cm², 69 psi)	
	Throttle pressure 8	C	closed 0		
		Carburetor	open760-808 kPa (7.75-8.25 kg/cm², 110-117 psi)	710 kPa (7.25 kg/cm², 103 psi)	
			closed 0		
		PGM-FI	open 784-833 kPa (8.0-8.5 kg/cm², 113-120 psi)	735 kPa (7.5 kg/cm², 106 psi)	
Stall speed	Check with car on level ground	Carburetor [1.8 £]	2,450—2,750 min ⁻¹ (rpm)		
		Others	2.350-2.660 min* (rpm)		
Clutch	Clutch initial clearance	1st hold 1st, 2nd 3rd, 4th	0.8-1.0 (0.031-0.039) 0.65-0.85 (0.026-0.033) 0.4-0.6 (0.016-0.024)		
	Clutch return spring free length	Carburetor	1st, 33.9 (1.334) 2nd, 30.3 (1.192) 3rd, 32.1 (1.263) 4th, 32.1 (1.263)	31.9 (1.255) 28.3 (1.114) 30.1 (1.185) 30.1 (1.185)	
	1	PGM-FI	1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 33.5 (1.318)	31.5 (1.240)	
	Clutch disc thickness		1.88-2.0 (0.074-0.079)	Until grooves worn out	
	Clutch plate thickness	Carburetor	1st, 3rd, 4th, 1.95-2.05 (0.0767-0.0807)	Discoloration	
			2nd, 2.55—2.65 (0.1003—0.1043)		
			1st, 1.95-2.05 (0.0767-0.0807)	l i	
	1	PGM-FI	2nd, 2.55-2.65 (0.1003-0.1043)	1 1	
			3rd, 4th, 2.25-2.35 (0.0885-0.0925)		
	Clutch end plate thickness	Mark 1 Mark 2 Mark 3 Mark 4 Mark 5 Mark 6 Mark 7 Mark 9	2.05-2.10 (0.081-0.83) 2.15-2.20 (0.085-0.087) 2.25-2.30 (0.089-0.091) 2.35-2.40 (0.093-0.094) 2.45-2.50 (0.096-0.098) 2.55-2.60 (0.100-0.102) 2.65-2.70 (0.104-0.106) 2.75-2.80 (0.108 0.110) 2.85-2.90 (0.112-0.114)		

^{*}Carburated engine only.

Standards and Service Limits

- 9. Automatic Transmission (cont'd) -

	MEASUREMENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Valve body	Stater camshaft needle bearing contact area I.D. (torque converter side) Stater camshaft needle bearing	27.000-27.021 (1.0630-1.0638)	Wear or damage
	contact area I.D. (oil pump side)	29.000~29.013 (1.417~1.1422) 14.016~14.034 (0.5518~0.5525)	Wear or damage
	Oil pump driven gear I.D. Oil pump shaft O.D.	13.980-13.990 {0.5504-0.5508}	Wear or damage
	Oil pump gear side clearance Oil pump gear-to-body clearance	0.03-0.06 (0.0012-0.0020)	0.07 (0.0028)
	Drive	0.21-0.265 (0.0083-0.0104)	
	Driver	0.07-0.125 (0.0027-0.0049)	
Regulator valve	Sealing ring contact area diameter	35.000-35.025 (1.3780-1.3789)	35.050 (1.3799)
Accumulator body	Sealing ring contact area diameter	32.000-32.025 (1.2598-1.2608)	32.05 (1.2618)
Stator camshaft	Sealing ring contact area diameter	29.000-29.013 (1.1417-1.1422)	29.05 (1.1436)
Shifting device	Reverse shift fork thickness	5.90-6.00 (0.232-0.236)	5.40 (0.213)
and parking	Parking brake ratchet pawl	_	Wear or other defect
orake control	Parking gear Throttle cam stopper Carbureto	18.5-18.6 (0.7283-0.7322)	Wear or other defect
	PGM-FI	17.0-17.1 (0.6692-0.6732)	<u> </u>
Servo body	Shif fork Shaft 1.D.		. —
•	<u> </u>		I —
	Shift fork shaft valve bore LD.	2 14.011-14.015 (0.5516···0.5518) 37.000-37.039 (1.4567-1.4582)	37.045 (1.4585)
<u> </u>		37.000-37.033 (1.4307 1.4302)	37.043 (1.4383)
Transmission	Diameter of needle bearing contact area On mainshaft and stator shaft	22.980-23.000 (0.9047-0.9055)	Wear or damage
	On mainshaft 4th gear collar On mainshaft 3rd gear collar	31.984-32.000 (1.2592-1.2598)	1
	Carbureto		
	PGM-FI	45.984-46.000 (1.8103-1.8110)	
	On counter shaft 1st gear collar	40.984-42.000 (1.6135-1.6535)	1 1
	On counter shaft 4th gear collar	35.980-35.996 (1.4165-1.4171) 35.984-36.000 (1.4166-1.4173)	
	On counter shaft reverse gear collar On counter shaft parking gear	39.984-40.000 (1.5741-1.5748)	
	On coonter shart parking gear On secondary shart 1st gear	31,975-31,991 (1,2588-1,2594)	
	On secondary shaft 2sd gear	35.984-36.000 (1.4166-1.4173)	
	Reverse idle shaft holder I.D.	14.416-14.434 (0.5675-0.5682)	
	Mainshaft 3rd gear I.D.	52.000-52.019 (2.0472-2.0479)	
	4th gear I.D.	38.000-38.016 (1.4960-1.4966)	Wear or damage



Unit of length: mm (in.)

	MEASUREMENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Transmission	Couter shaft 1st gear I.D.	47.000-47.016 (1.8504-1.8510)	Wear or damage
	4th gear I.D.	42.000-42.016 (1.6535-1.6541)	
•	reverse gear 1.D.	42.000-42.016 (1.6535-1.6541)	!
	idle gear I.D.	48,000-48,016 (1,8897-1,8903)	1
	Secondary shaft 1st gear I.D.	37,000-37,016 (1,4566-1,4573)	
	2nd gear L.D.	42.010-42.026 (1.6539-1.6545)	1
	Mainshaft 3rd gear collar length	20.000-20.050 (0.7874-0.7893)	
	4th gear collar length	47.500-47.550 (1.8700-1.8720)	
	Counter shaft 1st gear collar length	27.500-27.550 (1.0826-1.0846)	
	4th gear collar length	20.04-20.08 (0.7889-0.7905)	
	reverse gear collar length	15.00-15.05 (0.5905-0.5925)	
	Secondary shaft distance collar length	4.95-5.00 (0.1948-0.1968)	
	Counter shaft 1st gear thickness	1.45-1.50 (0.0570-0.0590)	1
	Counter shaft parking gear length	25.030-25.048 (0.9854-0.9861)	Wear or damage

Standards and Service Limits

9. Automatic Transmission (cont'd)

Unit of length: mm (in.)

	MEASUREMEN	VT		\$TANDARI	(NEW)	
			WIRE DIA.	0.0.	FREE LENGTH	No. of COILS
Spring	1st One way ball spring		0.29 (0.0114)	4.0 (0.01574)	14.0 (0.5511)	13.0
Carburetor)	Regulator valve spring A		1.80 (0.0708)	14.7 (0.5787)	85.1 (3.3503)	16.6
	Regulator valve spring B			9.6 (0.3779)	44.0 (1.7328)	7.5.
	Stator reaction spring		5.50 (0.2165)	37.4 (1.4724)	30.3 (1.1929)	2.1
	Throttle modulator spring	with CATA	1.20 (0.0472)	9.4 (0.3700)	27.2 (1.0708)	8.0
	without CATA		1.20 (0.0472)	9.4 (0.3700)	26.3 (1.0354)	8.0
	Torque convertor check valve	spring	1.10 (0.0433)	8.4 (0.3307)	36.8 (1.4488)	12.0
	Relife valve spring	• •	1.00 (0.0393)	8.4 (0.3307)	39.1 (1.5393)	15.1
	Cooler check valve spring		1.10 (0.0433)	8.4 (0.3307)	46.8 (1.8425)	17.0
	Governer spring A	with CATA	1.0 (0.0393)	18.8 (0.7401)	44.3 (1.7440)	4.0
	, -	without CATA	1.0 (0.0393)	18.8 (0.7401)	25.8 (1.0157)	4.0
	Governor spring B	with CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	11.8 (0.4645)	18.4 (0.7244)	6.2
		without CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	11.8 (0.4645)	21.4 (0.8425)	6.2
	Second olifice control spring		0.7 (0.0275)	6.6 (0.2598)	53.3 (2.0984)	20.5
	Servo olifice spring		0.9 (0.0354)	7.1 (0.2795)	61.2 (2.4094)	28.2
	Throttle spring A		1.0 (0.0393)	8.5 (0.3346)	21.0 (0.8267)	5.8
	Throttle adjust spring A		0.8 (0.0314)	6.2 (0.2440)	30.0 (1.1811)	8.0
	Throttle spring B		1.6 (0.0629)	8.5 (0.3346)	41.4 (1.6299)	11.7
	1-2 shift spring	with CATA	0.5 (0.0196)	4.6 (0.1811)	42.3 (1.6653)	25.0
	, -	without CATA	0.6 (0.0236)	6.1 (0.2401)	42.3 (1.6653)	21.1
	1-2 shiftball spring	with CATA	0.4 (0.0157)	4.5 (0.1771)	13.0 (0.5118)	8.7
		without CATA	0.4 (0.0157)	4.5 (0.1771)	12.6 (0.4960)	8.7
	2-3 shift spring	with CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	7.6 (0.2992)	70.0 (2.7559)	28.2
	,	without CATA	0.8 (0.0314)	7.6 (0.2992)	58.9 (2.3188)	16.8
	2-3 shft ball spring	with CATA	0.5 (0.0196)	4.5 (0.1771)	11.7 (0.4606)	10.5
	. •	without CATA	0.5 (0.0196)	4.5 (0.1771)	14.1 (0.5561)	10.5
	3-4 shift spring	with CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	9.6 (0.3779)	35.8 (1,4094)	10.3
		without CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	9.6 (0.3779)	27.7 (1.0905)	10.3
	3-4 shift ball spring	with CATA	0.5 (0.0196)	4.5 (0.1771)	11.5 (0.4527)	7.4
		without CATA	0.5 (0.0196)	4.5 (0.1771)	11 3 (0 4448)	7.4
	1st hold accumulator spring		4.0 (0.1574)	21.5 (0.8464)	71.7 (2.8228)	8.3
	1st accumulator spring		2.1 (0.0826)	16.3 (0.6417)	96.0 (3.7795)	17.1
	4th accumulator spring		2.6 (0.1023)	16.0 (0.6292)	84.6 (3.3307)	14.3
	2nd accumulator spring		3.2 (0.1259)	20.7 (0.8149)	80.7 (3,1771)	10.8
	3rd accumulator spring		2.6 (0.1023)	17.5 (0.6889)	78.6 (3.0944)	11.0
	L/C shift spring		0.9 (0.0354)	7.6 (0.2992)	73.7 (2.9015)	32.0
	L/C timing spring B	with CATA	1.0 (0.0393)	6.6 (0.2598)	84.0 (3.3070)	42.4
		without CATA	1.0 (0.0393)	6.6 (0.2598)	79.1 (3.1141)	42.4
	L/C timing spring A	with CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	6.6 (0.2598)	55.9 (2.2007)	27.3
	i _	without CATA	0.9 (0.0354)	6.6 (0.2598)	50.0 (1.9685)	27.3
	Governor cut spring		0.8 (0.0314)	7.6 (0.2992)	44.5 (1.7519)	17.0
	L/C control spring		0.7 (0.0275)	6.6 (0.2598)	42.9 (1.6889)	14.1
	CPC valve spring		1.4 (0.0551)	9.4 (0.3700)	31.2 (1.2283)	10.9
	3rd kick dawn spring	Ì	0.9 (0.0354)	7.6 (0.2992)	62.7 (2.4684)	27.5
	Reverse control spring	1	0.7 (0.0275)	7.1 (0.2795)	40.0 (1,5748)	20.8
	L/C cut spring	1	0.7 (0.0275)	7.6 (0.2992)	31.0 (1.2204)	12.7
	Accumulator control spring	1	1.2 (0.0472)	7.7 (0.3031)	45.6 (1.7952)	21.8
	2nd kick down spring	ì	1.2 (0.0472)	7.1 (0.2795)	46.9 (1.8464)	20.6
	Servo control spring	l	0.9 (0.0354)	6.4 (0.2519)	32.5 (1.2795)	17.5
	2-1 timing spring		0.7 (0.0275)	5.6 (0.2204)	33.0 (1.2992)	21.7
	4th exhaust spring		0.8 (0.0314	6.1 (0.2401)	51.1 (2.0118)	26.6



Automatic Transmission Unit of length: mm (in.)

	MEASUREMENT		STANDARD (NEW)						
		WIRE DIA.	O.D.	FREE LENGTH	No. of COILS				
Spring	Regulator valve Spring A	1.8 (0.0709)	14.7 (0.5887)	86.5 (3.4055)	16.5				
(PGM-FI)	l " B	1.8 (0.0709)	6.0 (0.2336)	44.0 (1.7323)	12.7				
	Stator reaction spring	5.5 (0.2165)	37.4 (1.4724)	30.3 (1.1929)	2.1				
	Torque converter check valve spring	1.1 (0.0433)	8.4 (0.3307)	33.8 (1.3307)	12.5				
	Relief valve spring	1.0 (0.0394)	8.4 (0.3307)	39.1 (1.5393)	15.1				
	Cooler check valve spring	1.1 (0.0433)	8.4 (0.3307)	46.8 (1.8425)	17.0				
	2nd orifice spring	0.6 (0.0236)	6.6 (0.2598)	52.2 (2.0551)	21.0				
	Serve orifice spring	0.8 (0.0315)	6.6 (0.2598)	52.2 (2.0551)	33.0				
	4th exhaust spring	0.9 (0.0354)	7.1 (0.2795)	60.8 (2.3936)	28.9				
	1-2 shift spring	1.0 (0.0393)	8.6 (0.3386)	41.3 (1.6259)	16.9				
	2-3 shift spring	0.9 (0.0354)	7.6 (0.2992)	57.0 (2.2440)	26.8				
	1st accumulator spring	2.1 (0.0826)	16.3 (0.6417)	96.0 (3.7795)	. 17.1				
	4th accumulator spring	2.9 (0.1142)	22.0 (0.8661)	84.5 (3.3267)	10.9				
	2nd accumulator spring	3.2 (0.1260)	20.7 (0.8149)	80.7 (3.1771)	10.8				
	3rd accumulator spring	2.8 (0.1102)	17.5 (0.6889)	94.2 (3.7086)	16.1				
	L/C shift spring	0.9 (0.0354)	7.6 (0.2992)	73.7 (2.9016)	32.0				
	L/C timing spring	0.8 (0.0314)	6.6 (0.2598)	64.0 (2.5196)	40.1				
	D-inhibitor spring	1.0 (0.0394)	8.1 (0.3188)	52.6 (2.0708)	22.4				
	3rd kick-down spring	1.1 (0.0433)	7.6 (0.2992)	48.3 (1.9015)	23.3				
	2nd kick-down spring	1.2 (0.0472)	7.1 (0.2795)	46.9 (1.8464)	20.6				
	Throttle adjust spring	0.8 (0.0314)	6.2 (0.2440)	30.0 (1.1811)	8.0				
	Throttle B spring	1.5 (0.0591)	8.5 (0.3346)	41.5 (1.6334)	11.2				
	1st hold spring	4.0 (0.1574)	25.0 (0.9842)	64.7 (2.5472)	7.3				
	L/C modulator valve spring	1.4 (0.0551)	9.4 (0.3700)	33.0 (1.2992)	10.5				
	L/C control spring	0.8 (0.0314)	6.6 (0.2598)	41.0 (1.6141)	25.0				

Standards and Service Limits

- 9. Automatic Transmission (cont'd) ----

	MEASUREMENT	STANDARD (NEW)	. SERVICE LIMIT
Rign gear	Backlash	0.085-0.142 (0.003-0.006)	0.200 (0.008)
Differential carrier	Pinion shaft bore diameter Carrier-to-pinion shaft clearance Driveshaft bore diameter Carrier-to driveshaft clearance	18.000-18.018 (0.7087-0.7094) 0.017-0.047 (0.001-0.002) 28.005-28.025 (1.1026-1.1033) 0.025-0.066 (0.001-0.003)	0.100 (0.004) 0.120 (0.005)
Differential pinion gear	Backlash Pinion gear bore diameter Pinion gear-to pinion shaft clearance	0.08-0.15 (0.03-0.006) 18.042-18.066 (0.710-0.711) 0.059-0.095 (0.002-0.004)	Adjust with a washer 0.150 (0.006)
Differential taper roller bearing preload	For used bearing After replacement of bearing	2.5 -3.7 N·m (25-37 kg-cm, 1 8 -2.7 lb-ft) 2.8 -4.0 N·m (28-48 kg-cm, 2.0 -2.9 lb-ft)	Adjust with a washer Adjust with a washer

□ 11. Steering ————

	MEASUREMENT		STANDARD (NEW)
Steering wheel	Play		10 (0.39) maximum
Gearbox	Pinion starting torque Angle of rack guide screw loosend from locked position		Below 1.ON-m (10 kg-cm, 0.72 lb-ft) 35' 18
Pump	Pump pressure with valve closed (oil temperature: 40°C/104°F minimum) Do not run for more than 5 seconds		7,845-8,826 kPa (80-90 kg/cm², 1,138-1,280 psi) at idle
Power steering fluid	Capacity Reservoir At change (approx.)		0.5 f (0.53 US at., 0.44 (mp at.) 1.8 f 1.90 US at. 1.58 (mp at.)
Power steering belt	Deflection between pulleys with 98 N (10 kg, 22 lbs) force	For used belt For new belt	12.5-16.0 (0.50-0 62) 9.5-11.5 (0.37-0.45)
	Belt tension between pulleys (measured with tension gauge)	For used belt For new belt	343-490 N (35-50 kg, 77-110 lb) 686-882 N (70-90 kg, 154-198 lb)

_ 12. Suspension ——————

	MEASUREMEN	NT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT
Wheel alignment		ront lear 2WS: 4WS:	0±2 (0±0.08) IN 2±2 (0.08±0.08) IN 3±2 (0.12±0.08)	=
		ront lear 2WS: 4WS:	0° 00" ± 1° -0° 30' ± 1° -0° 20' ± 1°	\equiv
	Caster Front		3' 00' ± 1'	<u> </u>
	Front Wheel turning angle		2.0/2.2 t engine: 39' ± 2' 1.8 t engine: 40' 50' ± 2' 4WS: 38' 50' ± 2' 2.0/2.2 t engine: 29' 30' 1.8 t engine: 31' 10' 4WS: 29' 30'	· <u>=</u>
	Rear Wheel turning angle (4WS only)	(reference) Inward wheel Outward wheel (reference)	5' 50' ± 1' 6' 10' + 1'	= .
Wheel	Rim runout Steel whe	Radial	Below 1.0 (0.04) Below 1.0 (0.04) Below 0.7 (0.03) Below 0.7 (0.03)	2.0 (0.08) 1.5 (0.06) 2.0 (0.08) 1.5 (0.06)
Wheel bearing	End play	Front Rear	0-0.05 (0 0.002) 0-0.05 (0-0.002)	··-



Unit of length: mm (in.)

	ME	ASUREMENT	STANDARD (NEW)	SERVICE LIMIT	
Parking brake lever	Play in stroke 200 N (20 kg, 44 lbs)		To be locked when pulled 4-8 notches		
Foot brake pedal	Pedal height (from	n floor) MT AT	190 (7.5) 195 (7.7)		
Master cylinder	Piston-to-push ro	d clearance	0-0.4 (0-0.016)	-	
Brake drum	l.D.		220 (8.66)	221 (8.70)	
Lining	Thickness	· —· ··································	4.5 (0.18)	2.0 (0.08)	
Disc brake	Disc thickness	Front Rear	23.0 (0.91) 10.0 (0.39)	21.0 (0.83) 8.0 (0.32)	
	Disc runout	Front Rear		0.10 (0.004) 0.15 (0.006)	
	Disc parallelism Pad thickness	Front and rear Front	12.5 (0.49) 2.2 \(\text{model} : 12.0 (0.47)	0.015 (0.0006) 1.6 (0.06) 1.6 (0.06)	
		Rear	9.0 (0.35)	1.6 (0.06)	
Brake booster	Characteristics at	20 kg (44 lbs)	Line pressure Unit: kPa (kg/cm²/psi)		
	pedal pressure Vacuum	Vacuum Brakes	Conventional type	with anti-lock-brake system	
		0 mm (0 in) Hg 300 mm (11.8 in) Hg 500 mm (19.7 in) Hg	922 (9.4/134) minimum 5,494 (56/796) minimum 8,535 (87/1,237) minimum	813 (8.3/118) minimum 6,076 (62/882) minimum 8,134 (83/1,180) minimum	

15. Air Conditioner MEASUREMENT STANDARD (NEW) 10 cc (0.3 US oz., 0.4 imp oz.) 25 cc (0.8 US oz., 0.9 imp oz.) 10 cc (0.3 US oz., 0.4 imp oz.) 10 cc (0.3 US oz., 0.4 imp oz.) Air conditioner Lubricant capacity Condenser Evaporator Line or hose Reservoir 900-950 g (31.7-33.5 oz) 3.4-3.8 n 0.35-0.65 (0.014-0.026) Compressor Lubricant capacity Stator coil resistance at 20°C (68°F) Pulley-to pressure plate clearance Deflection between pulleys with 98N (10 kg. 22 lbs) force 10-12 (0.4-0.5) 8.5-11 (0.3-0.4) Compressor belt For used belt For new belt 441-588 N (45-60 kg, 99-132 lbs) 931-1,127 N (95-115 kg, 209-254 lbs) Belt tension between pulleys (measured with tension For used belt For new belt gauge)

Standards and Service Limits

Unit of length: mm (in.) 16. Electrical -MEASUREMENT STANDARD (NEW) SERVICE LIMIT Ignition coil Rated voltage 12 Volts Winding resistance 0.6-0.8 n (0.5-0.7 n) Primary Secondary 12.9-19.3 kΩ : Carburated engine (14.4-21.6 kΩ) Ignition wire Resistance 25 kn maximum ZFR6F-11 (NGK) or KJ20CR-L11 (ND) KP, KT: ZFR5F-11 (NGK) or KJ16CR-L11 (ND) Spark plug Type
(): Manufacturer standard *: ZFRSF-11 (NGK) or KJ16CR-L11 (ND) KP, KT only: ZFR6F-11 (NGK) or KJ20R-L11 (ND) Except KP, KT: ZFR7F-11 (NGK) or KJ22CR-L11 (ND) Option *: Except 2.2 f engines other than KQ, KY types Gap 1.0-1.1 (0.039-0.043) lanition timing At idling 15' ± 2' BTDC KF, KB, KE, KW, KU, KT, KP (AT) 10' ± 2' BTDC KY (AT/MT) Battery Lighting capacity (20-hours ratio) 65Ah (47Ah) Starting capacity (voltage after 5 sec.) 8.4 V minimum/300 ampere draw at -15°C (59°F) Atternator >: Carburated engine (except KS, KW, KY) (70A) Rotor coil resistance Slip ring O.D. 2.8-3.0 D 14.0 (0.55) 5.5 (0.22) Brush length 10.5 (0.41) Brush spring tension 300-360 g (10.6-12.7 oz) Afternator beit Deflection at midway between pulleys with 98 10-12 (0.39-0.47) for used belt 8.5-11.0 (0.33-0.43) for new belt 294-441 N I35-45 kg, 77-99 lb) for used belt 441-637 N (45-65 kg, 99-143 lb) for new belt N (10 kg, 22 lbs) force Belt tension between pulleys (measured with tension gauge) Starting motor Output European MT: 1.4 kw (2.2 t : 1,6 kw) AT:1.6 kw AT:1.4 kw Except European MT: 1.4 kw 0.4-0.5 (0.016-0.02) 0-0.02 (0-0.001) 28.0-28.1 (1.10-1.11) 15.8-16.2 (0.62-0.64) 16-18N (1.6-1.8 kg, 3.5-4.0 lbs) Manufacturer: Mica depth 0.15 (0.006) 0.05 (0.002) 27.5 (1.08) Mitsuba Commutator runout Commutator O.D. Brush length 10.0 (0.39) Brush spring tension 0.5-0.8 (0.02-0.03) 0-0.02 (0-0.001) 29.9-30.0 (1.18-1.18) 15.0-15.5 (0.59-0.61) Manufacturer: ND Mica depth 0.2 (0.01) 0.05 (0.002) 29.0 (1.14) 10.0 (0.39) Commutator rungut Commutator O.D. Brush length 19-24N (1.9-2.4 kg, 4.2-5.3 lbs) Brush spring tension

Design Specifications



	ITEMS		M	ETRIC		ENGLISH	ĺ	NOTE	8
DIMENSIONS	Overall length		4,6	85 mm 80 mm		184.4 in 184.3 in	К		_
			95 mm		184.8 in		KQ.		
	Overall width	1		00 mm 95 mm		185.0 in 66.7 in	KV	W (Finish)	
	Overall Width	1,7	20 mm		67.7 in	- K	,		
			25 mm		67.9 in	- R			
	Overall height		90 mm		54.7 in	()	_		
	147	1,4	00 mm		55.1 in	K	<i>(</i>		
	Wheelbase Track Front			20 mm 75 mm		107,1 in 58,1 in			
	11400	Rear		80 mm		58.3 in			
	Ground clearance			iO mm		6.3 in			
	_				_ [6.7 in	KY.	f	
	Seating capacity			_	Five				
	Turning circle diameter (at tire		.9 m		16.1 ft		NS		
				.4 m		17.7 ft	21	<u>ws</u>	
WEIGHT	Curb weight	,		See	page 3-19				
	Max permissible weight (for Eu 1.8/2.0 £ without Anti-lock	hrako eretere		740 kg		3,836 lb			
	1.8/2.0 with Anti-lock br	ake system	i i i	760 kg		3,880 lb	i		
	2.2 #			340 ka		4.056 lb			
ENGINE	Type			Water-cool	ed, 4-stroke	OHC			
	Cylinder arrangement	In-line, 4-cylinders							
	Bore and stroke	85×8	81.5 mm :88 mm		.35×3.21 in		₿ℓ		
					3	35×3.46 in		0 !	
	Displacement			95 mm 49 cm³		.35×3.74 in 12.8 cu. in		2 !	
	Displacement			97 cm³		21.8 cu. in	َوْ ا	8 t 0 t	
		1		56 cm³	i i	31.5 cu. in	2.	ži	
	Compression Carbure		9.0:	1 (8.9 : 1)			>: With		
	ratio 2.0 t f			1 (9.5 : 1)		\	catalytic		
	2.2 ! !	European			9.B : 1			converter	
	2.2 £ 1 2.2 £ 1				8.9 : 1 8.8 : 1				
	Valve train		90			Comphet		<u> </u>	
	Lubrication system		Belt driven, Single Overhead Camshaft Forced and wet sump						
STARTER	Туре		Gear reduction				· -		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		opean	MT: 1.4 kw (2.2 t: 1.6 kw) AT: 1.6 kw			6 kw			
		pt European	MT: 1.4 k	w		AT: 1.	4 kw		
	Nominal voltage			20	12 V seconds				
	Hour rating Direction of rotation			Jockwise as v		near ead			
	Weight ND			75 kg	1	10.5 (b	1		
	Mits	suba 1.6 kw	3	.7 kg		8.2 lb			
	Mits	suba 1.4 kw	3	.5 kg		7.7 lb			
TRANSMISSION	Clutch	MT		Single plate d					
	Chash Kaina a	ĄT	Ţ	orque convert					
	Clutch lining area Transmission	мт	217 cm² 33.6 sq. in Synchronized 5-speed forward, 1 reverse						
	Trensi ilisalon	AT	4-	speed forwar	d automatic.	1 reverse			
			or	4-speed forward automatic, 1 reverse or Electronically controlled dual range					
			4-speed forward automatic, 1 reverse						
	Primary reduction ratio	,			1 (Direct)				
	Gear ratio	Į l						AT	
	①: Carbureted ②: 2.0 & PGM-FI	Gear	Û	2	3	€	⑤	8	①
	③: 2.2 & lexcept KO)	1 51	3.307	3.307	3.307	3.307	2.705	2.705	2.70
	③: 2.2 / (except KQ) ④: 2.2 / KQ	2nd	1.857	1.809	1.809	1.809	1.464	1,366	1.46
	Carbureted	3rd	1.269	1.230	1.230	1.230	1.028	1.028	1.02
	2.0 (PGM-FI (KT)	4th 5th	0.966 0.787	0.933	0.933 0.757	0.903 0.705	0.731	0.731	0.67
	2.2 & KY ⑥: 2.0 & PGM-FI/2.2 &	Beverse	3.000	0.757 3.000	3.000	3.000	2.047	2.047	2.04
	(except KT, KQ, KY)	Firnal	4.266	4.266	4.266	4.062	4.285	4.285	4.28

Design Specifications

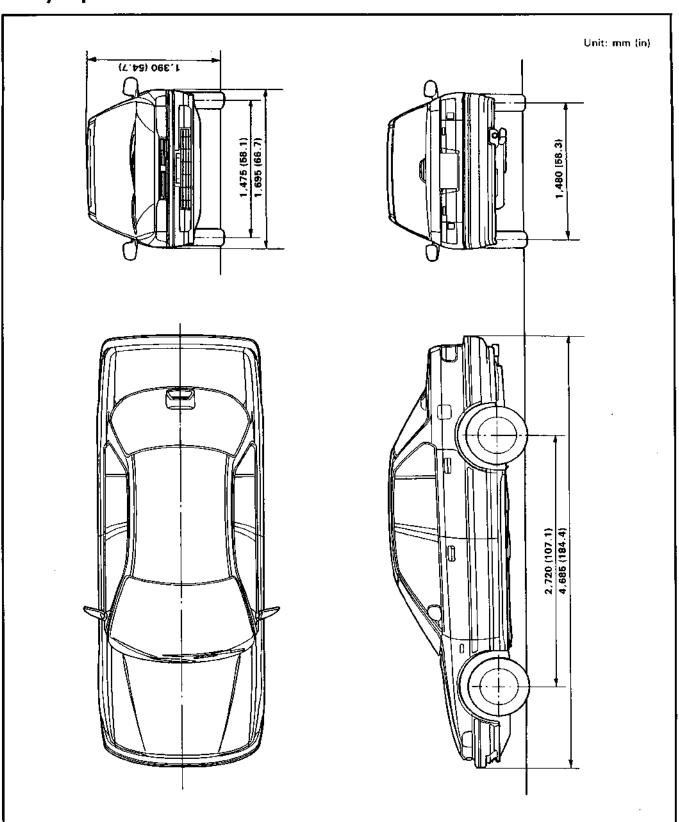
	1	ITEMS	1	METRIC	ENGLISH	NOTES
AIR	Cooling capacity	-		4,350 kcal/h	17,259 BTU/h	
CONDITIONER	-Condition: Com			1,900 mir		
		side air temperatur side air humidity	e	27°C 50	81°F	
		denser air tempera	ture	35°C 1	″ 95 [.] F	
	Cone	denser air velocity		4.5 m/sec.	14.8 ft/sec.	
		ver capacity		440 m³	15,542 cu.ft/h	·
	Compressor Type	e of cylinders		Swash- 10		
		acity		178 cc/rev.	10.9 cu.in/rev.	
		imum speed		8,800 mir		
	Lubr	ricant capacity		90-120 cc	3.0-4.0 US oz.	1
	<u> </u>	•			3,2-4.2 imp oz.	
	Condenser Evaporator			Corrugated Corrugated		
	Blower Type	e		Siroco		
	Mot	or input		210 W		
	Speed control Maximum capacity			5-sp 500 m³/h	eed 17,662 cu.ft/h	
			-	Air-mix		
	Temperature control Clutch Type Power consumption Refrigerant Type Quantity			Dry sing		
				40W (12V)	İ	
				R-1	2.0-2.1 lb	
CTECONNO		ntity		0.90-0.95 kg Rack and		
STEERING SYSTEM	Type Overall ratio			16.1 : 1 <		<>: 4WS
	Turns, lock-to-loc			3.13	(2.5)	< >: 4W\$
	Steering wheel diameter Power steering fluid capacity			375 mm	14.8 in 1.9 US qt.	
	Power steering m	nio capacity		1.8 t	1.6 Imp qt.	
	Power steering flu	uid		Genuine Power Steering F		l
SUSPENSION	Туре	Front		Independent double v		
	Charl sharehor	Rear Front and rear	.	Independent double v Telescopic, hydraulic	(): except KP, KT	
WHEEL	Shock absorber Total toe	Front and lear		0±3 mm	0±0.12 in	1 / except Rt / RT
ALIGNMENT	total toe	Rear	2WS	IN 2±2 mm	0.08±0.08 in	
,,_,			4WS	IN 3±2 mm	0.12±0.08 in	
	Camber Front Rear 2WS			-0. 30 0. 00.		
	Hear 2WS 4WS			-0· 20		
	Caster	Front		3.0) 0,	
BRAKE	Туре		Front	Ventilat	ed disc	
SYSTEM			Rear	. Dru		
	Lear			2.2 (except KY) or A		
	Pad and lining swept area (total) Front 15 in			415 cm²		
		Fron	14 in	311 cm²	64 sq. in 48 sq. in	
		Rear	Drum	242 cm²	38 sq. in	
	<u> </u>		Disc	281 cm²	44 sq. in	
TIRES	Size			185/70F 185/66F		
				195/60F		
	1	_		196/60F		
	1	Sp	are tire	T105/7 T135/9		
ELECTRICAL	Fuene In the enti-	-lock brake system	fuse hay	15A.		
LECOT MORE	In the fuse			7.5A, 10A,		
	In the rela			7.5A, 10A, 15A, 20A,	1	
	Headlights	High/Low		12V-69		
	Turn signal lights			12V-		
		Rear		12V-	1	
	Position lights License plate light			12V- 12V-		
	Buck-up lights	-		12V-		
	Stop lights			12V		
	High mount brake	e light		12V-		
	Taillight			12V-		•
	Rear fog light Dome lights			12V- 12V-		1
	Door courtesy lig	ihts		12V-		
	Vanity mirror ligh				1.8W	
	Trunk light			12V	3.4W	
	Gauge lights				4/1.4W	
	Indicator lights				91/1.12/1.4W	
	Warning lights				4/3.4W 3.4W	
	Warning lights Glove box light			120-	3.944	1
	fillumination and p	nilat liahte			D: 0.91W, 0.84W	



Unit: kg (lb)

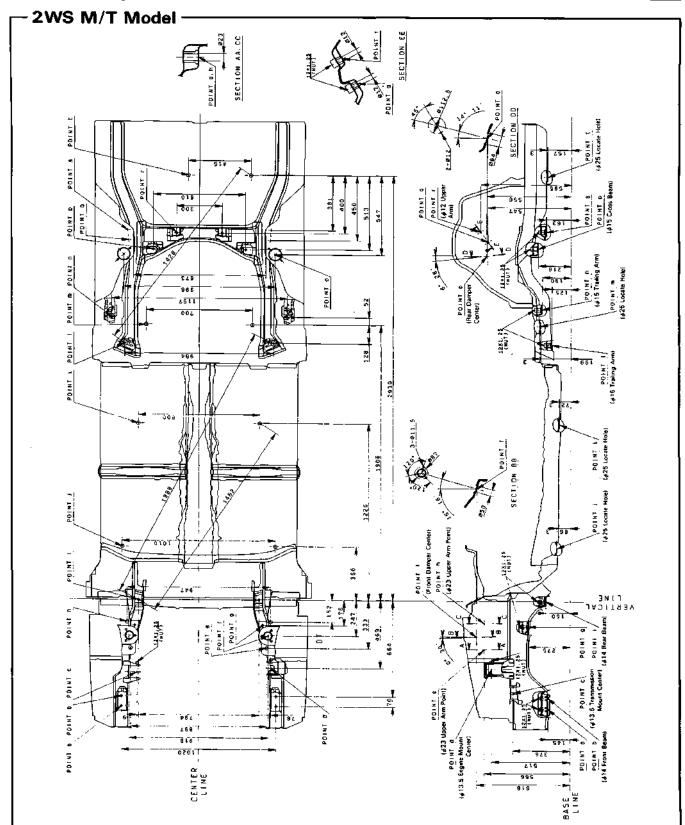
ENGINE T	TYPE		Man	ual Transmission	Automatic Transmission		
	ITPE	GRADE	CARB WEIGHT	WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION (FR/RR)	CARB WEIGHT	WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION (FR/RR)	
1.8 ¢ Carbureted	KB	LX EX	1,200 (2,646) 1,215 (2,679)	730/470 (1,609/1,036) 735/480 (1,620/1,058)			
2.01	KG	DX, EX	1,220 (2,690)	740/480 (1,631/1,058)	1,245 (2,745)	765/480 (1,687/1,058)	
Carbureted	KX	EX	1,220 (2,690)	740/480 (1,631/1,058)	1,245 (2,745)	765/480 (1,687/1,058)	
	K\$	DX	1,225 (2,701)	745/480 (1,642/1,058)	1,250 (2,756)	770/480 (1,698/1,058)	
	KS	EX	1,230 (2,712)	750/480 (1,653/1,058)	1,255 (2,767)	775/480 (1,709/1,058)	
	KF	EX	1,220 (2,690)	740/480 (1,631/1,058)	1,245 (2,745)	765/480 (1,687/1,058)	
	KB	EX	1,215 (2,679)	740/475 (1,631/1,047)	1,240 (2,734)	765/475 (1,687/1,047)	
	KE	ĘΧ	1,225 (2,701)	740/485 (1,631/1,069)	1,250 (2,756)	765/485 (1,687/1,069)	
	KW	DX, EX	1,225 (2,701)	745/480 (1,642/1,058)	1,250 (2,756)	770/480 (1,698/1,058)	
	KP,KT	LX	1,215 (2,679)	735/480 (1,620/1,058)	1,245 (2,745)	765/480 (1,687/1,058)	
	KU, KP, KT	EX	1,220 (2,690)	735/485 (1,620/1,069)	1,250 (2,756)	765/485 (1,687/1,069)	
	KY	LX	1,245 (2,745)	760/485 (1,675/1,069)	1,275 (2,811)	790/485 (1,742/1,069)	
	KY	EX	1,250 (2,758)	765/485 (1,687/1,069)	1,280 (2,822)	795/485 (1,753/1,069)	
2.01	KG	2.0i	1,240 (2,734)	750/490 (1,653/1,080)	1,270 (2,800)	780/490 (1,720/1,080)	
PGM-FI	KX	2.0i	1,265 (2,789)	770/495 (1,698/1,091)	1,295 (2,855)	800/495 (1,764/1,091)	
	KS KS	2.0	1,250 (2,756)	760/490 (1,675/1,080)	1,280 (2,822)	790/490 (1,742/1,080)	
	KF, KB, KW	2.0i 2.0i	1,245 (2,745) 1,255 (2,767)	755/490 (1,664/1,080) 760/495 (1,675/1,091)	1,275 (2,811)	785/490 (1,731/1,080)	
	KU, KP, KT	EXi	1,240 (2,734)	750/490 (1,653/1,081)	1,285 (2,833) (790/495 (1,742/1,091) 785/490 (1,731/1,080)	
2.21	KG	2.2i-2WS	1,305 (2,877)				
PGM-FI	l kg l	2.2i-2WS	1,330 (2,932)	795/510 (1,753/1,124) 795/535 (1,753/1,179)	1,335 (2,943) 1,360 (2,998)	825/510 (1,819/1,124)	
	KX, KS	2.2i-2WS	1.310 (2.888)	800/510 (1.764/1.124)	1,340 (2,954)	825/535 (1,819/1,179) 830/510 (1,830/1,124)	
	KX, KS	2.2i-4WS	1,335 (2,943)	800/535 (1,764/1,179)	1,365 (3,009)	830/535 (1,830/1,179)	
	KF	2.2i-2WS	1,290 (2,844)	785/505 (1,731/1,113)	1,320 (2,910)	815/505 (1,797/1,113)	
	KE	2.2i-4W\$	1,315 (2,899)	785/530 (1,731/1,168)	1,345 (2.965)	815/530 (1,797/1,168)	
	KE [2.2i-2WS	1,300 (2,866)	790/510 (1.742/1,124)	1,330 (2,932)	820/510 (1,808/1,124)	
	KE	2.2i-4WS	1,325 (2,921)	790/535 (1,742/1,179)	1,356 (2,987)	820/535 (1,808/1,179)	
	KQ KY	EXI EXI	1,240 (2,734)	745/495 (1,642/1,091) 790/530 (1,742/1,168)	1,270 (2,800) 1,350 (2,976)	775/495 (1,709/1,091) 825/5 <u>25</u> (1,819/1,157)	

Body Specifications

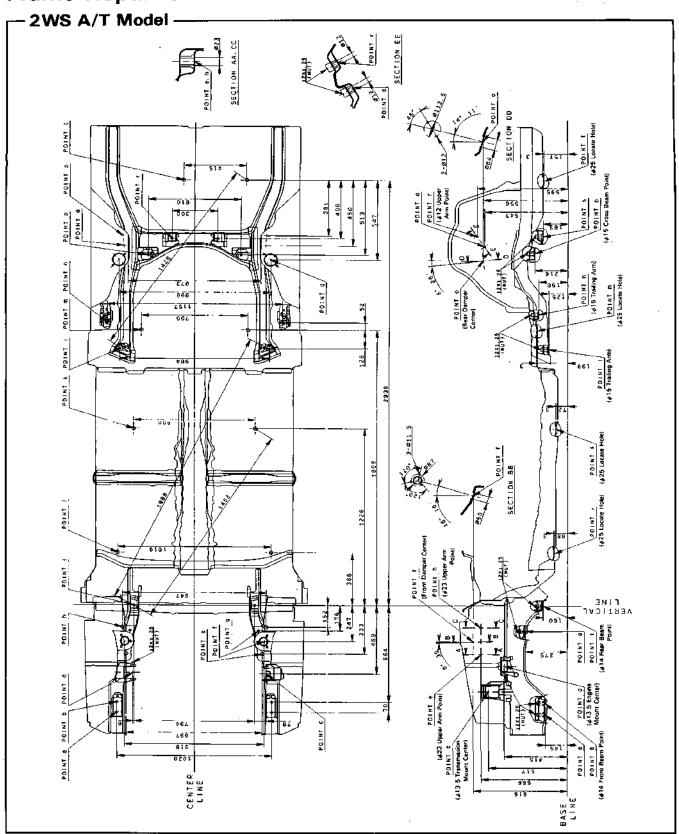


Frame Repair Chart

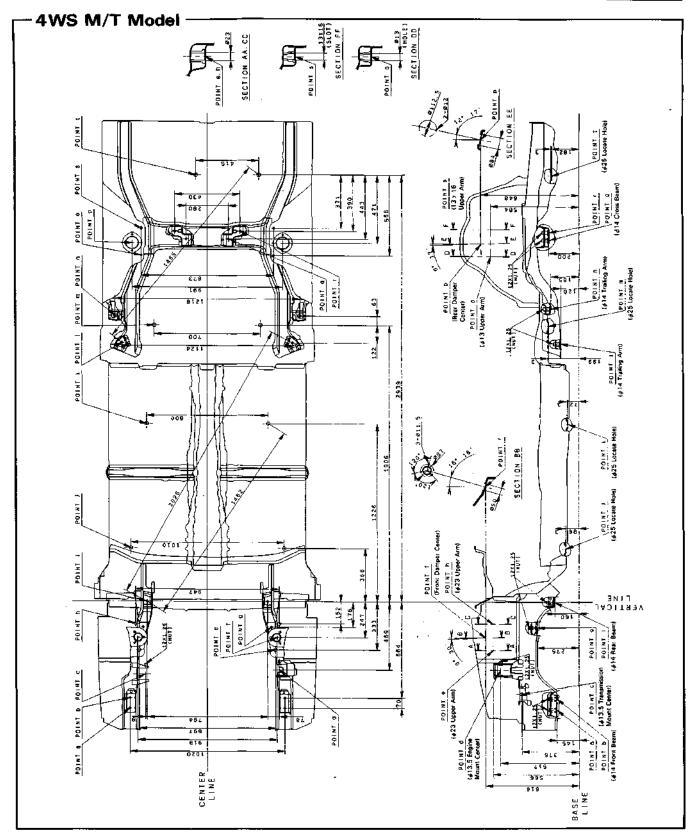




Frame Repair Chart

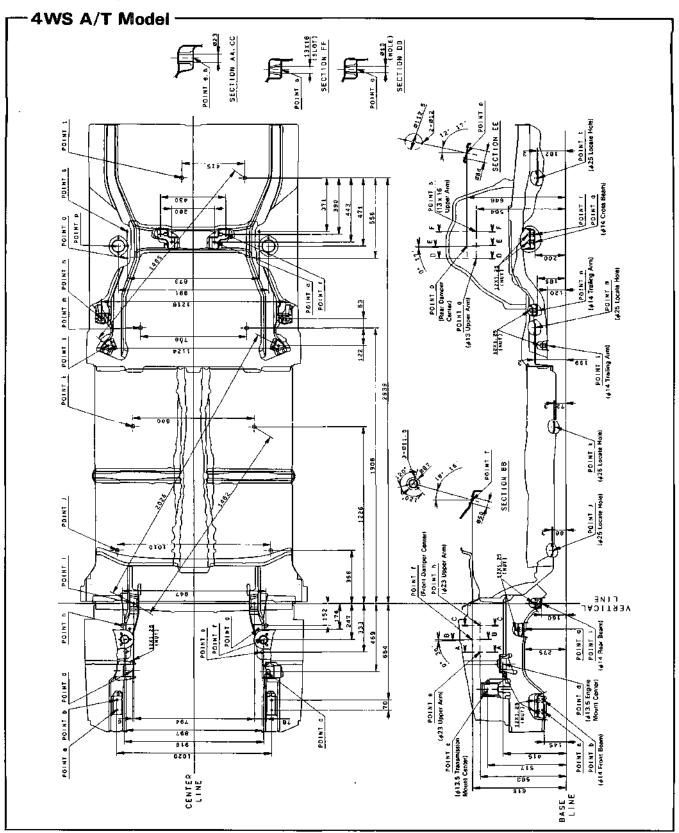






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Frame Repair Chart



Maintenance

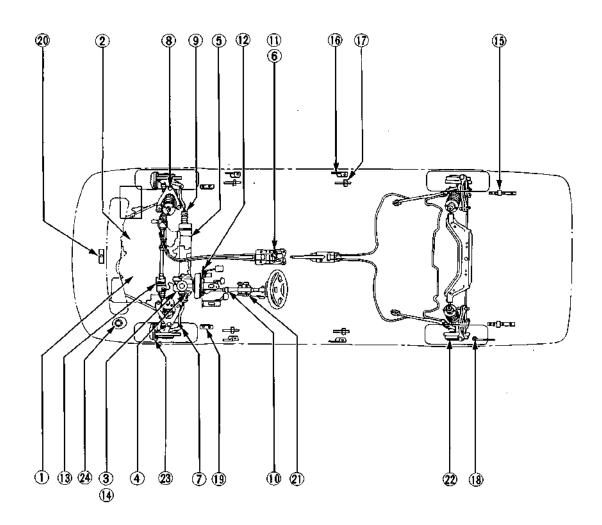
Lubrication	Points	4 - 2
Maintenanc	e Schedule	4-4



Lubrication Points

	LUBRIO	CATION POINTS	LUBRICANT
1	Engine		API Service Grade: SF or SG 10 W=30 SAE Viscosity: See chart below
2	Transmission	Manual	API Service Grade: SE or SF
		Automatic	SAE Viscosity: See chart below DEXRON® or DEXRON® II Automatic transmission fluid
3	Brake line		Brake fluid DOT3 or DOT4
4	Clutch line		Brake fluid DOT3
5	Power steering gear	box	Steering grease P/N 08733-B070E
6	Shift lever pivots (N	lanual)	Silicone grease with molybdenum disulfide
7	Steering ball joints		
8	Suspension ball join	ts	
9	Steering boots		
10	Steering column bus	shings	
11	Select lever (Automa	atic)	
12	Pedal linkage		
13	Intermediate shaft		
14	Brake master cylinde	er pushrod	Multi-purpose grease
15	Trunk hinges		
16	Door hinges upper a	ind lower	
17	Door opening detent	ts	
18	Fuel filler lid		
19	Engine hood hinges		
20	Engine hood latch		İ
21	Tilt lever		
2 2	Rear brake shoe link	age	
	<u> </u>	Piston seal	
		Dust seal	
23	Caliper	Caliper pin	Silicone grease
		Piston	
24	Power steering syste	<u>-</u>	Power steering fluid P/N 08208-99961
	<u>·</u>		
	Recommended En (SF or SG Grade	-	Recommended Manual Transmission Oil (SE or SF Grade Oil)
	10W		
	20W	≟	30
Single			
, -	rade		20W-40
		30	
		40	10W-30 10W-40
		<u> </u>	
	1 1 1 1	40, 20W 5D	-20 0 20 40 60 80 100°F
	15W	40, 15W 50	
Multi-	101	V 40	-30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40°C
91	rade 10W	30	Transmission oil viscosity for
-	5w 30		ambient temperature ranges
1			
	5W 20	[c	AUTION: Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if
		I	
	-30 -20 -10 0	10 20 30 40°C "	pestedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged
	-30 -20 -10 0 -20 0 20 40	10 20 30 40°C 19	peatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged eriods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used
	<u> </u>	10 20 30 40°C re	peatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged





Maintenance Schedule

Service at the interval listed x 1,000 km (or miles) or after that number of months, whichever comes first.	RReplace CClean	I—Inspect. After inspection adjust, repair or replace if n				
ITEM	x 1,000 km x 1,000 miles months	20 12 12	40 24 24	60 36 36	80 48 48	100 60 60
Idle speed and idle CO*3		ı	ł	1	1	1
Idle speed and idle CO*4					-	
Valve clearance		ı	1	ı	1	ı
Alternator drive belt			1		, ,	
Timing belt and timing balancer belt					1	R
Water pump				·		1
Engine oil and oil filter				every 10, niles) or 6		
■Transmission oil			R		R	
■Radiator coolant		-			R*1	
Cooling system hoses and connections			1		· · ·	_
E.G.R. system (Standard for some types)						ı
Secondary air supply system (Standard for some types)						1
Air cleaner element (Viscous type for European and KQ models))		R		R	
Air cleaner element (Dry type except European and KQ models)		R	R	R	R	R
Fuel filter (Including aux filter*5)			R		R	
Tank, fuel line and connections			1		1	
Intake air temp. control system*3, *5			T			1
Throttle control system*3, *5			1		1	
Throttle control system*4, *5						ı
Choke mechanism*5 (except KS models)			 		1	
Choke mechanism*5 (KS model)				C*7		
Choke opener operation (only for carburetor automatic choke ty	/pe)				-	1
Évaporative emission control system*6			\vdash		1	-
Ignition timing and control system*3	_				1	
Ignition timing and control system*4			† †			1
Spark plugs (for cars using unleaded gasoline)			R*2		R*2	
Spark plugs (for cars using leaded gasoline)		R	R	R	R	R
Distributor cap and rotor *3					1	
Distributor cap and rotor*4			† · · · †	-		1
Ignition wiring*3			<u> </u>		1	
Ignition wiring*4			$\uparrow - \uparrow$			1
Positive crankcase ventilation valve*3			1		ı	•
Positive crankcase ventilation valve*4						ı
Blow-by filter*5	+				,	

- ■: These service intervals assume routine checking and replenishment has been done, as needed, by the customer.
- *1 Thereafter, replace every 2 years or 40,000 km (24,000 miles), whichever comes first.
- *2 For KS type, replace every 2 years or 40,000 km (24,000 miles) whichever comes first after 30,000 km (18,000 miles).
- *3 Except KS, KX models
- *4 KS, KX models
- *5 Only for carbureted type
- *6 Except KP, KT and 2.0 i of KE, KF
- *7 Recommended by manufacturer only



Service at the interval listed x 1,000 km (or miles) or after that number of months, whichever comes first.	R-Replace		-Inspect. djust, repa			-
ITEM	x 1,000 km x 1,000 miles months	20 12 12	40 24 24	60 36 36	80 48 48	100 60 60
Brake hoses and lines (Including anti-lock brake system hosen anti-lock brke system models)	ı	1	ı	ı	1	
Brake fluid (Including anti-lock brake system Fluid for anti-lock)		R	!	R		
Front brake discs and calipers		ı	1	1	1	1
Front brake pads		Inspect every 10,000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months				
Rear brake discs, calipers and pads (for disk brake type)		1		I		
Rear brake drums, wheel cylinders and linings (for drum brake		I		1		
Parking brake		ı	ı		1	
Exhaust pipe and muffler		1	[I	<u> </u>	I	
Suspension mounting bolts		- 1	i i	I.	1	_
Front wheel alignment (except 4WS models)		- 1	1	1	ı	ı
Front and rear wheel alignment (4WS models)		I	ı	1		1
Steering operation, tie rod ends, steering gear box and boots	Except 4WS models	I	1		1	
(Including center shaft for 4WS models)	4W\$ models	1	ı	1	1	1
Anti-lock brake system high pressure hose (for anti-lock brake				R		
Anti-lock brake system operation (for Anti-lock brake system r	1	ı				
Power steering system	ı	1	•	1	ı	
Power steering pump belt			l l		1	
Catalytic converter heat shield (Standard for some types)						ı

CAUTION: The following items must be serviced more frequently on cars normally used under severe driving conditions. Refer to the chart below for the appropriate maintenance intervals.

Severe driving conditions include:

A: Repeated short distance driving

B : Driving in dusty conditions

C : Driving in severe cold weather

D : Driving in areas using road salt or other corrosive materials

E: Driving on rough and/or muddy roads

F: Towing a trailer

R-Replace.

 Inspect. After inspection, clean, adjust, repair or replace if necessary.

	Condition			Maintenance item	Maintenance operation	Interval		
Α	В	•	٠		F	Engine oil and oil filter	R	Every 5,000 km (3,000 miles) or 3 months
۱.	•	-	٠	•	F	Transmission oil	R	Every 20,000 km (12,000 miles) or 12 months
l A	В		D	Ē	F	Front brake discs and calipers	1	Every 10,000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months
ÌΑ	В		D	Ε	F	Rear brake discs, calipers and pads	1	Every 20,000 km (12,000 miles) or 12 months
ļ٠	В	С	٠	Ε	•	Power steering system	1	Every 10,000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months

CAUTION: Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.

Maintenance Schedule

Service at the interval listed x 1,000 km (or miles) or after that number of months, whichever comes first.	RReplace CClean	I—Inspect. After inspection adjust, repair or replace if n				
ITEM	x 1,000 km x 1,000 miles months	20 12 12	40 24 24	60 36 36	80 48 48	100 60 60
Idle speed and idle CO*3		ı	ł	1	1	1
Idle speed and idle CO*4					-	
Valve clearance		ı	1	ı	1	ı
Alternator drive belt			1		, ,	
Timing belt and timing balancer belt					1	R
Water pump				·		1
Engine oil and oil filter				every 10, niles) or 6		
■Transmission oil			R		R	
■Radiator coolant		-			R*1	
Cooling system hoses and connections			1		· · ·	_
E.G.R. system (Standard for some types)						ı
Secondary air supply system (Standard for some types)						1
Air cleaner element (Viscous type for European and KQ models))		R		R	
Air cleaner element (Dry type except European and KQ models)		R	R	R	R	R
Fuel filter (Including aux filter*5)			R		R	
Tank, fuel line and connections			1		1	
Intake air temp. control system*3, *5			T			1
Throttle control system*3, *5			1		1	
Throttle control system*4, *5						ı
Choke mechanism*5 (except KS models)			 		1	
Choke mechanism*5 (KS model)				C*7		
Choke opener operation (only for carburetor automatic choke ty	/pe)				-	1
Évaporative emission control system*6			\vdash		1	-
Ignition timing and control system*3	_				1	
Ignition timing and control system*4			† †			1
Spark plugs (for cars using unleaded gasoline)			R*2		R*2	
Spark plugs (for cars using leaded gasoline)		R	R	R	R	R
Distributor cap and rotor *3					1	
Distributor cap and rotor*4			† · · · †	-		1
Ignition wiring*3			<u> </u>		1	
Ignition wiring*4			$\uparrow - \uparrow$			1
Positive crankcase ventilation valve*3			1		ı	•
Positive crankcase ventilation valve*4						ı
Blow-by filter*5	+				,	

■: These service intervals assume routine checking and replenishment has been done, as needed, by the customer.

*1 Thereafter, replace every 2 years or 40,000 km (24,000 miles), whichever comes first.

^{*2} For KS type, replace every 2 years or 40,000 km (24,000 miles) whichever comes first after 30,000 km (18,000 miles).

^{*3} Except KS, KX models

^{*4} KS, KX models

^{*5} Only for carbureted type

^{*6} Except KP, KT and 2.0 i of KE, KF

^{*7} Recommended by manufacturer only



Service at the interval listed x 1,000 km (or miles) or after that number of months, whichever comes first.	R-Replace		-Inspect. djust, repa			-
ITEM	x 1,000 km x 1,000 miles months	20 12 12	40 24 24	60 36 36	80 48 48	100 60 60
Brake hoses and lines (Including anti-lock brake system hosen anti-lock brke system models)	ı	1	ı	ı	1	
Brake fluid (Including anti-lock brake system Fluid for anti-lock)		R	!	R		
Front brake discs and calipers		ı	1	1	1	1
Front brake pads		Inspect every 10,000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months				
Rear brake discs, calipers and pads (for disk brake type)		1		l		
Rear brake drums, wheel cylinders and linings (for drum brake		I		1		
Parking brake		ı	ı		1	
Exhaust pipe and muffler		1	[I	<u> </u>	I	
Suspension mounting bolts		- 1	i i	I.	1	_
Front wheel alignment (except 4WS models)		- 1	1	1	ı	ı
Front and rear wheel alignment (4WS models)		I	ı	1		1
Steering operation, tie rod ends, steering gear box and boots	Except 4WS models	I	1		1	
(Including center shaft for 4WS models)	4W\$ models	1	ı	1	1	1
Anti-lock brake system high pressure hose (for anti-lock brake				R		
Anti-lock brake system operation (for Anti-lock brake system r	1	ı				
Power steering system	ı	1	•	1	ı	
Power steering pump belt			l l		1	
Catalytic converter heat shield (Standard for some types)						ı

CAUTION: The following items must be serviced more frequently on cars normally used under severe driving conditions. Refer to the chart below for the appropriate maintenance intervals.

Severe driving conditions include:

A: Repeated short distance driving

B : Driving in dusty conditions

C : Driving in severe cold weather

D : Driving in areas using road salt or other corrosive materials

E: Driving on rough and/or muddy roads

F: Towing a trailer

R-Replace.

 Inspect. After inspection, clean, adjust, repair or replace if necessary.

	Condition			Maintenance item	Maintenance operation	Interval		
Α	В	•	٠		F	Engine oil and oil filter	R	Every 5,000 km (3,000 miles) or 3 months
۱.	•	-	٠	•	F	Transmission oil	R	Every 20,000 km (12,000 miles) or 12 months
l A	В		D	Ē	F	Front brake discs and calipers	1	Every 10,000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months
ÌΑ	В		D	Ε	F	Rear brake discs, calipers and pads	1	Every 20,000 km (12,000 miles) or 12 months
ļ٠	В	С	٠	Ε	•	Power steering system	1	Every 10,000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months

CAUTION: Used engine oil may cause skin cancer if repeatedly left in contact with the skin for prolonged periods. Although this is unlikely unless you handle used oil on a daily basis, it is still advisable to thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water as soon as possible after handling used oil.

Special Tools

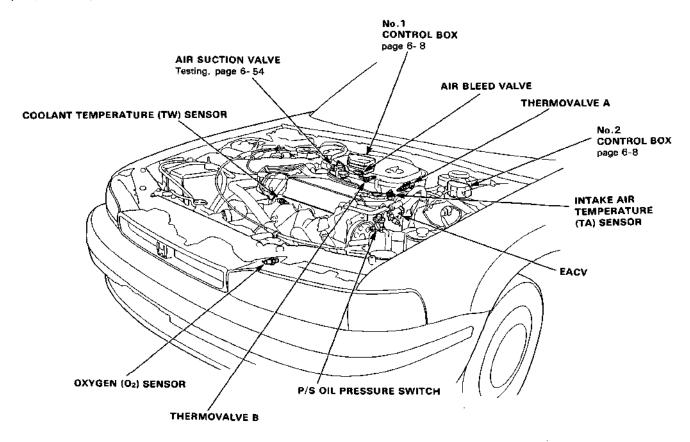
ef. No.	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remark
① ② ③ ⑤ ⑤ ⑤ ⑥-1 ⑥-2 ⑦	07411-0020000 07614-0050100 07JAZ-SH20100 07LAJ-PT30100 07LAJ-PT30200 07LAZ-PT30100 07LAZ-PT30110 07LAZ-PT30120 07LAA-PT50100	Digital Circuit Tester Fuel Line Clamp R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor ECU Test Harness Test Harness R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (A) R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (B) Oz Sensor Socket Wrench	1 1 1 1 1 1 (1) (1)	Component Tools
* 8	<u></u>	2		
		5		D(®-1)
	(6)(6-2)	0		

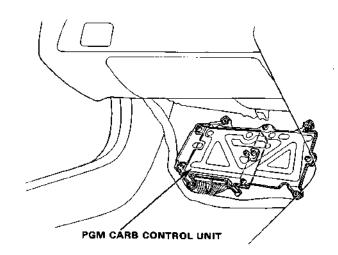
Component Locations

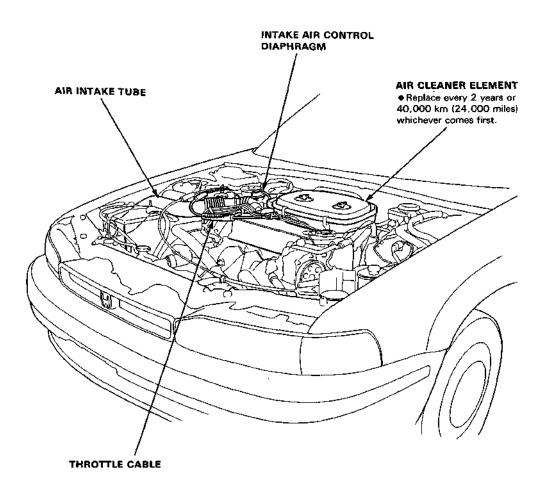


Index-

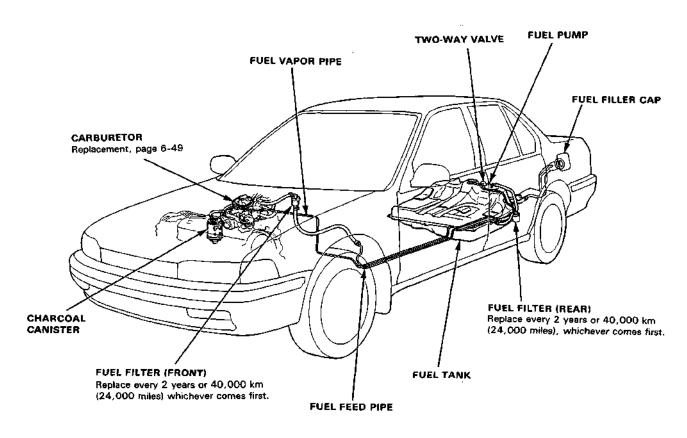
(KE with CATA)

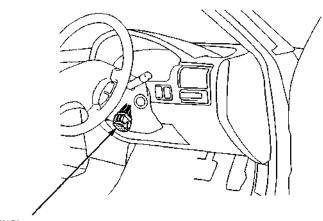










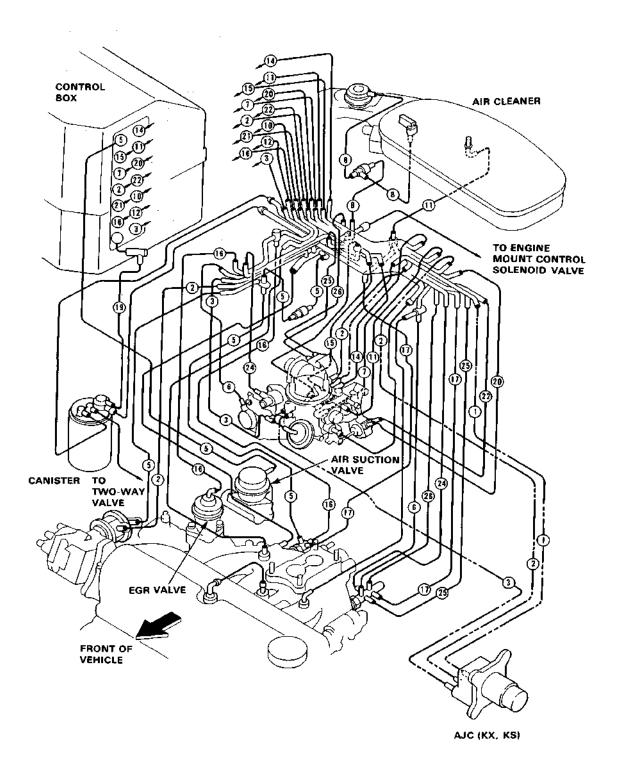


FUEL CUT-OFF RELAY Testing, page 6-96

System Description

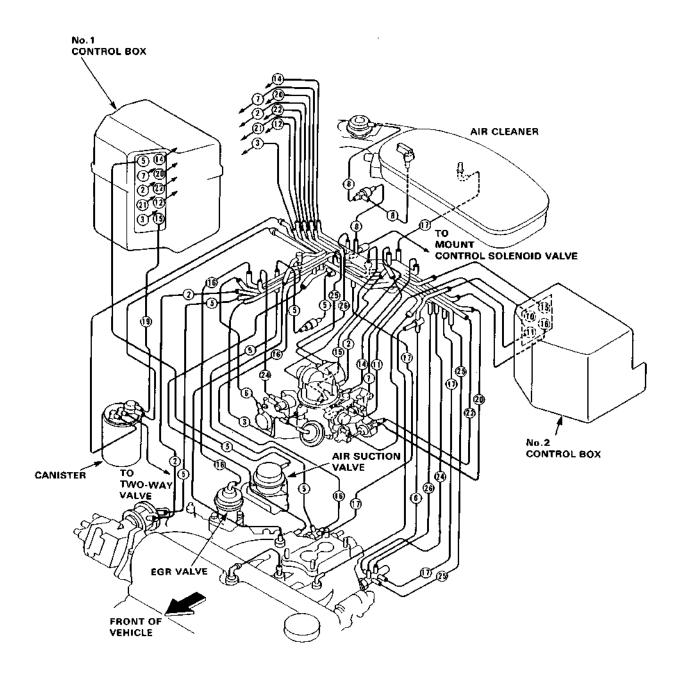
Vacuum Connections

(KX,KS,KG)





(KE with CATA)

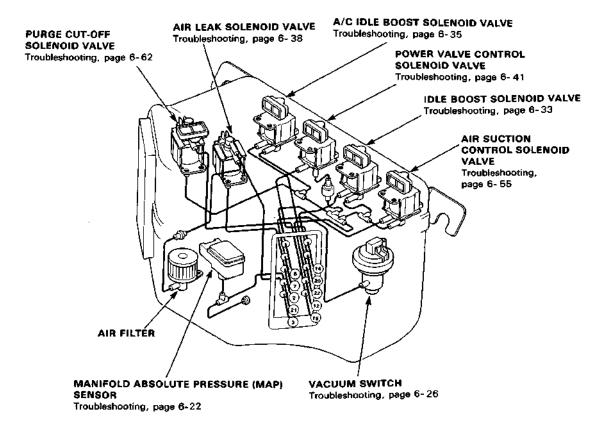


System Description

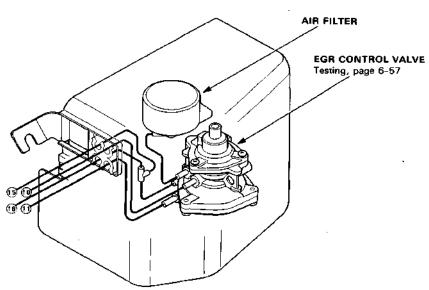
Vacuum Connections

(KE with CATA)

No.1 Control Box

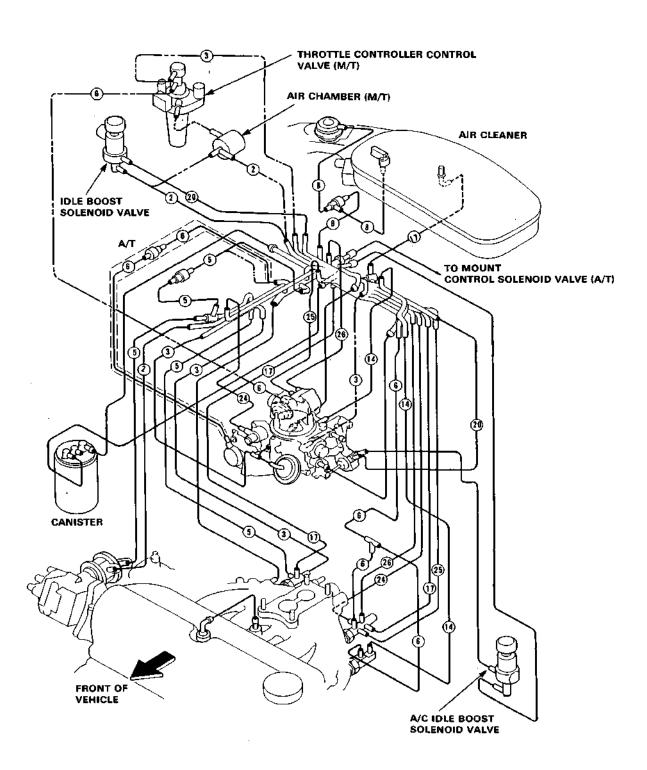








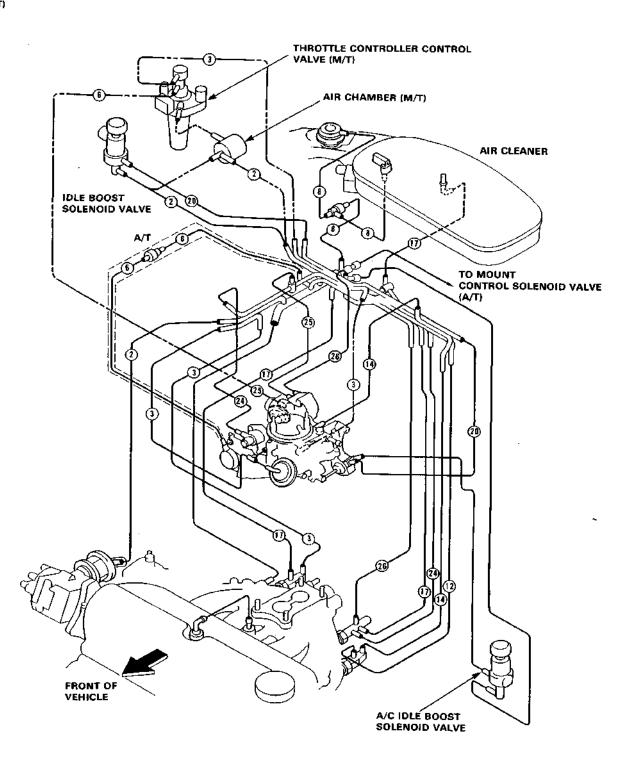
(KF, KB, KW, KE, KU)



System Descriptions

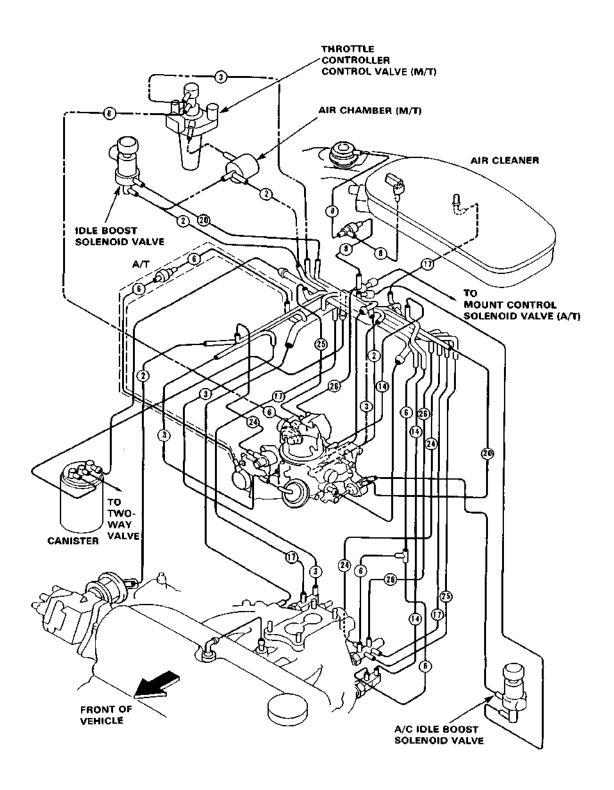
Vacuum Connections

(KP, KT)





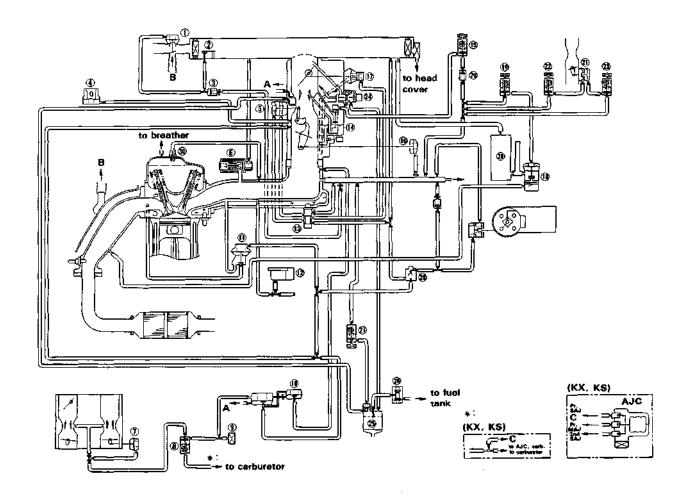
(KY)



System Descriptions

Vacuum Connections

(KX, KS, KG, KE with CATA)

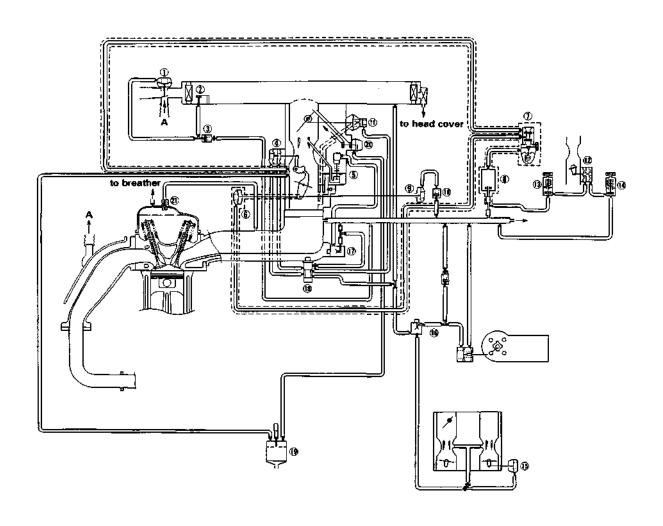


①AIR CONTROL DIAPHRAGM
②AIR BLEED VALVE
③CHECK VALVE
④VACUUM SWITCH
⑤FAST IDLE UNLOADER
⑥EACV
⑦SECONDARY DIAPHRAGM
⑥AIR LEAK SOLENOID VALVE
⑥BEGR CONTROL VALVE
⑥EGR VALVE
⑥MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE (MAP) SENSOR
⑥THERMOVALVE A
⑥POWER VALVE

BTHROTTLE CONTROLLER
DCHOKE OPENER
BAIR SUCTION VALVE
BAIR SUCTION CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE
DAIR CHAMBER
DIDLE BOOST THROTTLE CONTROLLER
DIDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE
A/C IDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE
AIR VENT CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE
CANISTER
TWO-WAY VALVE
DPURGE CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE
THERMOYALVE B
CHECK VALVE



(KF, KB, KW, KE, KU)



①AIR CONTROL DIAPHRAGM
②AIR BLEED VALVE
③CHECK VALVE
④FAST IDLE UNLOADER
⑤POWER VALVE
⑥THROTTLE CONTROLLER (M/T)
⑦THROTTLE CONTROLLER CONTROL VALVE (M/T)
⑥AIR CHAMBER (M/T)
⑨THROTTLE CONTROLLER (A/T)
⑩CHECK VALVE (A/T)

OCHOKE OPENER

GIDLE BOOST THROTTLE CONTROLLER

GIDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE

GA/C IDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE

GSECONDARY DIAPHRAGM

GTHERMOVALVE D

GTHERMOVALVE C

GTHERMOVALVE A

GCANISTER

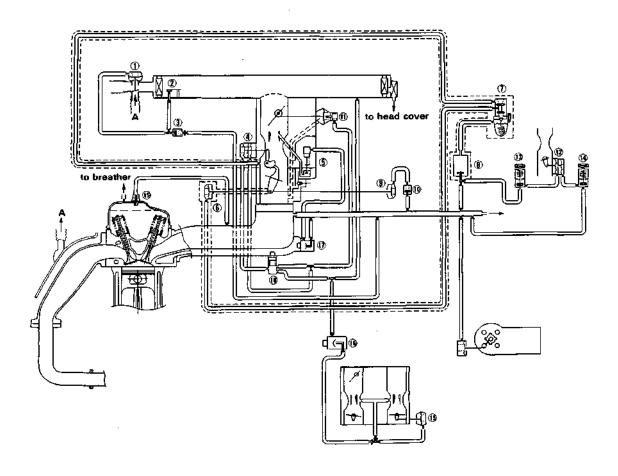
GAIR VENT CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE

GPCV VALVE

System Descriptions

Vacuum Connections

(KP, KT)

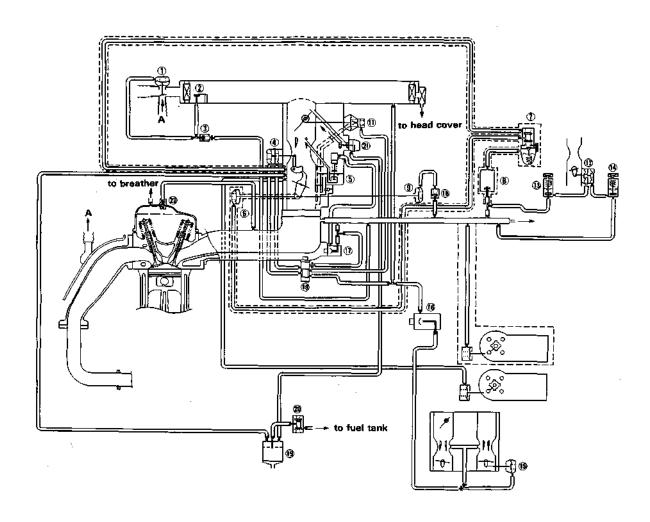


①AIR CONTROL DIAPHRAGM
②AIR BLEED VALVE
③CHECK VALVE
④FAST IDLE UNLOADER
⑤POWER VALVE
⑥THROTTLE CONTROLLER (M/T)
①THROTTLE CONTROLLER CONTROL VALVE (M/T)
⑥AIR CHAMBER (M/T)
③THROTTLE CONTROLLER (A/T)
⑥CHECK VALVE (A/T)

①CHOKE OPENER
②IDLE BOOST THROTTLE CONTROLLER
③IDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE
④A/C IDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE
④SECONDARY DIAPHRAGM
⑤THERMOVALVE D
⑦THERMOVALVE C
⑥THERMOVALVE A



(KY)



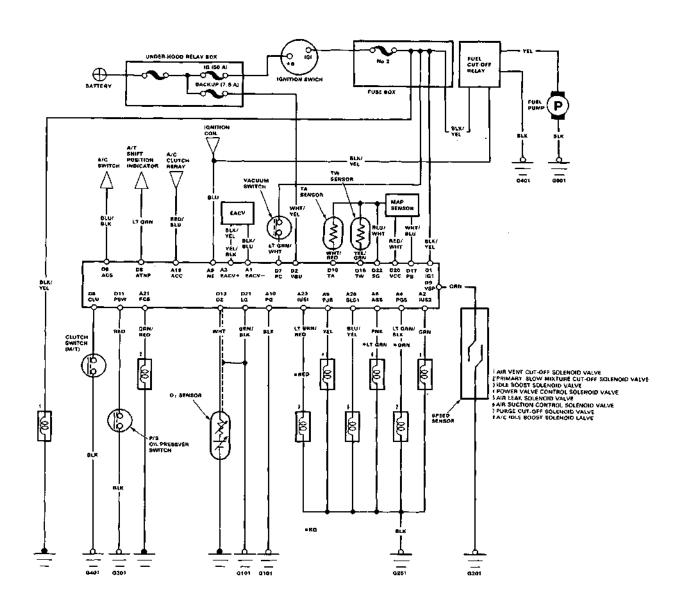
①AIR CONTROL DIAPHRAGM
②AIR BLEED VALVE
③CHECK VALVE
④FAST IDLE UNLOADER
⑤POWER VALVE
⑥THROTTLE CONTROLLER (M/T)
①THROTTLE CONTROLLER CONTROL VALVE (M/T)
⑧AIR CHAMBER (M/T)
③THROTTLE CONTROLLER (A/T)
⑩CHECK VALVE (A/T)

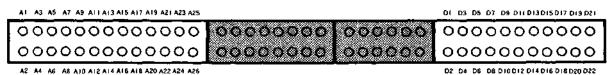
@IDLE BOOST THROTTLE CONTROLLER
BIDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE
BA/C IDLE BOOST SOLENOID VALVE
BSECONDARY DIAPHRAGM
BTHERMOVALVE D
BTHERMOVALVE C
BTHERMOVALVE A
BCANISTER
BTWO-WAY VALVE
BAIR VENT CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE
PCV VALVE

System Descriptions

Electrical Connections

(KE with CATA)



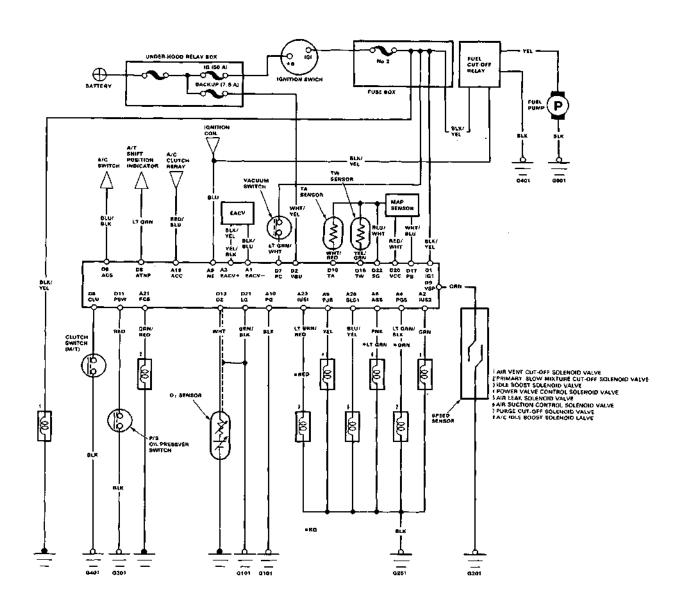


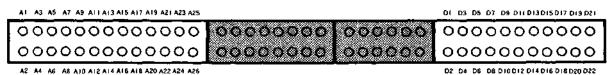
TERMINAL LOCATION

System Descriptions

Electrical Connections

(KE with CATA)





TERMINAL LOCATION

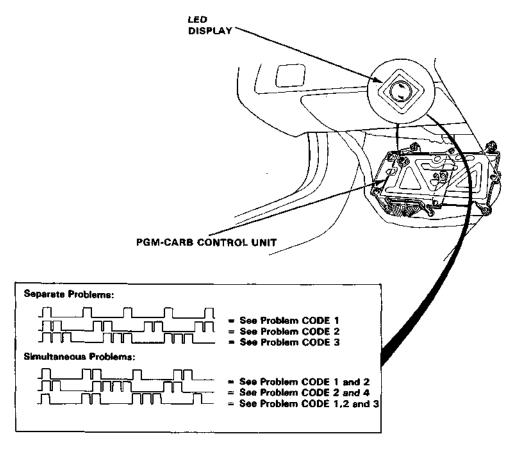
Troubleshooting



-Self-Diagnostic Procedure -

Turn the ignition on, pull down the passenger's side carpet from under the dashboard and observe the LED on the top of the control unit. The LED indicates a system failure code by its blinking frequency.

The control unit LED can indicate any number of simultaneous component problems by blinking separate codes, one after another.



SELF-DIAGNOSIS INDICATOR BLINKS	SYSTEM INDICATED	PAGE
1	OXYGEN CONTENT	
2	VEHICLE SPEED PULSER	
3	MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE	6-22
4	VACUUM SWITCH SIGNAL	6-26
5	MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE	6-24
6	COOLANT TEMPERATURE	
8	IGNITION COIL SIGNAL	
10	INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE	
14	ELECTRONIC AIR CONTROL	

If CODE 7, 9, 11, 12, 13 (or more than 14), count the number of blinks again; if the indicator is in fact blinking these codes, substitute a known-good control unit and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original control unit. The control unit LED may come on, indicating a system problem, when, in fact, there is a poor or intermittent electrical connection. First, check the electrical connections, clean or repair connections if necessary.

(cont'd)



How to Read Flow Charts-

A flow chart is designed to be used from start to final repair. It's like a map showing you the shortest distance. But beware; if you go off the "map" anywhere but a "stop" symbol, you can easily get lost.

START (bold type)

Describes the conditions or situation to start a troubleshooting flow chart.

ACTION

Asks you to do something; perform a test, set up a condition, etc.

DECISION

Asks you about the result of an action by giving an "answer" and asking did you get the same answer: Yes or No.

STOP (bold type) The end of a series of actions and decisions, describes a final repair action and sometimes directs you to an earlier part of the flow to confirm your repair.

NOTE:

- The term "Intermittent Failure" is used several times in these charts. It simply means a system may have had a failure, but it checks out OK through all your tests. You may need to road test the car to reproduce the failure or if the problem was a loose connection, you may have unknowingly solved it while doing the tests.
- "Open" and "Short" are common electrical terms. An open is a break in a wire or at a connection. A short is an accidental connection of a wire to ground. In simple electronics, this usually means something won't work at all. In complex electronics (like electronic control units), this can sometimes mean something works, but not the way it's supposed to.
- If the electrical readings are not as specified when using the ECU test harness, check the test harness connections before
 proceeding.

Symptom-to System Chart

(KE with CATA)

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next most likely system ②, etc.

PAGE	SYSTEM		PGM-CARB CONTROL SYSTEM						
PAGE	3131510	PGM-CARB CONTROL UNIT	OXYGEN SENSOR	VEHICLE SPEED PULSER	MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR	VACUUM SWITCH	COOLANT TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR	IGNITION COIL SIGNAL	
SYMPTOM					22, 24	26			
SELF-DIAGNOS (LED) BLINKS	SIS INDICATOR	(\$\tag{\psi}\)	()	②	(3) or (3)	(⑤	(3)	
ENGINE WON'T	START								
OIFFICULT TO S' ENGINE WHEN		(BU)						:	
IRREGULAR IDLING	WHEN COLD FAST IDLE OUT OF SPECIFIC	(10)							
	ROUGH IDLE	βÚ	3		2		İ		
	WHEN WARM ENGINE SPEED TOO HIGH	(80)							
	WHEN WARM ENGINE SPEED TOO LOW	® U							
FREQUENT	WHILE WARMING UP	®U			2		3		
STALLING	AFTER WARMING UP	(E)			2				
POOR PERFORMANCE	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUNNING	(BU)	3	3	2			_	
	FAILS EMISSION TEST	®U	2		1				
	LOSS OF POWER	®U			3				

CODE 7, 9, 11, 12, 13, or exceeds 14: count the number of blinks again. If the indicator is in fact blinking these codes, substitute a known-good control unit and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original ECU.
 When the self-diagnosis indicator is on, the back-up system is in operation.

Substitute a known-good control unit and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original ECU.

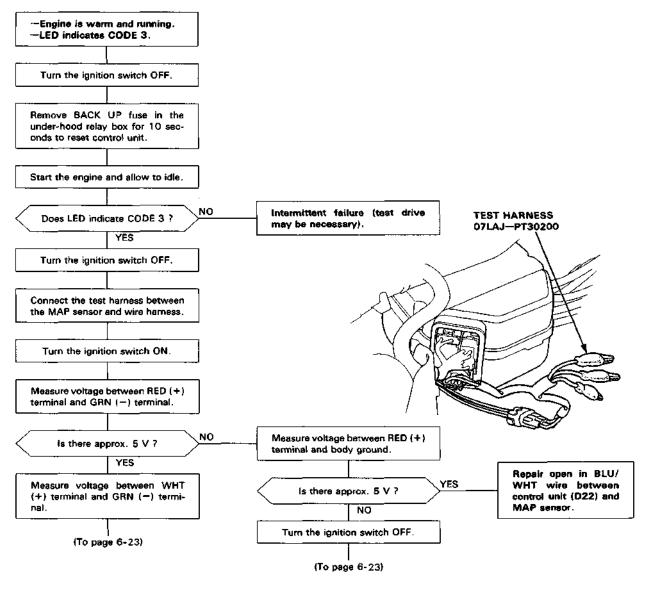


	PGM-CAP	RB CONTROL	L SYSTEM					EMISSION	SION CONTROL	
INTAKE AIR TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR	A/T SHIFT POSITION SIGNAL	CLUTCH SWITCH SIGNAL	P/S OIL PRESSURE SWITCH	A/C SIGNAL	CARBURETOR	FUEL SUPPLY	AIR INTAKE	ELECTRONIC AIR CONTROL VALVE	OTHER EMISSION CONTROL	
					30	50	51		52	
®	:							(1)		
					2	1		:		
					1					
3					1				3	
3					1			3	3	
			3	3	1					
					1					
					1			3		
					1			1		
				-	1	2				
					2		3	3	3	
					3	2	1		2	

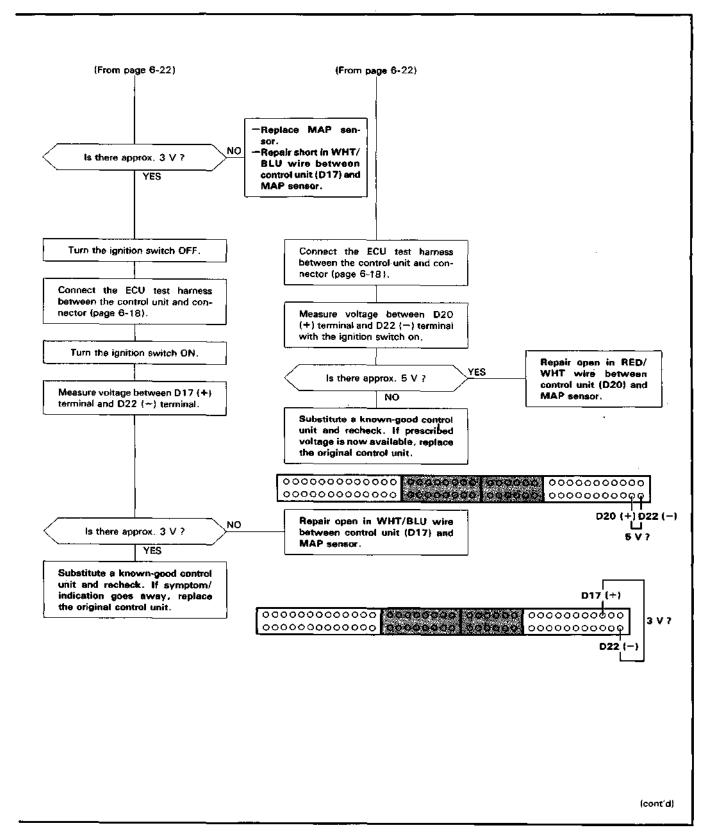
Troubleshooting Flow Chart — MAP Sensor

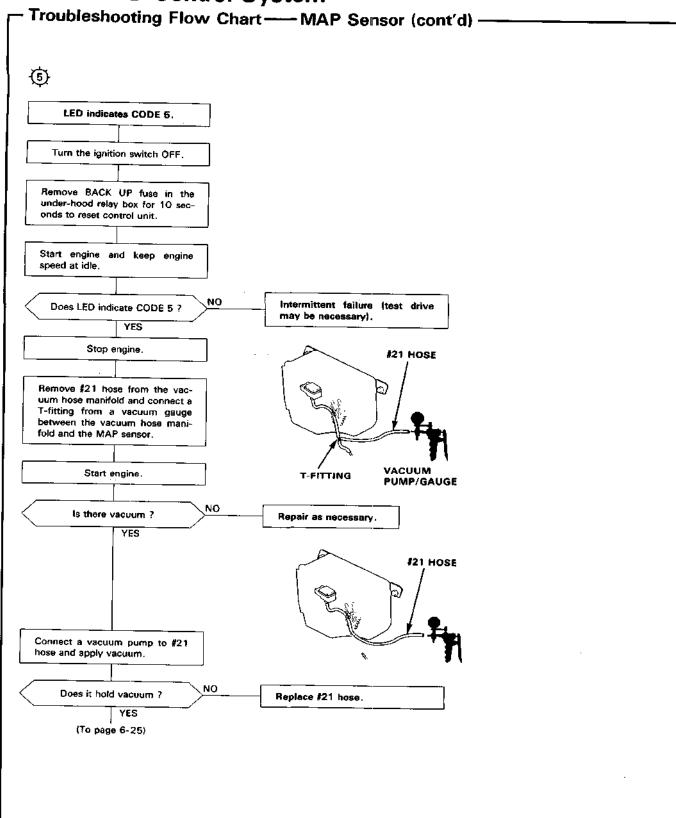
- Self-diagnosis LED indicator blinks three times: Most likely an electrical problem in the Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor system.
- Self-diagnosis LED indicator blinks five times: Most likely a mechanical problem (broken hose) in the Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor system.



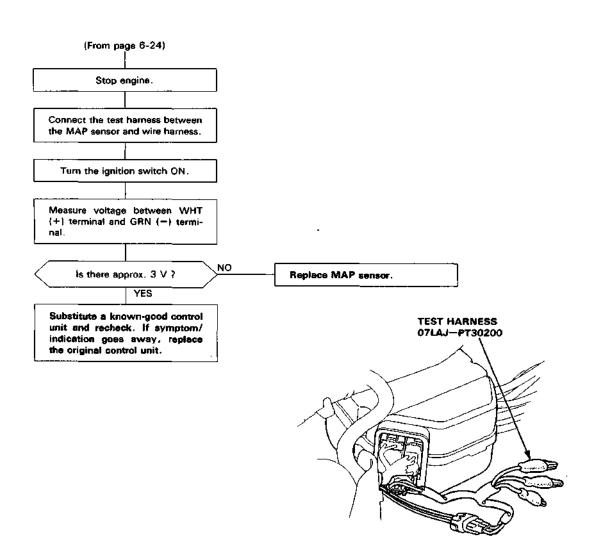


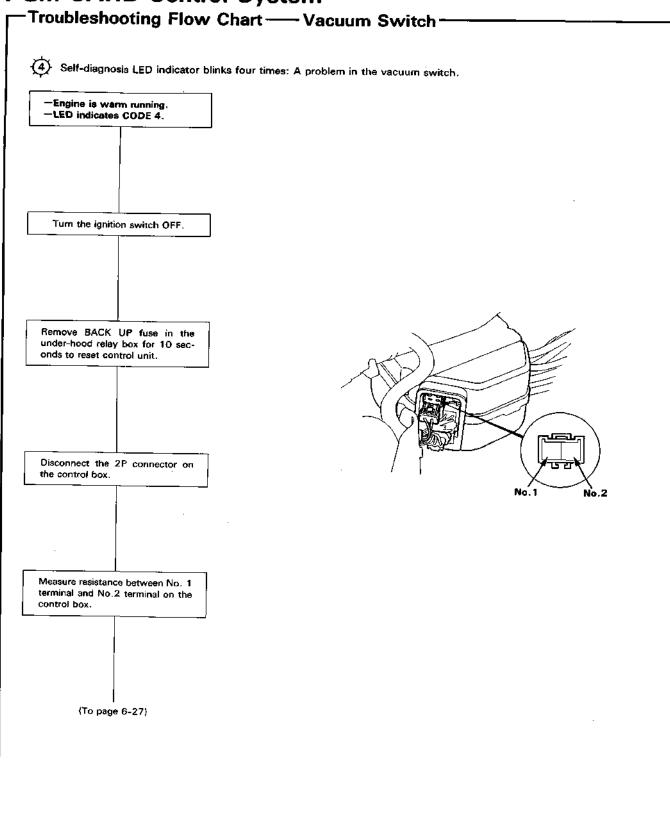




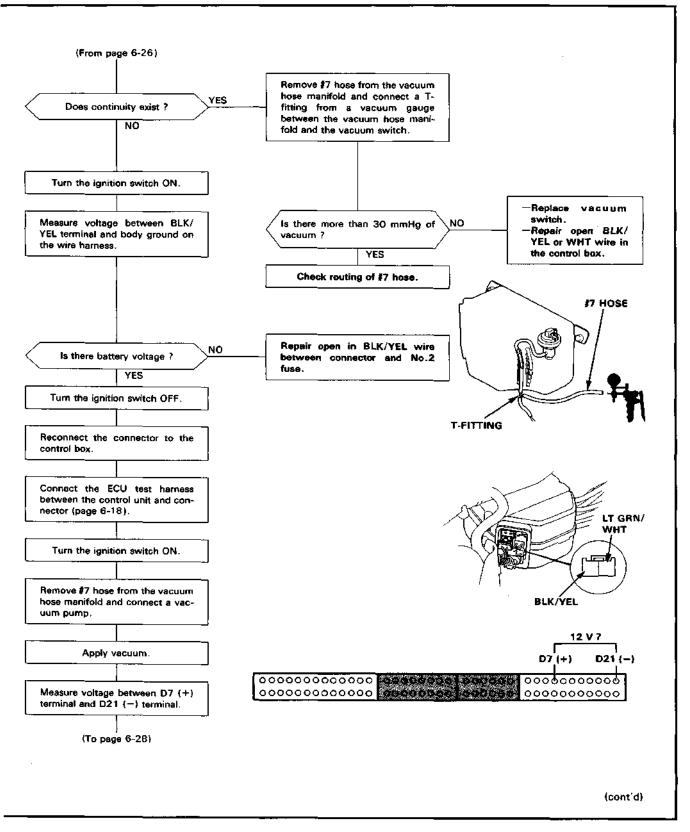


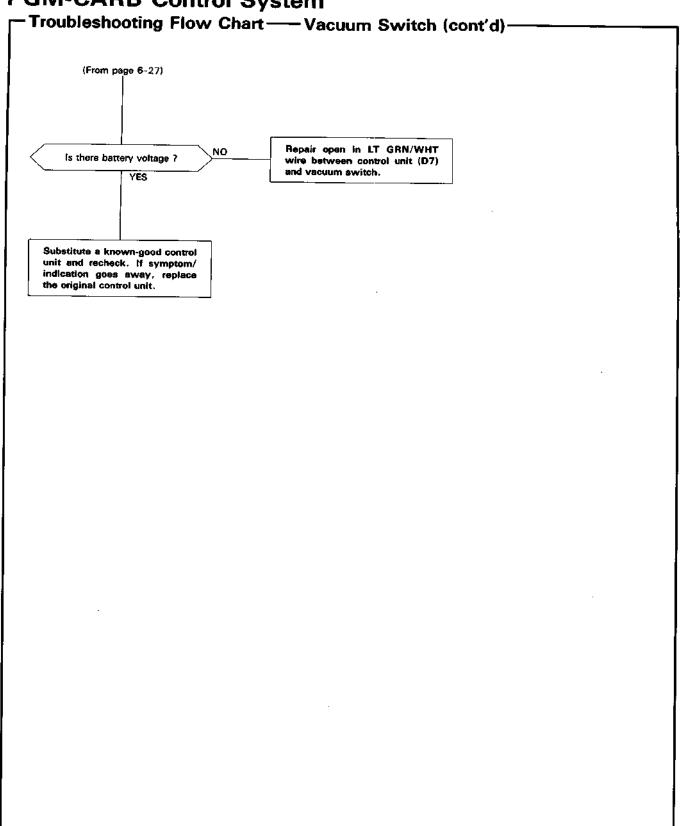












Symptom-to-Sub System Chart-

NOTE:

- Across each row in the chart, the sub systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be
 inspected, starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page
 listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next system ②, etc.
- Before starting inspection, check that other items that affect engine performance are within specification. Check the self-diagnosis indicator, valve clearance, air cleaner, and PCV valve. In addition, check the ignition timing, function of the vacuum and centrifugal advance, and the condition of the spark plugs. If those items are all within specifications, begin with the troubleshooting listed in pages 6-30 and 6-31.

PAGE SYMPTOM	SYSTEM	IDLE SPEED/ MIXTURE	IDLE BOOST	AUTOMATIC CHOKE/ FAST IDLE SYSTEM	AIR VENT CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE FLOAT LEVEL
		46	32		
ENGINE WON'T STA	ART				1
DIFFICULT TO	WHEN COLD			1	2
START ENGINE	WHEN WARM				2
	WHEN COLD FAST IDLE OUT OF SPECIFICATION		2	1	
IRREGULAR IDLING	WHEN WARM ENGINE SPEED TOO HIGH	①	2	3	
	WHEN WARM ENGINE SPEED TOO LOW	0	1		
	ROUGH IDLE/ FLUCTUATION	1	3		2
FREQUENT	WHILE WARMING UP		2	1	
STALLING	AFTER WARMING UP	10	2		2
	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUNNING			1	1
POOR PERFORMANCE	LOSS OFF POWER				2
	AFTERBURN	①			
	HESITATION/SURGE				



POWER VALVE	PRIMARY SLOW MIXTURE CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE	SLOW AIR JET CONTROL	VACUUM CONTROLLED SECONDARY	ACCELE- RATOR PUMP
40	<u> </u>	38		<u> </u>
	2	2		
	1			2
	1	2		<u> </u>
2	2			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2		····
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2		
		3	2	,.
2	①	<u> </u>		
	1	1		· · ·
			2	·
3			1	3
②				①

Idle Control System-

Testing

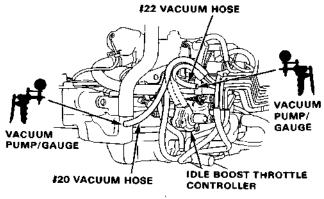
- Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on).
- Check the idle speed with headlights, heater blower, rear window defogger, cooling fan and air conditioner off.

idle speed should be:

Manuat	800 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	750 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")

- If OK, go to step 4.
- If not, go to step 3.
- Disconnect the two vacuum hoses at idle boost throttle controller and check each for vacuum.

There should be no vacuum in both hoses.

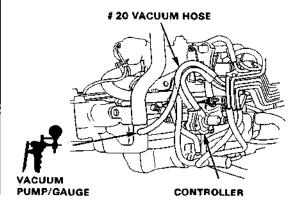


- If there is no vacuum, check the throttle valve shaft for binding or sticking and replace the idle boost throttle controller.
- If there is vacuum at the #20 vacuum hose, go to idle boost solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-33).
- If there is vacuum at the #22 vacuum hose, go to A/C idle boost solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-35).
- Disconnect the connector on the P/S oil pressure switch, and check the idle speed.
 Idle speed should be:

Manual	950 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	
Automatic	820 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")	

- If OK, go to step 6.
- If not, go to step 5.

 Disconnect the #20 vacuum hose at idle boost throttle controller and check vacuum wheel is turning. There should be vacuum.



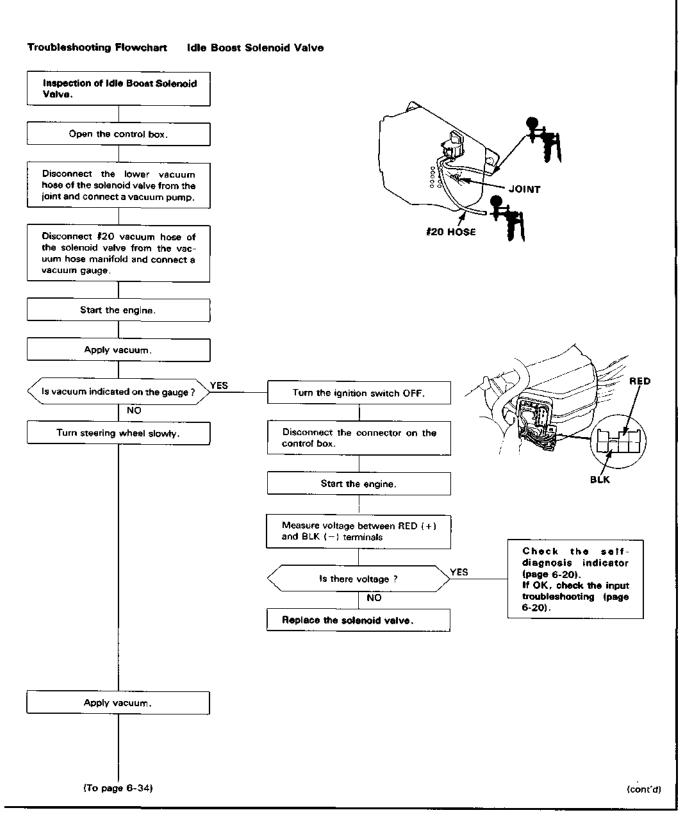
- If there is vacuum, check the throttle valve shaft for binding or sticking and replace the idle boost throttle controller.
- If there is no vacuum, check the #20 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to the idle boost solenoid valve troubleshooting (page6-33).
- 6. Check the idle speed with the A/C on.

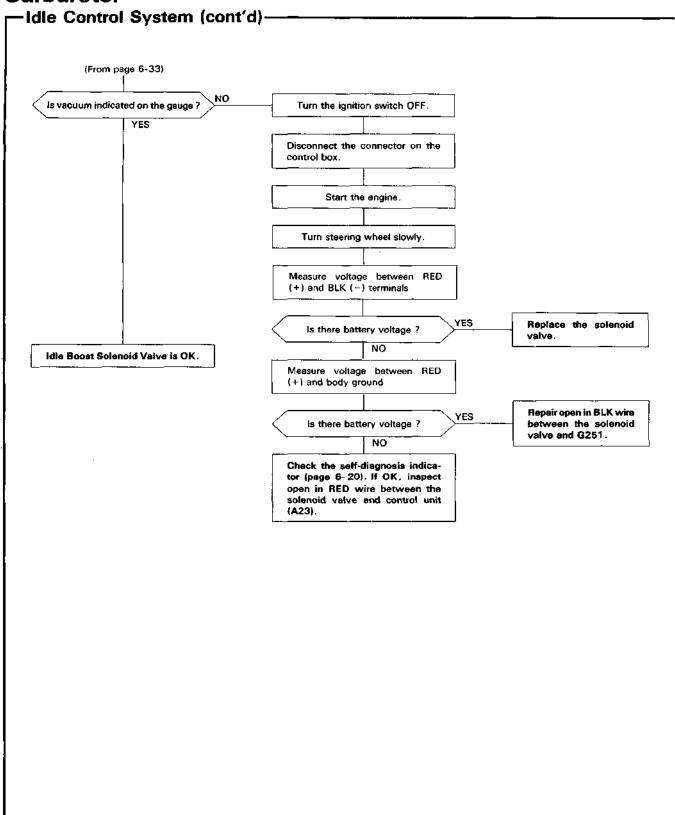
idle speed should be:

Manual	800 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	750 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")

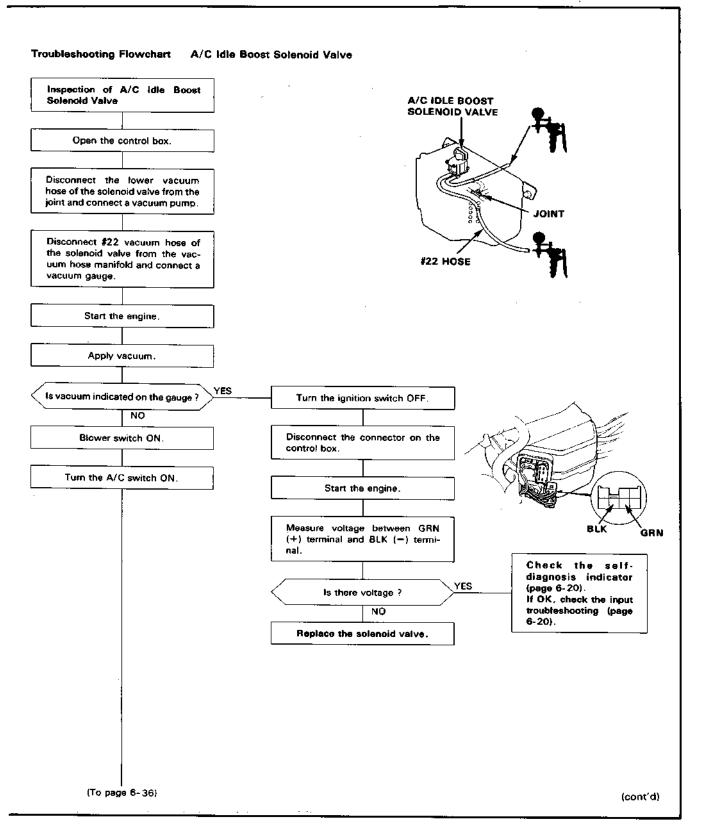
- If not, disconnect the two vacuum hoses at idle boost throttle controller and check each for vacuum.
- If there is no vacuum at the #20 vacuum hose, check the #20 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to the idle boost solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-33).
- If there is no vacuum at the #22 vacuum hose, check the #22 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to the A/C idle boost solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-35).

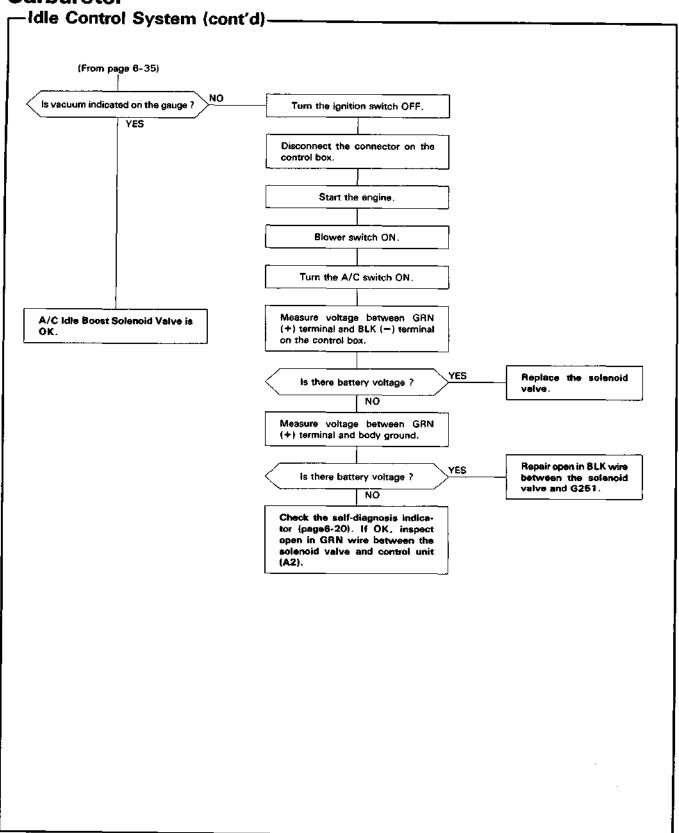










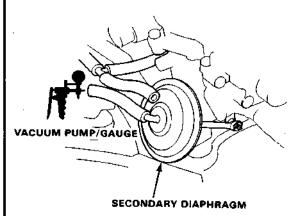




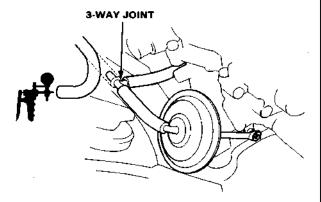
-Vacuum Controlled Secondary -

Testing

- Disconnect the secondary diaphragm vacuum hose and attach a spare piece of hose between the diaphragm and a vacuum pump.
- Open the throttle valve fully and apply a vacuum. Check the diaphragm rod moves as vacuum is applied and that the vacuum then remains steady.



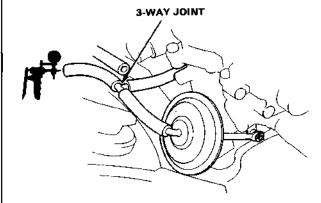
- If the vacuum does not hold or the rod does not move, first check the hose for proper connection and condition, then replace the diaphragm and recheck.
- Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on).
- Disconnect the vacuum hose from the 3-way joint connect a vacuum pump and apply vacuum.
 It should not hold vacuum.



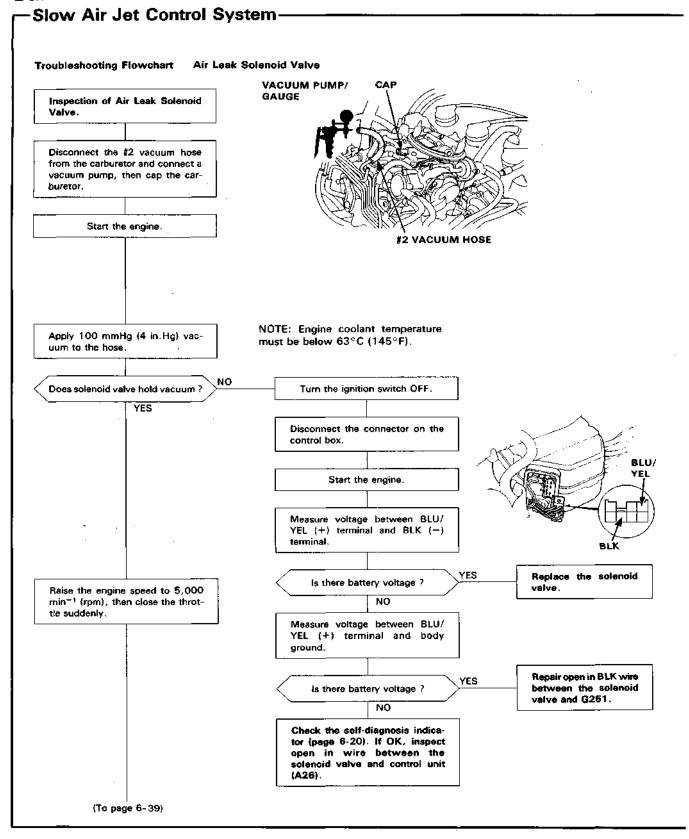
- If it holds vacuum, check the vacuum line for proper connection or cracks. If OK, go to the air leak solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-38).
- Raise the engine speed to 5,000 min⁻¹ (rpm), then close the throttle suddenly. And then appy vacuum.

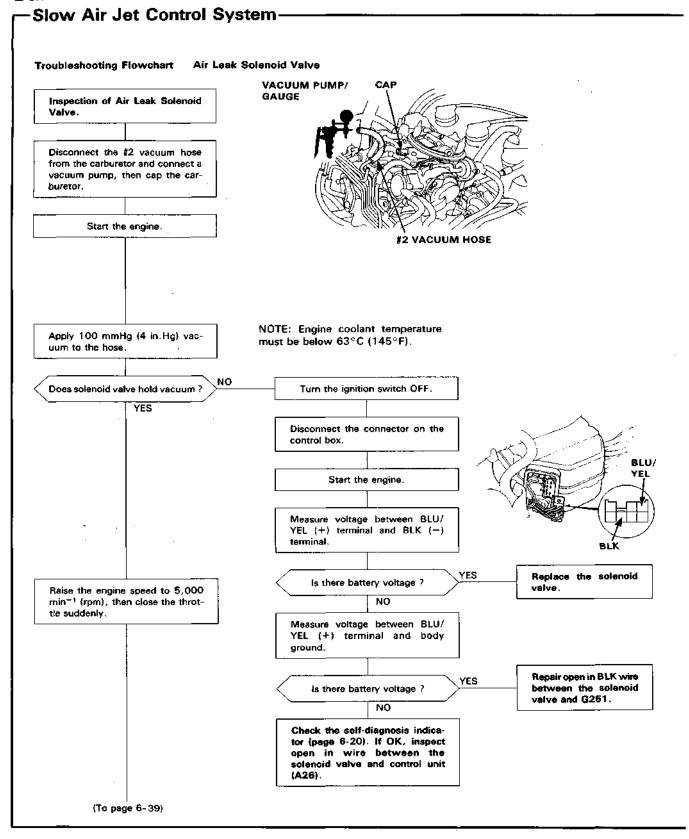
It should hold vacuum.

- If it does not hold vacuum, check the vacuum line for proper connection, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to the air leak solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-38).
- Disconnect the vacuum hose from the 3-way joint and connect to a vacuum pump/gauge.
 Apply a vacuum.
 It should not hold vacuum.

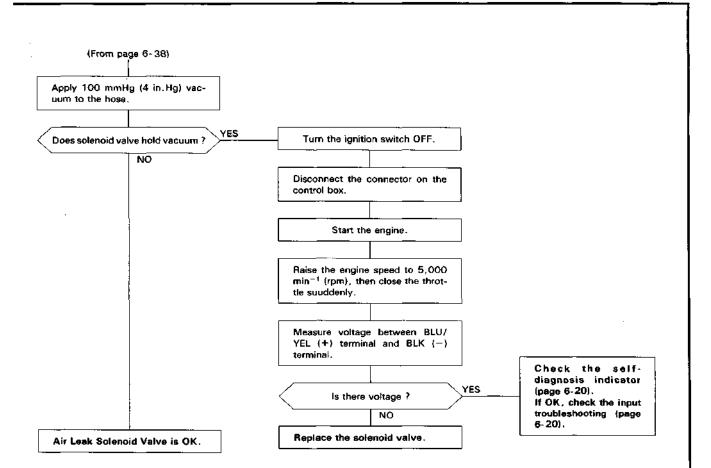


- If vacuum does not hold, test is complete.
- If vacuum is held, check the hose, the 3-way joint and clean the vacuum port.





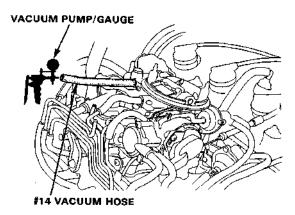




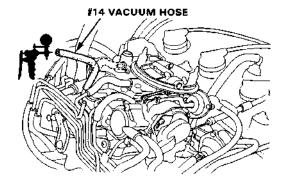
Power Valve

Testing

 Disconnect the #14 vacuum hose from the vacuum hose manifold and connect a vacuum pump. Apply vacuum and listen for a clicking noise from the power valve.



- If a clicking sound is heard, go on to step 2.
- If no sound is heard, replace the power valve and retest.
- Disconnect the #14 vacuum hose from the carburetor and connect a vacuum gauge to the hose.



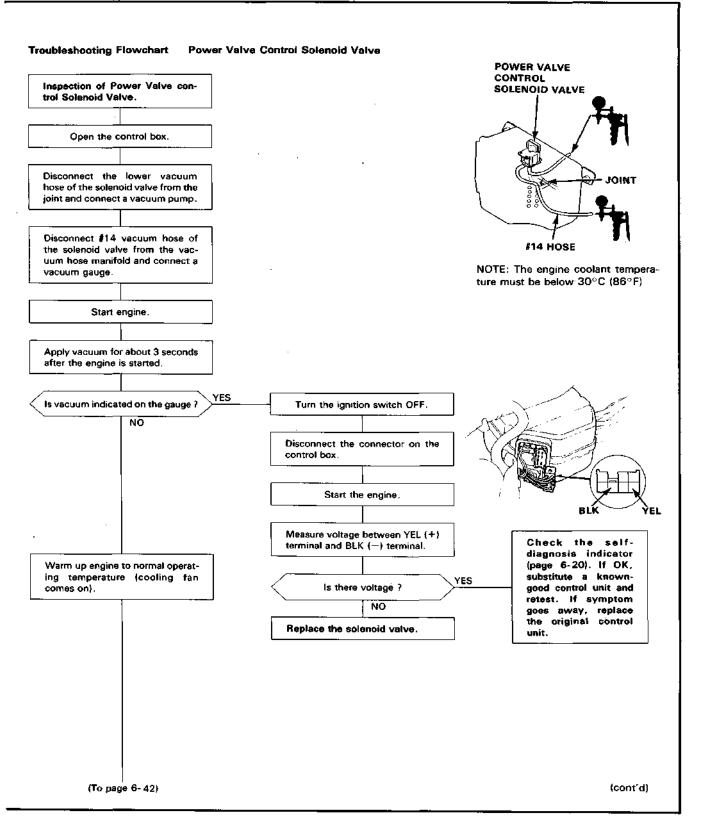
Start the engine and check the vacuum.
 There should be no vacuum for about 3 seconds after the engine is started. And there should be vacuum within 15 seconds after the engine is started.
 NOTE: The engine coolant temperature must be below 30°C (86°F).

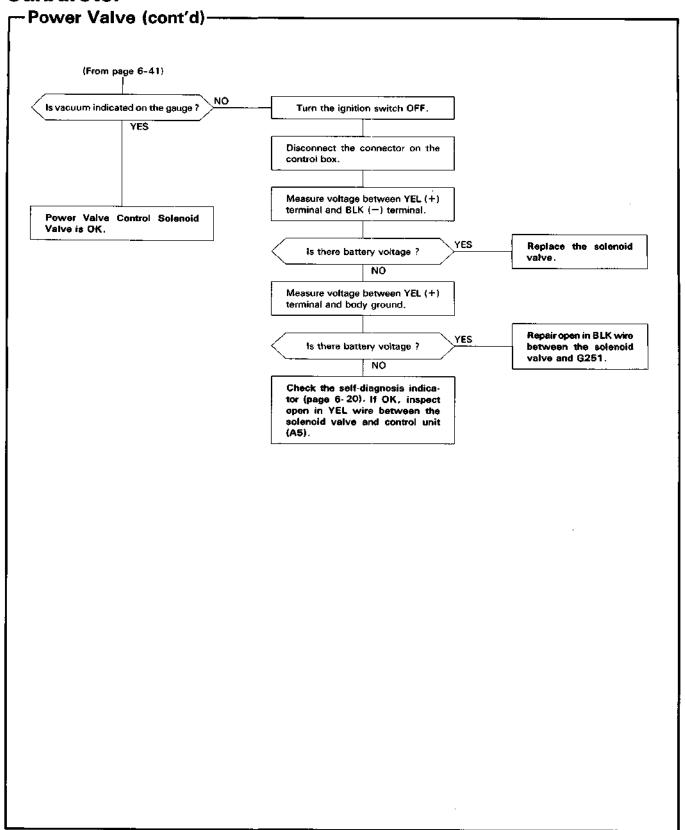
- If not, check the #14 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to the power valve control solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-41).
- Warm up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on).
- 5. Check the vacuum.

There should be vacuum.

 If not, check the #14 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to the power valve control solenoid valve troubleshooting (page 6-41).









-Idle Speed/Mixture

(KS, KG)

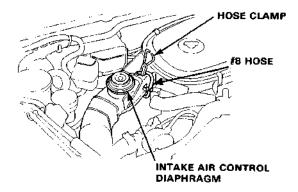
Inspection/Adjustment

Propane Enrichment Method

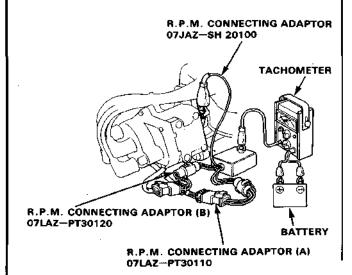
AWAINING Do not smoke during this procedure. Keep any open flame away from your work area.

NOTE:

- This procedure requires a propane enrichment kit.
- Check that the self diagnosis indicator before making idle speed and mixture inspections.
- Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes twice).
- Disconnect the #8 vacuum hose from the intake air control diaphragm and clamp the hose end.

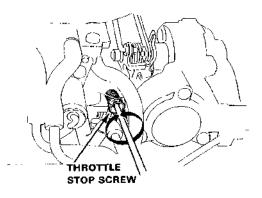


3. Connect a tachometer.



4. Turn the ignition switch OFF. Restart the engine and hold engine at idle for 2 minutes. And hold engine at 2,500—3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm) for 1 minute. Check idle speed with the headlights, heater blower, rear window defogger, cooling fan and air conditioner off (with DAY LIGHT: headlights on).
Idle speed should be:

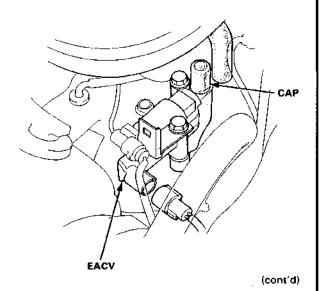
Manual	800 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	750 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")



Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the throttle stop screw.

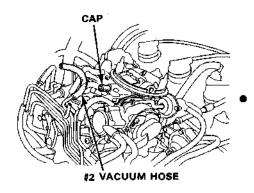
NOTE: If the idle speed is excessively high, check the throttle control system (page 6-59)

Disconnect the 2P connector from the EACV and disconnect the hose from the EACV, then cap the EACV.

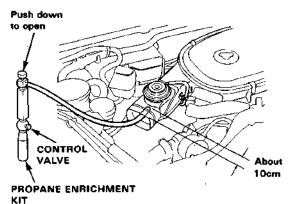


-Idle Speed/Mixture (cont'd)-

Disconnect the #2 vacuum hose from the carburetor, then cap the carburetor.

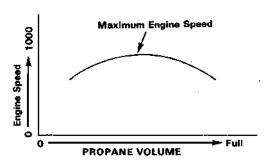


- Disconnect eir cleaner intake tube from air intake duct.
- Insert the hose of the propane enrichment kit into the intake tube about 10 cm.
 NOTE: Check that propane bottle has adequate gas before beginning test.



 With engine idling, depress push button on top of propane device, then slowly open the propane control valve to obtain maximum engine speed.
 Engine speed should increase as percentage of propane injected goes up.

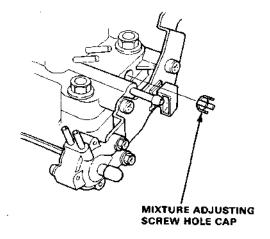
NOTE: Open the propane control valve slowly; a sudden burst of propane may stall the engine.



Engine speed increase should be:

Manual	160 ± 20 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	50 ± 10 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")

- If engine speed does not increase per specification, mixture is improperly adjusted. Go to step 10.
- If engine speed increases per specification, go to step 14.
- Remove the air cleaner and close the propane cotrol valve.
- 11. Remove the mixture adjusting screw hole cap.





- Start engine and warm up to normal operating temperature; the cooling fan will come on.
- Reinstall the propane enrichment kit and recheck maximum propane enriched engine speed.
 - If the propane enriched speed is too low, mixture is too rich: turn the mixture screw 1/4-turn clockwise and recheck.
 - If the propane enriched speed is too high, mixture is to lean: turn the mixture screw 1/4-turn counterclockwise and recheck.
- Close the propane control valve speed and remove the BACK UP fuse for 10 seconds to reset control unit, Recheck idle speed.

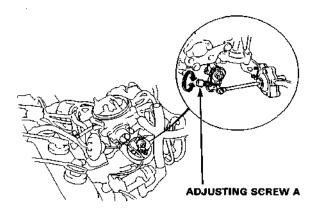
Idle speed should be:

Manual	800 ± 50min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	750±50min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")

- If idle speed is as specified (step 4), go to step 15.
- If idle speed is not as specified, adjust by turning throttle stop screw, then repeat steps 13 and 14.
- Remove propane enrichment kit and reconnect air cleaner intake tube on the air intake duct.
- 16. Reinstall the mixture adjusting screw hole cap.
- Disconnect the connector on the P/S oil pressure switch, and check the idle speed.

Idle speed should be:

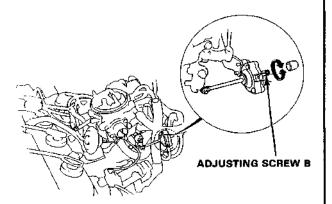
Manual	950 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	820 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")



Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the adjusting screw A.

18. If equipped with air conditioner, check the idle speed with the A/C on (with DAY LIGHT: headlights on).
Idle speed should be:

Manual	800 ± 50min ⁻¹ (rpm)		
Automatic	750 ± 50min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")		



Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the adjusting screw B.

(cont'd)

-Idle Speed / Mixture (cont'd)-

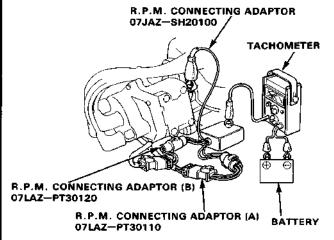
(Except KS, KG, KQ)

CO Meter Method

AWAHNING Do not smoke during this procedure. Keep any open flame away from your work area.

NOTE:

- Check that the self-diagnosis indicator (KX, KE with CATA) before making idle speed and mixture inspections.
- Start the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes twice).
- 2. Connect a tachometer.

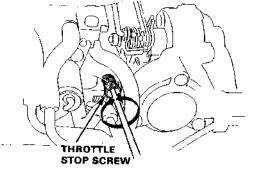


 Turn the ignition switch OFF. Restart the engine and hold engine at idle for 2 minutes. And hold engine at 2,500—3,000min⁻¹ (rpm) for 1 minute.
 Check idle speed with the headlights, heater blower, rear window deforcer, cooling for and air conditioner.

rear window defogger, cooling fan and air conditioner off (with DAY LIGHT: headlights on).

Idle speed should be:

Manual	800±50min ⁻¹ (rpm)				
Automatic	750±50min ⁻¹ (rpm)(in "D")				
	- 1 N				



Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the throttle stop screw.

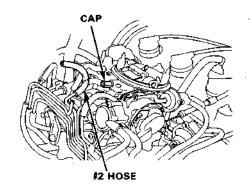
NOTE: If the idle speed is excessively high, check the throttle control system (page 6-59)

- Calibrate the NDIR CO Meter in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures.
 Insert exhaust gas sampling probe into the tailpipe at least 40 cm.
- Turn the ignition switch OFF. Restart the engine and hold engine at idle for 2 minutes. And hold engine at 2,500—3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm) for 1 minute. Check specification for idle CO with cooling fan, air conditioner OFF and headlights OFF.

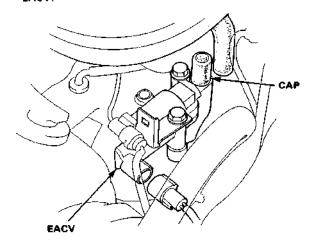
Specified CO%:

KX, KE with CATA: 0.1% Except KX, KE with CATA: 1±1%

- If idle CO is as specified, go to step 14.
- If not, go to step 6 through 13.
- KX : Disconnect the #2 vacuum hose from the carburetor, then cap the carburetor.

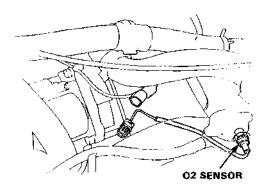


KX:
 Disconnect the 2P connector from the EACV and disconnect the hose from the EACV, then cap the EACV.

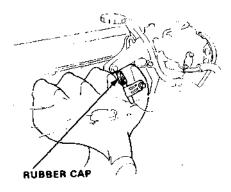




KX: Disconnect the wire harness from the O² sensor.



 KX: Remove the rubber cap from the gas pipe.



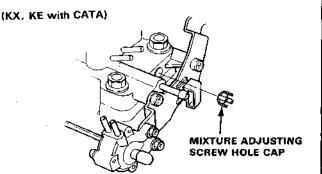
10. KX:

Turn the ignition switch OFF. Restart the engine and hold engine at idle for 2 minutes. And hold engine at 2,500—3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm) for 1 minute. Check specification for idle CO.

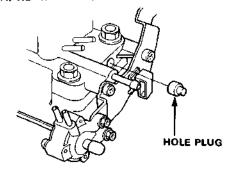
Specified CO%; KX: 2.3±1.0%

KE with CATA: 2.5±0.5%

- If not, specification, go to step 11.
- Remove mixture adjusting screw hole plug and adjust by turning mixture adjusting screw to obtain proper CO reading.



(Except KX, KE with CATA)



- Turning mixture adjusting screw

clockwise:

CO reading decreases

counterclockwise: CO reading increases

Readjust idle speed if necessary, and recheck idle CO.

12. KX:

Reconnect the connector and hose. Remove BACK UP fuse for 10 seconds to reset control unit.

13. KX, KE with CATA

Turn the ignition switch OFF. Restart the engine and hold engine at idle for 2 minutes. And hold engine at 2,500—3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm) for 1 minute. Recheck idle CO.

Specified CO%: 0.1%

- If idle CO is as specified, go to step 14.
- If not, check the self-diagnosis indicator (page 6-20). If not, inspect the EACV and the catalytic converter (page 6-53), then repeat step 6.
- 14. Recheck idle speed.
 Idle speed should be:

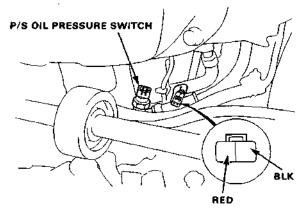
Manual	800 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)		
Automatic	750±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")		

(cont'd)

-Idle Speed/Mixture (cont'd)-

- If idle speed is as specified, go to step 15.
- If idle speed is not as specified, adjust by turning throttle stop screw, then repeat step 5.
- 15. Reinstall the mixture adjusting screw hole cap.
- Disconnect the connector on the P/S oil pressure switch.

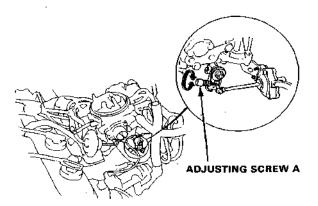
Except KX, KE with CATA; Connect a jumper wire between the RED terminal and the BLK terminal.



17. Check the idle speed.

idle speed should be :

Manual	950 ± 50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	820 ± 50 min ^{-†} (rpm) (in "D")

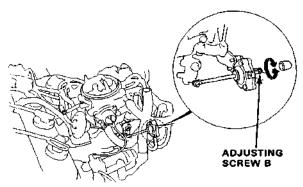


Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the adjusting screw \boldsymbol{A} .

 If equipped with air conditioner, check the idle speed with the A/C on.

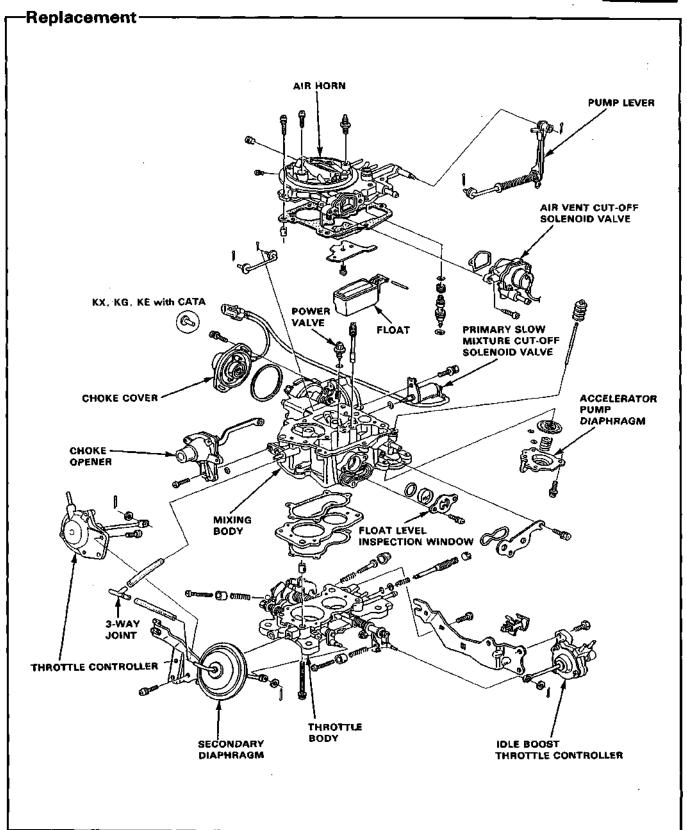
Idle speed should be:

Manual	800±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)				
Automatic	750±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (in "D")				



Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the adjusting screw 8.





Fuel Supply System

Symptom-to-sub System Chart

NOTE:

Across each row in the chart, the sub systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be
inspected, starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page
listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next system ②, etc.

Before starting inspection, check that other items that affect engine performance are within specification. Check the self-diagnosis indicator, valve clearance, air cleaner, and PCV valve. In addition, check the ignition timing, function of the vacuum and centrifugal advance, and the condition of the spark plugs. If those items are all within specifications, begin with the troubleshooting listed in this page.

PAGE	SYSTEM	FUEL FILTERS	FUEL PUMP	FUEL CUT-OFF RELAY	FUEL TANK	CONTAMI- NATED FUEL
symptom						*
ENGINE WON'T START		3	①	2		2
POOR PERFORMANCE	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUNNING	1				1
	LOSS OF POWER	1				0

Fuel with dirt, water or a high percentage of alcohol is considered contaminated.

Air Intake System



Symptom-to-Sub System Chart-

NOTE:

Across each row in the chart, the sub systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be
inspected, starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page
listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next system ②, etc.

Before starting inspection, check that other items that affect engine performance are within specification. Check the self-diagnosis indicator, valve clearance, air cleaner, PCV valve. In addition, check the ignition timing, function of the vacuum and centrifugal advance, and the condition of the spark plugs. If those items are all within specifications, begin with the trouble-shooting listed in this page.

PAGE SYSTEM	THROTTLE CABLE	AIR INTAKE CONTROL
SYMPTOM		
LOSS OF POWER		1
AFTERBURN		1
HESITATION/SURGE		1

Symptom-to-sub System Chart

NOTE:

- Across each row in the chart, the sub systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be
 inspected, starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page
 listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try next system ②, etc.
- Before starting inspection, check that other items that affect engine performance are within specification. Check the self-diagnosis indicator, valve clearance, air cleaner, and PCV valve. In addition, check the ignition timing, function of the vacuum and centrifugal advance, and the condition of the spark plugs. If those items are all within specifications, begin with the troubleshooting listed in this page.

PAGE	SYSTEM						
		FEEDBACK CONTROL	THROTTLE CONTROL	EGR	EVAPORATIVE CONTROL	AIR	
SYMPTOM	SYMPTOM		59	57	60	54	
ENGINE WON'T S	TART			2	1	①	
DIFFICULT TO	WHEN COLD	1	2	2	1		
START ENGINE	WHEN WARM	1	2	3	10		
	WHEN COLD FAST IDLE OUT OF SPECIFICATION	10	2	2			
IRREGULAR IDLING	WHEN WARM ENGINE SPEED TOO HIGH		0				
IDENG	WHEN WARM ENGINE SPEED TOO LOW	①		2			
	ROUGH IDLE/ FLUCTUATION	1		2			
FREQUENT	WHILE WARMING UP	1		2			
STALLING	AFTER WARMING UP	1		2			
	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUNNING	2		1			
POOR PERFORMANCE	LOSS OFF POWER	1			1		
	AFTERBURN	1	2			2	
	HESITATION/SURGE	1		2			



-Tailpipe Emissions

Inspection

NOTE: It is not possible to use a CO meter to adjust the idle mixture; the effect of the catalytic converter prevents accurate tracking of such small changes in airfuel ratio.

AWARNING Do not smoke during this procedure, Keep any open flame away from your work area.

- 1. KS, KG:
 - Check the idle speed/mixture using the propene enrichment method.
- Warm up and calibrate the CO meter according to the meter manufacturer's instructions.
- Start the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on twice).
- Turn the ignition switch OFF. Restart the engine and hold engine at idle for 2 minutes.
 And hold engine at 2,500—3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm) for 1 minute.
- Check idle CO with the headlights, heater blower, rear window defogger, cooling fan, and air conditioner off.

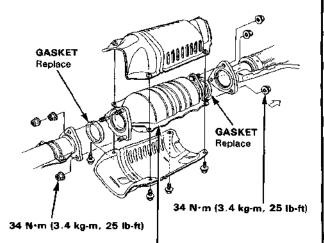
Specified CO %:

KX,KS,KG,KE with CATA: below 0.1% Except KX,KS,KG,KE with CATA: 1.0±1.0%

Catalytic Converter

inspection

If excessive exhaust system back-pressure is suspected, remove the catalytic converter from the car and make a visual check for plugging, melting or cracking of the catalyst, Replace the catalytic converter if any of the visible area is damaged or plugged.



CATALYTIC CONVERTER

Removal Installation, section 5
Inspect housing for cracks or other damage.
Inspect element for clogging by looking through the inside.

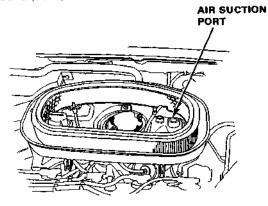
-Air Injection Control-

Testing

- Start the engine.
- 2. Remove the air cleaner cover and filter.
- Start the engine and check for a bubbling noise from the air suction port idle.

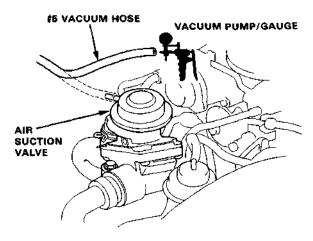
A bubbling noise should not be heard.

NOTE: Engine coolant temperature must be below 30°C (86°F)



 If a bubbling noise is heard, disconnect the #5 vacuum hose from the air suction valve and connect a vacuum pump.

There should be no vacuum.



- If there is no vacuum, replace air suction valve and retest.
- If there is vacuum, go to troubleshooting (page 6-55).

 Warm up to normal operating temperature.
 NOTE: Engine coolant temperature must be below 70°C (158°F).

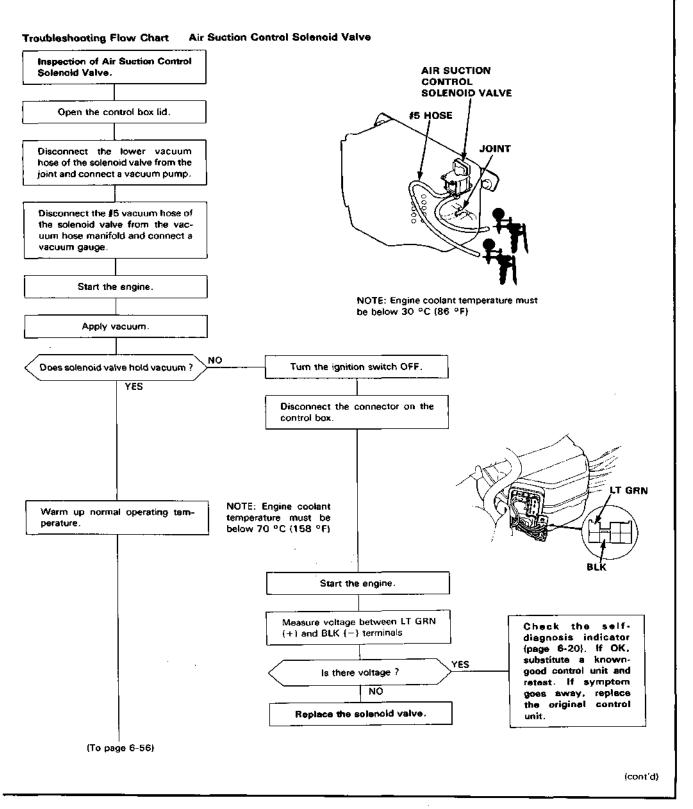
A bubbling noise should be heard.

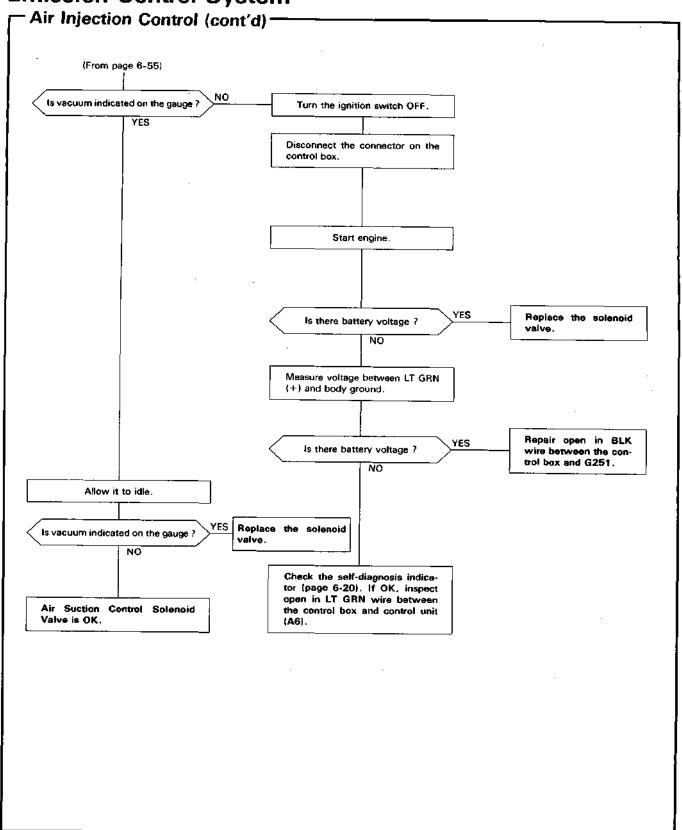
 If bubbling noise is not heard, disconnect the #5 vacuum hose from the air suction valve and connect a vacuum pump.

There should be vacuum.

- If there is vacuum, replace the air suction valve and retest
- If there is no vacuum, check the #5 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to troubleshooting (page 6-55).







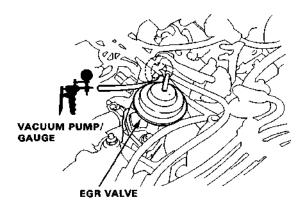


-EGR System

Testing (COLD ENGINE)

NOTE: The engine coolant temperature must be below the thermovalve B set temperature (55°C, 131°F).

 Disconnect the vacuum hose from the EGR valve and connect a vacuum gauge to the hose.



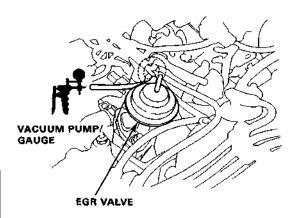
Start the engine and raise the engine speed to 3,000 min⁻¹ (rpm)

Vacuum should not be available.

- If vacuum is not available, go on to the hot engine inspection (right column).
- If vacuum is available, replace thermovalve B and retest.

Testing (HOT ENGINE)

 Disconnect the vacuum hose from the EGR valve and connect a vacuum gauge to the hose.



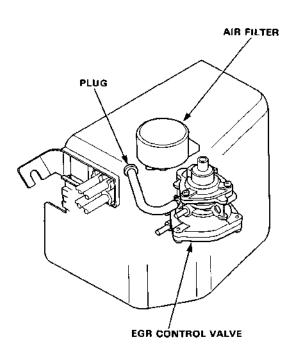
- Start the engine and wait for the cooling fan to come on.
- Remove the control box and remove the control box cover.

Vacuum should be as shown below:

	Condition	Vacuum at EGR hose
1	ldle	No
2	3,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm)	Yes, 50-152 mm
3	3,000 min ⁻¹ (rpm) with blocked vacuum bleed (shown next column)	Less than 50 mm Hg
4	Rapid acceleration	Yes, 50-152 mm Hg
5	Deceleration	No

(cont'd)

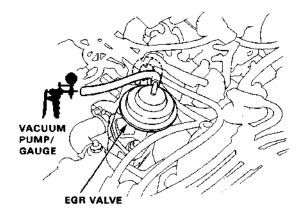
-EGR System (cont'd) -



- If vacuum is available at idle (condition 1) check the vacuum hoses for proper routing and connections, then check for correct idle speed and idle mixture, and make adjustment as necessary.
- If there is no vacuum in conditions 2 and 4, check the #10, #11, #15 and #16 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, replace the thermovalve B and retest
- If vacuum is more than 50 mm Hg in condition 3, replace the EGR control valve and check the vacuum hoses for proper routing and connections.

EGR Valve

- Start engine and allow to idle.
- Disconnect vacuum hose from EGR Valve and connect a vacuum pump to EGR Valve



- Apply 150 mm Hg (6 in. Hg) vacuum to EGR Valve. Vacuum should remain steady and engine should die.
 - If vacuum remains steady and engine dies, EGR valve is working properly, remove the vacuum pump and reconnect EGR vacuum hose; test is complete.
 - If vacuum does not remain steady and engine does not die, replace EGR valve and retest.
 - If vacuum remains steady but engine does not die: Remove EGR valve; check EGR valve and manifold for blockage, clean or replace as necessary and retest.

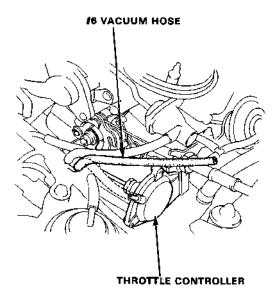


Throttle Control System-

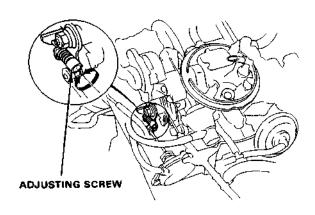
Testing (HOT ENGINE)

- Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on).
- Disconnect the #6 vacuum hose from the throttle controller and check the engine speed.

Engine speed should be: 1,800 \pm 300 min⁻¹ (rpm)

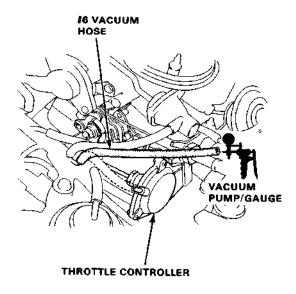


 If the engine speed is excessively high, adjust by turning the adjusting screw.



 If the engine speed does not change, connect a vacuum pump to the #6 vacuum hose and check vacuum.

There should be vacuum.



- If there is no vacuum, check the #6 vacuum hose for proper connection, cracks, brockage or disconnected hose.
- If there is vacuum, replace the throttle controller and retest.
- Reconnect the #6 vacuum hose and check the idle speed.

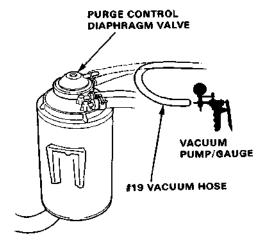
Idle speed should be within specification (page 6-43).

-Evaporative Emission Controls-

Testing (COLD ENGINE)

NOTE: Engine coolant temperature must be below 63 °C (145°F)

 Disconnect the #19 vacuum hose at purge control diaphragm valve and connect vacuum pump/gauge to the hose.



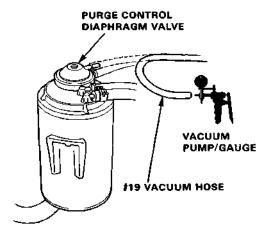
2. Start the engine and allow to idle.

There should be no vacuum.

- If there is no vacuum, go to hot engine test (next column).
- If there is vacuum, go to troubleshooting (page 6-62).

Testing (HOT ENGINE)

 Disconnect the #19 vacuum hose at the purge control diaphragm valve and connect a vacuum pump/gauge to the hose.



 Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on).
 Block rear wheels and set the parking brake. Jack up the front of the car and support with safety stands.

A WARNING Block rear wheels before jacking up front of car.

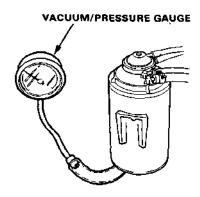
Place the shift or selector lever in 2nd gear or "2" range and accelerate above 5 km/h, 2,000 min⁻¹ (rpm).

There should be vacuum.

- If there is vacuum, go to step 3.
- If there is no vacuum, check the #19 and #12 vacuum line for proper connection, cracks, blockage or disconnected hose. If OK, go to troubleshooting (page 6-62).
- Disconnect a vacuum pump/gauge and reconnect hose.
- 4. Remove fuel filler cap.



Remove the canister purge air hose from frame and connect hose to a vacuum gauge as shown.



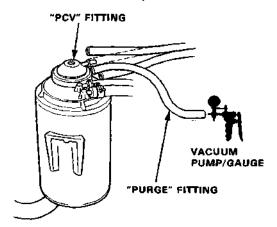
 Place the shift or selector lever in 2nd gear or "2" range and raise the engine speed to 3,500 min⁻¹ (rpm).

Vacuum should appear on the gauge within 1 minute.

- If vacuum appears on the gauge in 1 minute, remove the gauge and go on to step 8.
- If no vacuum, disconnect the vacuum gauge and reinstall the fuel filler cap.
- Remove the charcoal canister and check for signs of damage.
 - If damaged, replace the canister.
 - If OK, go on to step 8.
- Stop the engine. Disconnect the hose from the canister PCV fitting.

Connect a vacuum pump to the canister PURGE fitting as shown, and apply vacuum.

Vacuum should remain steady.

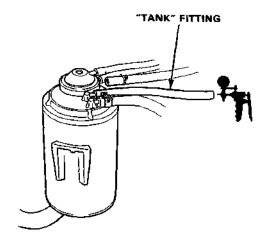


- If vacuum remains steady, go on to step 9.
- If vacuum drops, replace the canister and retest.
- Restart the engine. Reconnect the hose to the canister PCV fitting, and raise engine to 3,500 min⁻¹ (rpm) (in 2nd gear or "2" range).

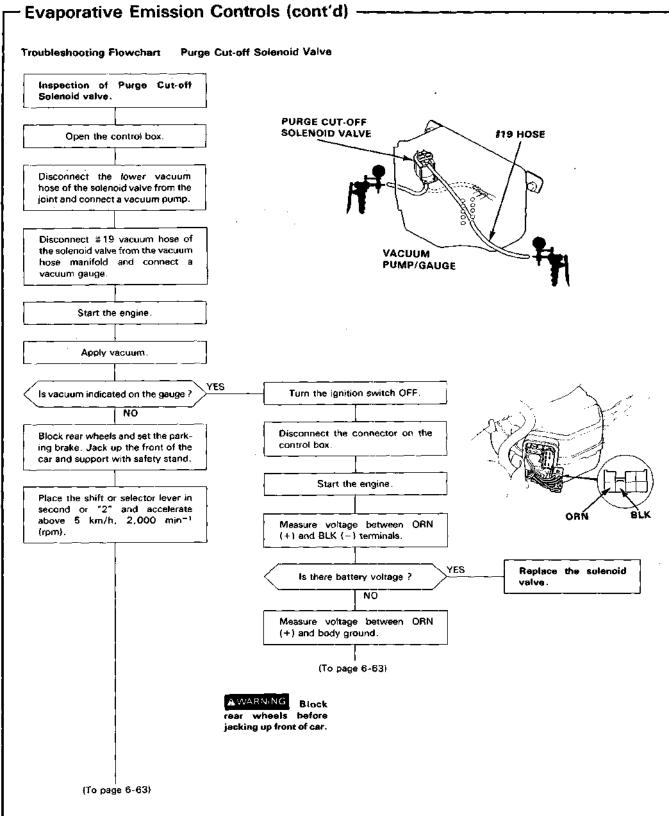
PURGE side vacuum should drop to zero.

- If PURGE side vacuum does not drop to zero, replace the canister and retest.
- Connect a vacuum pump to TANK fitting as shown, and apply vacuum.

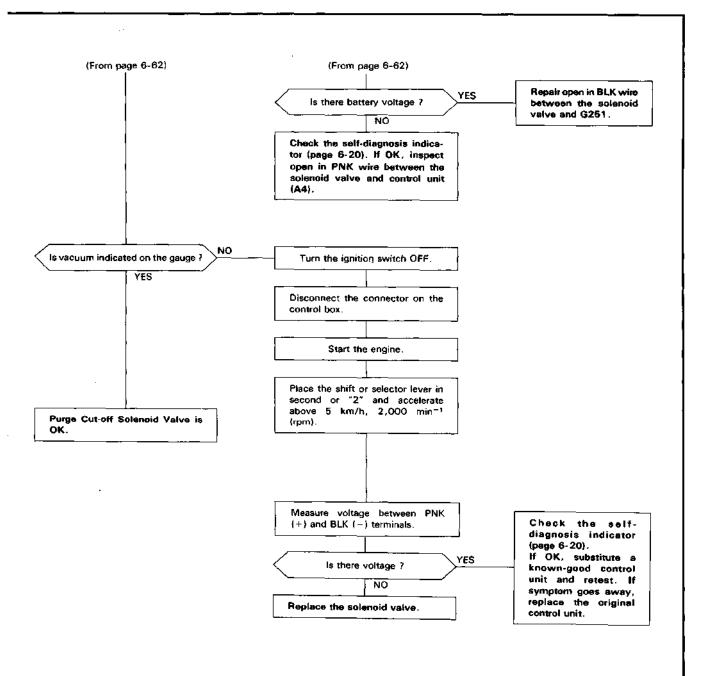
If should not hold vacuum.



- If it does not hold vacuum, reinstall fuel filler cap and canister; test is complete.
- If it holds vacuum, replace canister and retest.







Special Tools

Ref. No.	Tool Number	Description	Q'ty	Remarks
)	07LAA-PT50100 07LAJ-PT30100 07LAJ-PT30200	O2 Sensor Socket Wrench ECU Test Harness Test Harness	1 1	
)	07LAJ-F130200 07JAZ-\$H20100	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor		
1	07LAZPT3Q100	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor	7	
-1 -2	07LAZ-PT30110 07LAZ-PT30120	R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (A) R.P.M. Connecting Adaptor (B)	(1)	Component Tools
٠.٢	074060040001	Fuel Pressure Gauge Set	'''	
-1	07406-0040100	Pressure Gauge		omponent Tools
-2	07406-0040201 07411-0020000	Hose Assembly Digital Circuit Tester		
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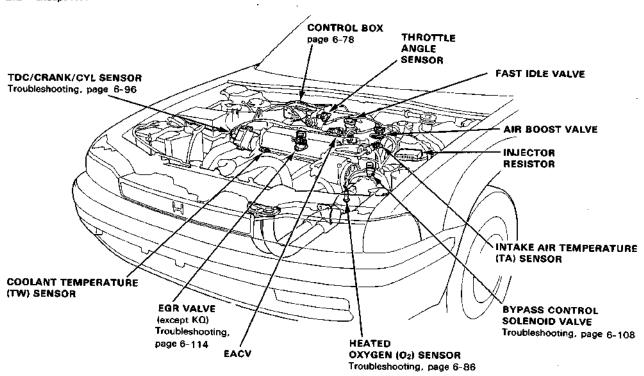
	⑤ -1	©-2		⑦

Component Locations

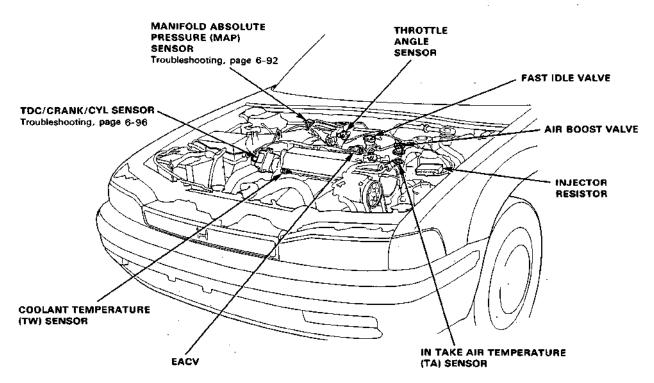


Index-

2.2 ℓ except KY:



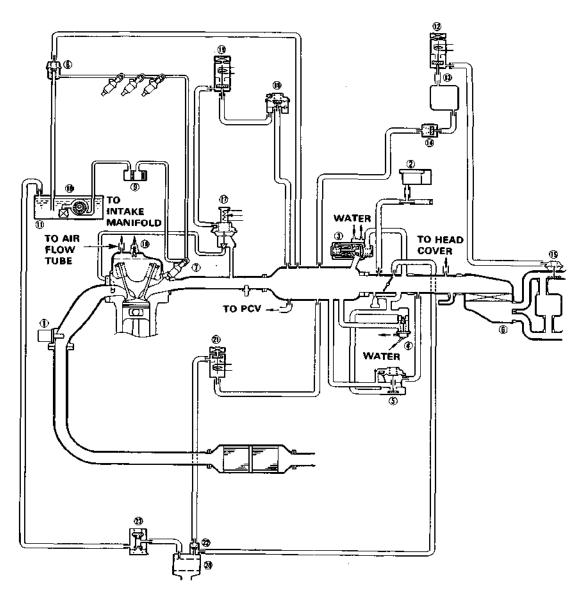
2.2 € KY:



System Description

Vacuum Connections

2.0 # with CATA:



①OXYGEN (O2) SENSOR @MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE (MAP) SENSOR **3ELECTRONIC AIR CONTROL VALVE (EACV) @FAST IDLE VALVE SAIR BOOST VALVE ©AIR CLEANER**

THUEL INJECTOR ®PRESSURE REGULATOR

9FUEL FILTER @FUEL PUMP

OFUEL TANK

@INTAKE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

MAIR CHAMBER @CHECK VALVE

GINTAKE CONTROL DIAPHRAGM

®PCV VALVE @EGR VALVE

@CONSTANT VACUUM CONTROL (CVC) VALVE @EGR CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

@CHARCOAL CANISTER

@PURGE CUT-OFF SOLENOID VALVE

@PURGE CONTROL DIAPHRAGM VALVE

®TWO-WAY VALVE

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Guide [With CATA]

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next most likely system ②, etc.

PAGE	SYSTEM				PGM-F				
PAGE			OXYGEN SENSOR	MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR	TDC/CRANK/CYL SENSOR	COOLANT TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR	THROTTLE ANGLE SENSOR	INTAKE AIR TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR	ATMO- SPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR
SYMPTOM			86,90	92	96				
CHECK ENGINE V		□ ori‡							
CHECK ENGINE	WARNING	10 or)\$(-)	<u></u>	中 (**)		沖	淖	读	英
ENGINE WON'T	START	3			3				
DIFFICULT TO ST ENGINE WHEN C	ART	®U		3	3	1			3
	WHEN COLD FAST IDLE OUT OF SPEC	ŒU				3			
IRREGULAR	ROUGH IDLE	€		3					
IDLING	WHEN WARM IDLE SPEED TOO HIGH	® ∪							
	WHEN WARM IDLE SPEED TOO LOW	®U							
FREQUENT	WHILE WARMING UP	. B U				3			
STALLING	AFTER WARMING UP	®U							3
POOR PERFORMANCE	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUNNING	®∪			3				
	FAILS EMISSION TEST	®∪	3	2					
	LOSS OF POWER	(8)		3	-		2	_	-

if codes other than those listed above are indicated, count the number of blinks again. If the indicator is in fact blinking these codes, substitute a known-good ECU and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original ECU.

^{(80):} When the Check Engine warning light and the self-diagnosis indicator are on, the back-up system is in operation. Substitute a known-good ECU and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original ECU.

Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Guide [Without CATA]-

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next most likely system ②, etc.

04.55	SYSTEM				PGM-F	i			<u>-</u>
PAGE	3137211		MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE SENSOR	TDC/CRANK/CYL SENSOR	COOLANT TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR	THROTTLE ANGLE SENSOR	INTAKE AIR TEMPERA- TURE SENSOR	IMA SENSOR	ATMO- SPHERIC PRESSURE SENSOR
SYMPTOM			92	96		- -			
CHECK ENGINE ! LIGHT TURNS OF		□ ori□							
CHECK ENGINE	WARNING		中。中		凍	連	澳	淖	連
ENGINE WON'T	START	3		3					
DIFFICULT TO ST ENGINE WHEN C	TART COLD	®	3	3	1				3
	WHEN COLD FAST IDLE OUT OF SPEC	₿Ù			3				
IRREGULAR	ROUGH IDLE	(BU)	3						
IDLING	WHEN WARM IDLE SPEED TOO HIGH	®U		-				1	
	WHEN WARM IDLE SPEED TOO LOW	(BU)							
FREQUENT	WHILE WARMING UP	ΒU			3				
STALLING	AFTER WARMING UP	(BU)			_				3
	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUNNING	€ ∪		3					
POOR PERFORMANCE	FAILS EMISSION TEST	® U	2						
	LOSS OF POWER	®U	3			2			

if codes other than those listed above are indicated, count the number of blinks again. If the indicator is in fact blinking these codes, substitute a known-good ECU and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original ECU.
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 Substitute a known-good ECU and recheck. If the indication goes away, replace the original ECU.

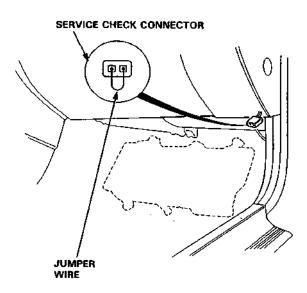


	PGM	I-FI		IDLE CO	ONTROL		AIR INTAKE	EMISSION CONTROL
IGNITION OUTPUT SIGNAL	VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR	A/T FI Signal A	A/T FI Signal B	ELEC- TRONIC AIR CONTROL VALVE	OTHER IDLE CONTROLS	FUEL SUPPLY		
						103	107	112
南	漸	<u>-</u>	楽	迹				
1						2		
:					2			
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1	2			
				1		2		
				1	2			
				1		2		
	•			1	2	3		
				3	①	2		
				3		1		
						3		1
						①	3	3

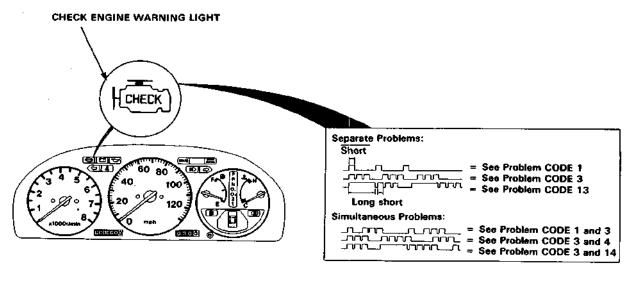
Troubleshooting

-Self-diagnostic Procedures

- I. When the Check Engine warning light has been reported on, do the following:
 - Connect the Service Check Connector terminals with a jumper wire as shown (the Service Check Connector is located under the dash on the passenger side of the car).



2. Note the CODE: the Check Engine warning light indicates a failure code by blinking frequency. The Check Engine warning light can indicate any number of simultaneous component problems by blinking separate codes, one after another. Problem codes 1 through 9 are indicated by a individual short blinks. Problem codes 10 through 43 are indicated by a series of long and short blinks. The number of long binks equals the first digit, the number of short blinks equals the second digit.

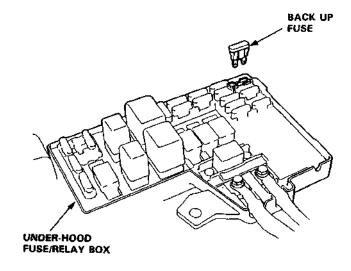




II. ECU Reset Procedure

- 1. Turn the ignition switch off.
- 2. Remove the Back Up fuse (7.5 A) from the under-hood fuse/relay box for 10 seconds to reset ECU.

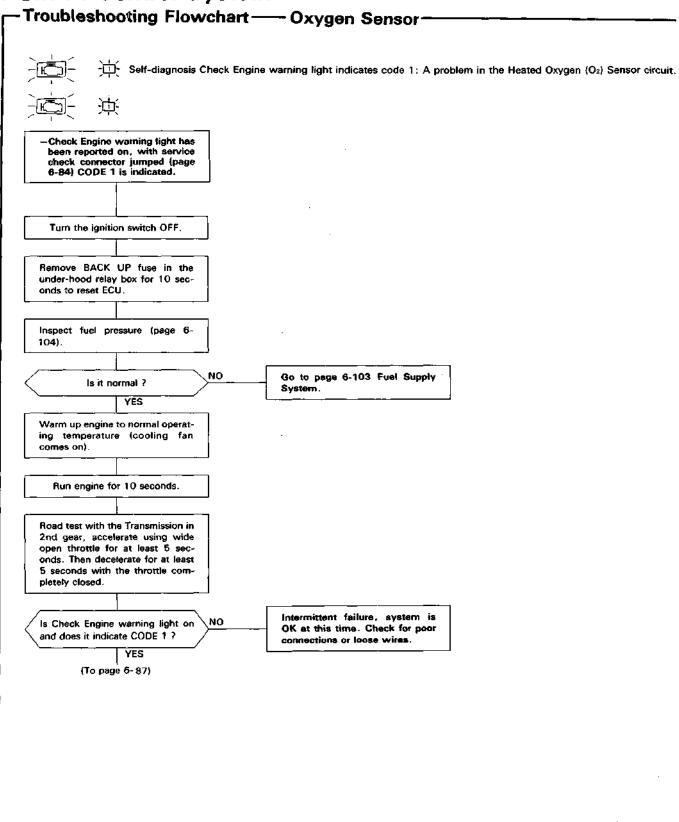
NOTE: Disconnecting the Back Up fuse also cancels the radio preset stations and the clock setting. Make note of the radio presets before removing the fuse so you reset them.



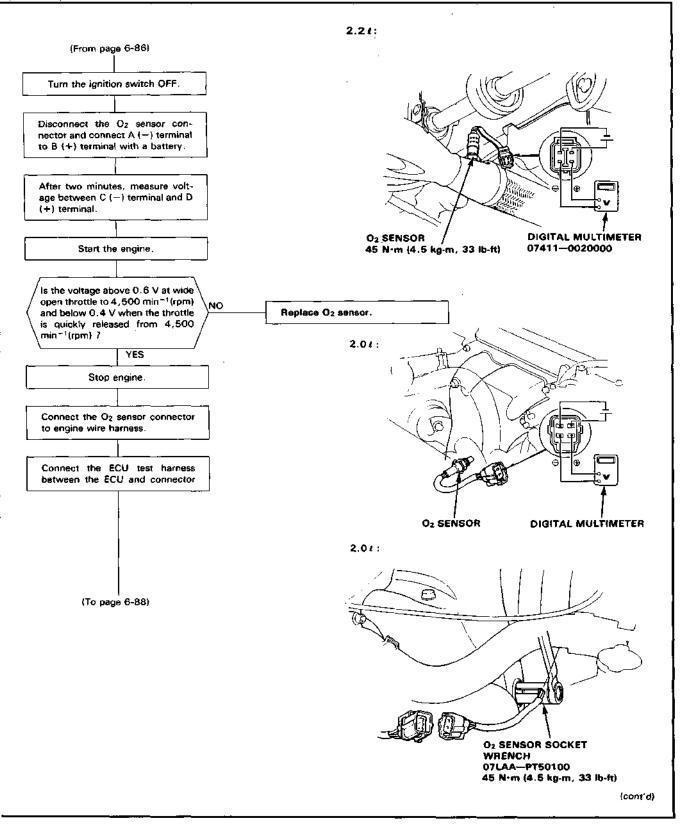
- III. Final Procedure (this procedure must be done after any troubleshooting)
 - 1. Remove the Jumper Wire.

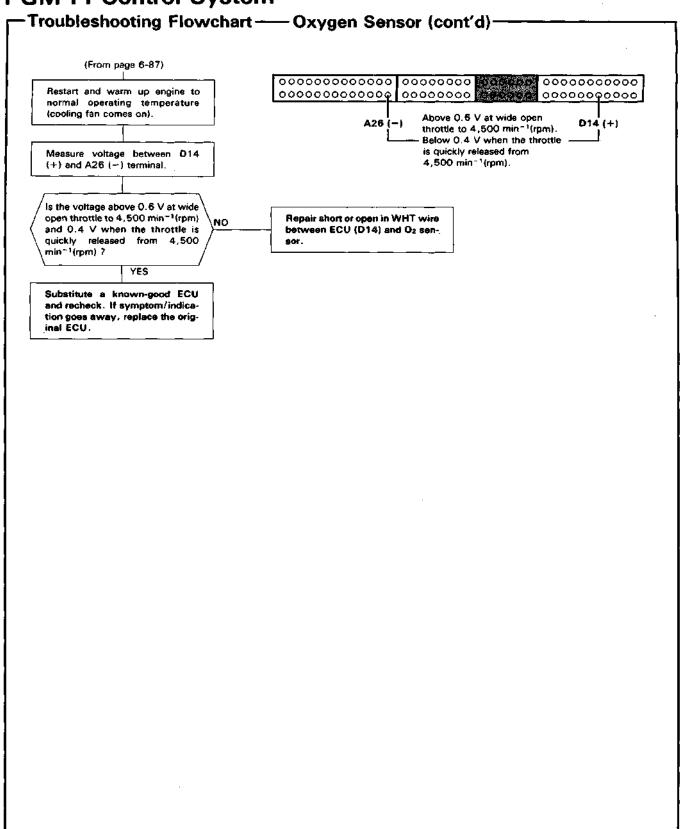
NOTE: If the Service Check Connector is jumped the Check Engine warning light will stay on.

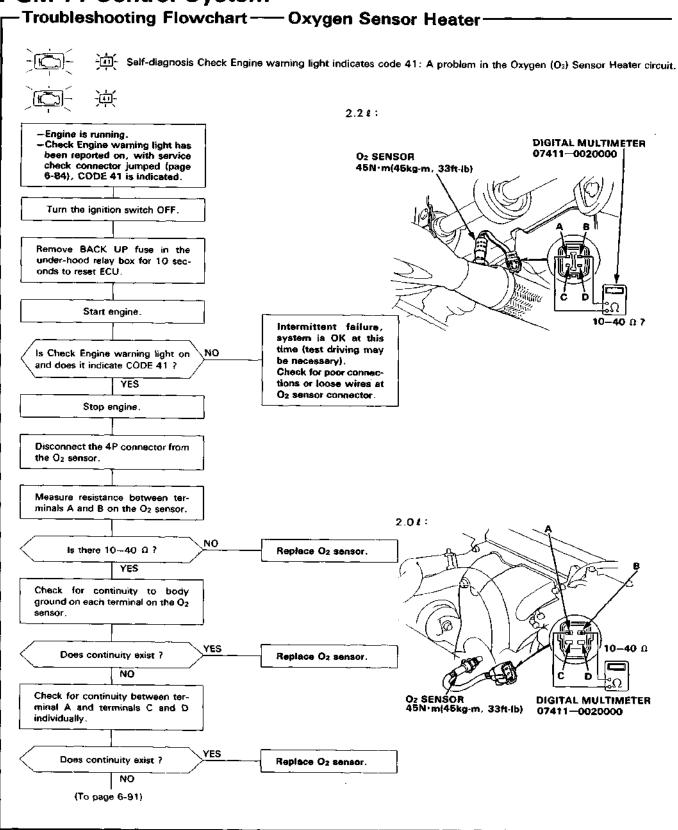
- 2. Do the ECU Reset Procedure.
- 3. Set the radio preset stations and the clock setting.



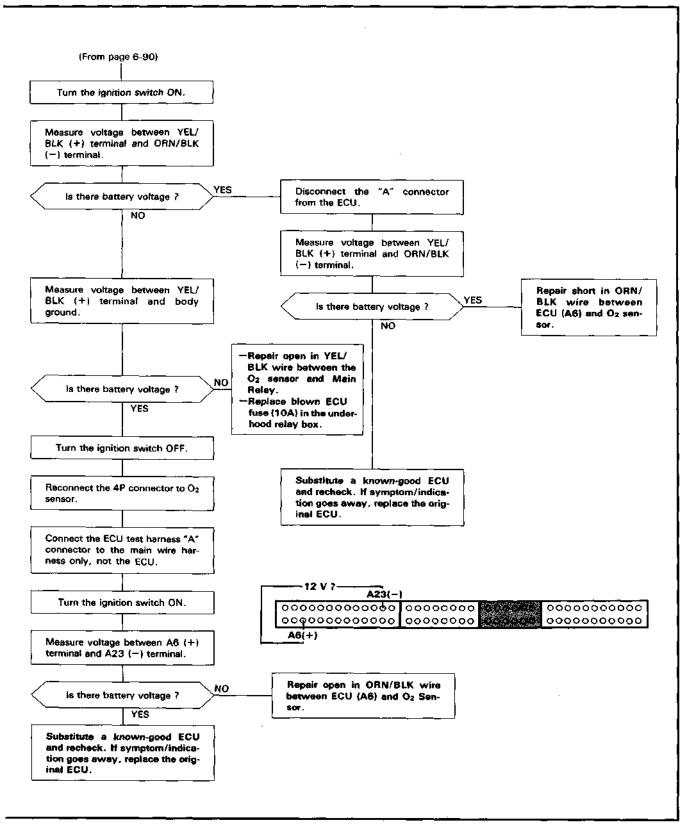


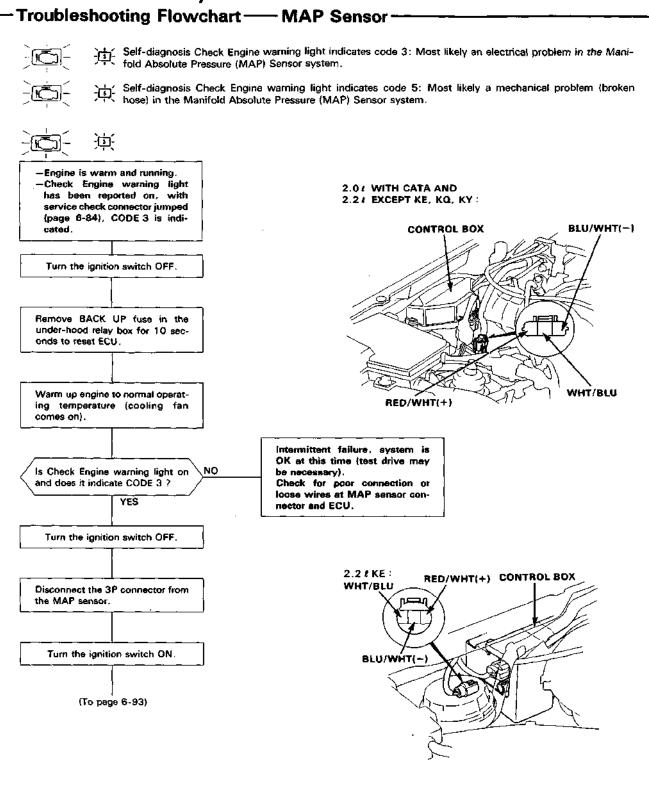




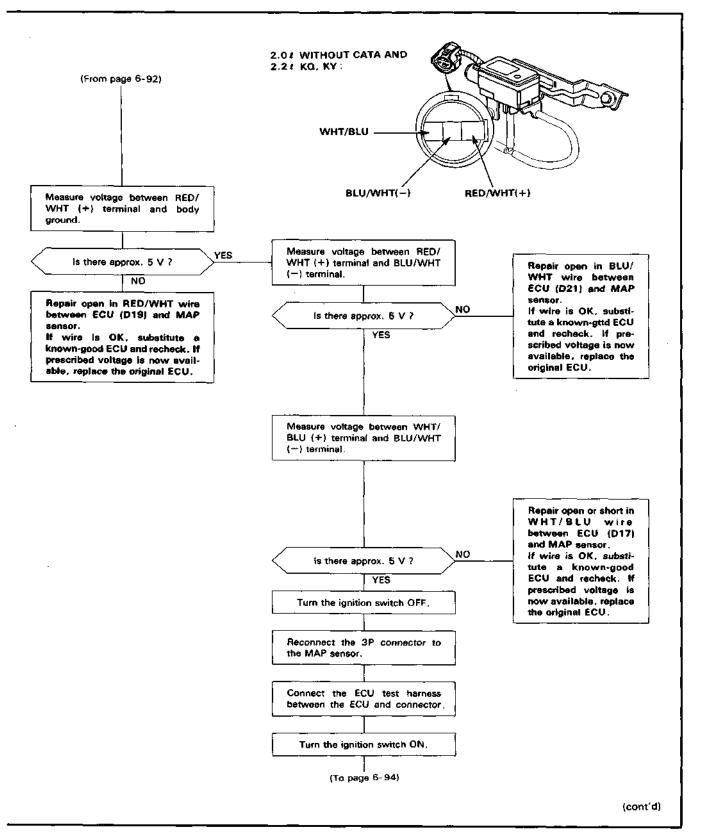






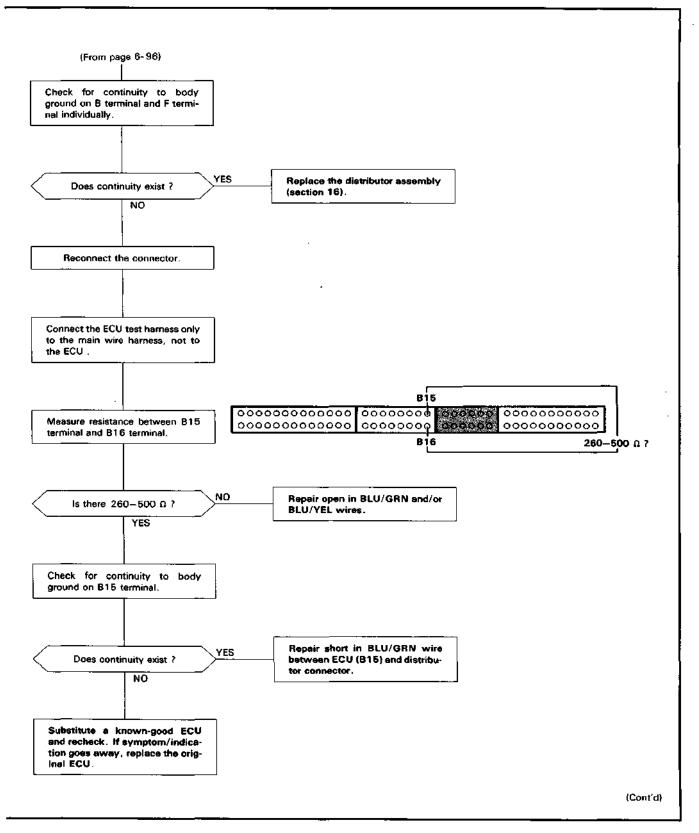


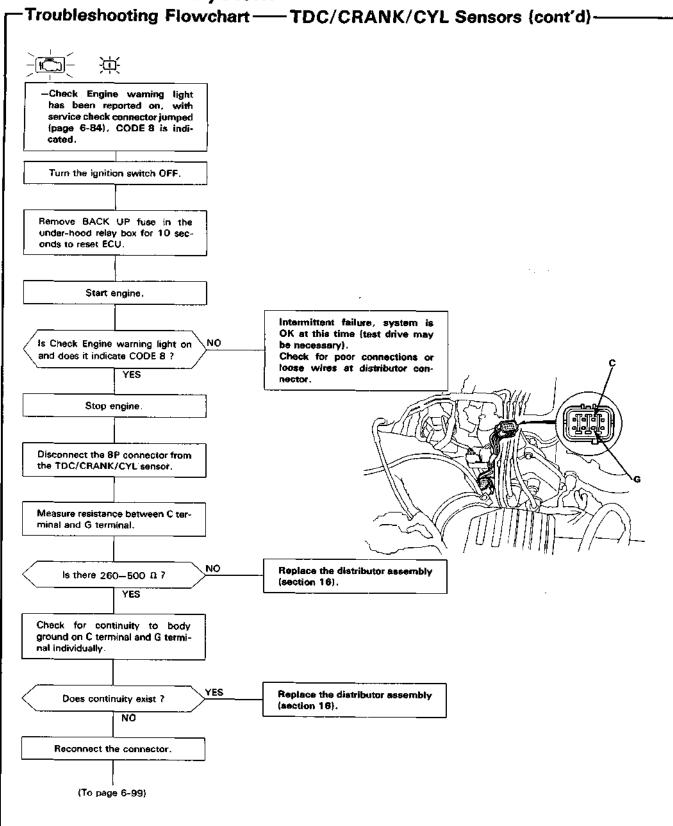




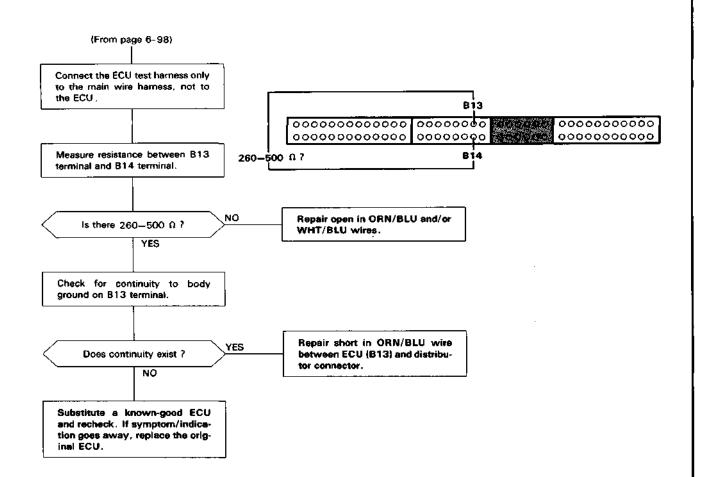
Troubleshooting Flowchart — TDC/CRANK/CYL Sensors Self-diagnosis Check Engine warning light indicates code 4: A problem in the circuit of the CRANK Sensor. Self-diagnosis Check Engine warning light indicates code 8: A problem in the circuit of the TDC Sensor. Self-diagnosis Check Engine warning light indicates code 9: A problem in the circuit of the CYL Sensor. <u>-</u> Check Engine warning light has been reported on, with service check connector jumped (page 6-84), CODE 4 is indicated. Turn the ignition switch OFF. Remove BACK UP fuse in the under-hood relay box for 10 seconds to reset ECU. Start engine. Intermittent failure, system is OK at this time (test drive may Is Check Engine warning light on be necessary). and does it indicate CODE 4 ? Check for poor connections or loose wires at distributor connector. Stop engine. Disconnect the 8P connector from the TDC/CRANK/CYL sensor. Measure resistance between B terminal and F terminal. NO Replace the distributor assembly Is there 260-500 Ω ? (section 16). YES (To page 6-97)



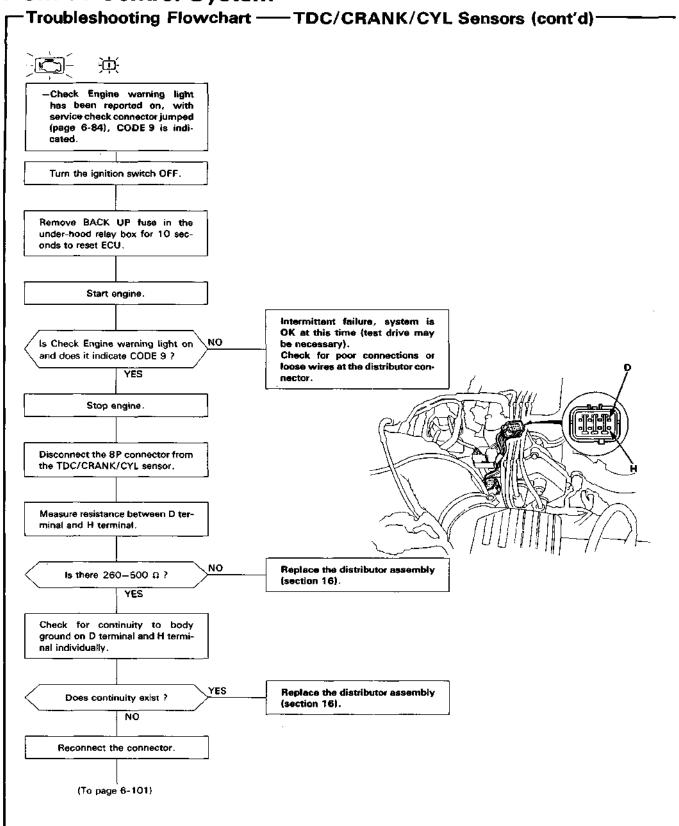




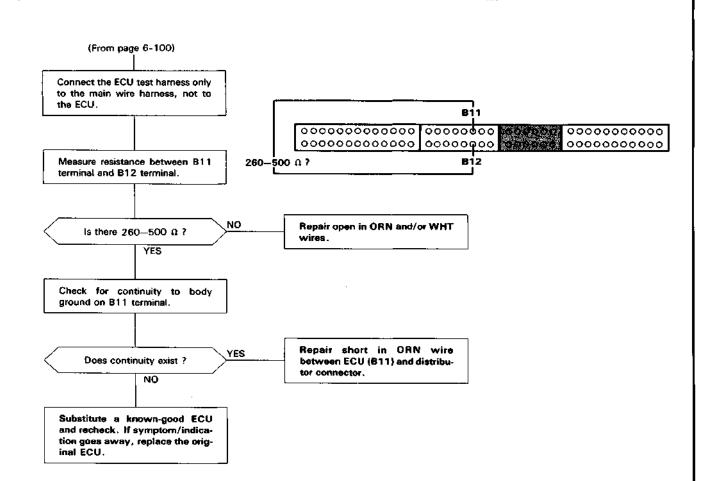




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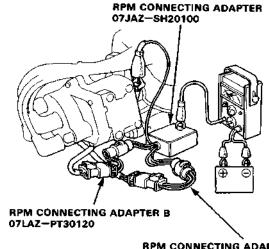


Idle Control System

-Idle Speed Setting-

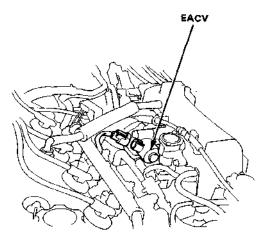
Inspection/Adjustment

- 1. Start the engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature (the cooling fan comes on).
- 2. Connect a tachometer.



RPM CONNECTING ADAPTER A 07LAZ-PT30110

Disconnect the 2P connector from the EACV.



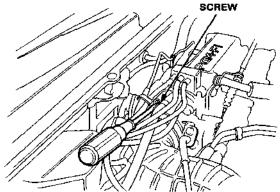
Check idling in no-load conditions in which the headlights, blower fan, rear defogger, cooling fan, and air conditioner are not operating.

Idle speed should be:

Мапиа!	620±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)
Automatic	620±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) (N or P)

Adjust the idle speed, if necessary, by turning the idle adjusting screw.

> **IDLE ADJUSTING** SCREW



- Turn the ignition switch OFF.
- Reconnect the 2P connector on the EACV, then remove BACK UP fuse in the under-hood relay box for 10 seconds to reset ECU,
- Restart an idle the engine with no-load conditions in which the headlights, blower fan, rear defogger, cooling fan, and air conditioner are not operating for one minute, then check the idle speed.

idle speed should be:

Manual	770±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)					
Automatic	770±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) [N] or [P]					

Idle the engine for one minute with headlights (Hi) and rear defogger ON and check the idle speed.

Idle speed should be:

Manual	770±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)			
Automatic	770±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm) [N] or [P]			

Idle the engine for one minute with heater fan switch at HI and air conditioner on, then check the idle speed.

idle speed should be:

Manual	770±50 min ⁻¹ (rpm)				
Automatic	770±50 min-1 (rpm) [N] or [P]				

NOTE: If the idle speed is not within specifications, see System Troubleshooting Guide.

Fuel Supply System



Symptom Troubleshooting Guide-

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next most likely system ②, etc.

PAGE	SUB SYSTEM	FUEL INJECTOR	INJECTOR RESISTOR	PRESSURE REGULATOR	FUEL FILTER	FUEL PUMP	MAIN RELAY	CONTAMI- NATED FUEL
SYMPTOM				105	106			*
ENGINE WON'T S	START	3	3		3	1	2	3
DIFFICULT TO ST WHEN COLD OR	ART ENGINE HOT				· · · · ·			1
ROUGH IDLE	- "	1	2				_	3
	MISFIRE OR ROUGH RUN- NING	①	2	3		_		3
POOR PERFORMANCE	FAILS EMISSION TEST	2	3	1				
	LOSS OF POWER	3	3		①	3		2

Fuel with dirt, water or a high percentage of alcohol is considered contaminated.

Fuel Supply System

-Fuel Pressure-

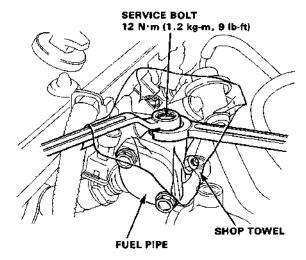
Relieving

AWARNING

- Do not smoke while working on the fuel system.
 Keep open flames or sparks away from the work area.
- Be sure to relieve fuel pressure while the engine is off.

NOTE: Before disconnecting fuel pipes or hoses, release pressure from the system by loosening the 6 mm service bolt at the fuel pipe.

- 1. Remove fuel filter cap.
- Disconnect the battery negative cable from the battery negative terminal.
- Use a box end wrench on the 6 mm service bolt at the fuel pipe, white holding the special banjo bolt with another wrench.
- 4. Place a rag or shop towel over the 6 mm service bolt.
- Slowly loosen the 6 mm service bolt one complete turn.



NOTE:

- A fuel pressure gauge can be attached at the 6 mm service bolt hole.
- Always replace the washer between the service bolt and the special banjo bolt, whenever the service bolt is loosened to relieve fuel pressure.
- Replace all washers whenever the bolts are removed to disassemble parts.

Inspection

- Relieve fuel pressure.
- Remove the service bolt on the fuel pipe while holding the banjo bolt with another wench and attach the fuel pressure gauge.
- Start the engine. Measure the fuel pressure with the engine idling and vacuum hose of the pressure regulator disconnected.

Pressure should be:

(2.2 £:KS, KX, KG, KE, KF, KY, 2.0 £) 235-284 kPa (2.4-2.9 kg/cm², 34-41 psi) (KQ)

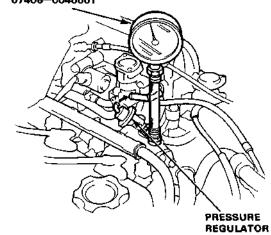
265-314 kPa (2.7-3.2 kg/cm², 38-46 psi)

4. Reconnect vacuum hose to the pressure regulator.

Pressure should be:

(2.21: KS, KX, KG, KE, KF, KY) 176-225 kPa (1.8-2.3 kg/cm², 26-33 psi) (KQ, 2.01) 196-245 kPa (2.1-2.6 kg/cm², 28-36 psi)

FUEL PRESSURE GAUGE 07406-0040001



- If the fuel pressure is not as specified, first check the fuel pump, If the pump is OK, check the following:
 - If the pressure is higher than specified, inspect for:
 - · Pinched or clogged fuel return hose or piping.
 - Faulty pressure regulator (page 6-105).
 - If the pressure is lower than specified, inspect for:
 - · Clogged fuel filter.
 - · Pressure regulator failure (page 6-105).
 - Leakage in the fuel line.



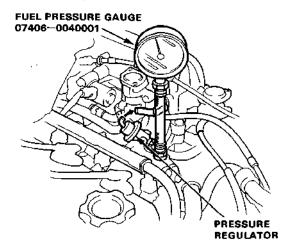
Pressure Regulator-

Testing

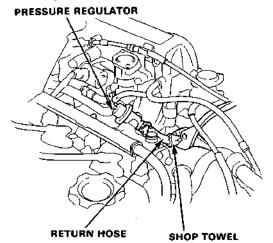
AWARA NG Do not smoke during the test, Keep open flames away from your work area.

 Attach a pressure gauge to the service port of the fuel pipe (page 6-104).

Pressure should be: (2.2 t: KS, KX, KG, KE, KF, KY, 2.0 t) 235-284 kPa (2.4-2.9 kg/cm², 34-41 psi) (KQ) 265-314 kPa (2.7-3.2 kg/cm², 38-46 psi) (with the regulator vacuum hose disconnected)



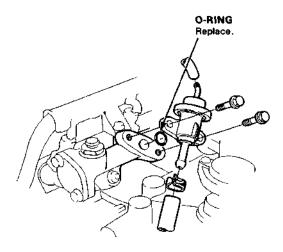
- Reconnect the vacuum hose to the pressure regulator.
- Check that the fuel pressure rises when the vacuum hose from the regulator is disconnected again.
 - If the fuel pressure did not rise, check to see if it rise with the fuel return hose lightly pinched.
 - If the fuel pressure still does not rise, replace the pressure regulator.



Replacement

AWARNING Do not smoke while working on fuel system. Keep open flame way from work area.

- Place a shop towel under pressure regulator, then relieve fuel pressure (page 6-104).
- Disconnect the vacuum hose and fuel return hose.
- 3. Remove the two 6 mm retainer bolts.



NOTE:

- Replace the O-ring.
- When assembling the regulator, apply clean engine oil to the O-ring and assemble it into its proper position, taking care not to damage the O-ring.

Fuel Supply System

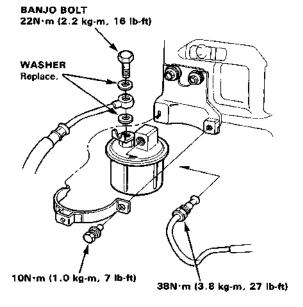
Fuel Filter

Replacement

AWARN NO Do not smoke while working on fuel system. Keep open flame away from work area.

The filter should be replaced: every 2 years or 40,000 km, (24,000 miles), whichever comes first or whenever the fuel pressure drops below the specified value 235–284 kPa, 2.4–2.9 kg/cm², 34–41 psi (Except KQ) (KQ:265–314 kPa (2.7–3.2 kg/cm², 38–48 psi)] with the pressure regulator vacuum hose disconnected after making sure that the fuel pump and the pressure regulator are OK.

- 1. Place a shop towel under and around the fuel filter.
- 2. Relieve fuel pressure (page 6-104).
- Remove the 12 mm banjo bolt and the fuel feed pipe from the filter.
- 4. Remove the fuel filter clamp and fuel filter.
- 5. When assembling, use new washers, as shown.



CAUTION: Clean the flared joint of high pressure hoses throughly before reconnecting them.

Air Intake System



System Troubleshooting Guide-

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the sub systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next system ②, etc.

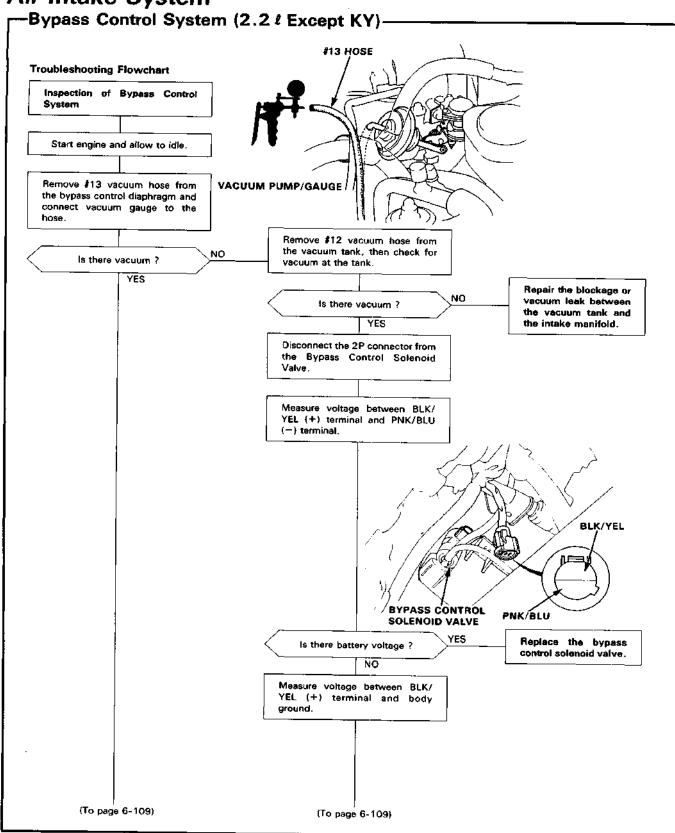
2.0 £ and KY :

PAGE	SUB SYSTEM	THROTTLE CABLE	THROTTLE BODY	INTAKE CONTROL SYSTEM
SYMPTOM	-		<u>-</u>	·— _ ·
WHEN WARM RPM TOO HIGH		2	①	
LOSS OF POWER			1	2

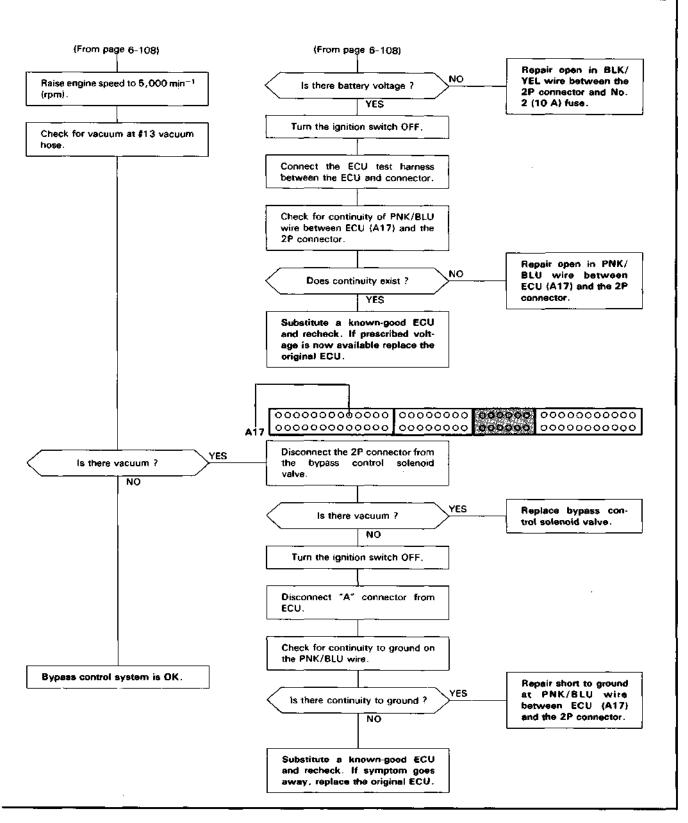
2.2 # except KY:

PAGE	SUB SYSTEM	THROTTLE CABLE	THROTTLE BODY	INTAKE CONTROL SYSTEM	BYPASS CONTROL
SYMPTOM					108
WHEN WARM RPM TOO HIGH		2	①		
LOSS OF POWER	··•·		①	3	2

Air Intake System







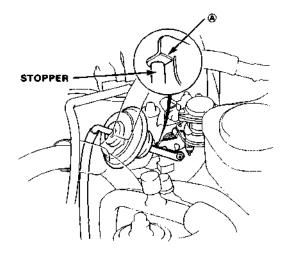
Air Intake System

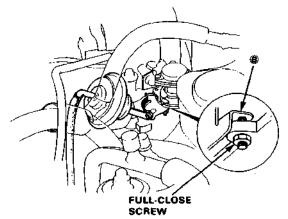
-Bypass Valve—— (2.2 & Except KY)

Testing

CAUTION: Do not adjust the bypass valve full-close screw. It was preset at the factory.

- Check the bypes valve shaft for binding or sticking.
- 2. Check the bypass valve for smooth movement.
- Check that (a) of the bypass valve is in close contact with the stopper when the bypass valve is fully open.

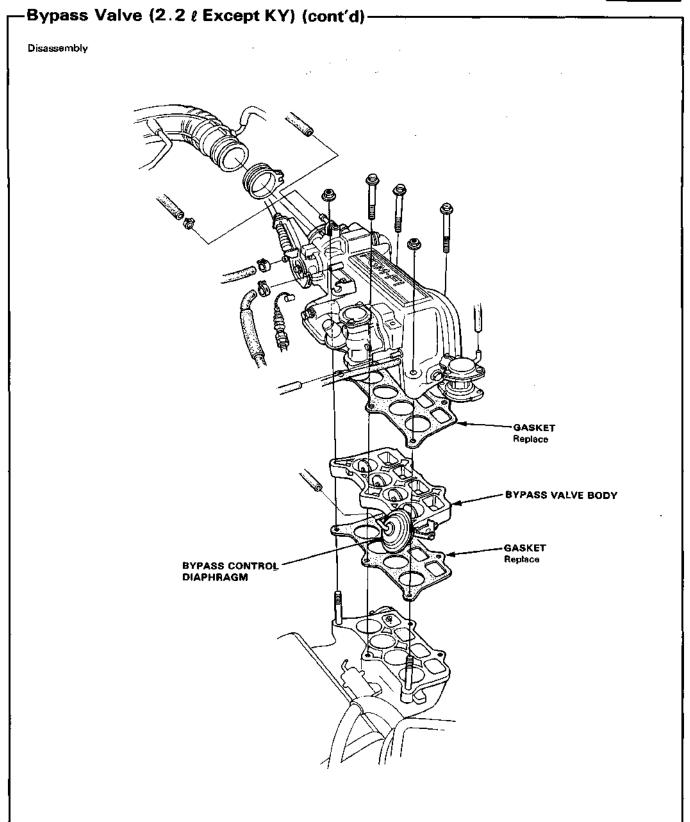




- If any fault is found, clean the linkage and shafts with carburetor cleaner.
- If the problem still exists after cleaning, disassemble the intake manifold and check the bypass valve (page 6-111).

(cont'd)





Emission Control System

System Troubleshooting Guide-

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next most likely system ②, etc.

With CATA:

PAGÉ	SUB SYSTEM	CATALYTIC CONVERTER	EGR SYSTEM (except KQ)	POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM	EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROLS
SYMPTOM			114		
ROUGH IDLE			10	2	
FREQUENT (AFTE	R MING UP		1		
POOR PERFORMANCE	FAILS EMISSION TEST	1			2
	LOSS OF POWER	1			

Without CATA:

	SYSTEM	POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM	EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROLS (KY)
SYMPTOM		<u> </u>	
ROUGH IDLE		①	
POOR FAILS EMISSION	<u> </u>		1

Emission Control System

System Troubleshooting Guide-

NOTE: Across each row in the chart, the systems that could be sources of a symptom are ranked in the order they should be inspected starting with ①. Find the symptom in the left column, read across to the most likely source, then refer to the page listed at the top of that column. If inspection shows the system is OK, try the next most likely system ②, etc.

With CATA:

PAGÉ	SUB SYSTEM	CATALYTIC CONVERTER	EGR SYSTEM (except KQ)	POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM	EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROLS
SYMPTOM			114		
ROUGH IDLE			1	2	
FREQUENT (AFTE	R RMING UP)		1		
POOR PERFORMANCE	FAILS EMISSION TEST	1			2
	LOSS OF POWER	1			

Without CATA:

PAGE SUB SYSTEM	POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM	EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROLS (KY)
ROUGH IDLE	<u> </u>	
POOR PERFORMANCE (FAILS EMISSION)		1



-Tailpipe Emission-

Inspectin

AWARNING Do not smoke during this procedure. Keep any open flame away from your work area.

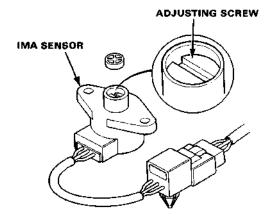
- Start the engine and warm up to normal operating temperature (cooling fan comes on).
- Connect tachometer.
- Check idle speed and adjust the idle speed, if necessary (page 6-102)
- Warm up and calibrate the CO meter according to the meter manufacture's instructions.
- Check idle CO with the headights, heater blower, rear window defogger, cooling fan, and air conditioner off.

Specified CO%:

With CATA: 0.1 % maximum Without CATA: 1.0±1.0 %

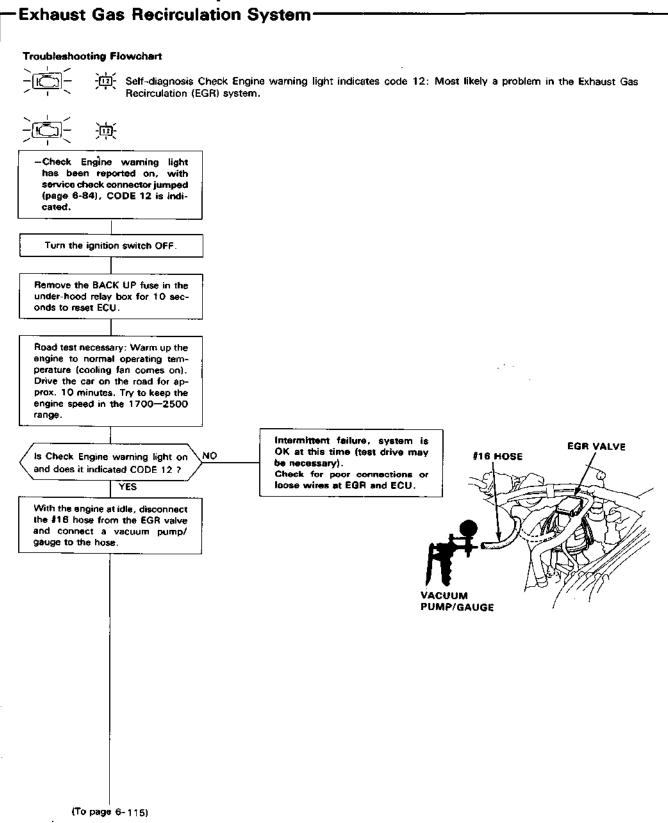
If unable to obtain this reading:
 On With CATA, see ECU troubleshooting guide (page 6-80).

 On other models, adjust by turning the adjusting screw of the IMA sensor.



 If unable to obtain a CO reading of specified % by this procedure, check the engine tune-up condition.

Emission Control System



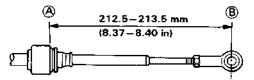
Gearshift Mechanism Overhaul -NOTE: Inspect rubber parts for wear or damage when disassembling. · Check that new cotter pin is seated firmly, SELF-LOCKING NUT **CHANGE PIVOT** GUIDE Replace. 3 N·m (0.3 kg-m, 2 lb-ft) PIVOT BUSHING 10 N·m (1.0 kg·m, 7 lb-ft) CHANGE LEVER GREASE O-RINGS CHANGE LEVER Replace. LINKAGE 10 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 lb-ft) (1.0 kg-m, 7 lb-ft CHANGE LEVER COTTER PIN SEAT Replace. 22 N·m 22 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 lb-ft) (2.2 kg-m, 16 lb-ft) SELF-LOCKING NUT Replace. **CHANGE WIRE PLATE** Replace. PIVOT BUSHING SELF-LOCKING NUT SHIFT CABLE Replace. COTTER PIN Replace. SELECT CABLE



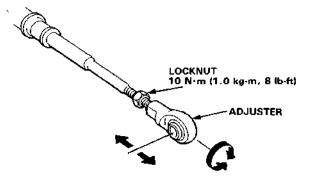
Cable Adjustment

Select Cable:

 With the transmission in neutral, measure the clearance between (A) and (B).



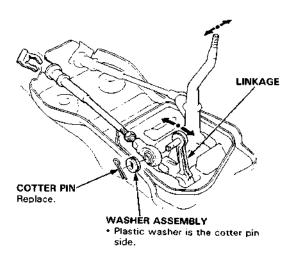
2. If there is no clearance between (A) and (B), loosen the locknut and turn the adjuster as necessary.



Tighten the locknut and install the select cable to the linkage.

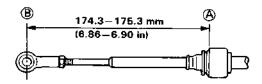
NOTE:

- Check that new cotter pin is seated firmly.
- After adjustment, check operation of the gearshift lever.

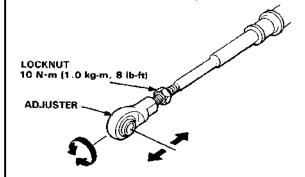


Shift Cable:

 With the transmission in neutral, measure the clearance between (A) and (B).

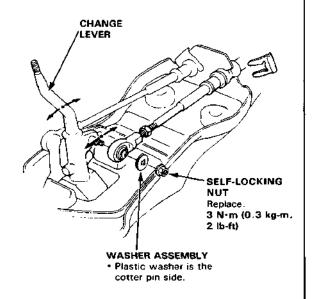


2. If there is no clearance between (A) and (B), loosen the locknut and turn the adjuster as necessary,



 Tighten the locknut and install the shift cable to the change lever.

NOTE: After adjustment, check operation of the gear-shift lever.

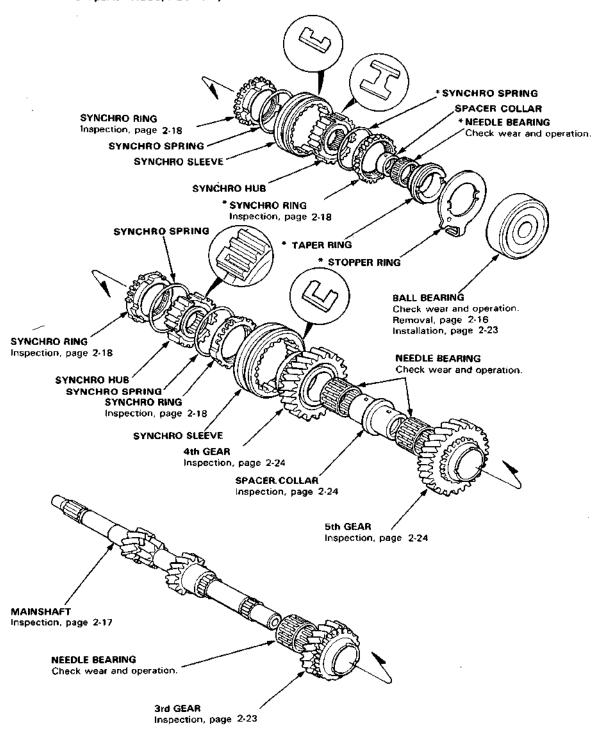


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7

Before assembling, clean all parts in solvent, dry them with compressed air, then coat them with clean oil.

* Mark parts: H2U5, H2C4 only.



Countershaft

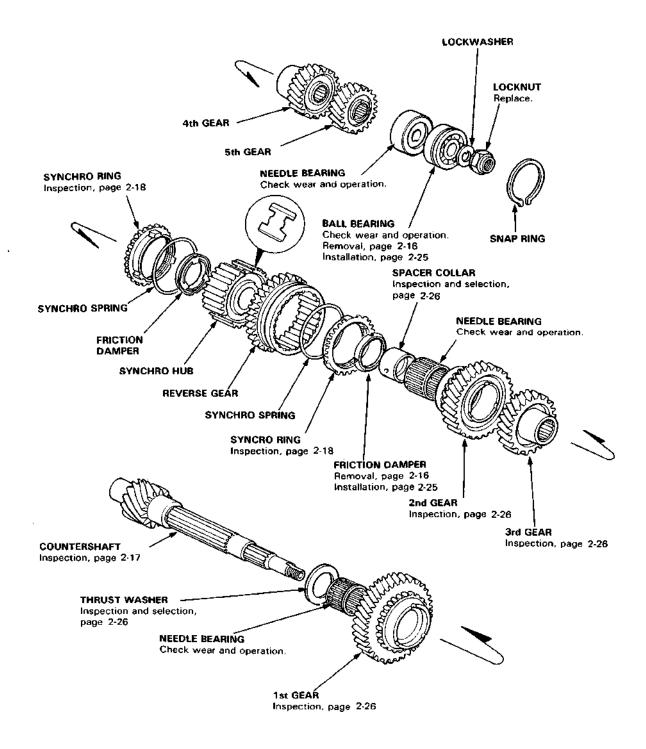


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NOTE: The needle bearings are of the same size.



Before assembling, clean all parts in solvent, dry them with compressed air, then coat them with clean oil.



Service Tips

AWARNING .

When handling refrigerant (R-12):

- Always wear eye protection.
- Do not let redrigerant get on your skin or in your eyes; if it does:
 - Do not rub your eyes or skin.
 - Splash large quantities of cool water in your eyes or on your skin.
 - Rush to a physician or hospital for immediate treatment. Do not attempt to treat it yourself.
- Keep refrigerant containers (cans of R-12) stored below 40°C (100 °F).
- Do not handle or discharge refrigerant in an enclosed arar near an open flame; it may ignite and produce a poisonus gas.
- The ozone is a fragile layer surrounding the earth which acts as a shield against the sun's ultra-violet radiation. Chlorine from
 chemicals called chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) destroy the ozone in the stratosphere. Automotive air conditioning systems
 currently use chlorofluorocarbons as the refrigerant.

Auto air conditioning service equipment has been developed to minimize the release of CFCs to the atmosphere. All service procedures should be performed using this equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions.

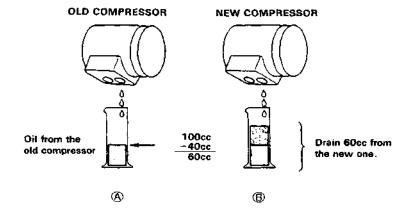
CAUTION:

- Always disconnect the negative cable from the battery whenever replacing air conditioner parts.
- Keep moisture and dust out of the system. When disconnecting any lines, plug or cap the fittings immediately; don's remove the caps or plugs until just before you reconnect each line.
- 3. Before connecting any hose or line, apply a few drops of refrigerant oil to the O-ring.
- 4. When tightening or loosening a fitting, use a second wrench to support the matching fitting.
- 5. When discharging the system, usea refrigerant recovery system. Don't release refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- 6. Add refrigerant oil after replacing the following parts;

CompressorOn compressor replacement, subtract the volume of oil drained from the removed compressor from 100 cc (3 1/3 fl oz), and drain the calculated volume of oil from the

new compressor:

100 cc (3 1/3 fl oz)-Volume of removed compressor = Draining volume.



Discharge Procedure

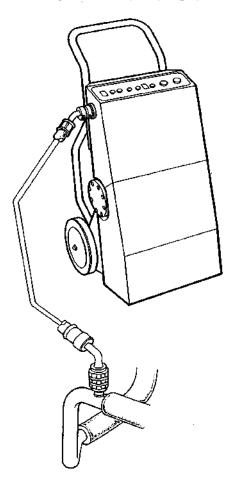


Discharge

AWARNING

- Keep away from open flames. The refrigerant, although nonflammable, will produce a poisonous gas if burned.
- Work in a well-ventilated area. Refrigerant evaporates quickly, and can force all the air out of a small enclosed area.
- 1. Connect a Refrigerant Recovery System to the A/C system.
- 2. Operate the Refrigerant Recovery System according to the manufacturer's instractions. IMPORTANT: Do not vent refrigerant to the at mosphere. The chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) used in conventional refrigerant (R-12) may damage the earth's ozone layer. Always use UL-listed, refrigerant recovery/recycling equipment to extract the refrigerant before you open an A/C system to make repairs. Follow the equipment manufacturer's instructions.

Refrigerant Recovery/Recycling System.



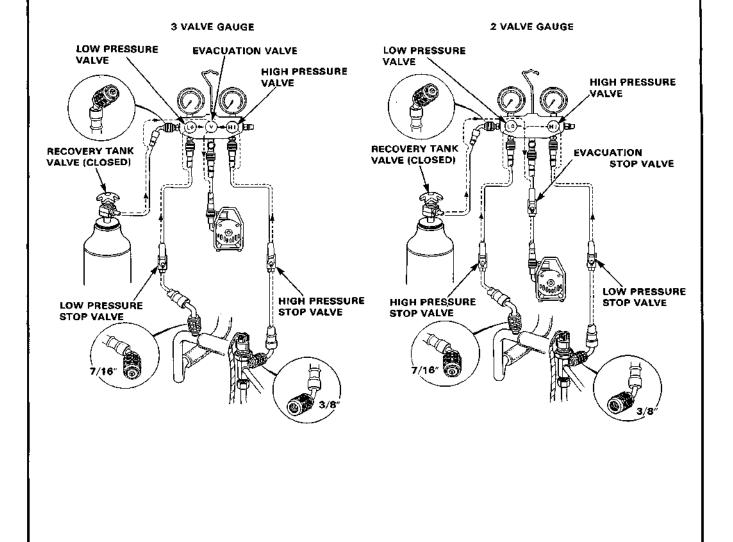
System Charging

System Evacuation

The followinag are the procedures to be adhered to when servicing air conditioners to reduce the amount of Fron R-12 into the atmoshpere.

- When an A/C System has been opened to the atmosphere, such as during installation or repair, it must be evacuated using a vacuum pump. (If the system has been open for several days, the receiver/dryer should be replaced).
- Connect a gauge, pump and refrigerant containers (recovery tank of R12) as shown.NOTE: Do not open the recovery tank.
- Start the pump, then open the both pressure valves, both pressure stop valves and evacuation valve (2 valve gauge: evacuation stop valve). Run the pump for about 15 minutes. Close the both pressure valves and

- evacuation valve (2 valve gauge: evacuation stop valve) and stop the pump. The low gauge should indicate above 700mmHg. (27 in-Hg) and remain steady with the valves closed.
- NOTE: If low pressure does not reach more than 700 mmHg (27 in-Hg) in 15 minutes, there is probably a leak in the system. Check for leaks, and repair (see Leak Test).
- 4. If there are no leaks open the valves and continue pumping for at least another 15 minutes, then close both valves, stop the pump.





Leak Test

The following are the procedures to be adhered to when servicing air conditioners to reduce the amount of Fron R-12 into the atmoshpere.

AWARNING When handling refrigerant (R-12):

- Always wear eye protection.
- Do not let refrigerant get on your skin or in your eyes.
 If it does:
 - Do not rub your eyes or skin.
 - Splash large quantities of cool water in your eyes or on your skin.
 - Rush to a physician or hospital for immediate treatment. Do not attempt to treat it yourself.
- Keep refrigerant containers (recovery tank of R-12) stored below 40°C (100°F).
- Keep away from open flame. Refrigerant, although non-flammable, will produce poisonous gas if burned.
- Work in well-ventilated area. Refrigerant evaporates quickly, and can force all the air out of a small, enclosed area.
 - NOTE: Check for leaks after evacuation.
- Close the evacuation valve (2 valve gauge; evacuation stop valve).

- 2. Open the recovery tank.
- Open high pressure valve to charge the system to about 100 kPa (14 psi), then close the supply valve.
 NOTE: Close the low pressure valve.
- Check the system for leaks using a leak detector.
 NOTE: Particularly check for leaks around the compressor, condenser, and receiver-dryer.
- If you find any leaks, tighten the joint nuts and bolts to the specified torque.
- 6. Recheck the system for leaks using a leak detector.
- If you find leaks that require the system to be opened (to repair or replace hoses, fittings, etc.), release any charge in the system according to the Discharge Procedure on page.
- 8. After checking and repairing leaks, the system must be evacuated (see System Evacuation on page).

3 VALVE GAUGE 2 VALVE GAUGE LOW PRESSURE **EVACUATION VALVE (SHUT)** LOW PRESSURE **VALVE (SHUT)** VALVE (SHUT) HIGH PRESSURE HIGH PRESSURE /ALVE (OPEN) VALVE (OPEN) RECOVERY TANK RECOVERY TANK **EVACUATION STOP** VALVE (OPEN) VALVE (OPEN) VALVE (SHUT) HIGH PRESSURE STOP VALVE (OPEN) LOW PRESSURE LOW PRESSURÉ HIGH PRESSURE STOP VALVE (OPEN) STOP VALVE (OPEN) STOP VALVE (OPEN)

System Charging

Charging Procedures

The following are the procedures to be adhered to when servicing air conditioners to reduce the amount of Fron R-12 into the atmoshpere.

AWARNING When handling refrigerant (R-12):

- Always wear eye protection.
- Do not let refrigerant get on your skin or in your eyes.
 If it does:
 - Do not rub your eyes or skin.
 - Splash large quantities of cool water in your eyes or on your skin.
 - Rush to a physician or hospital for immediate treatment. Do not attempt to treat it yourself.
- Keep refrigerant containers (recovery tank of R-12) stored below 40°C (100°F).
- Keep away from open flame. Refrigerant, although non-flammable, will produce poisonous gas if burned.
- Work in well-ventilated area. Refrigerant evaporates quickly, and can force all the air out of a small, enclosed area.
 - CAUTION: Do not overcharge the system; the compressor will be damaged.
- After leak test, check that the high pressure valve is closed and start the engine.

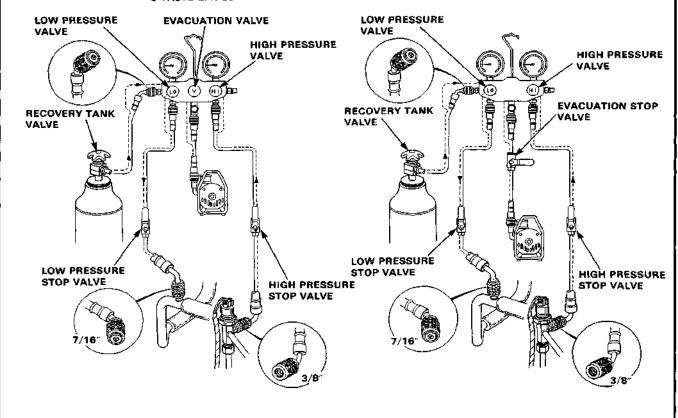
NOTE: Run the engine below 1500 rpm.

- 2. Open the front door.
 - Turn the A/C switch on.
 - Turn the air mix dial (lever) to COOL.
 - Turn function control switch (lever) on
 - Turn the heater fan switch on "E" (MAX).
- Open the low pressure valve and charge with refrigerant.

AWARNING

- Do not open the high gauge valve.
- . Do not turn the cans upside down.
- 4. Charge the system with refrigerant capacity. Refrigerant capacity: 900-950 g (32-34 oz)
 - ★Measvre the charged refrigerant capacity using a weighing instrament.
- When fully charged, close the low pressue valve and the refrigerast cans. Check the system.
- 6. Close the high pressure stop valve.
- Open the low pressure valve and gradually open the high pressure valve. When both pressure gauge are the same, close the low pressure stop valve and stop the engine.
- 8. Disconnect the charge hose quickly.
- Check the system for leaks using a leak detector.
 NOTE: Particularly check for leaks around the compressor, condenser, and receiver-dryer.

3 VALVE GAUGE 2 VALVE GAUGE



Supplement



The following are the procedures to be adhered to when servicing air conditioners to reduce the amount of Fron R-12 into the atmoshpere.

AWARNING When handling refrigerant (R-12):

- Always wear eye protection.
- Do not let refrigerant get on your skin or in your eyes.
 If it does:
 - Do not rub your eyes or skin.
 - Splash large quantities of cool water in your eyes or on your skin.
 - Rush to a physician or hospital for immediate treatment. Do not attempt to treat it yourself.
- Keep refrigerant containers (recovery tank of R-12) stored below 40°C (100°F)
- Keep away from open flame. Refrigerant, although non-flammable, will produce poisonous gas ia burned.
- Work in well-ventilated area. Refrigerant evaporates quickly, and can force all the air out of a small, enclosed area.
 - CAUTION: Do not overcharge the system; the compressor will be damaged.
- Connect the gauge as shown, close both pressure stop valves. Purge air from the charge hose A, then loosen the stop valve connector.
- Attach a pump and refrigerant containers (can: 250 g x 2) as shown.
 - NOTE: Do not open cans.
- Open both pressure valves and evacuation valve (2 valve gauge: evacuation stop valve), start the pump.
 The low gauge should indicate above 700 mmHg (27 in-Hg), then run the pump about 1 minute.

- Close both pressure valves and evacuation valve (2 valve gauge; evacuation stop valve). Open both pressure stop valve.
- 5. Start the engine and turn on A/C switch.
- Stop the engine and check for leaks using a leak detector.
 - NOTE: Particularly check for leaks around the compressor, condenser, and receiver-dryer.
- 7. Test the system using the pressure test and inspection data

Test condition:

- Start the engine.
- Turn the air mix dial (lever) to COOL.
- Turn the function control switch (lever) on
- Turn the recirculation control switch on
- Turn the heater fan switch on "E" (MAX).
- If there is insufficient refrigerant in system, continue to charge system.
- Open one or two cans, open the low pressure gauge.
 Charge the system until there are no bubbles in the sight glass.

AWARNING

- Do not open the high gauge valve.
- Do not turn the cans upside down.
- After adding supplemental refrigerant, close the high pressure stop valve. Open the low pressure valve and gradually open the high pressure valve. When pressure gauges read same, close the low pressure stop valve and stop the engine.
- 10. Disconnect the charge hose quickly.
- 11. Check the system for leaks using a leak detector.

